

DARRIN CASPER Salt Lake County Chief Financial Officer

2001 South State Street Suite N-4100 Sait Lake City, UT 84190-1020

801 / 468-2347 801 / 468-3712 fax July 1, 2020

Via electronic submission to EMMA (Electronic Municipal Market Access; http:///www.emma.msrb.org)

Re: Continuing Disclosure Undertaking of Salt Lake County, Utah and the Municipal Building Authority of Salt Lake County, Utah

EMMA:

In accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b)(5)(i)(A) of Rule 15c2–12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Rule"), Salt Lake County, Utah (the "County") and the Municipal Building Authority of Salt Lake County, Utah (the "Authority") files the Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum of the County and the Authority dated on or before July 18, 2020 (the "2020 SCDM") and the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2019 (the "2019 CAFR"). This letter, the 2020 SCDM and the 2019 CAFR constitute the annual financial information and operating data concerning the County and the Authority to be filed in compliance with the County's and the Authority's obligation under certain disclosure agreements entered relating to the offering of the following securities (in order of issuance and identified by CUSIP® number) described in the following Official Statements:

Securities (CUSIP®)	Official Statement
795676 VA0, VB8, VC6, VD4, VE2, VF9, VG7 and VH5	\$39,615,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds Series 2019, dated December 18, 2019
795681 GN9, GP4, GQ2, GR0, GS8, GT6, GU3, GV1, GW9, GX7, GY5, GZ2, HA6, HB4 HC2, HD0, HE8, HF5, HG3 and HH1	\$17,840,000 Municipal Building Authority of SL County, Utah Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2019, dated April 11, 2019
79567T AX3, AY1, AZ8, BA2, BB0, BC8, BD6, BE4, BF1 and BG9	\$23,925,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Excise Tax Road Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2017, dated November 29, 2017
795676 UK9, UL7, UM5, UN3, UP8, UQ6, UR4, US2, UT0, UU7, UV5, UW3 and UX1	\$29,345,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2017B, dated October 18, 2017
79560Q CM8, CN6, CP1, CQ9, CR7, CS5, CT3, CU0, CV8, CW6, CX4, CY2, CZ9, DA3, DB1, DC9 and DD7	\$44,230,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds Series 2017, dated July 11, 2017
795676 TY1, TZ8, UA1, UB9, UC7, UD5, UE3 and UF0	\$39,125,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Recreation Bonds Series 2017, dated June 21, 2017
795685 FQ4, FR2, FS0, FT8, FU5, FV3, FW1, FX9, FY7, FZ4, GA8, GB6, GC4 and GD2	\$38,520,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2017B, dated March 1, 2017

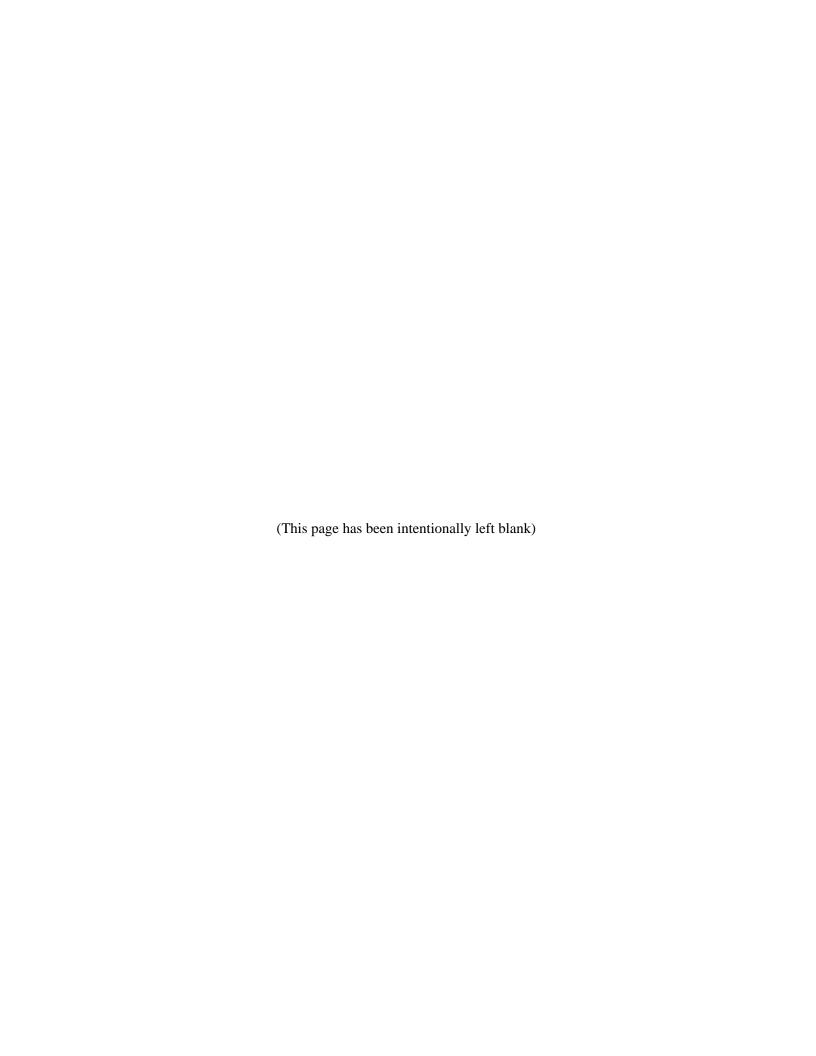
Securities (CUSIP®)	Official Statement
795685 FL5, FM3, FN1 and FP6	\$13,550,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Federally Taxable Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2017A, dated March 1, 2017
795676 SX4, SY2, SZ9, TA3, TB1, TC9, TD7, TE5, TF2 and TG0	\$27,885,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bonds Series 2016, dated October 20, 2016
795676 SC0, SD8, SE6, SF3, SG1, SH9, SJ5, SK2, SL0, SM8, SN6, SP1, SQ9, SR7, SS5 and ST3	\$22,000,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds Series 2015B, dated December 23, 2015
795676 RP2, RQ0, RR8, RS6, RT4, RU1, RV9 and RW7	\$13,925,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2015A, dated May 27, 2015
795685 GT7, GU4, GV2, EV4, EW2, EX0, EY8, EZ5, FA9, FB7, FC5, FD3, FE1, FF8 and FG6 (original ES1, ET9, EU9)	\$30,000,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2014, dated December 23, 2014
79567T AG0, AH8, AJ4, and AK1	\$38,600,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds Series 2014, dated January 7, 2014
795676 QW8, QX6 and QY4	\$25,000,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds Series 2013, dated November 13, 2013
795676 QM0	\$38,165,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Federally Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2012B, dated November 8, 2012
795685 GK6, GL4, GM2, GN0 and GP5 (original EG7, EH5, EJ1, EK8 and EL6)	\$43,725,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2012A, dated June 20, 2012
795676 PQ2, PR0, PS8, PT6, PU3, PV1, PW9, PX7, PY5, PZ2, QA6 and QB4	\$14,600,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds Series 2012, dated January 24, 2012

Securities (CUSIP®)	Official Statement			
795685 DN3, DP8, DR4, DS2, DT0, DU7, DV5, DQ6, DW3, and DX1	\$33,020,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue Bonds (Federally Taxable–Direct Pay–Build America Bonds) Series 2010D, dated November 9, 2010			
79569T AB9, AC7, AD5 and AE3	\$57,635,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds (Federally Taxable–Direct Pay–Build America Bonds) Series 2010B, dated October 7, 2010			
795681 GJ8, GK5, GL3 and GM1	\$58,390,000 Municipal Building Authority of SL County, Utah Lease Revenue Bonds (Federally Taxable–Direct Pay–Build America Bonds) Series 2009B, dated December 29, 2009			

From the County's and the Authority's last annual disclosure filing on EMMA (filed on July 5, 2019) and material events notices filed during such time to the date of the 2020 SCDM submitted herewith; no event described in paragraph (b)(5)(i)(c) of the Rule has occurred that is required to be disclosed with respect to any of the above–described securities.

Sincerely,

Darrin Casper, Deputy Mayor of Finance and Chief Financial Officer Salt Lake County, Utah



Supplemental

Continuing Disclosure Memorandum

Summary of Debt Structure and Financial Information SEC Rule 15c2–12

For

Salt Lake County, Utah

and the

Municipal Building Authority of Salt Lake County, Utah

Filed with

Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA)

http://www.emma.msrb.org

Submitted and dated as of July 1, 2020 (Annual submission required on or before July 18, 2020)

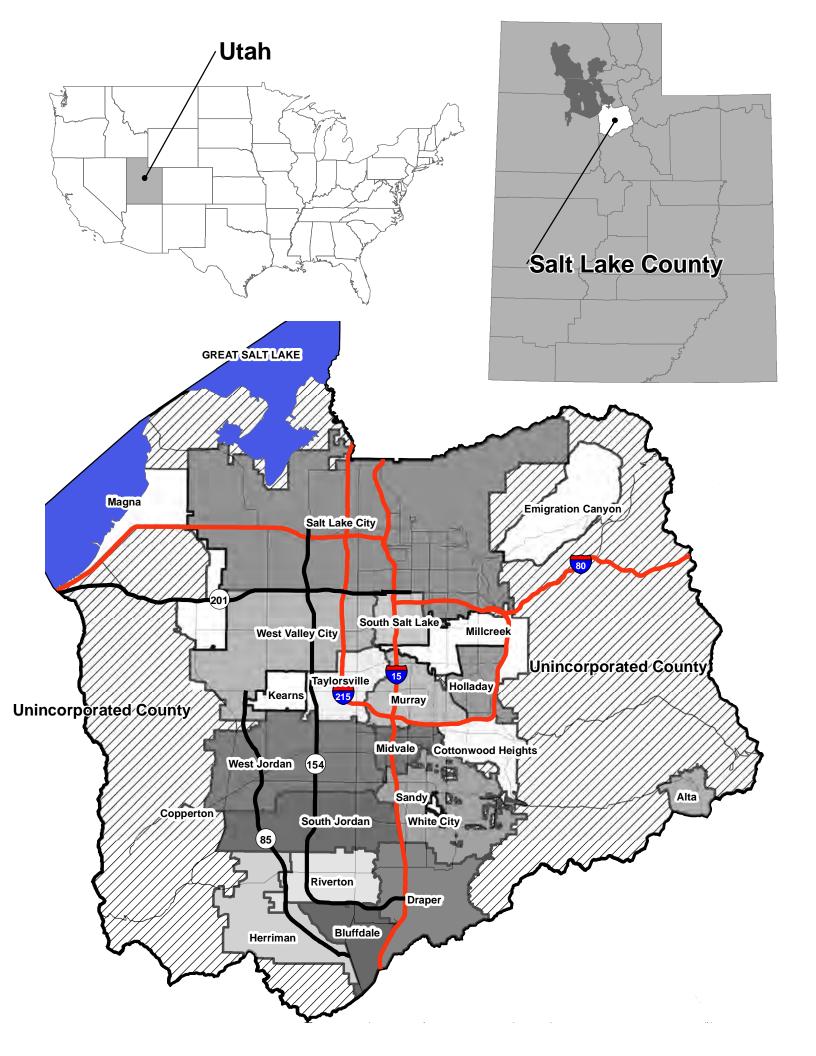


Table Of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL CONTINUING DISLCOSURE MEMORANDUM	1
Salt Lake County, Utah	
Contact Persons for the County	
The Issues	
DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CUSIP®795676)	3
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017B	3
General Obligation Recreation Bonds, Series 2017	
General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015B	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A	
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013	7
Federally Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B	7
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012	
Debt Structure Of Salt Lake County, Utah	9
Outstanding General Obligation Bonded Indebtedness	9
Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue Bonded Indebtedness	9
Outstanding Transportation Tax Revenue Bonded Indebtedness	
Outstanding Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonded Indebtedness	10
Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonded Indebtedness	10
Debt Service Schedule of Outstanding General Obligation Bonds By Fiscal Year	
Debt Service Schedule of Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue Bonds By Fiscal Year	13
Debt Service Schedule of Outstanding Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds By Fiscal Year	14
Debt Service Schedule of Outstanding Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds By Fiscal Year	
Debt Service Schedule of Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds By Fiscal Year	
Future Issuance Of Debt; Current And Historical Tax And Revenue Anticipation Note Borrowing; Other Deb	
The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah	
Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Lease Revenue Bonds Of The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt La	
County, Utah By Fiscal Year	
Overlapping And Underlying General Obligation Debt	
Debt Ratios Regarding General Obligation Debt	
General Obligation Legal Debt Limit And Additional Debt Incurring Capacity	
Federal Funding Cuts	
No Defaulted Obligations	
Financial Information Regarding Salt Lake County	
Financial Management	
Sources Of General Fund Revenues (excludes Other Governmental Funds)	
Financial Summaries	_
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	
Balance Sheet–Governmental Funds	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance–Governmental Funds	
Historical Ad Valorem Tax Rates	
Comparative County Ad Valorem Tax Rates	
Comparative Ad Valorem Total Property Tax Rates Within Salt Lake County	
Taxable, Fair Market And Market Value Of Property	
Historical Summaries Of Taxable Value Of Property	
Tax Collection Record	
Some Of The Largest Taxpayers	
Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2019	
DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO THE MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF SALT LAKE COUNTY	
UTAH LEASE REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®795681)	
Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2019	
Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B (Federally Taxable–Direct Pay–Build America Bonds)	
Additional Disclosure Information	
Auditu Financial Information for Fiscal 1 cal 2017	33

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO SALES TAX REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®795685)	36
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2017B	36
Federally Taxable Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A	36
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2014	37
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A	38
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D (Federally Taxable–Direct Pay–Build America Bonds)	.39
Historical Collections Of Sales Tax Revenues	
Historical Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Debt Service Coverage	.42
Additional Disclosure Information	
Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2019	.43
DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO TRANSPORTATION TAX REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP® 79569T)	.44
Federally Taxable Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B (Issuer Subsidy–Build America Bonds)	.44
Historical Collections of Highway Fund Revenues	.46
Historical Transportation Bonds Debt Service Coverage	.47
Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2019	_
DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO EXCISE TAX ROAD REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®79567T)	
Excise Tax Road Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017	.49
Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds, Series 2014	
Pledged Uniform Fees	.51
Pledged Preservation Fees	
Historical Excise Tax Revenue Bonds Debt Service Coverage	
Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2019	
DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO SALES TAX REVENUE (TRCC) BONDS (CUSIP®79560Q)	
Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds, Series 2017	.56
Historical Collections Of Pledged Taxes	.57
Historical Debt Service Coverage (TRCC Bonds)	
Five Year Financial Summaries Of The TRCC Special Revenue Fund.	
Balance Sheet-Tourism, Recreation, Cultural and Convention (TRCC)	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Tourism, Recreation, Cultural and	
Convention (TRCC)	
Additional Disclosure Information	
Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2019	.61
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL	
YEAR 2019	. 62

SUPPLEMENTAL CONTINUING DISLCOSURE MEMORANDUM

Salt Lake County, Utah

Salt Lake County, Utah (the "County"), incorporated in 1896, covers an area of approximately 737 square miles and is in the north central portion of the State of Utah (the "State"). The County is bordered on the west by the Great Salt Lake and the Oquirrh Mountains and on the east by the Wasatch Mountains. The County had 1,160,437 residents per the 2019 U.S. Census Bureau estimates, ranking the County as the most populated county in the State (out of 29 counties). Based on 2019 U.S. Census Bureau population estimates, the County has approximately 36% of the total population of the State. Salt Lake City, Utah is the County seat and the capital city of the State.

The County's main administration building is in Salt Lake City, Utah and the County maintains a website at http://www.slco.org. The information available at this website is provided by the County during its normal operations and has not been reviewed for accuracy or completeness. Such information is not a part of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum.

When used herein the terms "Fiscal Year[s] 20YY" or "Fiscal Year[s] End[ed][ing] December 31, 20YY" shall refer to the year beginning on January 1 and ending on December 31 of the year indicated. When used herein the terms "Calendar Year[s] 20YY;" "Calendar Year[s] End[ed][ing] December 31, 20YY;" or "Tax Year 20YY" shall refer to the year beginning on January 1 and ending on December 31 of the year indicated.

Contact Persons for the County

As of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum, the chief contact person for the County and the Municipal Building Authority of Salt Lake County, Utah (the "Authority") concerning municipal debt of the County is:

Darrin Casper, Deputy Mayor of Finance and Chief Financial Officer, dcasper@slco.org
Salt Lake County

2001 S State St N4–100

(PO Box 144575)

Salt Lake City UT 84114–4575

385.468.7075 | f 385.468.7071

The Issues

The County is providing continuing disclosure on general obligation bonds, lease revenue bonds (issued by the Authority), sales tax revenue bonds, transportation tax revenue bonds, excise tax road revenue bonds and a sale tax revenue (TRCC) bond.

General Obligation Bonds (CUSIP® 795676; issued by the County)

See "DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CUSIP®795676)" (page 3)

Lease Revenue Bonds (CUSIP® 795681; issued by the Authority)

See "DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO THE MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH LEASE REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP® 795681)" (page 33)

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds (CUSIP® 795685; issued by the County)

See "DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO SALES TAX REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®795685)" (page 36)

[®] CUSIP is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. CUSIP Global Services is managed on behalf of the American Bankers Association by S&P Capital IQ.

Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds (CUSIP® 79569T; issued by the County)
See "DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO TRANSPORTATION TAX REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®79569T)" (page 44)
Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds (CUSIP® 79567T; issued by the County)
See "DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO EXCISE TAX ROAD REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®79567T)" (page 49)
Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds (CUSIP® 79560Q; issued by the County)
See "DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO SALES TAX REVENUE (TRCC) BONDS (CUSIP®79560Q)" (page 56)

(The remainder of this page has been intentionally left blank.)

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CUSIP®795676)

The County is providing disclosure on the following general obligation bonds.

1.

\$39,615,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019

Bonds dated and issued on December 18, 2019

Background Information. The \$39,615,000, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019 (the "2019 GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity® electronic bidding system on December 4, 2019 to UBS Financial Services, Inc., New York, New York at a "true interest rate" of 1.24%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2019 GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC") and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2019 GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2019 GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company N.A. ("BONY"), as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Redemption Provisions. The 2019 GO Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$39,615,000 Original issue amount: \$39,615,000

Dated: December 18, 2019 Due: December 15, as shown below

Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2020	VA0	\$4,165,000	5.00%
2021	VB8	4,350,000	5.00
2022	VC6	4,575,000	5.00
2023	VD4	4,800,000	5.00
2024	VE2	5,050,000	5.00
2025	VF9	5,300,000	5.00
2025	VG7	5,550,000	5.00
2025	VH5	5,825,000	5.00

2.

\$29,345,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017B

Bonds dated and issued on October 18, 2017

Background Information. The \$29,345,000, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017B (the "2017B GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity® electronic bidding system on October 4, 2017 to Raymond James & Associates, Inc., St. Petersburg, Florida at a "true interest rate" of 2.18%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2017B GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2017B GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the

2017B GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Redemption Provisions. The 2017B GO Bonds maturing on or after December 15, 2027 will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on June 15, 2027, and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County and by lot within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2017B GO Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$28,920,000 Original issue amount: \$29,345,000

Dated: October 18, 2017 Due: December 15, as shown below

Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2020	UK9	\$1,620,000	5.00%	2027	US2	\$2,300,000	2.10%
2021	UL7	1,700,000	5.00	2028	UT0	2,325,000	2.30
2022	UM5	1,800,000	5.00	2029	UU7	2,400,000	2.45
2023	UN3	1,875,000	5.00	2030	UV5	2,425,000	2.60
2024	UP8	3,200,000	5.00	2031	UW3	1,825,000	2.70
2025	UQ6	3,350,000	2.00	2032	UX1	1,875,000	2.80
2026	UR4	2,225,000	2.00				

3.

\$39,125,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Recreation Bonds, Series 2017

Bonds dated and issued on June 21, 2017

Background Information. The \$39,125,000, General Obligation Recreation Bonds, Series 2017 (the "2017 GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity[®] electronic bidding system on May 31, 2017 to J.P Morgan Securities LLC, New York, New York at a "true interest rate" of 1.53%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2017 GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2017 GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2017 GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

No Optional Redemption. The 2017 Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$23,825,000 Original issue amount: \$39,125,000

Dated: June 21, 2017 Due: December 15, as shown below

Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2020 2021 2022 2023	TZ8 UA1	\$2,500,000 2,625,000 2,750,000 2,875,000	5.00% 5.00 5.00 5.00	2024	UD5 UE3	\$3,025,000 3,175,000 3,350,000 3,525,000	5.00% 5.00 5.00 5.00

\$27,885,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2016

Bonds dated and issued on October 20, 2016

Background Information. The \$27,887,000, General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (the "2016 GO Crossover Refunding Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale on September 8, 2016 to Wells Fargo Securities, New York, New York, at a "true interest rate" of 1.61%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2016 GO Crossover Refunding Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2016 GO Crossover Refunding Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2016 GO Crossover Refunding Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

No Redemption Provisions. The 2016 GO Crossover Refunding Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$25,755,000 Original issue amount: \$27,885,000

Dated: October 20, 2016 Due: December 15, as shown below

Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2020	CNA	Φ2 110 000	4.000/	2025	TGO	Φ 2. 7 00.000	5 000/
2020	SX4	\$2,110,000	4.00%	2025	TC9	\$2,590,000	5.00%
2021	SY2	2,195,000	4.00	2026	TD7	2,720,000	5.00
2022	SZ9	2,285,000	4.00	2027	TE5	2,860,000	5.00
2023	TA3	2,375,000	4.00	2028	TF2	3,000,000	5.00
2024	TB1	2,470,000	5.00	2029	TG0	3,150,000	5.00

5.

\$22,000,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015B

Bonds dated and issued on December 23, 2015

Background Information. The \$22,000,000, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015B (the "2015B GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity® electronic bidding system on December 8, 2015 to Morgan Stanley & Co., LLC, New York, New York at a "true interest rate" of 2.60%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2015B GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2015B GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2015B GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Optional Redemption. The 2015B Bonds maturing on or after December 15, 2025 will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on June 15, 2025, and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County and by lot within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2015B Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$18,685,000 Original issue amount: \$22,000,000

Dated: December 23, 2015 Due: December 15, as shown below

Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2020	SC0	\$ 930,000	2.00%	2028	SL0	\$1,180,000	2.75%
2021	SD8	950,000	2.00	2029	SM8	1,210,000	3.00
2022	SE6	970,000	2.00	2030	SN6	1,250,000	3.00
2023	SF3	990,000	5.00	2031	SP1	1,285,000	3.00
2024	SG1	1,035,000	5.00	2032	SQ9	1,325,000	3.00
2025	SH9	1,090,000	2.00	2033	SR7	1,365,000	3.00
2026	SJ5	1,110,000	3.00	2034	SS5	1,405,000	3.00
2027	SK2	1,145,000	3.00	2035	ST3	1,445,000	3.00

6.

\$13,925,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A

Bonds dated and issued on May 27, 2015

Background Information. The \$13,925,000, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A (the "2015A GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity® electronic bidding system on May 12, 2015 to Fifth Third Securities, Inc., Cincinnati, Ohio, at a "true interest rate" of 2.39%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2015A GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2015A GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2015A GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Optional Redemption. The 2015A GO Bonds maturing on or after December 15, 2025 will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on June 15, 2024, and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County and by lot within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2015A GO Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$11,485,000 Original issue amount: \$13,925,000

Dated: May 27, 2015 Due: December 15, as shown below

Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2020 2021 2022 2023	RQ0 RR8	\$1,200,000 1,265,000 1,350,000 1,410,000	5.00% 5.00 5.00 5.00		RU1 RV9	\$1,475,000 1,540,000 1,595,000 1,650,000	5.00% 3.00 3.00 3.00

\$25,000,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013

Bonds dated and issued on November 13, 2013

Background Information. The \$25,000,000, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013 (the "2013 GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity[®] electronic bidding system on October 30, 2013 to J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., New York, New York, at a "true interest rate" of 3.27%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2013 GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2013 GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2013 GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Optional Redemption. The 2013 GO Bonds maturing on or before June 15, 2023, are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The 2013 GO Bonds maturing on or after June 15, 2024, were refunded by the 2017B GO Bonds.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$3,440,000 Original issue amount: \$25,000,000

Dated: November 13, 2013 Due: June 15, as shown below

Due June 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due June 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2021	QW8 QX6 QY4 QZ1 RA5 RB3 RC1	\$1,090,000 1,145,000 1,205,000 1,265,000 1,330,000 1,385,000 1,435,000	5.00% 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 3.125 4.00	2028	RD9 RE7 RF4 RG2 RH0 RJ6	\$1,495,000 1,555,000 1,620,000 1,685,000 1,755,000 1,825,000	4.00% 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00

(strikethrough) These bonds have been refunded by the 2017B GO Bonds.

8.

\$38,165,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Federally Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B

Bonds dated and issued on November 8, 2012

Background Information. The \$38,165,000, Federally Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B (the "2012B GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity® electronic bidding system on October 25, 2012, to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, Charlotte, North Carolina; at a "true interest rate" of 1.47%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2012B GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2012B GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2012B GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

No Optional Redemption. The 2012B GO Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

Current principal outstanding: \$4,675,000 Original issue amount: \$38,165,000

Dated: November 8, 2012 Due: June 15, as shown below

			Original	
Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest	
June 15	795676	Amount	Rate	
				_
2021	OM0	\$4,675,000	1.95%	

9.

\$14,600,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012

Bonds dated and issued on January 24, 2012

Background Information. The \$14,600,000, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012 (the "2012 GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity[®] electronic bidding system on January 10, 2012, to Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Los Angeles, California at a "true interest rate" of 2.27%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2012 GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2012 GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2012 GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Optional Redemption. The 2012 GO Bonds maturing on or after December 15, 2022 are subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on December 15, 2021 (the "2012 GO Bonds First Redemption Date") and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and at random within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2012 GO Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date. The 2012 GO Bonds maturing on or prior to the 2012 GO Bonds First Redemption Date are not subject to optional redemption.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$9,445,000 Original issue amount: \$14,600,000

Dated: January 24, 2012 Due: December 15, as shown below

Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2020	DO2	Φ . (0 .7 , 000	2.000/	2026	DIVO	Ф 7 00 000	2.50.0/
2020	PQ2	\$695,000	2.00%	2026	PW9	\$790,000	2.50 %
2021	PR0	715,000	2.00	2027	PX7	810,000	2.50
2022	PS8	740,000	2.00	2028	PY5	830,000	2.50
2023	PT6	745,000	2.00	2029	PZ2	850,000	2.625
2024	PU3	755,000	2.00	2030	QA6	870,000	2.75
2025	PV1	770,000	2.25	2031	QB4	875,000	2.75

Outstanding General Obligation Bonded Indebtedness

The County has outstanding the following general obligation bonds (collectively, the "GO Bonds"), which GO Bonds are payable from proceeds of ad valorem taxes levied (without limitation as to rate or amount) on all ad valorem taxable property in the County.

		Original		Current
		Principal	Final	Principal
<u>Series (1)</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	Amount	Maturity Date	Outstanding
2019	Recreation	\$39,615,000	December 15, 2027	\$ 39,615,000
2017B	Refunding	29,345,000	December 15, 2032	28,920,000
2017	Recreation	39,125,000	December 15, 2027	23,825,000
2016	Refunding/crossover	27,885,000	December 15, 2029	25,755,000
2015B	Recreation/open space	22,000,000	December 15, 2035	18,685,000
2015A	Refunding	13,925,000	December 15, 2027	11,485,000
2013 (2)	Recreation/open space	25,000,000	June 15, 2023 (4)	3,440,000
2012B (3)	Refunding	38,165,000	June 15, 2021	4,675,000
2012	Zoo/aviary	14,600,000	December 15, 2031	<u>9,445,000</u>
Total principal amou	nt of outstanding debt			\$165,845,000

⁽¹⁾ All bonds rated "AAA" by Fitch Ratings ("Fitch"); "Aaa" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's); and "AAA" by S&P Global Ratings ("S&P"), as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue Bonded Indebtedness

The County has outstanding the following sales tax revenue bonds (collectively, the "Sales Tax Revenue Bonds"). The Sales Tax Revenue Bonds are special limited obligations of the County, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of the revenues, moneys, securities and funds pledged therefore in the 2001 sales tax revenue indenture. The pledged revenues consist of all the revenues produced by a sales and use taxes levied by the County under the County Option Sales and Use Tax Act. The Sales Tax Revenue Bonds are not issued on a parity with the County's other sales or excise tax revenue bonds (as described herein).

		Original		Current
		Principal	Final	Principal
Series	<u>Purpose</u>	Amount	Maturity Date	<u>Outstanding</u>
2020 (1)	Buildings/refunding	\$43,555,000	February 1, 2035	\$ 43,555,000
2017B (2)	Buildings/land	38,520,000	February 1, 2037	38,520,000
2017A (2) (3)	Buildings/land	13,550,000	February 1, 2024	7,550,000
2014 (2) (4)	Buildings/land	30,000,000	February 1, 2035	23,935,000
2012A (2) (4)	Refunding	43,725,000	February 1, 2025	6,605,000
2011 (5)	Solar energy/QECB	1,917,804	February 1, 2028	994,000
2010D (2) (6)	Building (BABs)	33,020,000	November 1, 2035	25,630,000
Total principal amou	nt of outstanding debt		•••••	\$146,789,000

⁽¹⁾ Not rated; no rating applied for. Issued as a direct placement. Interest on this bond is federally taxable.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

⁽²⁾ Principal portions of this bond were refunded by the 2017B GO Bonds.

⁽³⁾ Issued as federally taxable bonds.

⁽⁴⁾ Final maturity date after a portion of this bond was refunded by the 2017B GO Bonds.

⁽²⁾ Rated "AAA" by S&P and "AAA" by Fitch, as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum.

⁽³⁾ Interest on this bond is federally taxable.

⁽⁴⁾ Portions of this bond has been refunded by the 2020 Bonds.

⁽⁵⁾ Not rated; no rating applied for. Issued as a direct placement; issued as "Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds (QECB)" with a 2.25% interest rate.

⁽⁶⁾ Interest on this bond is federally taxable (direct pay, 35% issuer subsidy, Build America Bonds ("BABs")).

Outstanding Transportation Tax Revenue Bonded Indebtedness

The County has outstanding the following transportation tax revenue bonds (collectively, the "Transportation Bonds"). The Transportation Bonds are special limited obligations of the County, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of the revenues, moneys, securities and funds pledged therefore in the 2010 transportation indenture. The pledged revenues consist of certain highway fund revenues received by the County pursuant to an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement with the State. The most significant source of highway fund revenues is certain transportation related sales taxes and fees collected within the County. The Transportation Bonds are not issued on a parity with the County's other sales or excise tax revenue bonds (as described herein).

		Original		Current
		Principal	Final	Principal
Series	<u>Purpose</u>	Amount	Maturity Date	Outstanding
2010B (1)	Transportation (BABs)	\$57,635,000	August 15, 2025	\$ <u>51,310,000</u>

⁽¹⁾ Rated "AAA" by Fitch and "AAA" by S&P, as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum. Federally taxable (direct pay, 35% issuer subsidy, BABs).

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Outstanding Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonded Indebtedness

The County has outstanding the following excise tax revenue bonds (collectively, the "Excise Tax Bonds"). The Excise Tax Bonds are special limited obligations of the County, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of the revenues, moneys, securities and funds pledged therefore in the 2014 excise tax indenture. The pledged revenues consist of certain fee–in–lieu tax revenues and uniform fees collected in the County. The Excise Tax Bonds are not issued on a parity with the County's other sales tax revenue bonds (as described herein).

		Original		Current
		Principal	Final	Principal
Series	<u>Purpose</u>	Amount	Maturity Date	Outstanding
2017 (1)	Refunding	\$23,925,000	August 15, 2033	\$23,645,000
2014 (1) (2)	Roads	38,600,000	August 15, 2023 (3)	<u>6,695,000</u>
Total principal amou	nt of outstanding debt			\$30,340,000

⁽¹⁾ Rated "AAA" by Fitch and "AAA" by S&P, as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonded Indebtedness

The County has outstanding the following sales tax revenue (Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention ("TRCC")) bond (the "TRCC Sales Tax Revenue Bonds"). The TRCC Sales Tax Revenue Bonds are special limited obligations of the County, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of the revenues, moneys, securities and funds pledged therefor in the 2017 sales tax (TRCC) indenture. The pledged revenues consist of revenues produced by the sales and use taxes levied by the County under the Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, Convention, and Airport Facilities Tax Act (related to restaurant, rental of motor vehicles, and transit room (hotel/motel) sales taxes). The TRCC Sales Tax Revenue Bonds are not issued on a parity with any of the County's sales or excise tax revenue bonds (as described herein).

		Original		Current
		Principal	Final	Principal
Series	Purpose	Amount	Maturity Date	<u>Outstanding</u>
2017 (1)	Buildings	\$44,230,000	February 1, 2037	\$ <u>40,065,000</u>

⁽¹⁾ Rated "AAA" by Fitch and "AAA" by S&P, as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum. (Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

⁽²⁾ Principal portions of this bond were refunded by the 2017 Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds.

⁽³⁾ Final maturity date after a portion of this bond were refunded by the 2017 Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds.

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding General Obligation Bonds By Fiscal Year

Principal Principal Interest Princi	Fiscal Year Ending	Series \$39,61		Series : \$29,34		Series 2017 \$39,125,000			s 2016 85,000		Series 2015B \$22,000,000		
2020. 4,165,000 1,964,244 1,620,000 946,650 2,500,000 1,191,250 2,110,000 1,198,100 930,000 558,700 2021. 4,435,000 1,772,500 1,700,000 885,650 2,265,000 1,662,500 2,195,000 1,113,700 950,000 541,100 2022. 4,437,000 1,326,250 1,375,000 690,650 2,375,000 935,000 935,000 905,000 1,000,000 561,700 2024. 5,500,000 833,750 3,350,000 369,900 3,175,000 637,730 2,275,000 586,500 1,110,000 378,650 2025. 5,500,000 833,750 2,325,000 335,400 3,350,000 176,200 2,760,000 1,110,000 378,650 2027. 5,825,000 2,912,20 2,325,000 277,100 3,255,000 3,050,000 1,760,00 1,110,000 378,650 2029. - 2,425,000 164,835 - - - - 1,250,000 1,145,000 2,475,00	December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2021 4.35,000 1.772,500 1.700,000 865,650 2.265,000 1.102,000 950,000 590,000 591,000 2022 4.457,000 1.155,500 1.875,000 696,650 2.2875,000 979,000 931,000 990,000 501,700 2024 5.500,000 1.832,000 696,600 3.02,500 697,700 2.2875,000 934,500 990,000 450,200 2025 5.500,000 833,750 3.350,000 369,000 3.350,000 146,500 1,110,000 378,630 2026 5.550,000 568,750 2.225,000 369,000 3.350,000 146,750 2.590,000 116,000 319,000 311,000 2027 5.820,000 291,250 2.200,000 227,000 228,000 307,500 118,000 311,000 2030 - - 2.2425,000 164,825 - - - - 1.250,000 242,250 2031 - - - - - - -	2019	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 225,000	\$ 957,900	\$ 7,925,000	\$ 1,587,500	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 652,300 (a) \$ 885,000	\$ 602,950		
2021 4.35,000 1.772,500 1.700,000 865,650 2.265,000 1.955,000 1.102,500 590,000 590,000 590,000 590,000 590,000 590,000 590,000 501,000 2.285,000 2.375,000 394,500 990,000 501,700 202 4.800,000 1.086,200 3.300,000 80,800 3.000,000 590,000 3.350,000 480,000 3.350,000 480,000 3.350,000 480,000 3.350,000 580,500 1.090,000 400,450 2.285,000 505,000 586,500 1.110,000 378,630 2.202 5.500,000 588,750 2.225,000 369,000 3.350,000 176,000 2.590,000 371,600 386,000 1.110,000 378,630 2.202 2.203,000 2.275,000 2.771,00 1.625,000 307,500 1.180,000 311,000 311,000 315,000 310,000 311,000 315,000 311,000 315,000 310,000 315,000 311,000 203,000 307,500 1.180,000 203,000 203,000 307,500	2020	4,165,000	1,964,244	1,620,000	946,650	2,500,000	1,191,250	2,110,000	1,198,100	930,000	558,700		
2022. 4,575,000 1,555,000 1,800,000 780,650 2,750,000 935,000 2,245,000 790,000 501,000 2024. 5,050,000 1,086,220 3,200,000 56,690 3,025,000 633,750 2,470,000 393,500 1,035,000 452,200 2024. 5,050,000 1,086,220 3,200,000 3,000,000 3,025,000 3,025,000 3,025,000 2,470,000 380,500 1,000,000 400,450 3,025,000 3,250,000 3,175,000 3,025,000 3,200,000 3,025,000 3,205,000 3,200,000 3,025,000 3,200													
2024. 5,050,000 1,086,250 3,200,000 596,900 3,025,000 653,750 2,470,000 899,500 1,035,000 452,200 2025. 5,300,000 833,750 3,350,000 436,900 3,175,000 502,500 2590,000 450,500 1,110,000 378,550 2026. 5,582,000 291,250 2,300,000 325,400 3,259,000 176,250 2,860,000 450,500 1,118,000 345,350 2038. — — 2,425,000 235,650 — — 3,150,000 157,500 1,118,000 311,000 222,500 3,000 203,000 1,145,000 311,000 228,600 1,145,000 1,145,000 242,250 203 — — — — — 1,250,000 224,250 203 — — — — — 1,250,000 224,250 203 — — — — — 1,250,000 224,250 203 — — — — — —	2022												
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	2023	4,800,000	1,326,250	1,875,000	690,650	2,875,000	797,500	2,375,000	934,500	990,000	501,700		
2026 55,50,000 58,875,0 2,225,000 36,900 3,350,000 343,750 2,720,000 586,500 1,110,000 378,550 2027 5,825,000 291,250 2,300,000 325,400 3,525,000 1,620,000 49,050 1,145,000 315,000 2029 - - 2,240,000 223,625 - - 3,000,000 307,500 1,145,000 311,000 2030 - - 2,425,000 101,775 - - - - 1,285,000 204,750 2031 - - 1,875,000 101,775 - - - - 1,285,000 204,750 2033 - - 1,875,000 52,500 - - - - 1,465,000 264,550 2034 - - - - - - - - 1,465,000 85,500 264,550 2033 - - - - -	2024	5,050,000	1,086,250	3,200,000	596,900	3,025,000	653,750	2,470,000	839,500	1,035,000	452,200		
2026 5.55,0000 58,875,0 2,225,000 369,900 3,350,000 343,750 2,720,000 \$86,500 1,110,000 378,550 2027 5,825,000 291,250 2,300,000 325,400 3,525,000 176,250 2,860,000 450,500 1,145,000 378,550 2028 - - 2,240,000 223,525 - - 3,000,000 307,500 1,145,000 378,550 2030 - - 2,425,000 101,775 - - - - 1,285,000 204,750 2031 - - 1,875,000 101,775 - - - - 1,285,000 204,750 2033 - - 1,875,000 52,500 - - - - 1,465,000 85,500 2035 - - - - - - - - 1,445,000 85,500 2034 - - - - - <td>2025</td> <td>5 200 000</td> <td>922.750</td> <td>2 250 000</td> <td>426,000</td> <td>2 175 000</td> <td>502 500</td> <td>2 500 000</td> <td>716 000</td> <td>1 000 000</td> <td>400 450</td>	2025	5 200 000	922.750	2 250 000	426,000	2 175 000	502 500	2 500 000	716 000	1 000 000	400 450		
2027. 5,825,000 291,250 2,300,000 325,400 3,525,000 176,250 2,860,000 450,500 1,145,000 345,550 2029. - - 2,400,000 223,625 - - 3,000,000 307,500 1,180,000 345,550 2030. - - 2,405,000 164,825 - - - - 1,250,000 242,250 2031. - - 1,875,000 52,360 - - - - 1,285,000 242,250 2032. - - 1,875,000 52,360 - - - - 1,355,000 246,750 2033. - - - 1,875,000 52,360 - - - - - 1,365,000 126,450 2034. - - - - - - - - 1,445,000 43,350 2035. - - - - - -					,				,				
2028 — — 2,235,000 277,100 — — 3,000,000 307,500 1,180,000 278,550 2030 — — 2,425,000 164,825 — — — — 1,255,000 224,250 2031 — — 1,825,000 101,775 — — — 1,255,000 204,750 2032 — — 1,875,000 52,800 — — — — 1,255,000 204,750 2033 — — — — — — — 1,255,000 166,200 2034 — — — — — — 1,445,000 85,500 2035 — — — — — — 1,445,000 83,335 7 totals \$39,615,000 \$9,397,994 \$29,145,000 \$6,790,425 \$31,750,000 \$7,982,000 \$7,982,000 \$7,982,000 \$1,445,000 \$1,445,000 \$1,455,000													
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $													
2030		_	_			=	_						
2031 -	2029	_	_	2,400,000	223,023	_	_	3,130,000	137,300	1,210,000	278,330		
2032		=	-			-	-	_	=				
2033		_	=			=	_	=	=				
Principal Series 2015		_	_	1,875,000	52,500	_	_	_	_				
Totals — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		_	_	_	_	_	_	_					
Fiscal Year Ending December 31 Series 2015A S13,925,000 Series 2013 S25,000,000 Series 2013 S25,000,000 Series 2012B S33,165,000 Series 2012 S14,000,000 Series 2011A (a) S25,000,000 December 31 Principal Interest Interest Principal Interest	2034	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,405,000	85,500		
Fiscal Year Ending December 31 Series 2015A \$13,925,000 Series 2013 \$25,000,000 Series 2012B \$338,165,000 Series 2012B \$14,600,000 Series 2011A (a) \$25,000,000 2019	2035									1,445,000	43,350		
Year Ending December 31 \$13,925,000 \$25,000,000 \$38,165,000 \$14,600,000 \$25,000,000 \$1,145,000 \$25,000,000 \$1,145,000 \$1,145,000 \$38,165,000 \$236,850 \$685,000 \$235,075 \$1,490,000 \$44,700 2019	Totals	\$ 39,615,000	\$ 9,397,994	\$29,145,000	\$ 6,790,425	\$31,750,000	\$ 7,253,750	\$27,885,000	\$ 7,982,000	\$ 19,570,000	\$ 5,759,250		
2019													
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Year Ending									\$25,0			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Year Ending	\$13,92	25,000	\$25,00	00,000	\$38,16	55,000	\$14,6	00,000	\$25,0	00,000		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Year Ending December 31	\$13,92 Principal	Interest	\$25,00 Principal	00,000 Interest	\$38,16 Principal	Interest (2)	\$14,6 Principal	00,000 Interest	\$25,0 Principal	00,000 Interest		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000	\$ 535,800	\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000	00,000 Interest \$ 248,375	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000	00,000 <u>Interest</u> \$ 235,075	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000	\$ 535,800 478,550	\$25,000 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000	00,000 Interest \$ 248,375 197,875	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 695,000	00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1)		
2025	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000 1,265,000	\$ 535,800 478,550 418,550	\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000 1,090,000	10,000 Interest \$ 248,375 197,875 144,750	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088 45,581	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 695,000 715,000	00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375 207,475	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000 0	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1) 0 (1)		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000 1,265,000 1,350,000 1,410,000	\$ 535,800 478,550 418,550 355,300 287,800	\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000 1,090,000 1,145,000 1,205,000	\$ 248,375 \$ 197,875 144,750 88,875 30,125	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000 4,675,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088 45,581	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 695,000 715,000 740,000 745,000	00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375 207,475 193,175 178,375	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000 1,265,000 1,350,000 1,410,000	\$ 535,800 478,550 418,550 355,300 287,800	\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000 1,090,000 1,145,000 1,205,000	\$ 248,375 \$ 197,875 144,750 88,875 30,125	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000 4,675,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088 45,581	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 695,000 715,000 740,000 745,000	00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375 207,475 193,175 178,375	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000 1,265,000 1,350,000 1,410,000 1,475,000	\$ 535,800 478,550 418,550 355,300 287,800 217,300	\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000 1,090,000 1,145,000 1,205,000 0	0,000 Interest \$ 248,375 197,875 144,750 88,875 30,125 0 (1)	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000 4,675,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088 45,581	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 695,000 715,000 740,000 745,000 755,000	00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375 207,475 193,175 178,375 163,475	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000 0 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)		
2029	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000 1,265,000 1,350,000 1,410,000 1,475,000 1,540,000	\$ 535,800 \$ 535,800 478,550 418,550 355,300 287,800 217,300 143,550	\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000 1,090,000 1,145,000 1,205,000 0	\$ 248,375 \$ 248,375 197,875 144,750 88,875 30,125 0 (1) 0 (1)	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000 4,675,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088 45,581	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 715,000 740,000 745,000 770,000	00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375 207,475 193,175 178,375 163,475 148,375	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000 0 0 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)		
2030	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000 1,265,000 1,350,000 1,410,000 1,475,000 1,540,000 1,595,000	\$ 535,800 \$ 535,800 478,550 418,550 355,300 287,800 217,300 143,550 97,350	\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000 1,090,000 1,145,000 1,205,000 0	0,000 Interest \$ 248,375 197,875 144,750 88,875 30,125 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000 4,675,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088 45,581 - -	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 715,000 740,000 745,000 755,000 770,000 790,000	00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375 207,475 193,175 178,375 163,475 148,375 131,050	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000 0 0 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)		
2031 - - 0 0 (1) - - 875,000 24,063 - - - 2032 - - 0 0 (1) -<	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000 1,265,000 1,350,000 1,410,000 1,475,000 1,540,000 1,595,000	\$ 535,800 \$ 535,800 478,550 418,550 355,300 287,800 217,300 143,550 97,350	\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000 1,090,000 1,145,000 0 0 0	0,000 Interest \$ 248,375 197,875 144,750 88,875 30,125 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000 4,675,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088 45,581 - -	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 715,000 740,000 745,000 755,000 770,000 790,000 810,000	00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375 207,475 193,175 178,375 163,475 148,375 131,050 111,300	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000 0 0 0 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)		
2031 - - 0 0 (1) - - 875,000 24,063 - - - 2032 - - 0 0 (1) -<	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000 1,265,000 1,350,000 1,410,000 1,475,000 1,540,000 1,595,000	\$ 535,800 \$ 535,800 478,550 418,550 355,300 287,800 217,300 143,550 97,350	\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000 1,090,000 1,145,000 0 0 0 0 0	0,000 Interest \$ 248,375 197,875 144,750 88,875 30,125 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000 4,675,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088 45,581 - - -	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 715,000 740,000 745,000 755,000 770,000 790,000 810,000 830,000	00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375 207,475 193,175 178,375 163,475 148,375 131,050 111,300 91,050	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)		
2032	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000 1,265,000 1,350,000 1,410,000 1,475,000 1,540,000 1,595,000	\$ 535,800 \$ 535,800 478,550 418,550 355,300 287,800 217,300 143,550 97,350	\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000 1,090,000 1,145,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0,000 Interest \$ 248,375 197,875 144,750 88,875 30,125 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000 4,675,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088 45,581 - - -	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 715,000 740,000 755,000 770,000 790,000 810,000 830,000 850,000	00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375 207,475 193,175 178,375 163,475 148,375 131,050 111,300 91,050 70,300	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)		
2033 - - 0 0 (1) -	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000 1,265,000 1,350,000 1,410,000 1,475,000 1,540,000 1,595,000	\$ 535,800 \$ 535,800 478,550 418,550 355,300 287,800 217,300 143,550 97,350	\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000 1,090,000 1,145,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 248,375 197,875 144,750 88,875 30,125 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000 4,675,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088 45,581 - - -	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 715,000 740,000 745,000 755,000 770,000 790,000 810,000 850,000	00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375 207,475 193,175 178,375 163,475 148,375 131,050 111,300 91,050 70,300 47,988	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)		
2034 - <td< td=""><td>Year Ending December 31 2019</td><td>\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000 1,265,000 1,350,000 1,410,000 1,475,000 1,540,000 1,595,000</td><td>\$ 535,800 \$ 535,800 478,550 418,550 355,300 287,800 217,300 143,550 97,350</td><td>\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000 1,090,000 1,145,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td><td>0,000 Interest \$ 248,375 197,875 144,750 88,875 30,125 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)</td><td>\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000 4,675,000</td><td>55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088 45,581 - - -</td><td>\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 715,000 740,000 745,000 755,000 770,000 790,000 810,000 850,000</td><td>00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375 207,475 193,175 178,375 163,475 148,375 131,050 111,300 91,050 70,300 47,988</td><td>\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td><td>00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)</td></td<>	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000 1,265,000 1,350,000 1,410,000 1,475,000 1,540,000 1,595,000	\$ 535,800 \$ 535,800 478,550 418,550 355,300 287,800 217,300 143,550 97,350	\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000 1,090,000 1,145,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0,000 Interest \$ 248,375 197,875 144,750 88,875 30,125 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000 4,675,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088 45,581 - - -	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 715,000 740,000 745,000 755,000 770,000 790,000 810,000 850,000	00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375 207,475 193,175 178,375 163,475 148,375 131,050 111,300 91,050 70,300 47,988	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)		
	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000 1,265,000 1,350,000 1,410,000 1,475,000 1,540,000 1,595,000	\$ 535,800 \$ 535,800 478,550 418,550 355,300 287,800 217,300 143,550 97,350	\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000 1,090,000 1,145,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 248,375 197,875 144,750 88,875 30,125 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000 4,675,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088 45,581 - - -	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 715,000 740,000 745,000 755,000 770,000 790,000 810,000 850,000	00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375 207,475 193,175 178,375 163,475 148,375 131,050 111,300 91,050 70,300 47,988	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)		
Totals	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000 1,265,000 1,350,000 1,410,000 1,475,000 1,540,000 1,595,000	\$ 535,800 \$ 535,800 478,550 418,550 355,300 287,800 217,300 143,550 97,350	\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000 1,090,000 1,145,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 248,375 197,875 144,750 88,875 30,125 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000 4,675,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088 45,581 - - -	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 715,000 740,000 745,000 755,000 770,000 790,000 810,000 850,000	00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375 207,475 193,175 178,375 163,475 148,375 131,050 111,300 91,050 70,300 47,988	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)		
	Year Ending December 31 2019	\$13,92 Principal \$ 1,145,000 1,200,000 1,265,000 1,350,000 1,410,000 1,475,000 1,540,000 1,595,000	\$ 535,800 \$ 535,800 478,550 418,550 355,300 287,800 217,300 143,550 97,350	\$25,00 Principal \$ 985,000 1,035,000 1,090,000 1,145,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 248,375 197,875 144,750 88,875 30,125 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)	\$38,16 Principal \$ 6,645,000 5,325,000 4,675,000	55,000 Interest (2) \$ 236,850 139,088 45,581 - - -	\$14,6 Principal \$ 685,000 715,000 740,000 745,000 755,000 770,000 790,000 810,000 850,000	00,000 Interest \$ 235,075 221,375 207,475 193,175 178,375 163,475 148,375 131,050 111,300 91,050 70,300 47,988	\$25,00 Principal \$ 1,490,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00,000 Interest \$ 44,700 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (1)		

⁽a) This bond issue is included in this table because final principal and interest payments occurred in Fiscal Year 2019.

⁽¹⁾ Principal and interest was refunded by the 2017B GO Bonds.

⁽²⁾ Issued as federally taxable bonds.

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding General Obligation Bonds By Fiscal Year-continued

Fiscal		Totals	
Year Ending December 31	Total Principal	Total Interest	Total Debt Service
2019	\$ 22,115,000	\$ 5,101,450	\$ 27,216,450
2020	19,580,000	6,895,831	26,475,831
2021	19,565,000	6,174,556	25,739,556
2022	15,615,000	5,455,000	21,070,000
2023	16,275,000	4,746,900	21,021,900
2024	17,010,000	4,009,375	21,019,375
2025	17,815,000	3,181,525	20,996,525
2026	17,340,000	2,475,950	19,815,950
2027	18,115,000	1,749,550	19,864,550
2028	7,335,000	986,650	8,321,650
2029	7,610,000	729,975	8,339,975
2030	4,545,000	455,063	5,000,063
2031	3,985,000	330,588	4,315,588
2032	3,200,000	218,700	3,418,700
2033	1,365,000	126,450	1,491,450
2034	1,405,000	85,500	1,490,500
2035	1,445,000	43,350	1,488,350
Totals	\$ 194,320,000	\$ 42,766,413	\$ 237,086,413

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue Bonds By Fiscal Year

\$38,520,000

\$17,590,494

				Issued	under the 2001 S	Sales Tax Inde	enture (a)				
Fiscal Year Ending	Series 2020 \$43,555,000			Series 2017B \$38,520,000		17A (1) 0,000		es 2014 000,000	Series 2012A \$43,725,000		
December 31	Principal Interest		Principal Interest		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2019	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,378,363	\$ 2,000,000	\$230,045	\$ 1,115,000	\$ 992,931	\$ 4,110,000	\$ 1,408,375	
2020	0	0	0	1,378,363	2,025,000	197,119	1,155,000	934,381 (2)	4,325,000	799,938 (2)	
2021	4,940,000	1,149,672	0	1,378,363	2,075,000	157,939	955,000	879,831 (2)		264,375 (2)	
2022	5,140,000	936,859	0	1,378,363	2,100,000	112,410	1,000,000	830,956 (2)		203,000 (2)	
2023	5,245,000	841,801	0	1,378,363	2,175,000	60,548	1,050,000	779,706 (2)	1,320,000	138,500 (2)	
2024	5,090,000	739,853	1,020,000	1,352,863	1,200,000	16,680	1,390,000	718,706	1,390,000	70,750 (2)	
2025	4,055,000	644,069	2,300,000	1,298,613	_	_	1,460,000	647,456	1,440,000	18,000 (2)	
2026	1,035,000	588,762	2,400,000	1,209,863	_	_	1,535,000	572,581		_	
2027	1,060,000	564,612	2,525,000	1,086,738	_	_	1,605,000	502,106	_	_	
2028	1,090,000	538,913	2,625,000	988,175	_	_	1,670,000	436,606	_	_	
2029	1,115,000	511,465	2,675,000	914,619	_	-	1,730,000	377,259	_	_	
2030	1,145,000	481,888	2,775,000	834,875	_	_	1,780,000	324,606	_	=	
2031	1,175,000	449,120	2,850,000	750,500	_	_	1,835,000	270,381	_	_	
2032	1,215,000	412,728	2,950,000	661,656	_	_	1,890,000	214,506	_	_	
2033	1,250,000	373,275	3,025,000	566,406	_	_	1,950,000	156,906	_	_	
2034	1,300,000	330,661	3,150,000	454,250	_	-	2,010,000	96,250	-	_	
2035	8,700,000	154,251	3,275,000	325,750	_	_	2,075,000	32,422	_	_	
2036	-,,		3,400,000	192,250	_	_		,	_	_	
2037	_	_	3,550,000	62,125	_	-	_	_	_	_	

\$11,575,000

\$26,205,000

\$774,740

8,767,594

\$15,040,000

2,902,938

				Issued	under	the 2001 S	ales [Γax Inde	enture (a)			
Fiscal	Series 2011	(4)	Series 20	010D	Series 2010A (b)						Totals	
Year Ending	\$1,917,80	4	\$33,020	,000		\$8,855,000				Total	Total	Total Debt
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest (8)	P	rincipal	In	iterest		Principal	Interest (9)	Service
2019	\$ 110,000 (3) \$	26,123	\$ 1,275,000	\$ 1,207,159	\$	160,000	\$	7,963		\$ 8,770,000	\$ 5,250,958	\$ 14,020,958
2020	112,000 (3)	23,625	1,305,000	1,165,721		165,000		2,681		9,087,000	4,501,828	13,588,828
2021	115,000 (3)	21,071	1,330,000	1,120,046		-		-		10,610,000	4,971,297	15,581,297
2022	117,000 (3)	18,461	1,360,000 (5)	1,073,496		-		_		10,977,000	4,553,546	15,530,546
2023	120,000 (3)	15,795	1,400,000 (5)	1,019,096		-		_		11,310,000	4,233,808	15,543,808
2024	123,000 (3)	13,061	1,435,000 (5)	963,096		-		-		11,648,000	3,875,010	15,523,010
2025	126,000 (3)	10,260	1,470,000 (5)	905,696		_		_		10,851,000	3,524,094	14,375,094
2026	128,000 (3)	7,403	1,510,000	846,896		-		-		6,608,000	3,225,505	9,833,505
2027	131,000 (3)	4,489	1,550,000	784,231		_		_		6,871,000	2,942,176	9,813,176
2028	134,000 (3)	1,508	1,595,000	716,031		_		_		7,114,000	2,681,233	9,795,233
2029	-	-	1,640,000	642,661		-		-		7,160,000	2,446,004	9,606,004
2030	_	_	1,695,000	564,761		_		_		7,395,000	2,206,130	9,601,130
2031	_	_	1,745,000 (6)	482,130		_		_		7,605,000	1,952,132	9,557,132
2032	_	_	1,805,000 (6)	393,135		_		_		7,860,000	1,682,026	9,542,026
2033	_	_	1,865,000 (7)	301,080		_		_		8,090,000	1,397,668	9,487,668
2034	_	_	1,930,000 (7)	204,100		_		-		8,390,000	1,085,261	9,475,261
2035	-	_	1,995,000 (7)	103,740		_		_		16,045,000	616,163	16,661,163
2036	_	-	-	_		_		_		3,400,000	192,250	3,592,250
2037		_						_		3,550,000	62,125	3,612,125
Totals	\$ 1,216,000 \$	141,795	\$26,905,000	\$12,493,078	\$	325,000	\$	10,644		\$ 163,341,000	\$51,399,211	\$214,740,211

⁽a) These bonds are issued on a parity basis under the 2001 Sales Tax Indenture.

\$43,555,000

Totals.....

\$8,717,930

⁽b) This bond issued is included in this table because final principal and interest payments occurred within Fiscal Years 2019 and 2020.

⁽¹⁾ This bond is issued as a federally taxable bond.

⁽²⁾ Remaining principal and interest payments after a portion these bonds are being paid from a 2020 Escrow Account funded from proceeds of the 2020 Sales Tax Bonds.

⁽³⁾ Private placement; issued as a QECB bond.

⁽³⁾ Mandatory sinking fund principal payments from a \$994,000 2.25% term bond due February 1, 2028.

⁽⁵⁾ Mandatory sinking fund principal payments from a \$5,665,000 4.00% term bond due November 1, 2025.

⁽⁶⁾ Mandatory sinking fund principal payments from a \$3,550,000 5.10% term bond due November 1, 2032.

⁽⁷⁾ Mandatory sinking fund principal payments from a \$5,790,000 5.20% term bond due November 1, 2035.

⁽⁸⁾ Federally taxable (direct pay, 35% federal interest subsidy, BABs). Does not reflect any federal interest subsidy payments.

⁽⁹⁾ Does not reflect any federal interest rate subsidy payments on the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds which were issued as BABs.

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds By Fiscal Year

Issued under the 2010 Transportation Indenture										
Fiscal Series 2010B										
Year Ending		\$57,635	,00	0		Total Debt				
December 31		Principal]	Interest (2)	Service (2)					
2019	\$	6,325,000	\$	2,269,393	\$	8,594,393				
2020		6,895,000		2,057,000		8,952,000				
2021		7,265,000		1,818,571		9,083,571				
2022		7,995,000		1,556,450		9,551,450				
2023		8,710,000 (1)		1,255,997		9,965,997				
2024		9,295,000 (1)		880,771		10,175,771				
2025		11,150,000 (1)		480,342		11,630,342				
Totals	\$	57,635,000	\$	10,318,523	\$	67,953,523				

⁽¹⁾ Mandatory sinking fund principal payments from a \$29,155,000 4.308% term bond due August 15, 2025.

⁽²⁾ Federally taxable (direct pay, 35% issuer subsidy, BABs). Does not reflect any federal interest subsidy payments.

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds By Fiscal Year

Issued under the 2014 Excise Indenture Fiscal Series 2017 Series 2014 Total Year Ending \$23,925,000 \$38,600,000 Total Total Debt December 31 Principal Interest Principal Interest Principal Interest Service \$ 2019..... 0 \$ 1,043,150 \$ 1,475,000 \$ 408,500 \$ 1,475,000 \$ 1,451,650 \$ 2,926,650 2020..... 0 1,043,150 1,550,000 334,750 1,377,900 2,927,900 1,550,000 2021..... 0 1,043,150 1,630,000 257,250 1,630,000 1,300,400 2,930,400 2022..... 0 1,043,150 1,715,000 175,750 1,715,000 1,218,900 2,933,900 2023..... 0 1,043,150 1,800,000 90,000 1,800,000 1,133,150 2,933,150 2024..... 1,880,000 1,043,150 0 0(1)1,880,000 1,043,150 2,923,150 2025..... 1,975,000 949,150 0 0(1)1,975,000 949,150 2,924,150 2026..... 2,080,000 850,400 0 0(1)2,080,000 850,400 2,930,400 2027..... 2,180,000 746,400 0 0(1)2,180,000 746,400 2,926,400 0 637,400 2028..... 2,295,000 637,400 0(1)2,295,000 2,932,400 2029..... 0 522,650 2,410,000 522,650 0(1)2,410,000 2,932,650 2030..... 2,535,000 0 2,535,000 402,150 2,937,150 402,150 0(1)0 2031..... 2,670,000 275,400 0(1)2,670,000 275,400 2,945,400 0 2032..... 2,760,000 168,600 0(1)2,760,000 168,600 2,928,600 2033..... 0 2,860,000 85,800 2,860,000 85,800 2,945,800 0(1)\$ 10,896,850 \$ 8,170,000 \$ 1,266,250 Totals..... \$ 23,645,000 \$31,815,000 \$12,163,100 \$43,978,100

⁽¹⁾ Principal and interest was refunded by the 2017 Excise Tax Bonds.

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds By Fiscal Year

Issued under the 2017 TRCC Indenture Fiscal Series 2017 Total Year Ending \$44,230,000 Debt Principal December 31 Service Interest 2019..... \$ 1,430,000 2,067,350 \$ 3,497,350 2020..... 1,500,000 1,994,100 3,494,100 2021..... 1,555,000 1,941,050 3,496,050 2022..... 1,610,000 1,885,250 3,495,250 2023..... 1,695,000 3,497,625 1,802,625 2024..... 1,780,000 1,715,750 3,495,750 2025..... 1,870,000 1,624,500 3,494,500 2026..... 1,970,000 3,498,500 1,528,500 2027..... 3,497,500 2,070,000 1,427,500 2028..... 2,175,000 1,321,375 3,496,375 2029..... 2,285,000 1,209,875 3,494,875 2030..... 2,405,000 1,092,625 3,497,625 2031..... 2,525,000 969,375 3,494,375 2032..... 2,655,000 839,875 3,494,875 2033..... 2,795,000 703,625 3,498,625 2034..... 2,935,000 560,375 3,495,375 2035..... 409,875 3,494,875 3,085,000 2036..... 3,245,000 251,625 3,496,625 2037..... 3,495,250 3,410,000 85,250 Totals..... \$42,995,000 \$ 23,430,500 \$ 66,425,500

Future Issuance Of Debt; Current And Historical Tax And Revenue Anticipation Note Borrowing; Other Debt

Future Issuance of Debt. The Authority may issue approximately \$46 million of lease revenue bonds for construction of libraries in Fiscal Year 2020 or 2021.

Current and Historical Tax and Revenue Anticipation Note Borrowing. The County has historically issued tax and revenue anticipation notes over the past 10 Fiscal Years as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u>Series</u>	Amount	Date of Sale	Type of Sale	<u>Rating (2)</u>
2020 (1)	2020	\$65,000,000	July 8, 2020	Public offering	MIG 1
2019	2019	70,000,000	July 2, 2019	Public offering	MIG 1
2018	2018	55,000,000	July 10, 2018	Public offering	MIG 1
2017	2017	60,000,000	July 12, 2017	Public offering	MIG 1
2016	2016	47,000,000	August 11, 2016	Public offering	MIG 1
2015	2015	43,000,000	August 12, 2015	Public offering	MIG 1
2014	2014	65,000,000	July 30, 2014	Public offering	MIG 1
2013	2013	67,000,000	June 25, 2013	Public offering	MIG 1
2012	2012	50,000,000	June 26, 2012	Public offering	MIG 1
2011	2011	35,000,000	June 28, 2011	Public offering	MIG 1
2010	2010	45,000,000	July 20, 2010	Public offering	MIG 1

⁽¹⁾ For purposes of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum, the 2020 Notes will be considered issued and outstanding. Principal and interest on the 2020 Notes are due Wednesday, December 30, 2020.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Other Debt. Capital Leases. The County has several capital leases outstanding. As of Fiscal Year 2019, the present value of net minimum lease payments is \$245,070, with payments extending through Fiscal Year 2022. See "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019—Notes to the Basic Financial Statements—9. Long—Term Liabilities—Section 9.6 Capital Lease Obligations" (Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports "CAFR" page 73).

Notes Payable. Salt Lake County NMTC, Inc., a blended component unit of the County, controls: (i) Historical Capitol Theatre, LLC, which company issued promissory notes in Fiscal Year 2013 totaling \$7,640,000 (current balance outstanding \$7,640,000); (ii) SLCO Downtown Health Clinic, LLC, which company issued promissory notes in Fiscal Year 2017 totaling \$11,212,500 (current balance outstanding \$11,212,500); and (iii) Kearns Library LLC, which company issued promissory notes in Fiscal Year 2019 totaling \$14,137,500 (current balance outstanding \$14,137,500).

The County received a \$23,200,000 note in Fiscal Year 2018 from the Utah Department of Transportation ("UDOT"). Proceeds from the UDOT loan will be loaned to various municipalities for parking structure projects (current balance outstanding \$21,491,360). Additionally, in Fiscal Year 2019 the County issued a \$1 million note for maintenance agreement on communications equipment (current balance outstanding \$673,185).

For a schedule showing future debt service requirements on these notes see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019–Notes to the Basic Financial Statements–9. Long–Term Liabilities–Section 9.7 Notes Payable" (CAFR page 73).

Joint Ventures and Undivided Interests. The County is a 25% partner with Salt Lake City, Utah ("Salt Lake City") and the Salt Lake City Redevelopment Agency (the "Salt Lake City RDA") as 75% partners of the Utah Performing Arts Center Agency ("UPACA") a theater for the performing arts. Beginning in Fiscal Year 2015 (and continuing through 2040) the County allocates incremental tax revenues to the Salt Lake City RDA to be used by Salt Lake City RDA to make debt service payments on bonds Salt Lake City RDA issued to finance UPACA. The principal balance due to Salt Lake City RDA as of Fiscal Year 2019 is \$23,833,171 (for further detailed discussion of UPACA see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019—Notes to the Basic Financial Statements—14. Joint Ventures—Section 14.3 UPACA (Eccles Theater)" (CAFR page 87) and for Fiscal Year payments due to Salt Lake City RDA see "...9. Long—Term Liabilities—Section 9.7 Notes Payable" (CAFR page 73).

The County is an equal partner with Salt Lake City of the City/County Landfill for solid waste management and disposal services.

⁽²⁾ Moody's rating.

The County has a 50% ownership with Salt Lake City in the Sugar House Park Authority for maintaining and improving land used as a public park.

The County has entered into interlocal cooperation agreements with Tracy Aviary and Hogle Zoo.

For a detailed discussion and accounting of these joint ventures see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL RE-PORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019–Notes to the Basic Financial Statements–14. Joint Ventures and Undivided Interests" (CAFR page 85).

The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah

The Authority is a body politic and corporate, operating under the Local Building Authority Act. The Authority was created in 1992 for acquiring, constructing, improving or extending projects on behalf of the County pursuant to the predecessor to Local Building Authority Act.

The Authority's debt does not constitute legal debt within the meaning of any constitutional provision or statutory limitation of the County. The Authority has entered certain annual leases with the County for each project on an "all or none" basis. The leases may be terminated by the County in any year and payments by the County may be made only from moneys which are annually budgeted and appropriated by the County for such purpose.

The Authority has issued lease revenue bonds: (i) in 2009, which bond proceeds were used for the acquisition, construction, improvements and equipping a public works building, libraries and senior centers (the "2009 Projects") and (ii) in 2019, which bond proceeds were used for the acquisition, construction, improvements and equipping several libraries (the "2019 Projects" and with the 2009 Projects, the "Projects"). The Authority has issued lease revenue bonds under a general indenture of trust, as amended and supplemented by supplemental indentures (collectively, the "2009 MBA Indenture"). The Authority has leased the Projects to the County, pursuant to a master lease, as amended and supplemented by lease agreements, (collectively, the "2009 MBA Master Lease"). All lease revenue bonds issued under the 2009 MBA Master Lease are cross—collateralized in that the Authority has granted to a trustee, for the benefit of the owners of all lease revenue bonds issued under the 2009 MBA Master Lease, a security interest in all the Authority's right, title and interest in the Projects financed with lease revenue bonds issued under the 2009 MBA Indenture. The Authority may, from time to time, issue additional bonds under the 2009 MBA Indenture.

The Authority has outstanding the following lease revenue bonds issued under the 2009 MBA Indenture.

		Original		Current
		Principal	Final	Principal
Series	<u>Purpose</u>	Amount	Maturity Date	Outstanding
2019 (1)	Operations center/libraries	\$17,840,000	January 15, 2041	\$17,840,000
2009B (2)	Public works/libraries/senior centers (BABs)	58,390,000	December 1, 2029	50,175,000
Total princi	pal amount of outstanding debt			\$ <u>68,015,000</u>

⁽¹⁾ For purposes of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum, the 2019 MBA Bonds will be considered issued and outstanding. Rated "AA+" by Fitch and "AA+" by S&P, as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

(The remainder of this page has been intentionally left blank.)

⁽²⁾ Rated "AA+" by Fitch; "Aa1" by Moody's; and "AA+" by S&P, as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum. The 2009B MBA Bonds are federally taxable, direct pay, 35% issuer subsidy, Build America Bonds.

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Lease Revenue Bonds Of The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah By Fiscal Year

Issued under 2009 MBA Indenture (a)

T:1	- Ci	s 2019		2009 WIDA IIIU	lenture (a)	Totals		
Fiscal			Series 2					
Year Ending	\$17,84	40,000	\$58,39	0,000	Total	Total	Total Debt	
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest (4)	Principal	Interest (5)	Service	
2019	\$ 0	\$ 0 (1)) \$ 4,165,000	\$ 2,952,166	\$ 4,165,000	\$ 2,952,166	\$ 7,117,166	
2020	0	2,090 (1	4,300,000	2,757,244	4,300,000	2,759,334	7,059,334	
2021	0	192,682 (1)	4,425,000	2,551,704	4,425,000	2,744,386	7,169,386	
2022	530,000	878,750	4,570,000 (2)	2,335,764	5,100,000	3,214,514	8,314,514	
2023	560,000	851,500	4,725,000 (2)	2,094,468	5,285,000	2,945,968	8,230,968	
2024	585,000	822,875	4,895,000 (2)	1,844,988	5,480,000	2,667,863	8,147,863	
2025	610,000	793,000	5,060,000 (3)	1,586,532	5,670,000	2,379,532	8,049,532	
2026	655,000	761,375	5,235,000 (3)	1,292,040	5,890,000	2,053,415	7,943,415	
2027	685,000	727,875	5,450,000 (3)	987,363	6,135,000	1,715,238	7,850,238	
2028	715,000	692,875	5,650,000 (3)	670,173	6,365,000	1,363,048	7,728,048	
2029	760,000	656,000	5,865,000 (3)	341,343	6,625,000	997,343	7,622,343	
2030	795,000	617,125	_	_	795,000	617,125	1,412,125	
2031	840,000	576,250	_	_	840,000	576,250	1,416,250	
2032	880,000	533,250	_	_	880,000	533,250	1,413,250	
2033	925,000	488,125	_	_	925,000	488,125	1,413,125	
2034	970,000	440,750	_	_	970,000	440,750	1,410,750	
2035	1,020,000	391,000	_	_	1,020,000	391,000	1,411,000	
2036	1,075,000	338,625	_	_	1,075,000	338,625	1,413,625	
2037	1,130,000	283,500	_	_	1,130,000	283,500	1,413,500	
2038	1,180,000	225,750	_	_	1,180,000	225,750	1,405,750	
2039	1,245,000	165,125	_	_	1,245,000	165,125	1,410,125	
2040	1,310,000	101,250	_	_	1,310,000	101,250	1,411,250	
2041	1,370,000	34,250	_	_	1,370,000	34,250	1,404,250	
Totals	\$17,840,000	\$10,574,022	\$54,340,000	\$ 19,413,785	\$ 72,180,000	\$ 29,987,807	\$102,167,807	

⁽a) These bonds were issued on a parity basis under the 2009 MBA Indenture.

⁽¹⁾ Final payment due after payments of capitalized interest on the 2019 MBA Bonds through July 1, 2021 (from certain proceeds of the 2019 MBA Bonds).

⁽²⁾ Mandatory sinking fund principal payments from a \$14,190,000 5.28% term bond due December 1, 2024.

⁽³⁾ Mandatory sinking fund principal payments from a \$27,260,000 5.82% term bond due December 1, 2029.

⁽⁴⁾ Federally taxable (direct pay, 35% issuer subsidy, Build America Bonds). Does not reflect any federal interest rate subsidy payments.

⁽⁵⁾ Does not reflect any federal interest rate subsidy payments on the Authority's 2009B MBA Bonds which were issued as BABs.

Overlapping And Underlying General Obligation Debt

	Entity's	
2020 County's	County's General	County's
Taxable Portion of Tax	x- Per- Obligation	Portion of
Taxing Entity Value (1) able Value	centage Debt	G.O. Debt
Overlapping:		
State of Utah	477 38.1% \$2,512,925,000	\$ 957,424,425
CUWCD (2) 201,846,624,177 129,712,350,4	477 64.3 185,295,000	<u>119,144,685</u>
Total overlapping		<u>1,076,569,110</u>
Underlying:		
School District:		
Salt Lake City 34,769,506,242 34,769,506,2	242 100.0 20,375,000	20,375,000
Granite	115 100.0 232,355,000	232,355,000
Jordan	567 100.0 238,877,000	238,877,000
Canyons	393 100.0 392,120,000	392,120,000
Murray 4,972,723,660 4,972,723,6	560 100.0 31,825,000	31,825,000
Salt Lake City	148 100.0 89,125,000	89,125,000
West Jordan City	165 100.0 3,485,000	3,485,000
Draper City (3)	178 95.7 2,390,000	2,287,230
Sandy Suburban		
Imp. District	774 100.0 4,753,000	4,753,000
Cottonwood Heights		
Parks and Rec	209 100.0 1,700,000	1,700,000
Magna Water District 1,804,698,146 1,804,698,1	146 100.0 24,870,000	<u>24,870,000</u>
Total underlying		1,041,772,230
Total overlapping and underlying general obligation debt		\$ <u>2,118,341,340</u>
Total overlapping general obligation debt (excluding the State) (4)	\$119,144,685
Total direct general obligation bonded indebtedness		<u>165,845,000</u>
Total direct and overlapping general obligation debt (excluding	the State)	\$ <u>284,989,685</u>

This table excludes any additional principal amounts attributable to unamortized original issue bond premium.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Debt Ratios Regarding General Obligation Debt

The following table sets forth the ratios of general obligation debt (excluding any additional principal amounts attributable to unamortized original issue bond premium) that is expected to be paid from taxes levied specifically for such debt and not from other revenues over the taxable value of property within the County, the estimated market value of such property and the population of the County. The State's general obligation debt is not included in the debt ratios because the State currently levies no property tax for payment of general obligation debt.

⁽¹⁾ Taxable value is preliminary; subject to change. Taxable value used in this table *excludes* the taxable value used to determine uniform fees on tangible personal property and valuation on semiconductor manufacturing equipment. See "Financial Information Regarding Salt Lake County, Utah—Taxable, Fair Market And Market Value Of Property" below.

⁽²⁾ Central Utah Water Conservancy District ("CUWCD") outstanding general obligation bonds are limited ad valorem tax bonds. Certain portions of the principal of and interest on CUWCD's general obligation bonds are paid from revenues from the sale of water.

⁽³⁾ Includes portions of the city located in Utah County.

⁽⁴⁾ The State's general obligation debt is not included in overlapping debt because the State currently levies no property tax for payment of its general obligation bonds.

	To 2020	To 2020	To 2019
	Estimated	Estimated	Population
	Taxable	Market	Estimate Per
	<u>Value (1)</u>	<u>Value (2)</u>	<u>Capita (3)</u>
Direct general obligation debt	0.13%	0.09%	\$143
Direct and overlapping general obligation debt	0.22	0.15	246

⁽¹⁾ Based on an estimated 2020 Taxable Value of \$129,712,350,477, which value *excludes* the taxable value used to determine uniform fees on tangible personal property.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

See "Taxable, Fair Market And Market Value Of Property" below.

For a 10-year history of debt ratios of the County regarding general obligation bonds see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019–Statistical Section–Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding" (CAFR page 190).

General Obligation Legal Debt Limit And Additional Debt Incurring Capacity

The general obligation indebtedness of the County is limited by State law to 2% of the fair market value of taxable property in the County (based on the last equalized property tax assessment roll). The debt limit and additional debt incurring capacity of the County shown below are based on the fair market value for 2019 and the calculated valuation from 2019 uniform fees, and are calculated as follows (final 2020 values are not available):

2019 "Fair Market Value"	\$173,450,125,039
2019 valuation from Uniform Fees (1)	<u>747,944,695</u>
2019 "Fair Market Value for Debt Incurring Capacity"	\$ <u>174,198,036,734</u>
"Fair Market Value for Debt Incurring Capacity" times 2% equals (the "Debt Limit")	
Less: currently outstanding general obligation debt (net) (2)	<u>(183,868,893)</u>
Additional debt incurring capacity	\$ <u>3,300,091,842</u>

⁽¹⁾ For debt incurring capacity only, in computing the fair market value of taxable property in the County, the value of all motor vehicles and state—assessed commercial vehicles (which value is determined by dividing the uniform fee revenue by 1.5%) will be included as a part of the fair market value of the taxable property in the County.

(Source: Municipal Advisor.)

For a 10-year history of the County's presentation of general obligation legal debt margin see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019-Statistical Section-Legal Debt Margin Information" (CAFR page 192).

Federal Funding Cuts

Pursuant to the Budget Control Act of 2011 (the "BCA"), cuts to federal programs necessary to reduce federal spending to levels specified in the BCA (known as "sequestration") were ordered in federal fiscal years ending September 30, 2013 through 2021 and were subsequently extended through September 30, 2027. These reductions include cuts to the subsidy payments to be made to issuers of Build America Bonds ("BABs") and various other federal expenditures.

The County and the Authority are impacted by federal sequestration in Fiscal Year 2020 (as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum) with reductions in subsidy payments in the approximate amount of by of \$100,000. The County and the Authority anticipate that any future reductions of subsidy payments and reductions in other federal grants as a result of sequestration; will have no material impact on its operations or financial position. The County cannot predict whether Congress will act to avoid or extend sequestration in the future.

⁽²⁾ Based on an estimated 2020 Market Value of \$187,934,952,880, which value *excludes* the taxable value used to determine uniform fees on tangible personal property.

⁽³⁾ Based on 2019 population estimate of 1,160,437 by the U.S. Census Bureau.

⁽²⁾ For accounting purposes, the net unamortized bond premium was \$18,028,893 (as of December 31, 2019) and together with current outstanding direct general obligation debt of \$165,845,000, results in total outstanding net direct debt of \$183,868,893.

No Defaulted Obligations

The County has never failed to pay principal of and interest on any of its financial obligations when due.

Financial Information Regarding Salt Lake County

Financial Management

Reserves (unassigned fund balances). The County has a policy of maintaining minimum fund balance reserves or "rainyday" funds. The County Council has adopted a financial policy to maintain a minimum level of certain components of fund balance in the General Fund and selected special revenue funds. These amounts are intended to provide fiscal stability when economic downturns or other unexpected events occur, to supply resources to satisfy certain current obligations, or to provide a leveling for self–insured risks. The policy requires the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund to be at least 10% of budgeted expenditures; the fund balances in the following special revenue funds are to be at least 5% of budgeted expenditures: Flood Control; State Tax Administration Levy; Health; Planetarium; Library; and TRCC. Also, the County's policy is to commit resources for compensated absences in the funds at 15% of unpaid vacation leave and 40% of unpaid sick leave, and to accumulate an unrestricted net position in the Employee Service Reserve (Internal Service) Fund of at least 15% of medical and dental claims paid during the year for active employees plus \$300,000 for early retirement. If a fund balance component falls below the minimum target level because it has been used as dictated by current circumstances, the policy provides for actions to replenish the amount to the minimum target level. Generally, replenishment is to occur within the next budget cycle.

These budgetary unassigned fund balances for the indicated County's funds are summarized as follows:

	Minimum							
	Annual		Ending B	alance as o	f December	<u>r 31 (in \$1,0</u>	000)	
	2020 Budget	Budget						
Fund	Reserves	<u>2020 (1)</u>	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County-wide	\$37,812	\$83,949	\$85,586	\$76,562	\$82,059	\$74,426	\$70,096	\$63,598
% change (2)	=	(1.9)%	11.8	(6.7)%	10.3%	6.2%	10.2%	6.0%
Library	\$2,261	\$6,025	\$13,012	\$6,613	\$11,063	\$12,681	\$9,764	\$8,336
% change (2)	_	(53.7)%	96.8%	(40.2)%	(12.8)%	29.8%	17.2%	32.1%
TRCC (3)	\$893	\$1,469	9,628	\$7,945	\$7,863	\$6,353	\$5,990	\$5,079
% change (2)	=	(84.7)%	21.2%	1.0%	23.8%	6.1%	17.9%	43.8%

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal Years 2014 through 2019 unassigned ending fund balances includes budgetary under-expend. Budgetary under-expend is not included in the calculation of budgeted ending fund balances and consequently, actual ending fund balances have been consistently above the amount budgeted. (Budget 2020 information are from the June 2020 Adjusted Budget)

(Source: County Mayor's Office of Financial Administration.)

(The remainder of this page has been intentionally left blank.)

⁽²⁾ Percent change over previous year.

⁽³⁾ The Tourism, Recreation, Cultural and Convention (TRCC) Fund figures include only the budgetary fund with a minimum fund balance policy. The TRCC fund reported in the CAFR includes five additional budgetary funds and two New Market Tax Credit entities, namely Salt Palace Convention Center Fund, Mountain America Expo Center Fund, Arts and Culture Fund, Equestrian Park Fund, Visitor Promotion Fund, Wasatch View Solar LLC, and Historical Capital Theatre LLC.

The unrestricted net positions for the County's proprietary funds are summarized as follows:

_	Ending Balance as of December 31 (in \$1,000)							
Fund	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015			
Internal service funds (1)	\$68,259	\$41,488	\$30,720	\$28,533	\$29,277			
% change over previous year	64.5%	35.1%	7.7%	(2.5)%	4.0%			
Enterprise funds (2) (3)	\$35,945	\$(8,145)	\$(9,791)	\$525	\$772			
% change over previous year	541.3%	(16.8)%	(1,965.0)%	(32.0)%	(20.8)%			

⁽¹⁾ Includes fleet maintenance services, facilities services and employee medical and dental insurance and other benefits

- (2) Beginning in Fiscal Year 2017 the Enterprise Funds include Public Works and Other Services, a new fund created to provide various municipal services to the Greater Salt Lake Municipal Service District and other local government entities on a contract basis. Fiscal Years 2015 and 2016 includes only Golf Courses.
- (3) With the implementation of GASB Statement 75 in Fiscal Year 2017, Net OPEB obligations are reported as a liability in the CAFR, impacting the unrestricted net position. Beginning Balances for Fiscal Year 2017 were restated to include the Net OPEB obligation by \$(824) for the Golf Courses Fund and \$(3,452) for the Public Works and Other Services Fund.

(Source: County Mayor's Office of Financial Administration.)

Sources Of General Fund Revenues (excludes Other Governmental Funds)

Set forth below are brief descriptions of the various sources of revenues available to the County's General Fund. The percentage of total General Fund revenues represented by each source is based on the County's Fiscal Year 2019 period (total general fund revenues were \$342,730,135).

Taxes and fees. Approximately 71% (or \$241,847,613) of general fund revenues are from taxes (general property taxes approximately 46.1% (or \$157,899,552) and sales taxes approximately 22% (or \$75,405,802)); and approximately 2.5% (or \$8,542,259) of general fund revenues are from motor vehicles fees.

Charges for services. Approximately 11.1% (or \$38,055,573) of general fund revenues are from charges for services.

Interfund charges. Approximately 7.7% (or \$26,510,552) of general fund revenues are collected from interfund charges.

Grants and contributions. Approximately 7.1% (or \$24,296,951) of general fund revenues are from federal and State shared revenues.

Interest, rents, and other. Approximately 2.5% (or \$8,448,573) of general fund revenues are collected from interest, rents and other revenues.

Licenses and permits. Less than 1% (or \$2,317,786) of general fund revenues are collected from licenses and permits.

Fines and forfeitures—Less than 1% (or \$1,253,087) of general fund revenues are collected from fines and forfeitures.

(Source: Compiled by the Municipal Advisor from information taken from the Fiscal Year 2019 CAFR.)

Financial Summaries

The summaries contained herein were extracted from the County's CAFR reports. The summaries themselves have not been unaudited.

(The remainder of this page has been intentionally left blank.)

Statement of Net Position

(This summary has not been audited)

	2010	2010	As of December 31		2015
Assets and deferred outflows of resources	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Assets					
Capital assets Buildings, improvements, equipment and other depreci-					
able assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 726,782,972	\$ 723,086,024	\$ 664,318,327	\$ 698,935,304	\$ 692,205,280
Land, roads, and construction in progress	315,370,747	280,115,065	325,655,336	480,967,885	450,882,242
Cash and investments	/ /	, .,	,,	,,	
Pooled cash and investments	374,781,753	354,471,040	322,829,991	276,438,296	270,214,762
Restricted cash and investments	110,336,296	93,125,466	141,597,983	40,956,066	86,616,633
Other cash	1,037,599	1,077,783	855,804	7,246,372	7,634,910
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent	9,334	32,585,284	33,570,391	34,570,899	-
Receivables					
Taxes	88,819,164	80,302,586	68,911,294	69,208,046	67,301,138
Accounts	37,835,671	25,221,751	26,185,782	9,674,836	6,376,361
Notes	37,523,054	20,829,500	18,156,400	10,931,000	16,768,015
Interest, rents and other	22,261,728	5,773,520	5,316,057	4,439,555	3,428,501
Grants and contributions	18,304,800	16,540,816	16,077,447	18,625,936 15,382,517	21,768,577
Investment in joint ventures	15,111,738 51,042,340	16,188,662 51,328,752	14,896,168 52,533,648	53,862,578	15,382,807 19,260,922
Inventories and prepaid items	17,949,020	12,035,038	12,084,059	11,020,337	4,299,619
Net pension asset.	17,545,020	80,249	57,658	123,686	240,893
Total assets.	1,817,166,216	1,712,761,536	1,703,046,345	1,732,383,313	1,662,380,660
Deferred outflows of resources					
Related to pensions	88,196,630	69,893,919	81,483,550	70,677,125	35,085,123
Related to OPEB	5,661,398	2,928,163	3,165,939		
Deferred charges on refundings	3,841,379	4,864,256	6,088,586	3,956,743	5,195,956
Total deferred outflows of resources	97,699,407	77,686,338	90,738,075	74,633,868	40,281,079
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,914,865,623	\$ 1,790,447,874	\$ 1,793,784,420	\$ 1,807,017,181	\$ 1,702,661,739
Liabilities, deferred inflows or resources and net position Liabilities					
Long-term liabilities					
Portion due or payable after one year	\$ 822,964,686	\$ 762,587,910	\$ 843,207,498	\$ 658,918,138	\$ 621,962,984
Portion due or payable within one year	64,014,124	66,171,991	54,422,648	62,434,530	57,219,478
Accrued expenses	81,580,005	66,877,384	66,465,505	58,666,852	48,932,065
Accounts payable	57,096,683	36,215,979	32,764,955	24,407,412	20,267,464
Unearned revenue	23,000,425	17,165,695	16,671,846	14,987,163	13,599,056
Accrued interest	5,115,365	4,770,017	5,489,836	3,932,173	4,137,591
Performance deposits	1,053,771,288	1,121,710 954,910,686	1,090,096	823,346,268	766,118,638
Deferred inflows of resources	1,055,771,266	934,910,000	1,020,112,304	623,340,206	700,110,036
Related to OPEB.	13,962,491	9,727,255	7,012,679	_	_
Related to pensions		40,219,129	20,141,761	14,805,256	12,876,263
Total deferred inflows of resources		40,219,129	20,141,761	14,805,256	12,876,263
Net position		·			
Net invested in capital assets	627,467,220	615,113,780	613,984,485	824,845,685	767,048,988
Restricted for					
Transportation	118,868,634	99,603,732	75,544,465	32,618,598	40,027,888
Capital improvements	52,850,745	39,049,134	17,779,699	14,671,614	21,167,339
Convention and tourism	24,166,033	28,562,263	24,426,515	18,880,236	21,031,792
Housing and human services	20,366,475	22,834,891	21,343,149	12,932,534	11,339,231
Debt service	14,763,591	14,979,134	17,400,615	17,858,489	16,208,517
Infrastructure	4,279,138	5,575,530	7,153,644	16,544,459	14,796,288
Redevelopment Drug and vice enforcement	2,920,578	2,887,554	2,269,401	1,714,145	_
Pet adoption:	3,045,379	2,730,363	2,678,051	2,517,512	_
Nonexpendable	1,757,216	1,717,597	1,637,510	1,637,510	1,637,510
Expendable	152,312	104,860	71,182	53,022	38,174
Tort liability	1,585,800	1,356,398	1,632,102	3,410,355	3,513,308
Other purposes.	(5,821,637)	1,253,628	660,763	1,049,302	3,952,838
Education and cultural.	(3,758,544)	504,473	1,000,125	1,031,021	4,500,263
Law enforcement.	(5,750,511)	-	- 1,000,125	7,400,985	8,260,644
Libraries.	_	_	_	3,523,844	3,513,216
Tax administration.	_	_	_	- ,,	2,315,289
Unrestricted (1)	(20,789,541)	(50,682,533)	(41,064,110)	8,176,346	4,315,553
Total net position	841,853,399	785,590,804	746,517,596	968,865,657	923,666,838
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and					
net position	\$ 1,914,865,623	\$ 1,780,720,619	\$ 1,786,771,741	\$ 1,807,017,181	\$ 1,702,661,739

⁽¹⁾ Negative unrestricted net position is a result of the County reporting the full obligation related to the County's other postemployment benefit plan and the County's proportionate share of the Utah State Retirement net pension liability.

Statement of Activities

(This summary has not been audited)

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets (1) Fiscal Year Ended December 31 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 Activities/Functions Governmental activities Public works (2)..... \$ (274,202,276) \$ (233,475,979) \$ (173,202,993) \$ (228,960,681) \$ (207,142,430) Public safety and criminal justice..... (176,570,670)(175,758,837)(170,057,746)(189,215,238)(180,743,484)Education, recreation, and cultural..... (142,317,200)(145,052,982)(147,560,426)(99,933,979)(130,855,867)Social services..... (60,852,688)(50,075,266)(56,290,076)(54,042,782)(54,178,575)Tax administration..... (27,351,642)(26,384,400)(25,943,091)(23,601,192)(24,791,999)(18,680,224)(18,969,183)(18,403,107)Interest on long-term debt..... (18,367,287)(18, 131, 396)Health and regulatory..... (15,313,289)(14,477,550)(11,627,319)(16,293,935)(15,879,684)(9,000,975)General government..... (13,446,310)3,302,622 (10,525,531)(22,840,432)Total governmental activities..... (728,421,362) (660,602,616) (614,176,365) (653,291,346) (640,724,410) Business-type activities Public works and other services..... 1,300,353 1,418,756 87,730 1,759,072 (460,590)28,902 Golf courses..... (233,749)(783,731)Total business–type activities..... 1,066,604 3,177,828 (372,860)(783,731)28,902 (657,424,788) (614,549,225)(640,695,508)Total County..... (727,354,758)(654,075,077)General revenues Taxes Property taxes..... 304,166,348 288,844,720 286,706,637 315,906,837 306,993,385 Mass transit taxes (2)..... 187,510,192 286,406,611 230,086,897 199,526,003 220,261,590 Sales taxes.... 141,794,056 143,218,923 142,284,090 145,660,199 135,738,373 25,542,154 22,754,517 Transient room taxes..... 27,729,179 26,857,173 21,835,946 Tax equivalent payments..... 15,308,105 14,556,960 16,104,615 17,762,105 17,270,313 Cable television franchise taxes..... 1,228,901 53,613 46,282 1,144,872 1,045,224 703,618,286 776,633,200 690,738,722 703,144,831 Total taxes..... 670,209,781 7,492,362 6,415,175 5,488,704 Unrestricted investment earnings..... 2,784,434 10,087,732 Transfers-special item (contribution of capital assets to other governments)..... (508,210)(653,452)(217,864,733)(3)Special item (gain on cancellation of debt)...... 2,120,004 1,575,600 Special item (disposal of tax software)..... (10,826,870)Total general revenues and special..... 783,617,352 696,497,998 462,432,780 699,273,901 708,633,535 39,073,210 Change in net position..... 56,262,594 (152,116,445)45,198,824 67,938,027 785,590,805 923,666,833 Net position–beginning (restated)..... 746,517,595 898,634,040 (3) 855,728,811 (4) Net position-ending..... 841,853,399 746,517,595 968,865,657 785,590,805 923,666,838

⁽¹⁾ This report is presented in summary format concerning the single item of "Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets" and is not intended to be complete.

⁽²⁾ Beginning in Fiscal Year 2014, the County began recording revenue and pass—thru expenses for mass transit taxes that are passed to Utah Transit Authority and Utah Department of Transportation (all tax revenues levied by a local government need to be recognized as tax revenues by that government regardless of how the income is distributed). The dollars had not previously been recorded due to the fact that the County actually never physically sees the cash as it is passed straight to the entities from the Utah State Tax Commission.

⁽³⁾ Restated as required for the adoption and implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 (includes reclassifications and restatement of \$50,140,863) and other capital assets transfers.

⁽⁴⁾ Restated as required for the adoption and implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68

Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds

General Fund

(This summary has not been audited)

Fiscal Year Ended December 31 2019 2015 2018 2017 2016 Assets Cash and investments Pooled cash and investments..... \$ 51,572,009 \$ 56,399,179 \$ 56,604,126 \$ 56,402,642 \$48,886,625 Restricted cash and investments..... 11,887,999 11,500,009 3,580,084 576,023 11,716,624 Other cash..... 159,880 161,386 226,880 228,830 227,010 Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent..... 2,469 3,456 Due from other funds..... 28,954,315 9,776,549 9,976,580 10,135,525 9,438,774 Receivables Taxes..... 18,225,991 16,868,586 16,474,603 15,944,008 15,272,850 Grants and contributions..... 3,819,750 6,878,596 3,974,309 2,788,315 2,625,890 Accounts..... 3,648,861 7,241,315 1,046,258 765,632 2,943,472 Interest, rents and other..... 1,834,005 195,420 420,219 735,633 743,007 Inventories and prepaid items..... 540,912 56,776 354,287 727,793 \$120,646,191 \$105,000,044 \$ 91,589,088 \$ 78,535,811 Total assets..... \$ 106,772,328 Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances Liabilities Accrued expenditures..... \$ 5,520,180 \$ 10,057,151 8,248,451 7,556,533 \$ 6,581,702 5,276,065 Accounts payable..... 6,814,841 6,095,520 6,619,833 6,598,039 Unearned revenue..... 2,431,717 2,465,422 2,106,271 2,183,191 2,131,377 19,303,709 Total liabilities..... 16,527,162 16,641,788 15,311,118 12,902,516 Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable property tax revenue..... 3,686,262 3,626,016 3,540,163 3,745,015 3,756,791 Total deferred inflows of resources..... 3,686,262 3,626,016 3,540,163 3,745,015 3,756,791 Fund balances Unassigned..... 65,529,647 56,840,013 58,288,033 51,396,885 45,933,056 Restricted for Housing and human services..... 11,987,452 11,500,000 3,000,000 11,716,624 3,045,379 2,730,363 2,678,051 2,517,512 2,644,888 Drug and vice enforcement..... 1,467,867 923,181 849,420 1,116,634 1,060,762 Other purposes..... Debt service..... 2,469 3,456 580,084 576,023 Committed to Contractual obligations..... 6,824,235 4,990,157 4,895,403 5,746,072 3,079,183 Compensated absences..... 2,602,192 2,447,970 2,207,431 2,100,976 2,087,210 75,855 Other purposes..... 75,855 75,855 75,855 75,855 Assigned to Governmental immunity and tax refunds..... 5,452,894 4,982,471 5,661,897 5.191.144 5,002,527 Other purposes..... 127,318 80,000 80,000 80,000 1,417,000 Nonspendable Inventories and prepaid items..... 540,912 56,776 354,287 727,793 97,656,220 61,876,504 Total fund balances..... 84,846,866 86,590,377 72,532,955 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances..... \$105,000,044 \$ 91,589,088 \$ 120,646,191 \$ 106,772,328 \$ 78,535,811

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—Governmental Funds

General Fund

(This summary has not been audited)

	Fiscal Year Ended December 31					
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Revenues						
Taxes						
Property taxes	\$ 157,899,552	\$ 151,535,420	\$ 148,933,482	\$ 146,029,887	\$ 132,567,294	
Sales taxes	75,405,802	71,905,455	67,492,769	63,144,412	60,564,180	
Tax equivalent payments	8,542,259	7,893,138	8,874,046	8,793,732	7,959,191	
Total taxes	241,847,613	231,334,013	225,300,297	217,968,031	201,090,665	
Charges for services	38,055,573	35,019,833	27,040,819	25,702,568	27,127,760	
Interfund charges	26,510,552	26,992,711	27,597,573	27,426,956	26,652,033	
Grants and contributions	24,296,951	20,074,207	24,214,054	22,172,998	19,583,321	
Interest, rents, and other	8,448,573	8,619,915	6,581,218	4,468,578	4,407,299	
Licenses and permits	2,317,786	2,251,548	2,242,393	2,280,316	1,705,946	
Fines and forfeitures	1,253,087	1,387,919	1,398,083	1,350,393	1,491,249	
Total revenues	342,730,135	325,680,146	314,374,437	301,369,840	282,058,273	
Expenditures						
Current						
Public safety and criminal justice	192,624,080	194,833,437	178,617,228	165,533,947	160,148,257	
General government	55,400,032	48,533,946	42,674,443	43,495,243	38,794,511	
Education, recreation, and cultural	49,772,565	51,996,553	49,874,593	48,085,284	47,872,417	
Social services	12,902,661	12,235,924	13,403,814	15,538,597	11,897,180	
Debt service						
Principal retirement	3,098,893	2,445,453	1,038,642	1,113,199	483,626	
Interest and fiscal charges	2,391,976	2,468,053	1,549,725	881,175	769,311	
Capital outlay	484,990	54,469	121,248	182,269	239,827	
Total expenditures	316,675,197	312,567,835	287,279,693	274,829,714	260,205,129	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	26,054,938	13,112,311	27,094,744	26,540,126	21,853,144	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	20,664,000	20,218,532	24,395,554	17,003,656	15,687,010	
Proceeds from sale of capital leases and notes payable	797,630	_	16,932	997,466	_	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	241,505	_	13,326	641,500	15,304	
Transfers out	(34,948,719)	(35,074,354)	(37,463,134)	(34,526,297)	(34,707,055)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(13,245,584)	(14,855,822)	(13,037,322)	(15,883,675)	(19,004,741)	
Net change in fund balance	12,809,354	(1,743,511)	14,057,422	10,656,451	2,848,403	
Fund balance—beginning of year	84,846,866	86,590,377	72,532,955	61,876,504	59,028,101	
Fund balance—end of year	\$ 97,656,220	\$ 84,846,866	\$ 86,590,377	\$ 72,532,955	\$ 61,876,504	

For a 10-year financial history of various County funds see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019-Statistical Section" at the indicated pages as set forth below.

- (i) see "Net Position by Component" (CAFR page 170);
- (ii) see "Changes in Net Position" (CAFR page 172);
- (iii) see "Fund Balances, Governmental Funds" (CAFR page 176); and
- (iv) see "Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds" (CAFR page 178).

Historical Ad Valorem Tax Rates

	Property Tax Rate (Fiscal Year)							
	Maximum							
	<u>Limit</u>	2020*	2019	2018	2017	2016		
General	.003200	.001407	.001409	.001457	.001578	.001667		
Bond debt service (1)	none	.000231	.000258	.000292	.000330	.000365		
Health	.000400	.000139	.000115	.000119	.000130	.000138		
Capital improvements	none	.000072	.000057	.000059	.000064	.000068		
Flood control fund	none	.000058	.000051	.000053	.000058	.000073		
Recreation	.000040	.000026	.000027	.000028	.000040	.000040		
Government immunity	.000100	.000015	.000016	.000017	.000019	.000020		
Judgment levy (2)	.000100	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000019	.000000		
Total County-wide levy		<u>.001948</u>	.001933	.002025	.002238	<u>.002371</u>		
Tax administration (3)	.000500							
County assessing/collecting	none	.000211	.000216	.000225	.000244	.000257		
Multicounty assessing/collecting	none	.000012	.000009	.000009	.000010	.000011		
Reappraisal	none	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000		
Total tax administration		.000223	<u>.000225</u>	<u>.000234</u>	<u>.000254</u>	<u>.000268</u>		
Library (4)	.001000	.000515	.000536	.000559	<u>.000612</u>	.000639		
Municipal Services (4)	none	<u>.000060</u>	.000053	<u>.000052</u>	<u>.000065</u>	<u>.000068</u>		

^{*} Preliminary; subject to change.

(Source: Information taken from reports of the State Tax Commission. Compiled by the Municipal Advisor.)

For a 10-year history of the County's presentation of property tax rates see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019-Statistical Section-Property Tax Rates-Direct and Overlapping" (CAFR page 182).

(The remainder of this page has been intentionally left blank.)

⁽¹⁾ Amount needed to pay current principal and interest on legally issued general obligation bonds is unlimited.

⁽²⁾ A "judgment levy" is levied for collecting additional revenues. The County has the legal right to levy a judgment levy in the succeeding Tax Year to make up for any tax revenue shortfall due to tax or revaluation judgment circumstances that the County had no control over.

⁽³⁾ The Tax Administration tax rate includes both a state—wide levy and a county option levy. The Tax Administration tax levy is a state—wide levy determined by the Utah State Auditor and the State Tax Commission, with a maximum levy ceiling of .000500 where the tax revenue is distributed. Utah law allows counties individually to levy above .000500 for certain authorized purposes.

⁽⁴⁾ Not county-wide.

Comparative County Ad Valorem Tax Rates

		Total Count	y Tax Rate (Fisc	eal Year)	
<u>County (1)</u>	2020*	2019	2018	2017	2016
Salt Lake	.001948	.001933	.002025	.002238	.002371
Utah	.001041	.000672	.000732	.000779	.000834
Davis	.001707	.001760	.001844	.001993	.001779
Weber (2)	.002158	.002361	.002525	.002782	.002415
Washington (2)	.000616	.000645	.000714	.000766	.000879
Cache	.001701	.001630	.001755	.001865	.001915
Tooele	.001519	.001589	.001644	.001650	.001628
Box Elder	.001662	.001755	.001873	.001944	.002007
Iron (2)	.001083	.001133	.001172	.001198	.001451
Uintah (2)	.002438	.002435	.002443	.002440	.002453

(Source: Reports of the State Tax Commission; compiled by the Municipal Advisor.)

Preliminary; subject to change.
 (1) Does not include the county and multicounty assessing and collecting tax administration tax rates. Counties ranked by population size (most populated to least populated; 29 total counties).
 (2) Excludes any "Library Fund" tax rate levied by a county.

Comparative Ad Valorem Total Property Tax Rates Within Salt Lake County

This table only reflects those municipal entities and property tax rates within the County, except as noted. *Final Fiscal Year 2020 information is not available*.

_	T	otal Tax Rate Wit	<u>thin Taxing Are</u>	a (Fiscal Year)	
Tax Levying Entity (1)	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Canyons School District:					
Alta Town	.012002	.011554	.011899	.012177	.012807
Cottonwood Heights City	.014374	.014013	.014273	.014675	.015549
Draper City (3) (4)	.013056	.012816	.013399	.013808	.014604
Midvale City	.014514	.014350	.014932	.015397	.015391
Sandy City	.013598	.012974	.013581	.014020	.015000
Granite School District:					
Holladay City	.013343	.013507	.012934	.012913	.013557
Millcreek City (5)	.015023	.015603	.014910	_	_
Murray City (3)	.014204	.014420	.013101	.013118	.013795
Salt Lake City (3)	.015373	.015820	.015430	.014758	.015504
South Salt Lake City	.013095	.013612	.013029	.013166	.013806
Taylorsville City (3)	.015220	.015811	.015248	.015335	.016206
West Jordan City (3)	.014588	.015143	.014354	.014451	.015239
West Valley City	.016743	.017270	.017172	.016864	.017844
Jordan School District:					
Bluffdale Town	.012230	.011872	.012412	.012523	.012573
Draper City (3)	.011748	.011816	.012156	.012903	.013008
Herriman City	.014442	.014665	.014832	.015460	.015667
Riverton City	.013919	.014136	.014506	.015118	.015306
South Jordan City	.012282	.012344	.012596	.013294	.013389
Taylorsville City (3)	.015220	.013119	.013383	.014173	.014317
West Jordan City (3)	.013580	.013796	.013966	.014846	.015101
Murray City	_	_	.011492	.012227	.012276
Murray City School District:					
Murray City	.011829	.011641	.011626	.012056	.012961
Salt Lake City School District:					
Salt Lake City	.015056	.015428	.016423	.016225	.017716
Unincorporated areas (2):					
Canyons School District	.016250	.015817	.016202	.016492	.017425
Granite School District	.017113	.017613	.016931	.016512	.017760
Jordan School District	.015459	.015678	.015901	.016588	.016965
Alpine School District					
(Utah County):					
Bluffdale City (3) (4)	.010384	.010482	.011003	.011088	.011515
Draper City (3) (4)	.010396	.010951	.011318	.012075	.012583

⁽¹⁾ These tax rates represent a taxing district within the city or town with the highest combined total tax rates of all overlapping taxing districts.

(Source: Information taken from reports of the State Tax Commission. Compiled by Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

⁽²⁾ These tax rates represent a taxing district within the unincorporated areas within the County with the highest combined total tax rates of all overlapping taxing districts.

⁽³⁾ Portions of these cities boundaries are within two or more school district boundaries.

⁽⁴⁾ A portion of the city is also located in Utah County.

⁽⁵⁾ Incorporated January 1, 2017.

Taxable, Fair Market And Market Value Of Property

		%	Fair Market/	%
	Taxable	Change Over	Market	Change Over
Calendar Year	Value (1)	Prior Year	Value (2)	Prior Year
2020 *	\$ 129,712,350,477	8.3	\$ 187,934,952,880	8.4
2019	119,791,267,354	9.7	173,450,125,039	9.9
2018	109,217,595,759	10.6	157,774,378,112	10.5
2017	98,779,809,378	7.9	142,777,797,770	8.4
2016	91,575,146,555	9.2	131,752,566,867	9.2

^{*} Preliminary; subject to change. Fair Market/Market Value calculated by the Municipal Advisor.

(Source: Information taken from reports of the State Tax Commission. Compiled by the Municipal Advisor.)

Historical Summaries Of Taxable Values Of Property

			Cal	lendar Year		
	2020		2019	2018	2017	2016
	Taxable	% of	Taxable	Taxable	 Taxable	Taxable
	Value*	T.V.	Value	Value	Value	Value
Set by State Tax Commission						
(centrally assessed)						
Total centrally assessed	\$ 7,905,743,984	6.1 %	\$ 7,648,066,878	\$ 7,442,435,340	\$ 6,532,121,534	\$ 6,820,452,484
Set by County Assessor						
(locally assessed)						
Real property (land and buildings)						
Primary residential	71,110,673,493	54.8	65,532,763,370	59,295,816,221	53,722,558,352	49,051,447,423
Secondary residential	3,000,000,000	2.3	2,292,609,420	2,280,521,990	2,231,338,750	2,207,497,950
Commercial and industrial	40,000,000,000	30.8	36,621,312,590	33,391,786,220	29,785,995,430	27,257,908,650
FAA (greenbelt)	50,000,000	0.0	50,519,570	52,936,280	55,748,590	943,210
Unimproved non FAA (vacant)	145,000	0.0	145,200	145,200	216,900	58,767,020
Agricultural	3,500,000	0.0	3,562,760	5,677,750	6,060,360	6,581,580
Total real property	114,164,318,493	88.0	104,500,912,910	95,026,883,661	85,801,918,382	78,583,145,833
Personal property			·			
Primary mobile homes	50,285,000	0.0	50,284,912	51,362,210	52,760,794	54,288,514
Secondary mobile homes	8,331,000	0.0	8,330,814	11,332,382	8,637,487	8,384,050
Other business	7,583,672,000	5.8	7,583,671,840	6,685,582,166	6,384,371,181	6,108,875,674
SCME	2,798,027	0.0	2,798,461	2,576,432	2,959,593	7,417,474
Total personal property	7,645,086,027	5.9	7,645,086,027	6,750,853,190	 6,448,729,055	6,178,965,712
Total locally assessed	121,809,404,520	93.9	112,145,998,937	101,777,736,851	92,250,647,437	84,762,111,545
Total taxable value	\$ 129,715,148,504	100.0 %	\$ 119,794,065,815	\$ 109,220,172,191	\$ 98,782,768,971	\$ 91,582,564,029
Total taxable value (1)	\$ 129,712,350,477		\$ 119,791,267,354	\$ 109,217,595,759	\$ 98,779,809,378	\$ 91,575,146,555

^{*} Preliminary; subject to change.

(Source: Information taken from reports of the State Tax Commission. Compiled by the Municipal Advisor.)

⁽¹⁾ Taxable valuation includes redevelopment agency valuation but **excludes** semi-conductor manufacturing equipment ("SCME"). The estimated redevelopment agency valuation for Calendar Year 2020 was approximately \$10.3 billion; for Calendar Year 2019 was approximately \$9.7 billion; for Calendar Year 2018 was approximately \$7.4 billion; for Calendar Year 2017 was approximately \$8 billion; and for Calendar Year 2016 was approximately \$7.6 billion.

⁽²⁾ Estimated fair market values were calculated by dividing the taxable value of primary residential property by 55%, which eliminates the 45% exemption on primary residential property granted under the Property Tax Act. Does not include market valuation for SCME.

⁽¹⁾ Not including taxable valuation associated with SCME.

For a 10-year history of the County's presentation of taxable and fair market valuation see "COMPREHENSIVE AN-NUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019–Statistical Section–Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property" (CAFR page 181).

Tax Collection Record

The presentation of the tax collection record includes the following funds: General, Bond Debt Service, Flood Control, Tort Liability, Recreation, Capital Improvements and Health Services. Ad valorem property taxes are due on November 30th of each year. Fiscal Year 2020 taxes (Tax Year 2020) are due on November 30, 2020. *Excludes Tax Administration, Library Fund and Municipal Services Fund*.

					(3) Deliq.,		% of	% of
					Personal		Current	Total
Tax	(1)	(2)			Property/	(4)	Collec-	Collec-
Year	Total	Trea-			Miscel-	Total	tions to	tions to
End	Taxes	surer's	Net Taxes	Current	leous Col-	Col-	Net Taxes	Net Taxes
12/31	Levied	Relief	Assessed	Collections	lections	lections	Assessed	Assessed
2019	\$232,522,885	\$1,363,503	\$231,159,382	\$227,579,784	\$7,159,680	\$234,739,464	98.5%	101.5%
2018	222,928,623	1,272,721	221,655,902	217,986,245	6,581,370	224,567,615	98.3	101.3
2017	222,326,924	1,278,934	221,047,990	217,424,142	7,678,222	225,102,364	98.4	101.8
2016	218,815,761	1,216,013	217,599,748	213,302,980	7,569,573	220,872,553	98.0	101.5
2015	213,491,306	1,195,646	212,295,660	207,665,612	8,121,168	215,786,780	97.8	101.6

⁽¹⁾ Excludes redevelopment agencies valuation.

(Source: Information taken from reports of the State Tax Commission, compiled by the Municipal Advisor.)

Additional Information. For a five—year history of the County's presentation of property tax levies and collections see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019—Statistical Section—Property Tax Levies and Collections" (CAFR page 187).

Some Of The Largest Taxpayers

Final information for the larger taxpayers for Fiscal Year 2020 (Calendar Year 2020) is currently not available.

The County's single largest property taxpayer in Fiscal Year 2019 (Calendar Year 2019) was Rio Tinto/Kennecott Utah Copper/Explorations/Minerals, a large mining and land development company. The company comprised approximately 2.8% of the County's total taxable valuation for Fiscal Year 2019. The top 10 largest property taxpayers comprised approximately 7.8% of the County's total taxable valuation for Fiscal Year 2019.

For a list of the County's 10 largest property taxpayers for Fiscal Year 2019 and Fiscal Year 2010 see "COMPREHEN-SIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019–Statistical Section–Principal Property Taxpayers" (CAFR page 184).

Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2019

See "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019" (page 62).

⁽²⁾ Treasurer's Relief includes abatements established by statute to low–income, elderly and for hardship situations. These Treasurer's Relief items are levied against the property but are never collected and paid to the entity.

⁽³⁾ Delinquent Collections include interest, sales of real and personal property, and miscellaneous delinquent collections.

⁽⁴⁾ In addition to the Total Collections indicated above, the County also collected uniform fees (fees—in—lieu payments) for the funds as indicated in the preceding paragraph, for Tax Year 2019 of \$11,219,170; for Tax Year 2018 of \$11,538,241; for Tax Year 2017 of \$11,990,617; for Tax Year 2016 of \$11,928,361; and for Tax Year 2015 of \$11,538,044; from tax equivalent property associated with motor vehicles, watercraft, recreational vehicles, and all other tangible personal property required to be registered with the State.

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO THE MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH LEASE REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®795681)

1.

\$17,840,000 Municipal Building Authority of Salt Lake County, Utah Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2019

Bonds dated and issued on: April 11, 2019

Background Information. The \$17,840,000, Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 (the "2019 MBA Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale on March 27, 2019 to Wells Fargo Securities, New York, New York; at a "true interest rate" of 3.28%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2019 MBA Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2019 MBA Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2019 MBA Bonds (interest payable January 15 and July 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Trustee and Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Optional Redemption Provisions. The 2019 MBA Bonds are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity at any time on and after January 15, 2028, in whole or in part, at the option and direction of the Authority, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of the 2019 MBA Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Extraordinary Optional Redemption of the 2019 MBA Bonds. The 2019 MBA Bonds are subject to extraordinary optional redemption in the event of damage to, or destruction or condemnation of, the 2019 projects.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$17,840,000 Original issue amount: \$17,840,000

Dated: April 11, 2019 Due: January 15, as shown below

Due January 15	CUSIP® 795681	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate		Due January 15	CUSIP® 795681	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2022	GN9 GP4 GQ2 GR0 GS8 GT6 GU3 GV1 GW9 GX7	\$530,000 560,000 585,000 610,000 655,000 685,000 715,000 760,000 795,000 840,000	5.00% 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00	_	2032	GY5 GZ2 HA6 HB4 HC2 HD0 HE8 HF5 HG3 HH1	\$ 880,000 925,000 970,000 1,020,000 1,075,000 1,130,000 1,180,000 1,245,000 1,310,000 1,370,000	5.00% 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00

2.

\$58,390,000

Municipal Building Authority of Salt Lake County, Utah Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B

(Federally Taxable-Direct Pay-Build America Bonds)

Bonds dated and issued on: December 29, 2009

Background Information. The \$58,390,000, Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B (Federally Taxable-Direct Pay-Build America Bonds) (the "2009B MBA Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale on December 8, 2009 to Wachovia Bank, National Association, Charlotte, North Carolinal and Merrill Lynch & Co., New York, New York, as Co-Managers; at a "true interest rate" of 3.59% (assuming federal interest subsidy payment). Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2009B MBA Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2009B MBA Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2009B MBA Bonds (interest payable June 1 and December 1 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Trustee and Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Make—Whole Redemption of the 2009B MBA Bonds. The 2009B MBA Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the Authority, in whole or in part in integral multiples of \$5,000, on any Business Day at a redemption price (the "Make—Whole Redemption Price") equal to the greater of (i) 100% of the principal amount of the 2009B MBA Bonds to be redeemed or (ii) the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the 2009B MBA Bonds to be redeemed, not including any portion of those payments of interest accrued and unpaid as of the date on which the 2009B MBA Bonds are to be redeemed, discounted to the date on which the 2009B MBA Bonds are to be redeemed on a semiannual basis, assuming a 360—day year consisting of 12, 30—day months, at the Treasury Rate plus 25 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest on the 2009B MBA Bonds to be redeemed on the redemption date.

Extraordinary Optional Redemption of the 2009B MBA Bonds. The 2009B MBA Bonds are subject to extraordinary optional redemption in the event of damage to, or destruction or condemnation of, the 2009 projects.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$50,175,000 Original issue amount: \$58,390,000

Dated: December 29, 2009 Due: December 1, as shown below

\$8,725,000 Serial Bonds

Due December 1	CUSIP® 795681	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2020	GJ8	\$4,300,000	4.78%
	GK5	4,425,000	4.88

\$14,190,000 5.28% Term Bond due December 1, 2024 (CUSIP®795681 GL3) **\$27,260,000 5.82% Term Bond due December 1, 2029** (CUSIP®795681 GM1)

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption on the 2009B MBA Bonds. The 2009B MBA Bonds maturing on December 1, 2024 and December 1, 2029, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on the dates and in the principal amounts as set forth below:

Mandatory Sinking Fund	Sinking Fund
Redemption Date	Requirements
December 1, 2022	\$ 4,570,000
December 1, 2023	4,725,000
December 1, 2024 (stated maturity)	4,895,000
Total	\$ <u>14,190,000</u>
December 1, 2025	\$ 5,060,000
December 1, 2026	5,235,000
December 1, 2027	5,450,000
December 1, 2028	5,650,000
December 1, 2029 (stated maturity)	<u>5,865,000</u>
Total	\$ <u>27,260,000</u>

Additional Disclosure Information

For further disclosure information on the Authority's lease revenue bonds see the following sections:

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CUSIP®795676)

Debt Structure Of Salt Lake County, Utah (page 9);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding General Obligation Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 11);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Sales Tax Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 13);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 14);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 15);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 16);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Improvement District Bonds By Fiscal Year (none; bonds have been retired);

Future Issuance Of Debt; Historical Tax And Revenue Anticipation Note Borrowing; Other Debt (page 17);

The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah (page 18);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Lease Revenue Bonds Of The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah By Fiscal Year (page 19);

Overlapping And Underlying General Obligation Debt (page 20);

Debt Ratios Regarding General Obligation Debt (page 20);

General Obligation Legal Debt Limit And Additional Debt Incurring Capacity (page 21);

Federal Funding Cuts (page 21);

No Defaulted Obligations (page 22);

Financial Summaries (page 23);

Historical Ad Valorem Tax Rates (page 28);

Comparative County Ad Valorem Tax Rates (page 29);

Taxable, Fair Market and Market Value Of Property (page 31);

Historical Summaries Of Taxable Values Of Property (page 31);

Tax Collection Record (page 32); and

Some Of The Largest Taxpayers (page 32).

Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2019

See "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019" (page 62).

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO SALES TAX REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®795685)

1.

\$38,520,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2017B

Bonds dated and issued on March 1, 2017

Background Information. The \$38,520,000, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2017B (the "2017B Sales Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to electronic competitive bidding held via the Parity® electronic bidding system on February 15, 2017 to Robert W. Baird & Co., Inc., Milwaukee, Wisconsin at a "true interest rate" of 3.24%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2017B Sales Tax Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2017B Sales Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2017B Sales Tax Bonds (interest payable February 1 and August 1 of each year) are payable by Zions Bancorporation, National Association, Corporate Trust Department, Salt Lake City, Utah ("Zions Bancorporation"), as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Redemption Provisions. The 2017B Sales Tax Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2028, will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on February 1, 2027, and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and at random within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2017B Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$38,520,000 Original issue amount: \$38,520,000

Dated: March 1, 2017 Due: February 1, as shown below

Due February 1	CUSIP [®] 795685	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due February 1	CUSIP® 795685	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2024	FQ4	\$1,020,000	5.00 %	2031	FX9	\$2,850,000	3.00 %
2025	FR2	2,300,000	2.50	2032	FY7	2,950,000	3.125
2026 2027	FS0 FT8	2,400,000 2,525,000	5.00 5.00	2033	FZ4 GA8	3,025,000 3,150,000	3.25 4.00
2028	FU5	2,625,000	2.70	2035	GB6	3,275,000	4.00
2029	FV3	2,675,000	2.85	2036	GC4	3,400,000	4.00
2030	FW1	2,775,000	3.00	2037	GD2	3,550,000	3.50

2.

\$13,550,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Federally Taxable Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A

Bonds dated and issued on March 1, 2017

Background Information. The \$13,550,000, Federally Taxable Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A (the "2017A Sales Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to electronic competitive bidding held via the Parity® electronic bidding system on February 15, 2017 to Raymond James & Associates, Inc., Memphis, Tennessee at a "true interest rate" of 2.27%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2017A Sales Tax Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2017A Sales Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on

the 2017A Sales Tax Bonds (interest payable February 1 and August 1 of each year) are payable by Zions Bancorporation, as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

No Optional Redemption. The 2017A Sales Tax Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$7,550,000 Original issue amount: \$13,550,000

Dated: March 1, 2017 Due: February 1, as shown below

Due February 1	CUSIP® 795685	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2021202220232024	FL5	\$2,075,000	2.01%
	FM3	2,100,000	2.35
	FN1	2,175,000	2.50
	FP6	1,200,000	2.78

3.

\$30,000,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2014

Bonds dated and issued on December 23, 2014

Background Information. The \$30,000,000, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 (the "2014 Sales Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to electronic competitive bidding held via the Parity® electronic bidding system on December 11, 2014 to Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, New York, New York, at a "true interest rate" of 2.87%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2014 Sales Tax Bonds are issued as fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2014 Sales Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2014 Sales Tax Bonds (interest payable February 1 and August 1 of each year) are payable by Zions Bancorporation, as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Redemption Provisions. The 2014 Sales Tax Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2025, will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on August 1, 2024 and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and at random within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2014 Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Issuance of 2020 Sales Tax Bonds. On June 17, 2020, the County issued \$43,555,000, Federally Taxable Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 (dated June 17, 2020) (the "2020 Sales Tax Bonds"). The 2020 Sales Tax Bonds were issued as a direct purchase with JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association and were not rated by any municipal rating agency (no CUSIP® numbers were applied for).

Certain proceeds of the 2020 Sales Tax Bonds were used for the refunding of certain principal amounts of the 2012A Sales Tax Bonds (as defined herein) and for the refunding of certain principal amounts of the 2014 Sales Tax Bonds

Current principal outstanding: \$23,935,000 Original issue amount: \$30,000,000

Dated: December 23, 2014 Due: February 1, as shown below

Due February 1	CUSIP® 795685	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due February 1	CUSIP® 795685	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2021 (3) 2022 (2) 2023 (1) 2024 2025 2026 2027	GT7 GU4 GV2 EV4 EW2 EX0 EY8 EZ5	\$ 955,000 1,000,000 1,050,000 1,390,000 1,460,000 1,535,000 1,605,000 1,670,000	5.00% 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 4.00 4.00	2029	FA9 FB7 FC5 FD3 FE1 FF8 FG6	\$1,730,000 1,780,000 1,835,000 1,890,000 1,950,000 2,010,000 2,075,000	3.00 % 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.125 3.125

⁽¹⁾ The original principal amount of this maturity was \$1,320,000 (original CUSIP®795685 EU6) and \$270,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GS9) was refunded by the 2020 Sales Tax Bonds, leaving principal outstanding in the amount of \$1,050,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GV2).

4.

\$43,725,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A

Bonds dated and issued on June 20, 2012

Background Information. The \$43,725,000, Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A (the "2012A Sales Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to electronic competitive bidding held via the Parity® electronic bidding system on June 7, 2012 to Citigroup Global Markets Inc., New York, New York, at a "true interest rate" of 2.13%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2012A Sales Tax Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2012A Sales Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2012A Sales Tax Bonds (interest payable February 1 and August 1 of each year) are payable by Zions Bancorporation, as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Redemption Provisions. The 2012A Sales Tax Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2023, are subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on February 1, 2022 and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and at random within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2012A Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Issuance of 2020 Sales Tax Bonds. On June 17, 2020, the County issued the 2020 Sales Tax Bonds. The 2020 Sales Tax Bonds were issued as a direct purchase with JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association and were not rated by any municipal rating agency (no CUSIP® numbers were applied for). Certain proceeds of the 2020 Sales Tax Bonds were used for the refunding of certain principal amounts of the 2012A Sales Tax Bonds and for the refunding of certain principal amounts of the 2014 Sales Tax Bonds.

⁽²⁾ The original principal amount of this maturity was \$1,255,000 (original CUSIP®795685 ET9) and \$255,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GR1) was refunded by the 2020 Sales Tax Bonds, leaving principal outstanding in the amount of \$1,000,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GU4).

⁽³⁾ The original principal amount of this maturity was \$1,195,000 (original CUSIP®795685 ES1) and \$240,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GQ3) was refunded by the 2020 Sales Tax Bonds, leaving principal outstanding in the amount of \$955,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GT7).

Current principal outstanding: \$6,605,000 Original issue amount: \$43,725,000

Dated: June 20, 2012 Due: February 1, as shown below

Due February 1	CUSIP® 795685	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2021 (5)	GK6	\$1,195,000	5.00%
2022 (4)	GL4	1,260,000	5.00
2023 (3)	GM2	1,320,000	5.00
2024 (2)	GN0	1,390,000	5.00
2025 (1)	GP5	1,440,000	2.50

⁽¹⁾ The original principal amount of this maturity was \$4,345,000 (original CUSIP®795685 EL6) and \$2,905,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GJ9) was refunded by the 2020 Sales Tax Bonds, leaving principal outstanding in the amount of \$1,440,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GP5).

- (2) The original principal amount of this maturity was \$5,295,000 (original CUSIP®795685 EK8) and \$3,905,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GH3) was refunded by the 2020 Sales Tax Bonds, leaving principal outstanding in the amount of \$1,390,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GN0).
- (3) The original principal amount of this maturity was \$5,015,000 (original CUSIP®795685 EJ1) and \$3,695,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GG5) was refunded by the 2020 Sales Tax Bonds, leaving principal outstanding in the amount of \$1,320,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GM2).
- (4) The original principal amount of this maturity was \$4,765,000 (original CUSIP®795685 EH5) and \$3,505,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GF7) was refunded by the 2020 Sales Tax Bonds, leaving principal outstanding in the amount of \$1,260,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GL4).
- (5) The original principal amount of this maturity was \$4,540,000 (original CUSIP®795685 EG7) and \$3,345,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GE0) was refunded by the 2020 Sales Tax Bonds, leaving principal outstanding in the amount of \$1,195,000 (reassigned CUSIP®795685 GK6).

5.

\$33,020,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D (Federally Taxable–Direct Pay–Build America Bonds)

Bonds dated and issued on November 9, 2010

Background Information. The \$33,020,000, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds (Federally Taxable–Direct Pay–Build America Bonds), Series 2010D (the "2010D Sales Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to electronic competitive bidding held via the Parity® electronic bidding system on October 19, 2010 to Robert W. Baird & Co, Incorporated, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, at a "true interest rate" of 2.93% (assuming federal interest subsidy payments). Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2010D Sales Tax Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds (interest payable May 1 and November 1 of each year) are payable by Zions Bancorporation, as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Redemption Provisions. The 2010D Sales Tax Bonds maturing on or after November 1, 2021, will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on May 1, 2021 and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and at random within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Extraordinary Event Optional Redemption. The 2010D Sales Tax Bonds will be subject to redemption prior to their maturity at the option of the County, in whole or in part in integral multiples of \$5,000 upon the occurrence of an Extraordinary Event (as herein defined), at a redemption price (the "Extraordinary Event Optional Redemption Price") equal to the greater of (i) 100% of the principal amount of the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed; or (ii) the sum of the present value of the

remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed, not including any portion of those payments of interest accrued and unpaid as of the date on which the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds are to be redeemed, discounted to the date on which the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds are to be redeemed on a semi–annual basis, assuming a 360–day year consisting of 12, 30–day months, at the Treasury Rate, plus 50 basis points; plus, in each case, accrued interest on the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$25,630,000 Original issue amount: \$33,020,000

Dated: November 9, 2010 Due: November 1, as shown below

\$10,625,000 Serial Bonds

Due November 1	CUSIP® 795685	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due November 1	CUSIP® 795685	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2020	DN3	\$1,305,000	3.50%	2027	DS2	\$1,550,000	4.40 %
2021	DP8	1,330,000	3.50	2028	DT0	1,595,000	4.60
				2029	DU7	1,640,000	4.75
2026	DR4	1,510,000	4.15	2030	DV5	1,695,000	4.875

\$5,665,000 4.00% Term Bond due November 1, 2025 (CUSIP®795685 DQ6)

\$3,550,000 5.10% Term Bond due November 1, 2032 (CUSIP®795685 DW3)

\$5,790,000 5.20% Term Bond due November 1, 2035 (CUSIP®795685 DX1)

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption. The 2010D Sales Tax Bonds maturing on November 1, 2025, November 1, 2032 and November 1, 2035 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption, but without premium, on the dates and in the principal amounts as follows:

Mandatory Sinking Fund	Sinking Fund
Redemption Date	Requirements
November 1, 2022	\$1,360,000
November 1, 2023	1,400,000
November 1, 2024	1,435,000
November 1, 2025 (final maturity)	<u>1,470,000</u>
Total	\$ <u>5,665,000</u>
November 1, 2031	\$1,745,000
November 1, 2032 (final maturity)	<u>1,805,000</u>
Total	\$ <u>3,550,000</u>
November 1, 2033	\$1,865,000
November 1, 2034	1,930,000
November 1, 2035 (final maturity)	<u>1,995,000</u>
Total	\$ <u>5,790,000</u>

Historical Collections Of Sales Tax Revenues

Historical County Option Sales and Use Tax Collection

The following table shows the amount of pledged taxes collected and received by the County for the past 10 Fiscal Years. The County's county option sales and use tax collection began in January 1998, the first year allowable by law.

Fiscal Year	Sales Tax	% Increase (Decrease)
Ended December 31	Revenue	from Prior Year
2019	\$67,550,608	4.9
2018	64,390,394	6.5
2017	60,470,489	6.9
2016	56,560,414	4.3
2015	54,252,676	4.6
2014	51,862,908	5.2
2013	49,311,368	3.5
2012	47,665,968	7.0
2011	44,533,898	7.1
2010	41,590,792	0.4

(Source: The County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports.)

For a list of the County's presentation of county option sales and use tax collections for the past 10 Fiscal Years see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019—Statistical Section—Pledged Revenue Coverage" (CAFR page 194).

Historical Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Debt Service Coverage

The following table shows the debt service requirements for the Sales Tax Bonds for the past 10 Fiscal Years, the historical Pledged Taxes and the historical debt service coverage for the relevant Fiscal Year with respect to such Sales Tax Bonds.

	To	otal				
		anding			Debt	
Fiscal		s Tax			Servic	
Year Ending		e Bonds	Pled	_	Cover	
December 31	Debt Se	rvice (1)	Tax	es	age (2	<u>) </u>
2010	Φ	057.212	Ф 41 5 0	0.702		1 37
2010		,857,313	\$ 41,59		_	1 X
2011		,894,397		3,898	5.	
2012		,216,822		55,968	5.	
2013		,530,808	*	1,368	5.	
2014		,497,363		2,908	5.	
2015		,199,197	*	2,676	5.	
2016		,880,941	*	0,414	4.	-
2017	12	,540,956	*	0,489	4.	8
2018	14	,044,211	64,39	0,394	4.	6
2019	14	,020,958	67,55	0,608	4.	8
2020	13	,588,828		_	_	
2021	15	,581,297		_	_	
2022	15	,530,546		_	_	
2023	15	,543,808		_	_	
2024	15	,523,010		_	_	
2025	14	,375,094		_	_	
2026	9	,833,505		_	_	
2027	9	,813,176		_	_	
2028	9	,795,233		_	_	
2029	9	,606,004		_	_	
2030		,601,130		_	_	
2031		,557,132		_	_	
2032		,542,026		_	_	
2033		,487,668		_	_	
2034		,475,261		_	_	
2035		,661,163		_	_	
2036		,592,250		_	_	
2037		,612,125		_		
2037	3	,012,123		_	_	

⁽¹⁾ Portions of these bonds are issued as federally taxable, 35% issuer subsidy, "Build America Bonds." Does not include 35% federal interest subsidy payments.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

⁽²⁾ Multiple of which Pledged Taxes exceed Total Debt Service.

For the County's presentation of pledged revenue coverage regarding the county option sales and use tax for the past 10 Fiscal Years see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019–Statistical Section–Pledged Revenue Coverage" (CAFR page 194).

Additional Disclosure Information

For further disclosure information on the County's sales tax revenue bonds see the following sections:

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CUSIP®795676)

Debt Structure Of Salt Lake County, Utah (page 9);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding General Obligation Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 11);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Sales Tax RevenueBonds By Fiscal Year (page 13);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Assessment District By Fiscal Year (bonds have been retired);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 14);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Excise Tax Revenue Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 15);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 16);

Future Issuance Of Debt; Historical Tax And Revenue Anticipation Note Borrowing; Other Debt (page 17);

The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah (page 18);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Lease Revenue Bonds Of The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah By Fiscal Year (page 19);

Overlapping And Underlying General Obligation Debt (page 20);

Debt Ratios Regarding General Obligation Debt (page 20);

General Obligation Legal Debt Limit And Additional Debt Incurring Capacity (page 21);

No Defaulted Obligations (page 22);

Financial Information Regarding Salt Lake County, Utah (page 22);

Financial Summaries (page 23);

Taxable, Fair Market and Market Value Of Property (page 31); and

Historical Summaries Of Taxable Value Of Property (page 31).

Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2019

See "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019" (page 62).

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO TRANSPORTATION TAX REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®79569T)

\$57,635,000

Salt Lake County, Utah

Federally Taxable Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B (Issuer Subsidy–Build America Bonds)

Bonds dated and issued on October 7, 2010

Background Information. The \$57,635,000, Federally Taxable Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B (the "2010B Transportation Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale on September 28, 2010 to Morgan Stanley, New York, New York, New York, New York, New York, as Co–Managers; at a "true interest rate" of 2.64% (assuming federal interest subsidy payment). Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds are issued as fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds (interest payable February 15 and August 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Optional Redemption (Make–Whole). The 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the County, in whole or in part in integral multiples of \$5,000, on any Business Day at a redemption price equal to the greater of (i) 100% of the principal amount of the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds s to be redeemed or (ii) the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds to be redeemed, not including any portion of those payments of interest accrued and unpaid as of the date on which the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds are to be redeemed, discounted to the date on which the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds are to be redeemed on a semi–annual basis, assuming a 360–day year consisting of 12, 30–day months, at the Treasury Rate plus 0.15% for those 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds maturing on August 15, 2021 and August 15, 2022, and Treasury Rate plus 0.20% for those 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds maturing on August 15, 2025, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest on the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds to be redeemed on the redemption date.

Extraordinary Event Optional Redemption. The 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds are also subject to redemption prior to their maturity at the option of the County, in whole or in part in integral multiples of \$5,000 upon the occurrence of an Extraordinary Event, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (i) 100% of the principal amount of the 2010B Bonds to be redeemed; or (ii) the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the 2010B Bonds to be redeemed, not including any portion of those payments of interest accrued and unpaid as of the date on which the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds are to be redeemed, discounted to the date on which the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds are to be redeemed on a semi–annual basis, assuming a 360–day year consisting of 12, 30–day months, at the Treasury Rate plus 1.00%, plus in each case, accrued interest on the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds to be redeemed to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$51,310,000 Original issue amount: \$57,635,000

Dated: October 7, 2010 Due: August 15, as shown below

\$22,155,000 Serial Bonds

Due August 15	CUSIP® 79569T	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	
2020	AB9	\$6,895,000	3.458%	
2021	AC7	7,265,000	3.608	
2022	AD5	7,995,000	3.758	

\$29,155,000 4.308% Term Bond due August 15, 2025 (CUSIP®79569T AE3)

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption. The 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds maturing on August 15, 2025 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption, but without premium, on the dates and in the principal amounts as follows:

Mandatory Sinking Fund	Sinking Fund
Redemption Date	Requirements
August 15, 2023	\$ 8,710,000
August 15, 2024	9,295,000
August 15, 2025 (final maturity date)	<u>11,150,000</u>
Total	\$ <u>29,155,000</u>

Historical Collections Of Highway Fund Revenues

The following table shows the amount of Highway Fund Revenues collected by the County for the past 10 Fiscal Years. The County began collecting transportation sales taxes in Fiscal Year 2002.

Highway Fund Revenues County Option Transportation County Option **Public Transit** Preservation % Change Total Fiscal Year Transportation Tax (2214 Fee Highway From Prior Ended June 30 Tax (2217 Tax) (Registration) Revenues Year Tax) Interest 2010..... 9,887,442 \$ 7,939,965 \$ 3,958,491 \$ 364,916 \$ 22,150,814 (10.4)2011..... 10,284,585 8,209,938 3,968,785 96,503 22,559,811 1.8 2012..... 8,904,684 4,038,929 24,019,753 6.5 11,158,133 (81,993)2013..... 11,935,159 9,541,714 4,107,350 40,504 25,624,727 6.7 2014..... 9,790,107 26,233,260 2.4 12,132,944 4,237,578 72,631 2015..... 5.2 12,884,001 10,298,062 4,332,163 75,511 27,589,737 2016..... 13,496,271 10,801,369 4,511,149 133,096 28,941,885 4.9 2017..... 14,127,821 11,309,668 4,672,251 254,417 30,364,157 4.9 9.7 2018..... 15,546,940 12,455,382 4,786,457 526,962 33,315,741 2019..... 16,048,753 12,839,473 4,805,576 1,267,115 34,960,917 15.1

(Source: From reports of the Utah Department of Transportation.)

Historical Transportation Bonds Debt Service Coverage

The following table shows the debt service requirement for the Transportation Bonds, the historical Highway Fund Revenues, transfers of Highway Fund Revenues to the County Sinking Fund pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperative Agreement, and the debt service coverage of Highway Fund Revenues for the past 10 Fiscal Year with respect to the Transportation Bonds.

	Highwa	y Fund	Transportation	
Fiscal		Transfers to	Bonds	Debt
Year Ending	Highway Fund	County Sink-	Debt	Service
June 30 (1)	Revenues (2)	ing Fund	Service (3)	Coverage (4)
2010	\$ 22,150,814	\$ -	\$ 0	_
2011	22,559,811	_	0	_
2012	24,019,753	8,979,720	4,489,860	2.0 X
2013	25,624,727	6,570,186	3,285,093	2.0
2014	26,233,260	6,166,186	3,083,093	2.0
2015	27,589,737	6,166,186	3,083,093	2.0
2016	28,941,885	7,449,986	3,724,993	2.0
2017	30,364,157	15,288,536	7,644,268	2.0
2018	33,315,741	15,783,286	7,891,643	2.0
2019	34,960,917	16,521,036	8,260,518	2.0
2020			8,488,197	
2021			8,832,785	
2022			8,952,510	
2023			9,401,223	
2024			9,778,384	
2025			9,975,556	
2026			11,390,171	
Totals			\$ 108,281,387	

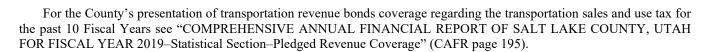
⁽¹⁾ This table is based on a Fiscal Year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

⁽²⁾ See "Historical Collections Of Pledged Highway Fund Revenues" above.

⁽³⁾ Payments based on a Fiscal Year beginning July 1 and ending June 30. Does not include federal interest subsidy of 35%. The majority of these bonds are issued as federally taxable, 35% interest subsidy, "Build America Bonds."

⁽⁴⁾ Multiple of which annual amounts transferred to the County Sinking Fund exceeds annual debt service on the Transportation Bonds. Rate covenant requirement is 2.0 times annual debt service.



Audited Financial Information Fo	or Fiscal Year 2019
---	---------------------

See	COMPRE	HENSIVE	ANNUAL	FINANCIAL	REPORT	OF	SALT	LAKE	COUNTY,	UTAH	FOR	FISCAL
YEAR	2019" (page 6	52).										
	v 5	,										

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO EXCISE TAX ROAD REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®79567T)

1.

\$23,925,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Excise Tax Road Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017

Bonds dated and issued on November 29, 2017

Background Information. The \$23,925,000, Excise Tax Road Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 (the "2017 Excise Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale to BofA Merrill Lynch, New York, New York, on October 26, 2017, at a "true interest rate" of 2.61%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2017 Excise Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2017 Excise Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2017 Excise Bonds (interest payable on February 15 and August 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Optional Redemption. The 2017 Excise Bonds maturing on or after August 15, 2028, will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on August 15, 2027, and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and at random within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2017 Excise Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$23,645,000 Original issue amount: \$23,925,000

Dated: November 29, 2017 Due: August 15, as shown below

Due August 15	CUSIP® 79567T	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due August 15	CUSIP® 79567T	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2024 2025 2026 2027		\$1,880,000 1,975,000 2,080,000 2,180,000	5.00% 5.00 5.00 5.00	2029 2030 2031 2032	BC8 BD6 BE4 BF1	\$2,410,000 2,535,000 2,670,000 2,760,000	5.00% 5.00 4.00 3.00
2028	BB0	2,295,000	5.00	2033	BG9	2,860,000	3.00

\$38,600,000 Salt Lake County, Utah

Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds, Series 2014

Bonds dated and issued on January 7, 2014

Background Information. The \$38,600,000, Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 (the "2014 Excise Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale to J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, New York, New York, on December 17, 2013, at a "true interest rate" of 3.64%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2014 Excise Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2014 Excise Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2014 Excise Bonds (interest payable on February 15 and August 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Optional Redemption. The 2014 Excise Bonds maturing on or before August 15, 2023, are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The 2014 Excise Bonds maturing on and after August 15, 2024, were refunded by the 2017 Excise Bonds.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$6,695,000 Original issue amount: \$38,600,000

Dated: January 7, 2014 Due: August 15, as shown below

Due August 15	CUSIP® 79567T	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due August 15	CUSIP® 79567T	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2020	AG0 AH8 AJ4 AK1 AL9 AM7 AN5	\$1,550,000 1,630,000 1,715,000 1,800,000 1,895,000 1,990,000 2,095,000	5.00% 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00	2027	AP0 AQ8 AR6 AS4 AT2 AU9 AV7	\$2,200,000 2,315,000 2,430,000 2,555,000 2,690,000 2,810,000 2,940,000	5.00% 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 4.00 5.00

(strikethrough) These bonds have been refunded by the 2017 Excise Bonds.

Pledged Uniform Fees

The County has historically distributed revenues from Uniform Fees for the past five Fiscal Years (ending December 31) as follows:

	Fiscal Year (ending December 31)								
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015				
Total county–wide Uniform Fees	\$ 77,475,119	\$ 76,662,898	\$ 73,084,514	\$ 70,597,840	\$ 67,664,260				
Uniform Fees allocated to County–wide funds Uniform Fees allocated to other County funds	\$ 12,793,441 2,411,370	\$ 12,820,269 2,438,686	\$ 13,351,483 2,476,459	\$ 13,276,654 4,010,682	\$ 12,850,945 3,883,019				
Uniform Fees distributed to County County's % portion of total county–wide	\$ 15,204,811	\$ 15,258,955	\$ 15,827,942	\$ 17,287,336	\$ 16,733,964				
Uniform Fees	19.6%	19.9%	21.7%	24.5%	24.7%				
Allocated to County–wide funds: General Fund (1)	\$ 8,316,773 1,621,512 1,281,382 679,121 302,060 336,675 159,696 96,222 \$ 12,793,441	\$ 8,301,836 1,663,786 1,282,027 678,050 301,989 336,176 159,541 96,864 \$ 12,820,269	\$ 8,556,307 1,768,054 1,360,865 696,506 310,749 342,895 214,310 101,797 \$ 13,351,483	\$ 8,386,579 1,836,293 1,348,292 694,270 367,259 342,104 201,238 100,619 \$ 13,276,654	\$ 7,576,542 2,293,021 1,312,902 670,127 387,489 332,784 182,348 95,732 \$ 12,850,945				
% change from prior year	(0.2)	(4.0)	0.6	3.3	(1.2)				
Pledged Uniform Fees (1)	\$ 8,316,773 0.2	\$ 8,301,836 (3.0)	\$ 8,556,307 2.0	\$ 8,386,579	\$ 7,576,542 1.5				
O /	3.2	(5.0)	2.0	- 3.7	2.0				

⁽¹⁾ Uniform Fee revenues allocated to the General Fund will be pledged to the payment of the 2014 Excise Tax Bonds.

(Source: The County's CAFR, compiled by Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Pledged Preservation Fees

Information is being presented for the past 10 Fiscal Years (ending June 30).

	Highw	ay Fu	ınd	-	2010 Γransport-]	Remaining
Fiscal	Highway	•	ransfers to		tion Bonds		ghway Fund
Year Ending	Fund Rev-	20	010 County	7	Γotal Debt	Amounts	
June 30 (1)	enues (2)		inking Fund	S	Service (3)	A	vailable (4)
2010	\$ 22,150,814		_		_		_
2011	22,559,811		_		_		_
2012	24,019,753	\$	8,979,720	\$	4,489,860		_
2013	25,624,727		6,570,186		3,285,093		_
2014	26,233,260		6,166,186		3,083,093	\$	23,150,167
2015	27,589,737		6,166,186		3,083,093		24,506,644
2016	28,941,885		7,449,986		3,724,993		25,216,892
2017	30,364,157		15,288,536		7,644,268		22,719,889
2018	33,315,741		15,783,286		7,891,643		25,424,098
2019	34,960,917		16,521,036		8,260,518		26,700,399
2020					8,488,197		
2021					8,832,785		
2022					8,952,510		
2023					9,401,223		
2024					9,778,384		
2025					9,975,556		
2026					11,390,171		
Totals				\$	108,281,387		

⁽¹⁾ This table is based on the State's fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30.

(Source: From reports of the Utah Department of Transportation.)

⁽²⁾ Historical revenues include interest earnings or losses on interest earnings. Source: UDOT.

⁽³⁾ Payments based on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30. The total debt service has not been reduced by the amount expected to be paid from a federal interest subsidy of 35% on the 2010 Transportation Bonds, which were issued as Build America Bonds.

⁽⁴⁾ Remaining amount in the Highway Fund available to UDOT for the transfer of the Pledged Preservation Fees to the County and other legally available uses determined by UDOT.

The table below shows a history of Preservation Fee revenues collected by the State for the last five fiscal years ending June 30 and what the amount of Pledged Preservation Fees would have been for those years. *Final Fiscal Year 2020 information is not available.*

Preservation Fee Revenues

			Pledged Preser-
			vation Fees
Fiscal Year	Preservation	Pledged	% Change From
Ending June 30	Fees	Preservation Fees	Prior Period
2019	\$9,611,152	\$4,805,576	0.4
2018	9,572,914	4,786,457	2.4
2017	9,344,502	4,672,251	3.6
2016	9,022,298	4,511,149	4.4
2015	8,665,156	4,332,578	2.2
2014	8,475,156	4,237,578	3.2

(Source: Utah Department of Transportation.)

Historical Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds Debt Service Coverage

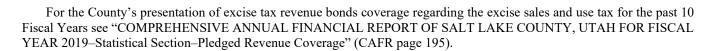
		Pledg	ged Excise Taxo	es				
			Pledged					
		P	reservation		Total	E	xcise	Debt
Fiscal	Pledged		Fees		Pledged	Tax	Bonds	Service
Year Ending	Uniform	(T	ransfer from		Excise	Tot	al Debt	Cover-
June 30 (1)	Fees	Hig	ghway Fund)		Taxes	Ser	vice (2)	age (3)
			_		<u>.</u>			
2014	\$ 7,466,288	\$	4,237,578	\$	11,703,866	\$	0	_
2015	7,576,542		4,332,163		11,908,705	3	,012,678	4.0
2016	8,386,579		4,511,149		12,897,728	3	,016,125	4.3
2017	8,556,307		4,672,251		13,228,558	3	,015,075	4.4
2018	8,301,836		4,786,457		13,088,293	2	,654,210	4.9
2019	8,316,773		4,805,576		13,122,349	3	,172,938	4.1
2020						2	,889,775	
2021						2	,889,150	
2022						2	,889,650	
2023						2	,891,025	
2024						2	,888,150	
2025						2	,876,150	
2026						2	,874,775	
2027						2	,878,400	
2028						2	,871,900	
2029						2	,875,025	
2030						2	,872,400	
2031						2	,873,775	
2032						2	,892,000	
2033						2	,887,200	
2034						2	,902,900	
Totals						\$ 58	,123,301	

⁽¹⁾ This table is based on the State's fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

⁽²⁾ Payments based on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

⁽³⁾ Multiple of which annual amounts of Pledged Excise Taxes exceeds annual debt service on the Excise Tax Bonds.



Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2019

See "CO	OMPREHENSIVE	ANNUAL	FINANCIAL	REPORT	OF	SALT	LAKE	COUNTY,	UTAH	FOR	FISCAL
YEAR 2019'	' (page 62).										

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO SALES TAX REVENUE (TRCC) BONDS (CUSIP®79560Q)

\$44,230,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds, Series 2017

Bonds dated and issued on July 11, 2017

Background Information. The \$44,230,000, Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds, Series 2017 (the "2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale on June 22, 2017 to Wells Fargo Securities, New York, New York, at a "true interest rate" of 2.93%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is acting as securities depository for the 2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds (interest payable February 1 and August 1 of each year) are payable by Zions Bancorporation, as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Redemption Provisions. The 2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2028, will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on February 1, 2027, and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and at random within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$40,065,000 Original issue amount: \$44,230,000

Dated: July 11, 2017 Due: February 1, as shown below

Due February 1	CUSIP [®] 79560Q	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due February 1	CUSIP [®] 79560Q	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2021	CM8	\$1,555,000	2.00%	2030	CW6	\$2,405,000	5.00%
2022	CN6	1,610,000	5.00	2031	CX4	2,525,000	5.00
2023	CP1	1,695,000	5.00	2032	CY2	2,655,000	5.00
2024	CQ9	1,780,000	5.00	2033	CZ9	2,795,000	5.00
2025	CR7	1,870,000	5.00	2034	DA3	2,935,000	5.00
2026	CS5	1,970,000	5.00	2035	DB1	3,085,000	5.00
2027	CT3	2,070,000	5.00	2036	DC9	3,245,000	5.00
2028	CU0	2,175,000	5.00	2037	DD7	3,410,000	5.00
2029	CV8	2,285,000	5.00				

Historical Collections Of Pledged Taxes (for TRCC)

For the past 10 Fiscal Years the County has collected the following funds making up the Pledged Taxes for the TRCC Bonds.

	3% Motor V Leasing		4% Motor V Leasing		1% Restau Sales Ta			0.5% Tourism Room Sales Tax					Total Collections	
Fiscal Year Ended December 31	Amount	% change from prior year	Amount	% change from prior year	Amount	% change from prior year	Amount	Ski 1	Required Promotion Expense der TRCC Act	Total Available Amount	% change from prior year	Amount	% change from prior year	
2019	\$ 6,666,642 6,405,327 6,238,664 5,798,645 5,514,736 5,204,219	4.1 2.7 7.6 5.1 6.0 14.4	\$ 8,888,856 8,540,436 8,318,219 7,731,527 7,352,981 6,938,959	4.1 2.7 7.6 5.1 6.0 14.4	\$ 26,896,410 25,154,370 23,827,058 22,726,604 21,663,728 19,940,283	6.9 5.6 4.8 4.9 8.6 7.3	\$ 2,918,861 2,827,071 2,688,648 2,395,212 2,298,520 2,034,770	\$	(450,000) (450,000) (450,000) (450,000) (450,000) (450,000)	\$ 2,468,861 2,377,071 2,238,648 1,945,212 1,848,520 1,584,770	3.2 5.1 12.3 4.2 13.0 9.4	\$ 44,920,769 42,477,204 40,622,589 38,201,988 36,379,965 33,668,231	5.8 4.6 6.3 5.0 8.1 10.0	
2013	4,547,181 4,508,943 4,530,887 4,122,763	0.8 (0.5) 9.9 5.8	6,062,908 6,011,924 6,041,183 5,497,017	0.8 (0.5) 9.9 5.8	18,575,417 17,493,773 16,642,854 15,491,348	6.2 5.1 7.4 3.2	1,859,706 1,749,409 1,665,416 1,514,717		(450,000) (450,000) (450,000) (450,000)	1,409,706 1,299,409 1,215,416 1,064,717	6.3 5.0 9.9 3.2	30,595,212 29,314,049 28,430,340 26,175,845	4.4 3.1 8.6 4.2	

⁽¹⁾ Historical total collection amounts (beginning in Fiscal Year 2017) may not balance to the County's TRCC Fund accounting in the CAFR due to the subtraction of \$450,000 for ski industry promotion expenses.

(Source: The County.)

Historical Debt Service Coverage (TRCC Bonds)

Fiscal	2017 TRCC		Debt Service
Year Ending	Bonds Debt	Pledged	Cover-
December 31	Service	Taxes (1)	age (2)
2016	\$ 0	\$ 38,201,988	- X
2017	0	40,622,589	_
2018	3,489,244	42,477,204	12.2
2019	3,497,350	44,920,769	12.8
2020	3,494,100		
2021	3,496,050		
2022	3,495,250		
2023	3,497,625		
2024	3,495,750		
2025	3,494,500		
2026	3,498,500		
2027	3,497,500		
2028	3,496,375		
2029	3,494,875		
2030	3,497,625		
2031	3,494,375		
2032	3,494,875		
2033	3,498,625		
2034	3,495,375		
2035	3,494,875		
2036	3,496,625		
2037	3,495,250		
Totals	\$ 69,914,744		

⁽¹⁾ Based on the County's Pledged Taxes for each Fiscal Year (which amount excludes \$450,000 of Pledged Taxes required for ski promotion). There is no assurance that Pledged Taxes in each year will equal or exceed such amount.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

⁽²⁾ Multiple by which Pledged Taxes exceed Total Debt Service on the TRCC Bonds.

Salt Lake County

Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds—Major Special Revenue Funds

Tourism, Recreation, Cultural and Convention (TRCC)

(This summary has not been audited)

			As of December 3	31	
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Assets					
Cash and investments					
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 44,286,892	\$ 43,277,769	\$ 38,447,312	\$ 29,226,013	\$ 24,016,711
Other cash	578,118	614,913	307,755	740,515	568,619
Restricted cash and investments	3,232	3,389	195,919	246,058	6,819,091
Receivables					
Taxes	10,369,886	9,507,853	8,857,776	8,779,069	5,694,041
Accounts	1,556,764	1,467,848	1,223,180	1,541,242	1,146,226
Interest, rents and other	647,054	182,368	72,351	254,741	167,455
Notes	337,500	375,000	5,451,900	5,489,400	5,039,400
Inventories and prepaid items	70,589	19,543	43,089	25,610	39,154
Total assets	\$ 57,850,035	\$ 55,448,683	\$ 54,599,282	\$ 46,302,648	\$ 43,490,697
Liabilities and fund balances					
Liabilities					
Unearned revenue	\$ 3,568,041	\$ 3,195,619	\$ 3,759,425	\$ 3,732,088	\$ 3,008,685
Accrued expenditures	3,269,328	3,515,508	3,069,965	2,411,973	2,256,704
Accounts payable	2,596,944	1,243,094	1,986,086	1,527,642	1,371,958
Total liabilities	9,434,313	7,954,221	8,815,476	7,671,703	6,637,347
Fund balances					
Restricted for					
Convention and tourism	26,652,399	30,531,485	27,052,448	21,072,969	14,877,737
Other purposes	38,456	14,618		_	_
Debt service	3,232	3,389	959	2,443	6,527,077
Assigned to					
Convention and tourism	12,841,302	11,792,713	9,788,940	10,711,836	6,163,356
Committed to					
Contractual obligations	8,297,313	4,046,348	3,164,381	1,726,464	4,154,004
Other purposes	441,252	650,270	650,270	_	_
Compensated absences	71,179	61,096	44,319	52,223	52,622
Nonspendable	ŕ	ŕ	,	•	,
Inventories and prepaid items	70,589	19,543	43,089	25,610	39,154
Note receivable	_	375,000	5,039,400	5,039,400	5,039,400
Total fund balance	48,415,722	47,494,462	45,783,806	38,630,945	36,853,350
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 57,850,035	\$ 55,448,683	\$ 54,599,282	\$ 46,302,648	\$ 43,490,697

(Source: Information extracted from the County's audited financial statements by Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Salt Lake County

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds—Major Special Revenue Funds

Tourism, Recreation, Cultural and Convention (TRCC)

(This summary has not been audited)

Fiscal Year Ended December 31

	riscai Teat Ended December 31						
	2019	2018	2017	2016 (3)	2015		
Revenues							
Taxes							
Sales taxes	\$ 42,451,908	\$ 40,100,133	\$ 38,383,941	\$ 36,256,776	\$ 34,531,445		
Transient room taxes (1)	27,729,179	26,857,173	25,542,154	22,754,517	2,298,520		
Total taxes	70,181,087	66,957,306	63,926,095	59,011,293	36,829,965		
Charges for services	20,693,268	20,103,070	_	36	_		
Interest, rents, and concessions	3,210,517	3,949,573	22,465,117	19,807,684	19,404,018		
Grants and contributions	1,311,323	16,293	515,849	2,044,122	348,588		
Licenses and permits	411,236	177,352	181,717	231,147	253,610		
Interfund charges	60,326	_	_	_	_		
Total revenues	95,867,757	91,203,594	87,088,778	81,094,282	56,836,181		
Expenditures							
Current							
Education, recreation, and cultural	60,646,798	55,399,971	56,464,957	65,143,708	38,178,537		
Debt service (2)							
Principal retirement	4,875,929	9,473,568	2,949,543	2,855,002	2,779,543		
Interest	3,325,024	3,517,532	1,392,053	1,505,733	1,674,167		
Total expenditures	68,847,751	68,391,071	60,806,553	69,504,443	42,632,247		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	27,020,006	22,812,523	26,282,225	11,589,839	14,203,934		
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	3,319,576	3,560,000	6,060,270	3,000,000	7,744,351		
Transfers out	(29,418,322)	(24,661,867)	(25,190,434)	(19,882,238)	(19,987,282)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			800	540			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(26,098,746)	(21,101,867)	(19,129,364)	(16,881,698)	(12,242,931)		
Net change in fund balance	921,260	1,710,656	7,152,861	(5,291,859)	1,961,003		
Fund balance—beginning of year (as restated)	47,494,462	45,783,806	38,630,945	43,922,804	34,892,347		
Fund balance—end of year	\$ 48,415,722	\$ 47,494,462	\$ 45,783,806	\$ 38,630,945	\$ 36,853,350		

⁽¹⁾ Beginning in Fiscal Year 2016, the amount of the 0.5% Tourism Room Sales Tax that is considered part of the Pledged Revenues from these total Transit Room Taxes is: for Fiscal Year 2019 \$2,468,861 (total tax revenues of \$2,918,861 less ski promotion expense of \$450,000); for Fiscal Year 2018 \$2,377,071 (total tax revenues of \$2,827,071 less ski promotion expense of \$450,000); for Fiscal Year 2017 \$2,238,648 (total tax revenues of \$2,688,648 less ski promotion expense of \$450,000); and for Fiscal Year 2016 \$1,945,212 (total tax revenues of \$2,395,212 less ski promotion expense of \$450,000).

(Source: Information extracted from the County's audited financial statements by Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

⁽²⁾ In June 2012, the County issued the 2012A Sales Tax Bonds, which bonds are secured by a 2001 Indenture and secured by a sales tax pledge of the County's 0.25% County Option Sales and Use Tax. The 2012A Sales Tax Bonds refunded sales tax bonds previously issued by the County in Fiscal Years 2004 and 2005 (and which original bond proceeds were used for convention facilities and other TRCC related projects). Historically the County has used Pledged TRCC Taxes to pay for certain amounts of principal and interest on the 2012A Sales Tax Bonds. With the issuance of the 2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds, the County will first pay from Pledged Taxes the debt service on the 2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds and then will use the remaining moneys for other legally eligible purposes, which may include future contributions to pay portions of debt service on the 2012A Sales Tax Bonds.

⁽³⁾ Beginning in Fiscal Year 2016, the increase in total revenues, total expenditures and fund balances is the result of the County moving the Visitor Promotion Special Revenue Fund into the TRCC Fund (visitor promotions were reported separately as a nonmajor fund in prior years).

For the County's presentation of tourism, recreation, cultural and convention center bonds coverage regarding the tourism, recreation, cultural and convention sales and use taxes for the past 10 Fiscal Years see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019—Statistical Section—Pledged Revenue Coverage" (CAFR page 194).

Additional Disclosure Information

For further disclosure information on the County sales tax revenue (TRCC) bonds see the following sections:

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CUSIP®795676)

Debt Structure Of Salt Lake County, Utah (page 9);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding General Obligation Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 11);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Sales Tax Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 13);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Transportation Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 14);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 15);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 16);

Future Issuance Of Debt; Historical Tax And Revenue Anticipation Note Borrowing; Other Debt (page 17);

The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah (page 18);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Lease Revenue Bonds Of The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah By Fiscal Year (page 19);

Overlapping And Underlying General Obligation Debt (page 20);

Debt Ratios Regarding General Obligation Debt (page 20);

General Obligation Legal Debt Limit And Additional Debt Incurring Capacity (page 21);

Financial Information Regarding Salt Lake County, Utah (page 22);

Financial Summaries (page 23);

Taxable, Fair Market And Market Value Of Property (page 31); and

Historical Summaries Of Taxable Values Of Property (page 31).

Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2019

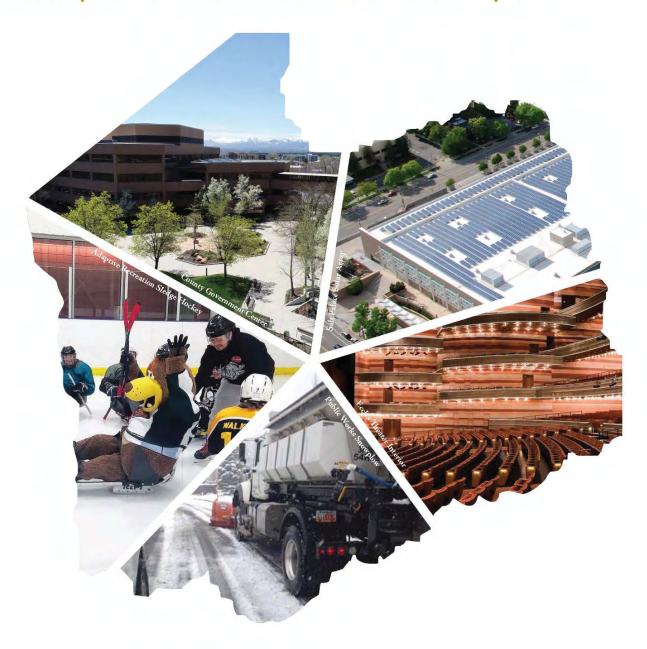
See "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019" (page 62).

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH

FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019
Included with this supplement is the County's comprehensive annual financial report for Fiscal Year 2019.
(The remainder of this page has been intentionally left blank.)

Salt Lake County, Utah

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



For The Year Ended December 31, 2019



SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Prepared by:

Salt Lake County Mayor's Financial Administration

Published: June 24, 2020

	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Table of Contents	<u>1</u>
Transmittal Letter	<u>5</u>
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	
Organizational Chart.	
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	<u>16</u>
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)	<u>20</u>
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	<u>36</u>
Statement of Activities	<u>37</u>
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet	
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	<u>39</u>
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	<u>40</u>
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental	
Funds to the Statement of Activities	<u>41</u>
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis:	
General Fund	<u>42</u>
Grant Programs Special Revenue Fund	<u>43</u>
Transportation Preservation Special Revenue Fund	<u>44</u>
Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) Special Revenue Fund	<u>45</u>
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	<u>46</u>
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	<u>47</u>
Statement of Cash Flows	<u>48</u>
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	<u>49</u>
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	<u>50</u>
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements:	
Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	<u>51</u>
Note 2-Fair Value Measurements	<u>59</u>
Note 3-Deposits and Investments	<u>59</u>
Note 4-Property and Other Taxes	62

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report—Table of Contents Year Ended December 31, 2019

Note 5-Receivables
Note 6-Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses
Note 7-Interfund Receivables and Payables
Note 8-Capital Assets
Note 9-Long-Term Liabilities
Note 10-State Retirement Plans
Note 11-Other Postemployment Benefits
Note 12-Risk Management
Note 13-Construction and Other Significant Commitments
Note 14-Joint Ventures and Undivided Interests
Note 15-Budgetary to GAAP Reporting Reconciliation
Note 16-Interfund Transfers
Note 17-Conduit Debt.
Note 18-Related Party Transactions
Note 19-Endowments
Note 20-Subsequent Events
nformation about Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach
chedules of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)—Utah Retirement Systems
chedules of County Contributions—Utah Retirement Systems
chedules of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios—Other Postemployment Benefit Plan
chedules of County Contributions—Other Postemployment Benefit Plan
chedules of County Investment Returns—Other Postemployment Benefit Plan
otes to the Required Supplementary Information
supplementary Information—Combining Statements and Individual Fund Statements and Other Schedules:
Major Governmental Funds:
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis:
General Fund
Grant Programs Special Revenue Fund
Transportation Preservation Special Revenue Fund
Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) Special Revenue Fund
General Government Debt Service Fund

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report—Table of Contents Year Ended December 31, 2019

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	Page
Combining Balance Sheet	<u>115</u>
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Experiences, and Changes in Faile Balances	120
Special Revenue Funds:	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis:	
Unincorporated Municipal Services	<u>125</u>
Flood Control	<u>126</u>
Open Space	<u>127</u>
Zoos, Arts, and Parks (ZAP)	<u>128</u>
Housing Programs	<u>129</u>
State Tax Administration Levy	<u>130</u>
Redevelopment Agency	<u>131</u>
Library	
Health	<u>133</u>
Planetarium	<u>134</u>
Capital Projects Funds:	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis:	
Park Bond Projects.	<u>135</u>
District Attorney Facilities Construction	
PeopleSoft Implementation	
Work Order Project	
•	
Capital Improvements Municipal Building Authority Public Health Center Bond Projects	
Capitol Theatre	
•	
TRCC Bond Projects	
Parks and Recreation Bond Projects	
Municipal Building Authority Library Bond Projects	
2020 Sales Tax Revenue Bond Projects	<u>145</u>
Permanent Fund:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis—	
Pet Care and Adoption Endowment	<u>146</u>
Debt Service Funds:	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis:	
Millcreek Fireflow Special Improvement District	147
Municipal Building Authority	
State Transportation	
2014 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report—Table of Contents Year Ended December 31, 2019

	<u>Page</u>
Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	<u>152</u>
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	<u>153</u>
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	<u>154</u>
Custodial Funds:	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	<u>156</u>
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	<u>157</u>
Other Schedule:	
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed	<u>159</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Net Position by Component—Last Ten Years	<u>170</u>
Changes in Net Position—Last Ten Years	<u>172</u>
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds—Last Ten Years	<u>176</u>
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds—Last Ten Years	<u>178</u>
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property—Last Ten Years	<u>181</u>
Property Tax Rates-Direct and Overlapping Governments—Last Ten Years	<u>182</u>
Principal Property Taxpayers—Current Year and Nine Years Prior	<u>184</u>
Property Tax Levies and Collections—Last Five Years	<u>187</u>
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type—Last Ten Years	<u>188</u>
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding—Last Ten Years	<u>190</u>
Computation of Direct and Overlapping General Obligation Debt.	<u>191</u>
Legal Debt Margin Information—Last Ten Years	<u>192</u>
Pledged-Revenue Coverage—Last Ten Years	<u>194</u>
Debt Service Schedule of Outstanding Bonds (By Year)	<u>196</u>
Demographic and Economic Statistics—Last Ten Years	<u>199</u>
Principal Employers—Most Current Calendar Year Available and Nine Years Prior	<u>200</u>
Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function—Last Ten Years	<u>203</u>
Operating Indicators by Organization—Last Ten Years	<u>204</u>
Capital Asset Statistics—Last Ten Years	<u>206</u>



June 24, 2020

To the Honorable County Council, Honorable Mayor, and Citizens of Salt Lake County, Utah:

State law requires that every general purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Squire & Company, PC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on Salt Lake County's (the County's) financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

An audit to verify the County's compliance with requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), has also been performed. A separate federal compliance audit report has been issued in conjunction with the independent audit; the federal compliance audit report contains the results of the federal compliance audit and required schedules. Also, an audit to verify the County's compliance with state requirements as specified in the *State Compliance Audit Guide* has been performed and a report has been issued.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the County and our Government

The County is the most populous county in Utah. The 2019 County population of 1,160,437 represents approximately 36% of Utah's population. The Salt Lake City area, often referred to as "the crossroads of the west", is the largest metropolitan area between Phoenix and the Canadian border, north to south, and between Denver and California, east to west. The Salt Lake area received worldwide attention as host of the 2002 Olympic Winter Games.

The County is structured as a mayor-council form of government, where the elected Mayor serves as the County executive. There are nine part-time Council members, three voted at-large to staggered six-year terms, and six are elected by district with staggered four-year terms. The Mayor's term is four years. The County has eight other elected officials, who have independent authority defined by statute, whose terms are also four years: Assessor, Auditor, Clerk, District Attorney, Recorder, Sheriff, Surveyor, and Treasurer. The County is empowered to levy a property tax on real and personal property located within its boundaries. The property tax system is administered by the Council, Assessor, Auditor, District Attorney, Recorder, Surveyor, and Treasurer. As depicted on the organizational chart following this letter, the Mayor's area of responsibility is organized into major departments and offices.

The County provides a diversified range of services, which include the following:

Human services such as mental health, public health, substance abuse, aging, criminal justice, University of Utah extension, indigent defense, diversity and inclusion, new Americans and refugees, and youth;

Public works services such as flood control, road maintenance and street lighting, emergency services, animal, fleet, transportation preservation, and solid waste management (through a joint venture with Salt Lake City);

Community services such as educational, recreation and cultural development, including the Calvin L. Rampton Salt Palace and Mountain America convention centers and the Equestrian Park and Event Center, arts and culture (including the George S. and Dolores Doré Eccles Theatre through a joint venture with Salt Lake City), visitor promotion, parks and recreation, golf courses, libraries, children's museum, and planetarium;

Regional development services such as economic development, planning and development, housing and community development and environmental;

Property tax assessing and collecting, auditing, surveying, recording, marriage licenses, passports, criminal justice services, and ordinance enactment and enforcement; and

Administrative services that include internal services such as human resources, purchasing, accounting, budgeting, information technology, data and innovation, records and archives, addressing, facilities services, and risk management.

Library services are county-wide except for those taxing areas within the cities of Salt Lake and Murray, who maintain their own library systems. Fire services are provided by contract through the Unified Fire Authority (UFA), which started July 1, 2004. Law enforcement services are provided by contract through the Unified Police Department (UPD), which started January 1, 2010. Sanitation services are provided by contract through Wasatch Front Waste and Recycling District, which started January 1, 2013. The Greater Salt Lake Municipal Services District (MSD) began January 1, 2016 which contracts with the County to provide animal, planning and development, business licenses, street lighting, traffic engineering, and highway services for the unincorporated County area.

Also, the Municipal Building Authority, Redevelopment Agency, and the Salt Lake County NMTC, Inc., are separate legal entities for which the County is financially accountable, so they are included in this report. See Notes 1.1 through 1.5 to the basic financial statements for more information regarding the reporting entity.

County Budget Process

The Mayor, as the statutory budget officer, is responsible for revenue projections and the preparation of a proposed budget. The Mayor submits the proposed budget to the Council, which makes appropriation decisions and adopts a budget on or before December 31 preceding the calendar year.

The budget is prepared by fund, organization, and appropriation unit. Appropriation units are related categories of expenditures which are grouped together within each organization. Generally, organization budgets include these appropriation unit categories: salaries, wages and employee benefits; materials, supplies, and services; overhead costs; capital outlay; debt service; other financing uses; and other appropriations. While budgets are adopted at the organization level by the Council, transfers between appropriation units also require Council approval. However, given the uncertainties surrounding COVID-19 impacts to revenues and the resulting budget cuts, the Council suspended the appropriation unit approval requirement for 2020 to provide organizations more flexibility to meet their new lower budgets. Additionally, while specific items were cut from the budget in June 2020, cuts to operations were entered as negative amounts in contra-expense accounts in each organization to allow for easier restoration when revenues recover. The County will be closely monitoring sales tax and operating revenues monthly through the remainder of 2020 to adjust the budget as necessary to maintain structural balance.

The budget is reopened in June and December to consider necessary adjustments. Final tax rates are adopted at the conclusion of the June budget and tax rate setting process. Budget-to-actual comparisons are presented for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund in the basic financial statements. Budget-to-actual comparisons for all governmental funds are found in the supplementary information section of this report.

Financial Condition of the County and Other Information to Assist in Assessing Economic Condition

Local economy: Despite the recent pandemic, Salt Lake County is still the business and financial center for most major businesses and industries in the state. Evidences of this are the \$4 billion dollar remodel of the Salt Lake International Airport and a new state prison, both located in the northwestern quadrant of the County.

Because the County includes 36% of the state's population, produced 44% of the state's taxable sales and accounted for 54% of the state's wages and salaries, it remains the hub of the state economy. Major employers in the County are spread across economic sectors, including: mining, manufacturing, transportation, medical services, technology, communications, financial, government and non-profit services. The County's deeply developed and diverse economic sectors led to the State's first place economic diversity ranking in the country during 2018.

In May 2020, job growth in the Salt Lake Metro Area fell 6.5%, not as much as the Los Angeles (-13.8%) and Denver (-8.8%) metro areas, but 1 percent higher than Phoenix's 5.5% drop. Despite the pandemic, the goods producing sector employment rose 3.0% in May 2020. Natural resources, mining and construction jobs were up 3% while manufacturing jobs were flat. Service jobs fell nearly 8%. Leisure and hospitality jobs fell 27%, while professional and business service jobs, as well as state government jobs fell almost 10 percent.

Although Salt Lake County employment declined 4.3% in May 2020, low mortgage rates, an expanding money supply, and continued pent-up demand from the last recession combined to drive up new residential construction permit values by 53% during the first four months of 2020. Recent job declines in many sectors will probably push new construction lower for the remainder of 2020. For example, April new residential permit values rose only 2%.

Housing prices continue to grow, as demand outstrips supply, bidding prices up in the Salt Lake Metro Area by 10.2% in the first quarter of 2020. Taxable sales in the County rose 4.2% in 2019 but are expected to decline between 5% and 6% in 2020. Despite the pandemic, preliminary data shows that County taxable sales increased 1.7% between February and April.

In eight of the last nine years, the County's taxable sales increased faster than the sum of population and inflation growth. This is a sign that revenues grew faster than demand for services in the County. Even though the County economy has slowed during the pandemic, its economic outlook is relatively favorable, slowed down by a job decline of -4% in May 2020. This compared to national job losses of 11.8%.

Long-term financial planning: To enhance long-term planning and prudent financial management, the County has implemented significant financial management policies and practices. The most significant of these includes the following:

1) financial goals and policies approved by the Council, which address key financial operations in these areas: operating and capital budgeting, debt issuance, revenues, minimum reserves, investments, accounting, financial reporting, and auditing; 2) a county-wide cost allocation plan; 3) a long-range budget and planning process which projects revenues, budgets and minimum fund balances three years into the future; 4) use of a debt review committee, which reviews all forms of debt requests, provides analysis, and forwards its recommendations, if appropriate, to the Mayor and the Council; and 5) a five-year facilities master plan.

Relevant financial policies: The County Council has adopted a financial policy, which is included in the financial goals and policies mentioned above, to maintain a minimum level of fund balance in the General Fund (unassigned fund balance of at least 10% of the budgeted expenditures) and selected special revenue funds (total fund balances of at least 5% of budgeted expenditures). The County's policy also establishes minimum reserves for certain employee benefit obligations. The Council considers the minimum fund balance policy when evaluating the potential financial impact of new programs, projects, etc. The County is in compliance with its financial goals and policies. These policies and the long-term financial planning tools referred to above have made a significant contribution to the County's excellent bond rating and overall financial condition. These financial management policies and related practices enabled the County to adjust effectively to economic downturns while still maintaining relatively favorable fund balances.

Major Initiatives: Mayor Jenny Wilson champions a strategic and result-oriented agenda that guides the County's priorities in four distinct areas for 2020. Her priorities and achievements include:

Standard of Living Improved for Those Left Behind:

a. Through the Mayor's Council on Diversity Affairs (CODA), change policies and focus on measurable progress to eliminate systemic issues of racial inequality and racial bias.

- b. Work in partnership with community organizations and State agencies to provide resources to diverse and underserved communities during COVID-19 response.
- c. Reduce unnecessary pre-trial incarceration, expand alternatives to incarceration for those who can be safely managed in the community, and expand community-based behavioral health programs with an emphasis on the opening of a receiving center.
- d. Implement the Expungement Navigator Project.
- e. Implement remote case management during COVID-19 response to divert individuals from jail and hold jail beds open.
- f. Collaborate with partners to increase and coordinate services to individuals experiencing homelessness.
- g. Assist with security funding for Shelter the Homeless Resource Centers, with emphasis on New Market Tax Credit equity.
- h. Implement Milestone Transitional Living program to serve up to 19 homeless youth.
- i. Provide access to safe, stable, and affordable housing.
- j. Identify housing opportunities for individuals who are aging, as well as those with underlying health issues.
- k. Provide daily congregate meals at senior centers continued to provide as a drive-through service during COVID-19 response.
- 1. Operate Wellness Call-In program for seniors during COVID-19 called 9,000 seniors each week to address social isolation and provide information for additional services and resources.
- m. Maximize use of CARES Act and other COVID-related funds to better serve those systemically left behind and to create service infrastructures that can be maintained post-COVID.

Safe & Healthy People:

- a. Manage COVID-19 emergency through a Unified Command structure and following best emergency operation practices.
- b. Implement Continuity of Operation Plans (COOP) in each agency for County government emergency response.
- c. Maintain parks and other open spaces to allow for physical activity during the pandemic.
- d. Work to open recreation centers, day care centers, facilities as soon as practical during the pandemic, remaining cognizant of CDC and health guidelines to keep the public safe.
- e. Prepare to re-open convention, visitor, and Arts & Culture facilities based on data and recommendations from the Salt Lake County Health Department and CDC and carefully balancing public health issues.
- f. Improve community wellness by preventing suicides and overdoses through programming at the County Libraries and Recreation Centers.
- g. Provide pop-up farmers' markets in senior centers that align with drive through meal service during COVID-19.
- h. Provide online prevention and case management program for youth in crisis.
- i. Implementation of telehealth model for youth and family therapy.
- j. Partner with Jordan School district on credit recovery program for youth previously expelled from school.
- k. Promote policies and practices internally and externally to minimize the environmental impact on our communities, incentivize energy-wise consumption, and clean air.
- Provide best in class Animal Support services and amended services to address COVID-19 needs, including pet food pantry, free pet boarding; and virtual training courses.

Inclusive, Smart Growth:

- a. Adopt Wasatch Canyons Master Plan.
- b. Construct a 26-story, 700 guest room convention center hotel.
- c. Coordinate "smart growth" planning, with an emphasis on promoting transportation infrastructure, multi-modal transit opportunities, and "livable communities."
- d. Develop a vision for the West Bench General plan and scenarios for future development on Rio Tinto property.
- e. Manage Opportunity Zone development by bridging resources between state, federal, and local entities to ensure that these designated areas in the County are built strategically to benefit the most residents and provide the most significant economic impact.
- f. Publicly release research reports on two separate but related topics: automation and employee values. Use findings to:
 1) inform businesses and policymakers of current workforce data trends and bring attention to jobs that are at risk of being lost to automation, 2) fund or support programs that upskill County residents, especially those who are unemployed due to COVID-19, and 3) inform business owners of employee values in an effort to better retain talent in Salt Lake County.
- g. Maximize CARES Act funding to sustain programs and efforts started during the COVID-19 crisis in order to support the long-term economic recovery of the County; including direct financial support to businesses, technical assistance to bolster business resiliency, targeted programs for minority and underserved populations, and data compilation and dissemination to support decisions and planning at the municipal and regional levels.

Smart Government:

- a. Maintain prestigious AAA bond rating, even amidst the fiscal challenges posed by COVID-19.
- b. Continue the County's reputation as the best local government employer in Utah.
- c. Expand virtual employee enrichment programs to reduce stress and isolation during the pandemic.
- d. Implement smart telework programs to keep staff working through COVID-19 and to meet clean-air initiatives.
- e. Support data-driven decision making in all areas of County government.
- f. Develop and deliver an internal employee training program based on inclusion, diversity, equity, and accessibility principles.
- g. Develop an enterprise-wide GRAMA/Public records portal to promote government transparency.
- h. Implement results-based contracting to maximize the value of each contract and save tax dollars.
- i. Support emergency procurement and contracting to bolster County response to COVID-19.
- j. Implement capital projects to provide critical maintenance, but also to support economic recovery post-COVID-19.
- k. Modernize county real estate practices by digitizing processes and records.
- 1. Redesign County website to provide greater accessibility and ease of navigation for County residents.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the *Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting* to the County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. This is the 33rd consecutive year that the County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The County's bond rating remains one of the strongest in the nation, with three major rating agencies giving Salt Lake County the highest possible rating of AAA on its underlying general obligation debt, effectively placing it in the top 1% of all counties in terms of creditworthiness.

Salt Lake County Health Department was honored as "Local Health Department of the Year" by the National Association of County and City Health Officials, the voice of the nation's nearly 3,000 local governmental health departments. Salt Lake County Health Department was awarded due to its response to the hepatitis A outbreak during 2017 through 2019, innovative use of real-time public health data, proactive regulation of scrap metal recycling and its new public health center in downtown Salt Lake City.

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) took notice of the work being performed by the Salt Lake County's Housing and Community Development Program in the area of Lead and Healthy Homes and the unique affordable housing development HUB of Opportunity. U.S. Secretary of HUD Ben Carson visited the Salt Lake County programs in July of 2019 to learn about the collaboration drawing attention to the healthy homes initiative and the transit-oriented affordable mixed-use housing for special needs populations located in an Opportunity Zone.

Salt Lake County Animal Services received the National Association of Counties *Achievement Award* for their Free County-Wide Microchipping Program. Animal Services also received the 2019 Utah Best of State in Community Development for the same program.

Public Works Operations was awarded the "Utah Chapter Member of the Year" awarded to Mike Russell by the American Public Works Association.

Regional Development Planning and Transportation Division Director Wilf Sommerkorn received the Envision Utah Lifetime Achievement Award.

The Salt Lake County Library was honored in 2019 as one of Utah's Top Workplaces for the sixth consecutive year.

Salt Lake County Calvin L. Rampton Salt Palace Convention Center employee, Chance Thompson, was awarded the *2019 EIC Pacesetter Award* for Sustainability and Corporate Social Responsibility by the Events Industry Council (EIC). The EIC is a national organization that represents over 19,500 firms and properties involved in the events industry.

We express sincere appreciation to all those who are involved in the independent audit process and who contribute to the preparation and publishing of this report. We also greatly appreciate the professional service and assistance rendered by our independent auditors, Squire & Company, PC.

Respectfully submitted,

Darrin Casper Chief Financial Officer Shanell Beecher, CPA Director of Accounting



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Salt Lake County Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

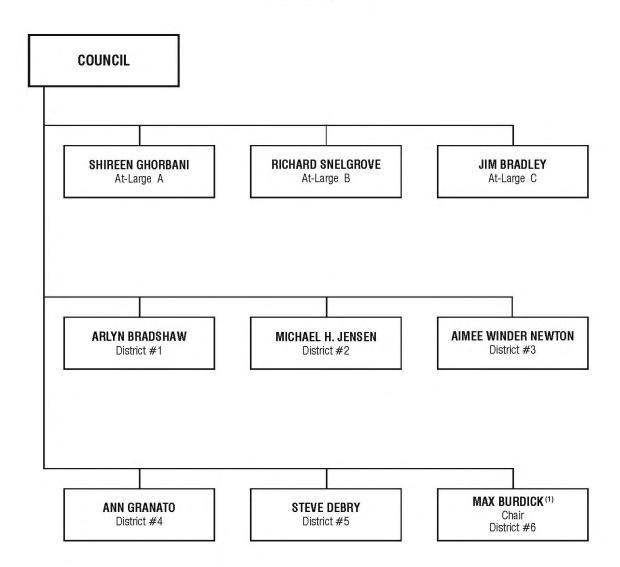
Mayor Wilson

Deputy Mayor of Finance & Administration (CFO) Darrin Casper	Deputy Mayor of County Services (CAO) Erin Litvack	Deputy Mayor of Regional Operations (CRO) Catherine Kanter	Mayor Wilson Mayor's Office
Associate Deputy Mayor: Jill Miller Office of Finance Budget: Rod Kitchens Accounting: Shanell Beecher Finance & Payroll: Greg Folta Dept. Administrative Services Director: Megan Hillyard Records & Archives -Contracts & Procurement -Data & Innovation -Facilities -IS / IT -Real Estate -Addressing Human Resources Director: Kathleen Johnston Internal Communications Manager: Melina Myers SALT LAKE COUNTY	Associate Deputy Mayor: Kimberly Barnett Office of Convention & Visitor Services Salt Palace Convention Center: Dan Hayes, SMG* Mountain America Expo Center: Dan Hayes, SMG* Convention/Visitor Sales & Marketing: Kaitlin Eskelson, VSL* Office of Criminal Justice Initiatives Director: Jojo Liu Office of Programs & Partnerships Director: Katherine Fife -Continuum of Care -SLV Coalition to End Homelessness Dept. Community Services Director: Holly Yocom Assoc Director: Robin Chalhoub -Arts & Culture/Eccles Theater -Zoo, Arts & Parks -Clark Planetarium -Parks & Recreation/Golf -Equestrian Park -Libraries -Children's Museum Dept. Human Services Director: Karen Crompton Assoc Director: Christopher Otto -Health Department -Aging & Adult Services -Youth Services -Youth Services -Criminal Justice Services -Behavioral Health Services	Associate Deputy Mayor: Mike Reberg Dept. Public Works Director: Scott Baird -PW Operations & Street Lights -PW Engineering -Planning & Zoning -Animal Services -Flood Control Engineering -Fleet Salt Lake County Landfill Executive Director: Patrick Craig Emergency Services Unified Fire Authority Representative: Clint Mecham Office Regional Development Director: Dina Blaes Economic Development: Blake Thomas Planning and Transportation: Ryan Perry Housing & Community Development: Mike Gallegos Environmental Program Manager: Michael Shea Special Projects: Valerie Walton	Chief of Staff: Kerri Nakamura Mayor's Office Administration Office Administrator: Michelle Hicks Executive Asst to Mayor: Abby Laver Executive Asst: Destiny Garcia Executive Asst: Sherri Trujillo Receptionist: Mariah Espinal Special Initiatives Director: Karen Hale -Diversity & Inclusion: Lorena Riffo-Jenson* -New Americans & Refugees: Ze Xiao Communications Communications Director: Chloe Morroni Communications Assistant: Gabe Moreno Outreach and Strategy Senior Advisor: Eric Biggart Legislative Affairs Director & Senior Advisor: Justin Stewart

^{*}Contracted Employees/Organizations

SALT LAKE COUNTY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

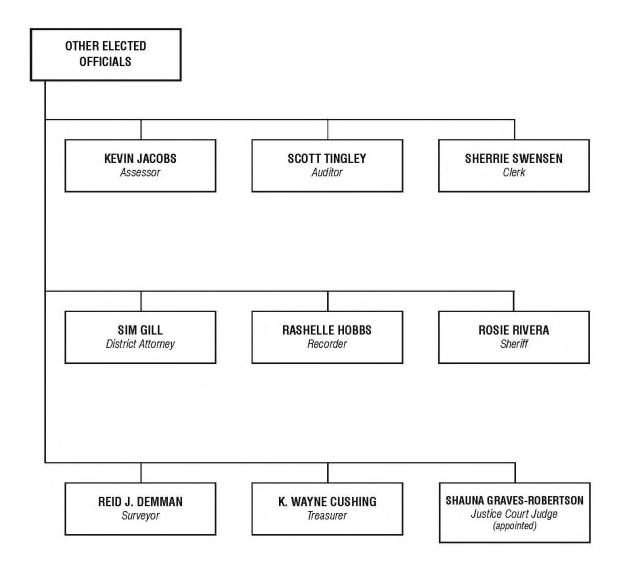
As of June, 2020



⁽¹⁾ Max Burdick was elected Council Chair January 14, 2020.

SALT LAKE COUNTY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

As of June, 2020



This Page Intentionally Left Blank



Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor Wilson and Members of the County Council Salt Lake County, Utah

Report on the Basic Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Salt Lake County, Utah (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Basic Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

o 1329 South 800 East, Orem, UT 84097 // p 801.225.6900 // w squire.com Squire is a dba registered to Squire & Company, PC, a certified public accounting firm.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Salt Lake County, Utah as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and the major special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, in 2019, the County adopted Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* and Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the information about infrastructure assets reported using the modified approach, the schedules of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) – Utah Retirement Systems, the schedules of County contributions – Utah Retirement Systems, the schedules of changes in the County's net OPEB liability and related ratios – other postemployment benefit plan, the schedules of County contributions – other postemployment benefit plan, the schedules of County investment returns – other postemployment benefit plan, and the related notes to the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the required supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Squire + Company, PC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2020, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Orem, Utah

June 24, 2020

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Salt Lake County, Utah Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

The following narrative is presented to facilitate a better understanding of the financial position and results of activities of Salt Lake County, Utah (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented in this document as well as in here in the transmittal letter, the basic financial statements, and the notes to the basic financial statements. For simplification, numbers are generally rounded to the nearest one-hundred thousand dollars, thus may vary from numbers in the body of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The County's total net position (the amount by which assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) as of December 31, 2019 was \$841.9 million. Net position increased by \$56.3 million during 2019.
- Total fund balances in the governmental funds increased in 2019 by 4.2% to \$484.7 million. Most of the largest changes took place in the major governmental funds and are discussed in the *Financial Analysis of Salt Lake County's Funds* section of the management's discussion and analysis.
- The County is actively involved in construction projects including the Draper City recreation center, mid-valley cultural center, and multiple libraries, as well as improvements to various parks, county facilities, software development and infrastructure with costs totaling \$67.9 million in 2019. New buildings completed and placed into service during the year totaled \$40.9 million; including \$14.0 million for a downtown health clinic, \$6.2 million for a park and public works operations building complex, \$5.3 million for a library facilities shop, \$6.1 million for Capital Theatre building improvements, and \$3.0 million for the Holladay Library expansion.
- Taxes comprise the largest source of revenue for the County. During 2019, every tax stream increased and in total taxes increased \$80.6 million, or 11.6%. A continuing improvement in collection rates, the economy, and increasing occupancy rates resulted in strong increases in property, sales, and transient room tax collections. New legislation enabled the County to levy an additional transportation tax in 2018. Per statute, the County recognized and appropriated 100% of collections from October 2018 through June 2019. Beginning on July 1, 2019, the County share is 20%, with the remaining 80% passed-through to municipalities within Salt Lake County and the Utah Transit Authority. This levy resulted in \$48.0 million in new revenue for 2019 that is restricted for transportation projects.
- In 2019, Kearns Library, LLC, which is controlled by Salt Lake County, NMTC, Inc., a blended component unit of the County, was created and issued \$14.1 million in promissory notes to begin construction on the Kearns library.
- The County issued two new series of bonds in 2019. General obligation bonds of \$39.6 million were issued for the purpose of paying costs of acquisition, construction, renovation, improvement and equipping of parks and recreation facilities. The bonds are the second and final tranche of bonds issued from a 2016 Bond Election. Lease revenue bonds of \$17.8 million were issued to finance a portion of the costs of acquisition, construction, improvements and equipping of a library operations center and two libraries, and to finance the acquisition of a collection of books and digital media for one of the libraries.
- June 15, 2019 was the crossover date for \$27.9 million in general obligation crossover refunding bonds issued in 2016. On that date the County used funds held in escrow from the 2016 bond issuance to refund in advance \$18.6 million of 2009B general obligation bonds and \$13.4 million of 2010B general obligation bonds. The crossover refunding resulted in a net present value savings of \$2.2 million.
- During 2019 the County entered into an agreement with Shelter the Homeless, Inc. to loan up to \$21.0 million for the construction of three homeless resources centers in Salt Lake County. The outstanding receivable balance at the end of December was \$16.7 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial section of this report includes five parts: 1) the independent auditor's report; 2) management's discussion and analysis; 3) the basic financial statements and related note disclosures; 4) required supplementary information and related note disclosures; and 5) supplementary information. Two distinct ways of presenting financial information are found within the basic financial statements: 1) the government-wide financial statements, and 2) the fund financial statements.

Immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements, the required supplementary information contains narrative and schedules about 1) the County's infrastructure (roads), 2) the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability for benefits provided through pension plans administered by Utah Retirement Systems, and contributions to those plans and, 3) multi-year actuarial information regarding the County's other postemployment benefit plan. Thereafter, the supplementary information contains additional fund data, such as combining schedules and individual fund budget-to-actual comparisons. The supplementary information also includes a property tax collection and disbursement schedule.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements provide a view of County finances as a whole, similar to a non-governmental or for-profit entity. They consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

The *statement of net position* shows the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources offset by the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference being reported as *net position*. This number (and the related change in net position from year to year) is an important financial measurement to enable understanding of the financial position of the County and whether financial position improves or declines each year. To evaluate the County's overall economic condition, however, the reader needs to consider other important factors such as the economic outlook, stability of and control over revenue sources, and the condition of and plan to maintain capital assets. An analysis of economic condition can assist in determining whether the County's current financial position will improve or decline in the future.

The *statement of activities* shows how the County's net position changed as a result of its operations during the most recent fiscal year. To understand the basis of how these numbers are determined, it is important to note that changes in net position are reported whenever an event occurs that requires revenue or expense to be recognized (the accrual basis of accounting), regardless of when the related cash is received or disbursed. For example, tax revenues are reported when the taxes are legally due, even though they may not be collected for some time after that date; and an obligation to pay benefits to employees is reported as an expense as the employee provides services, even though the obligation may not be paid until later.

There are two distinct types of activities reflected in the government-wide statements. *Governmental activities* are supported primarily by taxes, and grants and contributions. *Business-type activities* are activities where all costs (or at least a significant portion of costs) are intended to be recovered through user fees and charges.

As reported by the County, governmental activities are comprised of these functions, which include the following distinct County functions:

- General Government—Council; Mayor Administration; Mayor's Financial Administration; Clerk; Election Clerk; Auditor; Recorder; Surveyor; Information Services; Contracts and Procurement; Human Resources; Records Management and Archives; Printing; Facilities Management; Addressing; and General Fund Statutory and General.
- Public Safety and Criminal Justice—District Attorney; County Jail; Sheriff Court Services and Security; Sheriff
 Investigation and Support; Sheriff Law Enforcement; Criminal Justice Services; Emergency Services; Indigent Legal
 Services; and Governmental Immunity.
- *Social Services*—Youth Services; Behavioral Health Services; Aging and Adult Services; Transportation, Regional and Economic Development; Grant Programs Statutory and General; and Revolving Loan Programs.
- Education, Recreation and Cultural—USU Extension Services; Parks; Recreation; Zoo, Arts and Parks Programs; Libraries; Planetarium; Wheeler Farm; Millcreek Canyon; Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) which includes Calvin L. Rampton Salt Palace Convention Center, Mountain America Exposition Center, Equestrian Park and Events Center, and Salt Lake County Arts and Culture; Visitor Promotion Contract; Visitor Promotion County Expenditures; and Open Space.
- *Health and Regulatory*—Health Department.
- *Public Works*—Flood Control Engineering; Flood Control Projects; Redevelopment Agency; and Transportation Preservation.

• *Tax Administration*—Assessor; Treasurer; Tax Administration Statutory and General; also the tax administration functions in the following offices: Council, Auditor, Recorder, District Attorney, and Surveyor.

Business-type activities include:

- Golf Courses—The County operates six golf courses.
- Public Works and Other Services—Street Lighting, Animal Services, Road Projects and Maintenance, Public Works Engineering, and Justice Courts

Fund financial statements: As is common in other state or local government entities, the County uses *funds* to account for separate activities and to help demonstrate compliance with financially related legal requirements, such as budgetary compliance and the restricted use of certain revenue sources. A fund is a set of closely related accounts used to maintain control over financial resources which have been segregated for specific activities or purposes. All funds are categorized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary, which are explained below.

• Governmental Funds—The financial statements for governmental funds illustrate essentially the same services and functions consolidated in governmental activities as shown in the government-wide statements. However, the accounting and reporting for governmental funds is determined with a different approach. At the fund level, the focus is on changes in near-term spendable resources and the balance available to spend at the end of the fiscal year, rather than on long-term net position. To facilitate understanding, a reconciliation between the two types of statements is presented immediately following each of the governmental fund statements.

The General Fund is the primary operating governmental fund of the County. There are thirty-one governmental funds included in this report. Five of the thirty-one funds are considered major funds: General Fund; Grants Programs Fund; Transportation Preservation Fund; Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) Fund; and General Government Debt Service Fund. A summary of the other funds is combined into one column for nonmajor governmental funds. The composition of the nonmajor funds is shown in combining statements later in the report under the supplementary information section. The County is required to adopt an annual budget showing appropriations for all governmental funds. To demonstrate legal compliance, statements comparing budget-to-actual numbers for the General Fund and major special revenue funds are included in the basic financial statements. Budget-to-actual schedules for all governmental funds are included in the supplementary information.

• Proprietary Funds—Proprietary funds are categorized as either enterprise or internal service.

Enterprise funds are used to report business-type activities, just as is done at the government-wide level. The County reports two enterprise funds: the Golf Courses Fund and the Public Works and Other Services Fund.

Internal service funds provide services to County organizations on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County reports three internal service funds in 2019: Fleet Management (to provide vehicles for County use), Facilities Services (to provide maintenance and related services for County buildings and to provide telecommunication services), and Employee Service Reserve (primarily for the management of retained risks of the County). Because these internal service activities primarily benefit governmental functions (rather than business-type functions), they have been included in the government-wide statements under governmental activities. Combining statements for the individual internal service funds are shown later in the report under the supplementary information section.

• Fiduciary Funds—Fiduciary funds are those used to account for resources, which (although held by the County) are for the benefit of other entities or individuals. Since these are resources which cannot be used for County programs, they are not included in the government-wide statements. In general, the accounting approach for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds. The County reports an Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund (OPEB) and five custodial funds. The most significant custodial fund is the Treasurer's Tax Collection Custodial Fund.

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole (Government-wide Financial Statements)

As of December 31, 2019, the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$841.9 million (net position); \$627.5 million, or 74.5% of this amount, is represented by the *investment in capital assets*, net of debt outstanding related to the acquisition of those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Further, though the presentation here

shows capital assets net of related debt, the repayment of this debt does not come from the capital assets themselves, but from other resources.

SALT LAKE COUNTY'S Net Position December 31, 2019 and 2018

(in millions of dollars)

	Governmental Activities					Busine Activ	• •	Total							
	2019		2019 20		2019		2018	2019			2018		hange 19-2018		
Current and other assets	\$	765.4	\$	700.8	\$	9.6	\$ 8.7	\$	775.0	\$	709.5	\$	65.5		
Capital assets		997.0		958.5		45.2	44.7		1,042.2		1,003.2		39.0		
Total assets		1,762.4		1,659.3		54.8	53.4		1,817.2		1,712.7		104.4		
Deferred outflows of resources		92.4		72.9		5.3	4.8		97.7		77.7		20.0		
Other liabilities		161.7		123.2		5.1	2.9		166.8		126.2		40.7		
Long-term liabilities outstanding		869.1		811.7		17.8	17.1		886.9		828.8		58.2		
Total liabilities		1,030.8		934.9		22.9	20.0		1,053.8		954.9		98.9		
Deferred inflows of resources		18.1		46.6		1.2	3.3		19.2		49.9		(30.7)		
Net position:															
Net investment in capital assets		584.6		572.8		42.9	42.3		627.5		615.1		12.4		
Restricted		234.3		220.5		0.8	0.6		235.2		221.2		14.0		
Unrestricted		(13.0)		(42.5)		(7.8)	(8.1)		(20.8)		(50.7)		29.9		
Total net position	\$	805.9	\$	750.8	\$	35.9	\$ 34.8	\$	841.9	\$	785.6	\$	56.3		

The other categories of net position are *restricted* and *unrestricted*. Restricted funds of \$235.2 million are reported to comply with provisions in contracts and agreements with outside entities which dictate these amounts must be used for specific purposes, to comply with bond covenants, or to comply with other legal requirements. The last category is unrestricted, and any positive balances in this category would be available to meet general, ongoing financial obligations.

Unrestricted net position at the end of 2019 was negative \$13.0 million for governmental activities and negative \$7.8 million for business-type activities. Negative balances are due to reporting the full obligation related to the County's other postemployment benefit plan and the County's proportionate share of the Utah State Retirement net pension liability.

The County's combined net position increased during 2019, by \$56.3 million to \$841.9 million. Significant changes are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

SALT LAKE COUNTY'S Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

(in millions of dollars)

	Governmental Activities					Busine Acti		Total						
								_				C	hange	
		2019	_	2018		2019	2018		2019		2018	201	9-2018	
Revenues:														
Program revenues:														
Charges for services	\$	177.0	\$	186.9	\$	46.9	\$ 47.2	\$	223.9	\$	234.1	\$	(10.2)	
Operating grants and contributions		115.6		100.6		1.6	1.6		117.2		102.2		15.0	
Capital grants and contributions		8.2		4.0		_	_		8.2		4.0		4.2	
General revenues:														
Property taxes		304.2		288.8		_	_		304.2		288.8		15.4	
Sales taxes		141.8		135.6		_			141.8		135.6		6.2	
Transient room taxes		27.7		26.8		_			27.7		26.8		0.9	
Mass transit taxes		286.4		230.1		_			286.4		230.1		56.3	
Tax equivalent payments		15.3		14.6		_	_		15.3		14.6		0.7	
Cable television taxes		1.2		0.1		_	_		1.2		0.1		1.1	
Investment earnings		7.4		5.0		0.1	(2.2)		7.5		2.8		4.7	
Total revenues		1,084.8		992.5		48.5	46.6		1,133.4		1,039.1		94.3	
Expenses:														
Governmental activities:														
General government		50.8		34.9		_			50.8		34.9		15.9	
Public safety and criminal justice		202.3		200.6		_			202.3		200.6		1.7	
Social services		182.7		173.3		_			182.7		173.3		9.4	
Educational, recreational, and cultural		205.1		201.3		_	_		205.1		201.3		3.8	
Health and regulatory		45.5		42.8		_	_		45.5		42.8		2.7	
Public works		295.8		246.2		_	_		295.8		246.2		49.6	
Tax administration		28.4		26.6		_	_		28.4		26.6		1.8	
Interest on long-term debt		18.4		18.7		_	_		18.4		18.7		(0.3)	
Business-type activities:														
Golf courses		_		_		8.3	7.7		8.3		7.7		0.6	
Public works and other services		_		_		39.1	38.0		39.1		38.0		1.1	
Total expenses		1,029.2		944.4		47.4	45.7		1,076.6		990.1		86.5	
Change in net position before														
transfers and special items		55.6		48.1		1.1	0.9		56.8		49.0		7.8	
Transfers		_		0.2		_	(0.2)		_		_		_	
Special items		(0.5)		(9.9)		_			(0.5)		(9.9)		9.4	
Change in net position	_	55.1	_	38.4		1.1	0.7		56.3		39.1		17.2	
Net position, beginning		750.8		712.4		34.8	34.1		785.6		746.5		39.1	
Net position, ending	\$	805.9	\$	750.8	\$	35.9	\$ 34.8	\$	841.9	\$	785.6	\$	56.3	

Governmental activities: During 2019 changes in net position from the current year's activities resulted in an increase of \$55.1 million for an ending balance of \$805.9 million. Expenses for the County's governmental activities increased by \$84.8 million, or 9.0%, while revenues and transfers increased by \$92.2 million, or 9.3%.

Taxes comprise the largest source of revenue for the County; \$776.6 million was recognized from all tax sources, which is 71.6% of total revenues for governmental activities.

• Combined property taxes and tax equivalent payments increased by \$16.1 million, or 5.3%, compared to 2018. Property taxes include \$22.8 million of pass-through taxes (taxes levied by the County for other governments).

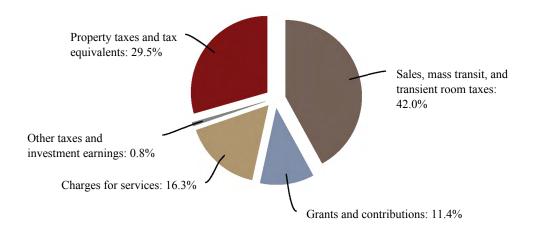
- Combined sales taxes and transient room taxes increased by \$7.1 million, or 4.4%, compared to 2018. The increase is indicative of what was a slowing, but still growing economy. It also includes collections associated with new legislation effective in the 4th quarter requiring marketplace facilitators to collect sales tax for smaller sellers. Transient room taxes increased \$0.9 million in 2019 due to growing occupancy and average daily room rates of hotels across the County. Transient room taxes include \$3.7 million of taxes levied but transferred to another government to service debt related to a soccer stadium project.
- Mass transit taxes increased by \$56.3 million, or 24.5%, compared to 2018. \$48.0 million of the increase is due to a transit tax levy effective October 2018 and of which the County received 100% through June of 2019 and 20% thereafter. The remaining growth reflects a growing economy that began to stabilize in 2019. Mass transit taxes include \$239.3 million of taxes levied by the County and collected by the state of Utah that are forwarded directly to the Utah Transit Authority, municipalities within Salt Lake County, and the Utah Department of Transportation.
- Program revenues increased \$9.3 million from 2018, to a total of \$300.8 million. The increase was primarily due to higher yield on restricted investment earnings in capital project funds and contributions from municipalities for capital projects. Program revenues totaled 29.2% of expenses, compared to 30.9% in 2018.

Overall, expenses in 2019 for governmental activities increased by \$84.8 million, or 9.0%, compared to 2018.

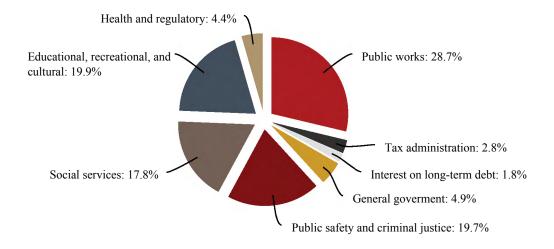
- General government expenses increased by \$15.9 million. The largest component of this increase was the result of an \$11.6 million increase in pension expense in 2019. The County participates in Utah State Retirement System plans. More information can be found in Note 10 to the basic financial statements. Additional increases across various departments in the County were seen in 2019 services related to the revenue increases. The largest increase was \$1.5 million in information technology due largely to increased maintenance costs for essential systems, the implementation of Multi-Factor Authentication to improve system security, and the development of a new property tax system.
- Social services expenses increased by \$9.4 million in 2019 and this was primarily attributable to an increase of \$7.1 million in pass-through property tax expenditures due to new legislation in 2019 requiring prior year tax increases to be passed through to the related community reinvestment areas (CRAs). The legislation adjusted the certified tax rate to pay for the expense.
- Public works expenses increased by \$49.6 million in 2019. The largest increase was in pass-through mass transit dollars of \$34.9 million. This increase is largely due to the receipt of a 4th levy of mass transit sales tax, effective July 2019 provides the County 20% of the levy and passes 80% to municipalities and the Utah Transit Authority. The increase in pass-through tax revenue and expense related to this new revenue stream was \$26.7 million in 2019. The 4th levy increased County transportation projects by \$6.7 million. The remainder of the increase is largely due to spend down during 2019 of a one-time receipt of \$46.9 million in 2017 from the State of Utah. These dollars are largely paid out to other governments on a reimbursement basis for qualifying transportation projects.

The following charts depict revenue sources and expenses for governmental activities with material changes noted above.

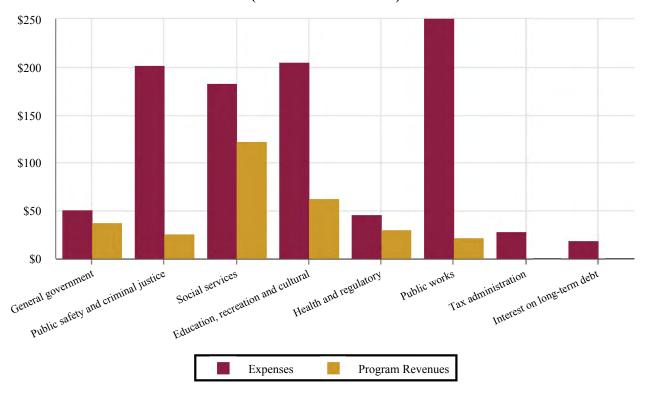
Salt Lake County Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities Year Ended December 31, 2019



Salt Lake County Expenses by Function - Governmental Activities Year Ended December 31, 2019



Salt Lake County Expenses and Program Revenue - Governmental Activities Year Ended December 31, 2019 (in millions of dollars)



Business-type activities:

During 2019, changes in net position for business-type activities increased by \$1.1 million to an ending balance of \$35.9 million. Revenues for these activities increased by \$1.9 million, while total expenses and transfers out increased by \$1.5 million. The increase in net position is largely due to one-time grants and contributions of Mick Riley Golf Course land and a work order system built in the Public Works and Other Services Fund that is being utilized by other organizations. Additionally, the Public Works and Other Services Fund right-sized its contracts during 2019 to include all fixed costs.

To the extent feasible, the County establishes user fees and charges for its business-type activities at a level to recover the full cost of operations, including replacement of capital assets, and to meet other long-term financial needs.

Financial Analysis of Salt Lake County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with the Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Counties (*Utah Code*, Title 17, Chapter 36) and the restricted use of resources.

Governmental funds: The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and the constraints placed on fund balance resources. As the County completed the year, the combined fund balance of its governmental funds was \$484.7 million, \$19.5 million more than the prior year. The primary reasons for the change in governmental fund balances mirror those highlighted in the analysis of governmental activities. In addition, certain information regarding fund balances should be noted:

• The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the County. As of December 31, 2019, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$65.5 million. This amount represents 18.0% of the General Fund's total budgeted expenditures. For budgeting and financial management purposes and to help maintain the County's triple-A bond rating, the County has

adopted *Financial Goals and Policies*, which require 10% of General Fund budgeted expenditures to be held in reserve. The minimum reserve requirement is \$36.5 million for 2019. The December 31, 2019 General Fund unassigned fund balance exceeds the minimum reserve by \$29.0 million.

- Total fund balance of the General Fund increased in 2019 by \$12.8 million or 15.1%. Total revenues in the General Fund increased by \$17.0 million, which outpaced the increase in expenditures of \$4.1 million. In 2018 there were a few large one-time expenditures, such as the purchase of land in proximity to new homeless resource centers and retention incentives paid to public safety officers in the jail, that obscure the expenditure growth in relation to the revenue growth. Revenue increases in 2019 include \$6.5 million in increased federal revenue for economic development and jail programs and \$4.2 million in recorder fees there were increased via state legislation effective May of 2019.
- The Grant Programs Fund had an increase in total revenue of \$4.9 million in 2019, which was largely due to the net impact of a \$7.1 million increase in pass-through property tax expenditures from new legislation in 2019 requiring the benefit of prior-year tax increases be passed through to the related community reinvestment areas (CRAs), and a \$2.5 million net decrease in behavioral health grants. The grant decrease was due to a reduction in Medicaid-eligible individuals as a result of a strong economy and changes brought by Medicaid expansion. Expenditures held relatively steady in 2019 as \$7.1 million of the \$8.7 million increase over 2018 was due to the pass-through property taxes. The recurring net transfer from the General Fund decreased \$0.5 million as compared to 2018. The Grant Programs Fund experienced a \$2.1 million decrease to fund balance in 2019.
- The ending fund balance in the Transportation Preservation Fund increased \$11.5 million; from \$107.4 million in 2018 to \$118.9 million in 2019. The increase is largely due to the receipt of \$21.0 million from a 4th levy of mass transit sales tax. The County received 100% of the levy from October 2018 to June 2019. After June 2019, the County receives 20% and passes the remaining 80% to municipalities and the Utah Transit Authority. The increase in pass-through tax revenue and expense related to this new stream in 2019 was \$26.7 million. Overall, the increase in revenues outpaced the spending. The fund balance is held for transportation preservation projects.
- The ending fund balance for the Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) Fund increased \$0.9 million in 2019. Restaurant sales tax and transient room taxes, which are the main source of revenue for this fund, increased \$2.4 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, during 2019 due to a continual upward climb in the economy, high occupancy rates, and high room rates. Expenditures in the TRCC Fund increased \$0.5 million as compared to 2018, due largely to the net impact of \$5.2 million increased operational expenses and a \$4.8 million decrease in debt service expenditures. The debt service decrease is reflective of a one-time principal payment in 2018 associated with unwinding a new market tax credit transaction. The largest operational increases took place in Salt Palace Convention Center, arts and culture, and visitor promotion programming. The fund balance in the TRCC Fund is limited to tourism, recreation, convention, and cultural programs.
- The ending fund balance in the General Government Debt Service Fund decreased from \$45.9 million in 2018 to \$12.6 million in 2019. The significant decrease is due to the utilization of 2016 general obligation crossover bond proceeds, held in escrow, to refund \$32.1 million of 2009B and 2010B general obligation bonds. The crossover refunding took place on June 15, 2019. Combined property tax and tax equivalent payment revenues decreased by \$2.0 million due to a downward adjustment to the tax rate. The general government debt service tax levy is annually adjusted in line with Utah State Code to cover the general obligation debt service payments of the County each year.

Proprietary funds: The County's proprietary funds provide similar information to the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, but include the internal service funds and additional detail.

The County reports two major proprietary funds, the Golf Courses Enterprise Fund and Public Works and Other Services Enterprise Fund. The services provided in these funds are primarily funded by user fees.

- The change in net position in the Golf Courses Fund for 2019 was a decrease of \$0.2 million. This is due to rising costs and price competition. The loss was mitigated in 2019 due to a contribution of \$0.9 in land that is part of the Mick Riley Golf Course. Golf course management is exploring additional revenue sources and optimizing existing outputs and expenses in response to those conditions.
- The Public Works and Other Services Enterprise Fund experienced an increase in net position during 2019 of \$1.4 million. This increase was largely due to right sizing contracts to include all fixed costs for the fund. The increase also

included one-time contributions in 2019 for a work order system from other County organizations that utilize the software and a true-up from the split off of the Municipal Services District.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For 2019, actual revenues of \$360.9 million (on a budgetary basis) were 0.7% lower than the final budgeted revenues. Current year property tax revenues and tax equivalent payments were 1.4% over budget and sales tax revenues were over budget by 0.8%. The property tax revenue positive variance is attributable to a collection rate that was higher than the five-year average used in the budget, to motor vehicle fee-in-lieu of taxes revenue declining less than expected, and a combination of other favorable variances in the actual components of distribution relative to budget. Actual grants and contribution revenue was higher than the final budget but is mostly offset on the charges for services line due to budgeting some of the revenue in a legacy account. For the remaining variance, normally, grants and contribution revenue is budgeted at amounts awarded whereas actual revenues are recognized when services are performed.

The final adopted expenditure budget for the General Fund was \$365.0 million in 2019, which represents a \$5.3 million, or 1.5%, increase in comparison with the original 2019 adopted budget. The largest portions of the increase are in the general government function attributable to an increase for contracted elections expenses, an increase for legacy system modernization and overhead costs, and in the public safety and criminal justice function attributable to increased indigent legal, in-custody medical, and overhead costs.

Actual expenditures on a budgetary basis were \$337.0 million which was approximately \$28.0 million, or 7.7%, less than the final adopted budget. This variance is primarily attributable to "budgetary under-expend". County agencies typically do not expend their entire budget. For example, when an employee resigns or retires, recruitment and selection of a new employee often occurs weeks after the position becomes vacant. The resulting savings for the period a position is vacant has the effect of reducing expenditures. Savings generated in this fashion were increased beginning in 2015 by a policy decision to deny requests to shift savings in personnel costs to other sectors of budgets. Other components of the under-expend in 2019 are attributable to lower than expected utilities costs, capital projects carried over to the ensuing year, pass-through grant distributions from the social services function to other entities, and to tort liability settlement and judgment costs that were lower than the budgeted contingency for these liabilities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The County's investment in capital assets totaled \$1,042.1 million (net of accumulated depreciation) as of December 31, 2019. This investment in capital assets includes land; infrastructure (including roads, bridges, and flood control); construction in progress (CIP); buildings; improvements other than buildings; leasehold improvements; and furniture, fixtures, and equipment (including internally developed software). Capital asset investment increased in 2019 by \$39.0 million.

SALT LAKE COUNTY'S Capital Assets

December 31, 2019 and 2018

(net of accumulated depreciation, in millions of dollars)

	Governmental Activities			Bu	usiness-ty	pe A	Activities	Total						
		2019		2018		2019		2018	2019		2018		hange 9-2018	
Land	\$	217.0	\$	209.7	\$	12.4	\$	11.5	\$ 229.4	\$	221.2	\$	8.2	
Infrastructure (roads)		18.1		17.5		_		_	18.1		17.5		0.6	
Construction in progress		66.9		41.4		1.0		_	67.9		41.4		26.5	
Buildings		523.5		516.0		11.1		11.9	534.5		527.9		6.6	
Improvements other than buildings		100.9		103.4		17.9		18.3	118.8		121.7		(2.9)	
Leasehold improvements		5.6		6.1		_		0.1	5.6		6.2		(0.6)	
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		41.2		42.7		2.8		2.9	44.0		45.6		(1.6)	
Infrastructure (bridges, flood control)		23.8		21.6					23.8		21.6		2.2	
Total	\$	997.0	\$	958.4	\$	45.2	\$	44.7	\$ 1,042.1	\$	1,003.1	\$	39.0	

Major capital asset events during 2019 are discussed below:

- The net increase in land of \$8.2 million is largely due to land acquisitions for the Kearns and Granite libraries totaling \$6.3 million
- Construction projects underway as of December 31, 2019 included the Draper City recreation center, mid-valley cultural center, and multiple libraries. The \$67.9 million in construction costs also includes software development and improvements to various parks, county facilities, and infrastructure.
- New buildings completed and placed into service during the year totaled \$40.9 million including \$14.0 million for a downtown health clinic, \$6.2 million for the park operations building complex, \$5.3 million for a library facilities warehouse, \$6.1 million for Capitol Theatre building improvements, and \$3.0 million for the Holladay Library expansion.
- Improvements other than buildings placed into service totaled \$6.8 million. This includes \$2.6 million for Mick Riley Golf Course, \$2.6 million for a parks and public works fuel station, truck wash, and landscaping, and \$1.6 million for other various park improvement projects.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

The County has adopted an allowable alternative to reporting depreciation for its road network. Under this alternative method, referred to as the "modified approach", the County must maintain an asset management system and demonstrate that its highways and roads are being preserved approximately at or above condition levels established by County policy. Infrastructure assets accounted for under the modified approach are not depreciated, and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed.

The County manages its road network using the County Pavement Management System. This system uses a measurement scale that considers the condition of the roads as denoted by a Pavement Condition Index (PCI), ranging from 0 to 100. A road is considered to be in "very good" condition when its PCI rating is between 94 and 100, in "good" condition when its PCI rating is between 76 and 93, in "fair" condition when its PCI rating is between 64 and 75, in "poor" condition when its PCI rating is between 41 and 63, and in "very poor" condition when its PCI rating is 40 or below.

It is the County's policy to maintain approximately 30% of its road network at a category level of "good" or "very good" (PCI rating of 76 or above) and allow no more than 20% at a category level of "very poor" (PCI rating of 40 or below). In order to achieve a complete condition assessment of all County roads within a period of three years, condition assessments are performed on approximately one-third of the roads annually. The most recent condition assessment, completed in 2019, shows that 48% of the County's roads were in "good" or better condition, compared to 42% in 2018 and 43% in 2017. Additionally, 4% of the roads assessed in 2019 were in "very poor" condition, compared to 11% in 2018, and 11% in 2017. In 2019, the County spent approximately \$0.5 million to maintain and preserve its roads, which was 45% of the estimated need. In 2018 and

2017, 91% and 55%, respectively, was spent of the estimated need. See also the Required Supplementary Information section (RSI) for additional modified approach information.

Long-term debt: As of December 31, 2019, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$528.7 million (net of unamortized premiums). Of the \$528.7 million, \$190.2 million is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the property owners within the County, payable from property tax revenue, and \$338.5 million is debt payable from sales and other tax revenues. Bonds retired in 2019, totaled \$76.2 million; \$32.0 million of the retirement was the result of the refunding of a portion of the 2009B and 2010B general obligation bonds using proceeds held in escrow from the 2016 General Obligation Crossover Bonds.

The remainder of the County's long-term debt is comprised of capital leases and notes payable, made up primarily of \$23.8 million owed to the Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City as an investment in the Utah Performing Arts Center, \$33.0 million related to three new market tax credit transactions, and \$21.5 million for a loan from the State of Utah Infrastructure Bank Loan Fund.

New debt in 2019 includes \$46.5 million (\$39.6 million in principal with \$6.9 million in premium) in general obligation bonds to finance acquisition, construction, renovation, improvement and equipping of parks and recreation facilities; \$21.2 million (\$17.8 million in principal with \$3.4 in premium) in Municipal Building Authority lease revenue bonds to finance the acquisition, construction, improvements and equipping of a library operations center, two libraries and a library collection of books and digital media; and \$15.2 million in notes payable for the Kearns library new market tax credit project and an information technology systems maintenance agreement.

General obligation indebtedness is limited by Utah law to 2% of the fair market value of the taxable property in the County. The fair market value of taxable property in the County is \$173.6 billion as of December 31, 2019; the resulting debt limit is \$3.5 billion. At the close of the year, the County had \$190.2 million outstanding principal balance of general obligation debt, net of unamortized bond premiums, putting outstanding debt as of December 31, 2019 at 5.5% of the debt limit allowed by law.

SALT LAKE COUNTY'S Outstanding Debt December 31, 2019 and 2018

(net of unamortized bond premiums, in millions of dollars)

	Governmental Activities Business-type							ctivities	Total								
		2019		2018		2019	2019 2018 2019 2018				2018	Chang 2019-20					
General obligation bonds	\$	190.2	\$	200.5	\$	_	\$	_	\$	190.2	\$	200.5	\$	(10.3)			
Sales tax revenue bonds		180.6		192.5		0.8		0.9		181.4		193.4		(12.0)			
Lease revenue bonds		70.3		53.5		1.5		2.0		71.7		55.5		16.2			
Transportation and excise tax																	
revenue bonds		85.4		94.0		_		_		85.4		94.0		(8.6)			
Obligations under capital leases		0.2		0.4		_		_		0.2		0.4		(0.2)			
Notes payable		79.0		66.7						79.0		66.7		12.3			
Total	\$	605.7	\$	607.6	\$	2.3	\$	2.9	\$	608.0	\$	610.5	\$	(2.5)			

The County's total debt decreased by \$2.5 million, or 0.4%, during 2019.

Additional information on the County's outstanding debt can be found in Note 9 to the basic financial statements.

The County enjoys a triple-A rating on general obligation bonds from the major bond-rating agencies: Moody's Investor Services, Standard and Poor's, and Fitch Ratings. Among the County's highest priorities is to maintain the best possible bond rating. The County is extremely pleased to be numbered among the very few triple-A rated counties in the nation. Such a rating

allows the County to borrow money at a lower interest rate than most governments, which translates into substantial interest savings each year for County taxpayers.

Other Factors for Consideration: Economic Factors; 2020 Budget; and Property Tax Rates

Economic factors: The recent Covid-19 pandemic has dealt the nation a significant economic blow. Stay-at-home policies and business shutdowns in retail stores, hotels and restaurants hit Salt Lake County's economy hard from March through May 2020. But early data indicates that declines in employment and taxable sales were not as negative as expected.

As of May 2020, Utah's unemployment rate rose to 9.7% from below 3% in 2019. By comparison, the U.S. unemployment rate jumped to 14.7% in May from 4% in 2019. Employment growth in Utah fell 7.1% in May, compared to -12.9% nationwide. Compared to expectations of at least a 12% drop in taxable sales, Salt Lake County taxable sales rose almost 2% over the past three months.

The County is the hub of the state economy and the home of major businesses and industries in the state of Utah. In 2019, Salt Lake County comprised 36% of the state's population, 44% of the taxable sales, and 54% of the total wages and salaries in the state. Major employers in the County are spread across economic sectors including: mining, manufacturing, transportation, information, professional and business services, financial, education and health services, government and non-profit services. Salt Lake County's deeply developed economic sectors are one of the reasons that the state of Utah's diversity index ranked first in the country in 2018. Currently, Salt Lake Metro's -6.3% job decline was less than the U.S. decline of -12.9%. Several employment sectors surprised on the up side in May 2020: natural resources, mining and construction (up 3%), manufacturing (up 0.2%), wholesale trade (up 1.8%); information (down 3.8%); financial activities (down 4.2%), professional and business services (down 9.5%), leisure and hospitality (down 27.2%), and federal government (up 0.8%).

The best indicator of the County's consumer demand -- wages and salaries, rose 7.0% to \$41.6 billion in 2019. Depending on sources, Salt Lake County employment may fall between 2.0% and 5.4% in 2020. With average wages rising between 2% and 4%, total wages and salaries in the County are expected to fall 3.4% in 2020. In contrast, state economists recently predicted Utah wages and salaries may actually grow 1.7% in 2020.

County taxable sales rose 5.8%, 4.6%, 6.6%, 6.5% and 4.2% respectively, between 2015 and 2019. Led by gains from internet sellers, nondurable retail goods, like grocery and department stores, rose 5.1% in 2019. Durable goods, like auto, truck and home furnishings, made a near 5% gain in 2019. Following strong purchases in 2018, business investment purchase fell 3.4% in 2019. Despite the pandemic, early indications are that taxable sales unexpectedly rose 1.7% between February and April 2020.

2020 budget: These economic factors were considered in preparing the 2020 adjusted County budget. The adjusted budget included significant decreases in both revenues and expenditures as a result of the COVID-19 emergency, with a net increase to budgeted ending fund balance in the General Fund to preserve structural balance and to position the fund for economic impacts extending into 2021. Budgeted revenues in the adjusted General Fund budget are \$380.8 million and budgeted expenditures are \$376.8 million. In addition, the General Fund budget includes a recurring fund balance transfer to the Grant Programs Fund of \$26.5 million. There are \$2.7 million in fund balance transfers to debt service funds to finance scheduled debt service payments for senior centers and the Millcreek Recreation Center. Construction of the senior and recreation centers was financed from lease revenue bonds issued by the County in 2009. In addition, a \$0.8 million transfer to the UPACA/Eccles Theater Fund is planned to maintain their structural balance in the face of revenue losses from closure due to the COVID-19 emergency. Other fund balance transfers out of the General Fund total \$1.3 million, primarily to shift revenues received by the General Fund that were associated with expenses in other funds. Transfers to the General Fund from other funds are expected to total \$25.0 million in 2020.

The 2020 adjusted budget includes appropriations for \$26.5 million for debt service payments for outstanding general obligation bonded debt, \$7.9 million for debt service payments for lease revenue bonded debt, \$11.9 million for debt service payments on transportation and excise tax revenue bonds and \$17.5 million for debt service payments on sales tax revenue bonds issued by the County. The budget also includes \$2.5 million for debt service payments to the State Infrastructure Bank for a transportation related loan.

The County has budgeted for several projects funded through bonds and other sources in 2020. Several of these projects have carried over from the prior year. The most significant projects include:

- \$33.9 million for parks and recreation facilities and improvements,
- \$45.8 million for five new libraries,
- \$19.1 million for other tourism, recreation, cultural and convention (TRCC) related projects,
- \$4.2 million for construction of a new household hazardous waste facility, and
- \$3.0 million towards flood control projects.

The County also continues to focus on capital maintenance and equipment replacement and has budgeted for an additional \$40.9 million for the maintenance of facilities and other capital improvements.

Property tax rates: For 2020, the Council has adopted tax rates for county-wide funds that receive property tax revenues, adopting certified tax rates for three funds and exceeding certified tax rates for five funds. Generally, the certified tax rate is the rate necessary to generate the same property tax revenue that was budgeted the prior year plus an adjustment for new growth. The funds exceeding certified rates were the General, Flood Control, Health, Capital Improvements, and Tax Administration Levy funds. The rates were increased above certified tax rates primarily to maintain existing service levels where inflation had increased costs without a corresponding revenue increase.

The tax rate that was adopted for the General Government Debt Service Fund is the rate calculated to provide the necessary revenue to make the required debt service payments for general obligation bonds issued by the County, plus an additional amount for debt service payments on sales tax revenue bonds also issued by the County for Salt Palace improvements.

For those areas of the County served by the County library system, the Council adopted the certified rate for the Library Fund.

The Council adopted the certified tax rate in the Municipal Services Fund for tort liability levied on property located in the unincorporated areas of the County.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Darrin Casper, Salt Lake County Chief Financial Officer, at 2001 S State Street, N4-200, Salt Lake City, UT 84190 or (385) 468-7075 or DCasper@slco.org.

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

SALT LAKE COUNTY Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets:			
Cash and investments:			
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 373,816,744	\$ 965,009	\$ 374,781,753
Restricted cash and investments	110,316,467	19,829	110,336,296
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent	9,334	_	9,334
Other cash	965,699	71,900	1,037,599
Receivables:			
Taxes	88,819,164	_	88,819,164
Grants and contributions	18,304,800	_	18,304,800
Accounts	21,881,053	15,954,618	37,835,671
Revolving loans	15,111,738	_	15,111,738
Notes	37,523,054	_	37,523,054
Interest, rents, and other	22,257,298	4,430	22,261,728
Internal balances	7,415,997	(7,415,997)	_
Inventories and prepaid items	17,949,020	_	17,949,020
Investment in joint ventures	51,042,340	_	51,042,340
Capital assets:			
Land, roads, and construction in progress	301,978,884	13,391,863	315,370,747
Buildings, improvements, equipment, and other depreciable	2	,,	,,,
assets, net of accumulated depreciation	695,013,079	31,769,893	726,782,972
Total assets	1,762,404,671	54,761,545	1,817,166,216
Deferred outflows of resources:	1,702,404,071	34,701,343	1,017,100,210
Deferred outriows of resources. Deferred charges on refundings	2 941 270		2 941 270
	3,841,379	4 000 422	3,841,379
Related to pensions	83,296,197	4,900,433	88,196,630
Related to OPEB	5,312,380	349,017	5,661,397
Total deferred outflows of resources	92,449,956	5,249,450	97,699,406
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	55,841,452	1,255,231	57,096,683
Accrued expenses	77,898,726	3,681,279	81,580,005
Accrued interest	5,093,755	21,610	5,115,365
Unearned revenue	22,876,544	123,881	23,000,425
Long-term liabilities:			
Portion due or payable within one year	63,090,394	923,730	64,014,124
Portion due or payable after one year	806,058,935	16,905,751	822,964,686
Total liabilities	1,030,859,806	22,911,482	1,053,771,288
Deferred inflows of resources:	1,050,057,000	22,711,102	1,000,771,200
Related to pensions	4,985,161	293,284	5,278,445
Related to OPEB	13,101,723	860,768	13,962,491
Total deferred inflows of resources	18,086,884		
	18,080,884	1,154,052	19,240,936
Net position:	504 504 166	42 002 054	(27.4(7.22)
Net investment in capital assets	584,584,166	42,883,054	627,467,220
Restricted for:			
Transportation	118,868,634	_	118,868,634
Capital improvements	52,850,745	_	52,850,745
Convention and tourism	24,166,033	_	24,166,033
Housing and human services	20,366,475	_	20,366,475
Debt service	14,763,591	_	14,763,591
Infrastructure	4,279,138	_	4,279,138
Redevelopment	2,920,578	_	2,920,578
Drug and vice enforcement	3,045,379	_	3,045,379
Tort liability	1,585,800	_	1,585,800
Education and cultural	(3,758,544)	_	(3,758,544)
Pet care and adoption:			, , , ,
Expendable	152,312	_	152,312
Nonexpendable	1,757,216	_	1,757,216
Other purposes	(6,688,487)	866,850	(5,821,637)
Unrestricted	(12,985,098)	(7,804,443)	(20,789,541)
Total net position	\$ 805,907,938	\$ 35,945,461	\$ 841,853,399
roun net position	\$ 603,707,736	\$ 33,743,401	ψ 0+1,0 <i>33,377</i>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Program Revenue	es	_		
			Operating	Capital	Net (Expense) Re	evenue and Change	es in Net Position
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Activities / Functions	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 50,828,517	\$ 29,380,321	\$ 4,941,220	\$ 3,060,666	\$ (13,446,310)		\$ (13,446,310)
Public safety and criminal justice	202,330,526	11,956,531	13,803,325	_	(176,570,670)		(176,570,670)
Social services	182,724,510	70,927,177	50,824,645	120,000	(60,852,688)		(60,852,688)
Education, recreation, and cultural	205,147,788	49,602,653	11,718,060	1,509,875	(142,317,200)		(142,317,200)
Health and regulatory	45,544,659	14,186,730	16,044,640	_	(15,313,289)		(15,313,289)
Public works	295,807,803	683,780	18,266,449	2,655,298	(274,202,276)		(274,202,276)
Tax administration	28,420,806	214,350	_	854,814	(27,351,642)		(27,351,642)
Interest on long-term debt	18,367,287	_	_	_	(18,367,287)		(18,367,287)
Total governmental activities	1,029,171,895	176,951,542	115,598,339	8,200,653	(728,421,361)		(728,421,361)
Business-type activities:							
Golf courses	8,299,167	7,180,933	884,485	_	_	\$ (233,749)	(233,749)
Public works and other services	39,144,432	39,718,224	726,561	_	_	1,300,353	1,300,353
Total business-type activities	47,443,599	46,899,157	1,611,046	_		1,066,604	1,066,604
Total County	\$1,076,615,494	\$ 223,850,699	\$ 117,209,385	\$ 8,200,653	(728,421,361)	1,066,604	(727,354,757)
	General revenue	:					
	Taxes:						
	Property taxe	s			304,166,348	_	304,166,348
	Sales taxes				141,794,056	_	141,794,056
	Transient roo	m taxes			27,729,179	_	27,729,179
	Mass transit t	axes			286,406,611	_	286,406,611
	Tax equivaler	nt payments			15,308,105	_	15,308,105
	Cable televisi	on franchise taxes			1,228,901	_	1,228,901
	Total taxes				776,633,200		776,633,200
	Unrestricted inves	stment earnings			7,415,088	77,274	7,492,362
	Transfers				29,104	(29,104)	_
	Special item - co	ntribution of capi	tal assets to other	governments	(508,210)		(508,210)
	Total general	revenue, transfers,	and special item		783,569,182	48,170	783,617,352
	Change in net p	position			55,147,821	1,114,774	56,262,595
	Net position - be	ginning			750,760,117	34,830,687	785,590,804
	Net position - en	ding			\$ 805,907,938	\$ 35,945,461	\$ 841,853,399

		Majo	r Special Revenue	Funds	Major Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor	Total
		Grant	Transportation		General	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Programs	Preservation	TRCC	Government	Funds	Funds
Assets:							
Cash and investments:							
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 51,572,009	\$ 5,023,679	\$ 107,278,965	\$ 44,286,892	\$ 12,533,906	\$ 89,677,730	\$ 310,373,181
Restricted cash and investments	11,887,999					98,426,545	110,314,544
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent	2,469	261	3,372	3,232	_	· · ·	9,334
Other cash	159,880	18,250	_	578,118	_	97,477	853,725
Receivables:							
Taxes	18,225,991	_	52,038,515	10,369,886	793,779	7,390,993	88,819,164
Grants and contributions	3,819,750	10,558,482	_	_	_	3,926,568	18,304,800
Accounts	3,648,861	8,872,609	3,393,701	1,556,764	_	3,244,062	20,715,997
Revolving loans	_	15,111,738	_	_	_	_	15,111,738
Notes	_	_	7,750,000	337,500	_	29,435,554	37,523,054
Interest, rents, and other	1,834,005	4,203	15,000,007	647,054	_	493,392	17,978,661
Due from other funds	28,954,315	_		_	_	4,454,756	33,409,071
Inventories and prepaid items	540,912	15,699,097	_	70,589	_	225,496	16,536,094
Total assets	\$120,646,191	\$ 55,288,319	\$ 185,464,560	\$ 57,850,035	\$ 13,327,685	\$ 237,372,573	\$ 669,949,363
Liabilities:	Ψ120,040,191	ψ 33,200,319	Ψ 105,404,500	ψ 57,030,033	Ψ 13,321,003	Ψ 231,312,313	Ψ 007,747,303
	¢ (014041	e 2.024.750	e 17.001.20 <i>c</i>	e 2506.044	¢.	e 22.021.612	e 52.250.542
Accounts payable	\$ 6,814,841	\$ 2,924,758	\$ 17,091,386	\$ 2,596,944	\$ —	\$ 23,931,613	\$ 53,359,542
Accrued expenditures	10,057,151	5,122,872	49,501,168	3,269,328	_	8,535,377	76,485,896
Due to other funds		7,843,082	_	2.560.041	_	18,149,992	25,993,074
Unearned revenue	2,431,717	16,653,220		3,568,041		223,566	22,876,544
Total liabilities	19,303,709	32,543,932	66,592,554	9,434,313	_	50,840,548	178,715,056
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable property tax revenue	3,686,262	_	_	_	704,558	2,173,250	6,564,070
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Revolving loans	_	15,111,738	_	_	_	_	15,111,738
Inventories and prepaid items	540,912	_	_	70,589	_	225,496	836,997
Endowment-Boyce pet adoption	_	_	_	_	_	1,637,510	1,637,510
Endowment-FACES pet care	_	_	_	_	_	119,706	119,706
Restricted for:							
Drug and vice enforcement	3,045,379	_	_	_	_	_	3,045,379
Debt service	2,469	261	3,372	3,232	12,623,127	10,302,694	22,935,155
Housing and human services	11,987,452	4,537,690	_	_	_	2,944,431	19,469,573
Transportation	_	_	118,868,634	_	_	_	118,868,634
Convention and tourism	_	_	_	26,652,399	_	_	26,652,399
Municipal services	_	_	_	_	_	569,324	569,324
Tort liability	_	_	_	_	_	1,585,800	1,585,800
Capital improvements	_	_	_	_	_	128,537,529	128,537,529
Infrastructure	_	_	_	_	_	4,279,138	4,279,138
Libraries	_	_	_	_	_	14,987,071	14,987,071
Tax administration	_	_	_	_	_	5,918,635	5,918,635
Health	_	_	_	_	_	5,484,780	5,484,780
Education and cultural	_	_	_	_	_	3,317,239	3,317,239
Redevelopment	_	_	_	_	_	2,920,578	2,920,578
Other purposes	1,467,867	_	_	38,456	_	159,804	1,666,127
Committed to:							
Contractual obligations	6,824,235	300,238	_	8,297,313	_	_	15,421,786
Compensated absences	2,602,192	436,844	_	71,179	_	1,369,040	4,479,255
Other purposes	75,855	150,000	_	441,252	_	_	667,107
Assigned to:	•	-		•			-
Governmental immunity and tax refunds	5,452,894	_	_	_	_	_	5,452,894
Convention and tourism	· · · · —	_	_	12,841,302	_	_	12,841,302
Other purposes	127,318	2,207,616	_		_	_	2,334,934
Unassigned	65,529,647	_	_	_	_	_	65,529,647
Total fund balances	97,656,220	22,744,387	118,872,006	48,415,722	12,623,127	184,358,775	484,670,237
	91,030,220	22,744,307	110,072,000	70,713,722	12,023,127	107,330,773	707,070,237
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$120,646,191	\$ 55,288,319	\$ 185,464,560	\$ 57,850,035	\$ 13,327,685	\$ 237,372,573	\$ 669,949,363

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds			\$ 484,670,237
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fur	nds.		
Those assets consist of:			
Land	\$	216,976,192	
Infrastructure (roads)		18,140,024	
Construction in progress		66,780,955	
Buildings, net of accumulated depreciation of \$453,460,617		515,329,948	
Improvements other than buildings, net of accumulated depreciation of \$53,365,472		100,852,604	
Leasehold improvements, net of accumulated depreciation of \$8,518,698		5,594,157	
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$36,841,771		21,485,382	
Infrastructure (bridges and flood control), net of accumulated depreciation of \$15,154,892		23,831,115	968,990,377
The County's equity interests in its governmental joint ventures are not reported in the governmental funds.			51,042,340
Some of the County's property taxes and special assessments will be collected after year-end, but are not available pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the fun		oon enough to	6,564,070
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The a of the internal service funds are included with governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net service funds is:			68,259,119
Long-term liabilities and related accounts that pertain to governmental funds, including bonds payable, are not the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. All liabilities, net of premiums, are reported in the position.	t due a	and payable in ement of net	
General obligation bonds, net of unamortized premiums of \$18,028,893		(190,233,893)	
Sales tax revenue bonds, net of unamortized premiums of \$10,636,018		(172,967,266)	
Lease revenue bonds, net of unamortized premiums of \$3,687,639		(70,257,793)	
Transportation and excise tax revenue bonds, net of unamortized premiums of \$3,736,485		(85,386,485)	
Deferred amount on refundings, net of accumulated amortization of \$8,613,605		3,841,379	
Accrued interest on bonds		(5,036,795)	
Obligations under capital leases		(245,070)	
Notes payable		(78,835,394)	
Claims and judgments payable		(3,000,000)	
Compensated absences payable, net of receivable from other governments of \$556,931		(21,456,801)	
Net pension liability, net of receivable from other governments of \$1,041,877		(130,460,333)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		80,353,509	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(4,809,045)	
Net OPEB liability, net of receivable from other governments of \$1,623,357		(87,587,912)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		5,139,808	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(12,676,115)	(773,618,205)
Total net position - governmental activities		<u> </u>	\$ 805,907,938

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2019

Revenue						Major Debt Service		
Revenues: Fragmany Program Processor TRCC Generation Facility Production Transcer 1517,890,522 \$ 22,775,118 \$ 0 \$ 2,831,540 \$ 9,512,150 \$ 30,112,312 Sales taxes 75,405,802 2-0 2-0 42,451,908 2 22,792,179 Amount of the production of the product			Major	Special Revenue	e Funds	Fund	Nonmajor	Total
Property taxes			Grant	Transportation		General	Governmental	Governmental
Property taxes		General	Programs	Preservation	TRCC	Government	Funds	Funds
Property taxes	Revenues:							
Sales taxes 75,405,802 — 42,451,908 — 23,936,346 141,794,056 Transcint rioun taxes — — 27,729,179 — — 27,729,179 Mass transit taxes — 286,164,725 — — 241,886 286,066,121 Tax equivalent payments 8,542,229 — — 1,550,744 5,215,102 15,381,00 Total taxes 241,847,613 22,775,118 286,164,725 70,181,087 29,866,236 122,549,01 1228,901 Licenses and permits 2,317,786 — 411,236 — 9,750,550 12,479,577 Fines and forfeitures 1,253,087 — 411,233 — 1,049,888 2,302,978 Charges for services 38,055,573 67,243,976 — 20,693,268 — 7,601,996 133,594,81 Interest, rents, and other 8,448,573 335,014 2,671,696 3,20,117 600,612 7,488,467 22,704,755 Interest, rents, and other 8,448,573 335,014 2,671,5	Taxes:							
Transient room taxes — — 27,729,179 — — 277,29,179 Mass transit taxes — — 286,164,725 — — 241,886 28,646,215 28,046,61,725 — — 241,80,125 28,048,165,102 13,08,101 13,08,101 13,08,101 13,08,101 13,08,101 12,28,001 12,49,451 12,49,451 12,49,451 12,49,451 12,49,451 12,49,451 12,49,451 12,49,451 12,49,451 11,49,41 12,21,41,551 <	Property taxes	\$157,899,552	\$ 22,775,118	\$ —		\$ 28,315,492	\$ 95,122,150	\$ 304,112,312
Mas transit taxes — 286,164,725 — — — 2.0 2.0 2.1,550,74 2.15,102 15,308,105 Total taxes 241,847,613 22,775,118 286,164,725 70,181,087 29,866,236 125,744,385 70,757,916 Licenses and permits 2,317,786 — — 411,236 — 9,750,550 12,479,577 Fines and forfeitures 1,253,087 — — 411,236 — 9,750,550 12,479,577 Fines and forfeitures 1,253,087 — — 20,693,268 — 1,049,888 2,302,977 Charges for services 38,055,573 335,014 2,671,569 3,210,517 600,612 7,481,467 22,744,575 Interest, rents, and other 8,448,573 335,014 2,671,569 3,210,517 600,624 7,483,467 227,40,575 Total revenues 26,105,52 1,328,870 — 60,326 — 813,024,20 227,40,575 Total revenues 26,105,52 1,228,870 — — <td>Sales taxes</td> <td>75,405,802</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>23,936,346</td> <td>141,794,056</td>	Sales taxes	75,405,802	_	_		_	23,936,346	141,794,056
Tax equivalent payments	Transient room taxes	_	_	_	27,729,179	_	_	27,729,179
Cable television franchise taxes 241,847,613 22,75,118 286,164,725 70,181,087 29,866,236 12,28,901 1,228,901 Total taxes 241,847,613 22,775,118 286,164,725 70,181,087 29,866,236 125,744,385 776,579,165 12,479,577 Fines and forfeitures 1,253,087 - - - - 1,049,888 2,302,977 Grants and contributions 24,296,951 46,968,053 2,687,811 1,311,323 - 35,030,040 110,294,173 Charges for services 38,055,573 67,243,976 - 20,693,268 - 760,1996 333,594,81 Interest, rents, and other 48,48,573 335,014 2,671,569 3,210,517 600,612 7,438,467 2,2704,755 Interfund charges 26,510,552 1,328,870 - 60,326 - 831,130 28,730,877 Total revenues 26,510,552 1,328,870 - - 60,326 - 831,130 28,748,267 27,904,755 18,744,645 10,86,686,332		_	_	286,164,725	_	_	241,886	286,406,611
Total taxes	Tax equivalent payments	8,542,259	_	_	_	1,550,744	5,215,102	15,308,105
Clicenses and permits	Cable television franchise taxes						1,228,901	1,228,901
Fines and forfeitures	Total taxes	241,847,613	22,775,118	286,164,725	70,181,087	29,866,236	125,744,385	776,579,164
Grants and contributions 24,296,951 46,968,053 2,687,811 1,311,323 — 35,030,040 110,294,178 Charges for services 38,055,573 67,243,976 — 20,693,268 — 7,601,996 133,594,813 Interest, rents, and other 8,448,573 335,014 2,671,569 3,210,517 600,612 7,438,467 22,704,757 Interfund charges 2,6510,552 1,328,870 — 60,326 — 831,130 22,704,757 Total revenues 342,730,135 138,651,031 291,524,105 95,867,757 30,466,848 187,446,456 1,086,686,337 Expenditures: Current: General government 55,400,032 — 9 — 9 — 9 42,466 192,666,544 Social services 12,902,661 169,970,859 — 9 — 9 42,466 192,666,544 Social services 12,902,661 169,970,859 — 9 — 9 43,004,760 43,004,760 41,045 192,666,544 192,666,544 192,666,544 192,666,544 192,666,544 </td <td>Licenses and permits</td> <td>2,317,786</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>411,236</td> <td>_</td> <td>9,750,550</td> <td>12,479,572</td>	Licenses and permits	2,317,786	_	_	411,236	_	9,750,550	12,479,572
Charges for services 38,055,573 67,243,976 2,6693,268 7,601,966 133,594,812 Interest, rents, and other 8,448,573 335,014 2,671,569 3,210,517 600,612 7,438,467 22,704,755 Interfund charges 26,510,552 1,328,870 60,326 60,326 831,130 22,8730,878 Total revenues 342,730,135 138,651,031 291,524,105 95,867,575 30,466,848 187,446,456 1,086,863,378 Expenditures:	Fines and forfeitures	1,253,087	_	_	_	_	1,049,888	2,302,975
Interest, rents, and other		24,296,951	46,968,053	2,687,811		_	35,030,040	110,294,178
Interfund charges 26,510,552 1,328,870 60,326 831,130 28,730,878 Total revenues 342,730,135 138,651,031 291,524,105 95,867,757 30,466,848 187,446,456 1,086,686,332 Expenditures:	Charges for services	38,055,573	67,243,976	_	20,693,268	_	7,601,996	133,594,813
Total revenues 342,730,135 138,651,031 291,524,105 95,867,757 30,466,848 187,446,456 1,086,686,332 Expenditures: Current: Sepandity of the properties of the properti	Interest, rents, and other	8,448,573	335,014	2,671,569	3,210,517	600,612	7,438,467	22,704,752
Current Current Current St,400,032	Interfund charges	26,510,552	1,328,870		60,326		831,130	28,730,878
Current: General government 55,400,032 — — — — 55,400,032 Public safety and criminal justice 192,624,080 — — — — 42,466 192,666,544 Social services 12,902,661 169,970,859 — — — 3,932 182,877,452 Education, recreation, and cultural 49,772,565 — — 60,646,798 — 65,681,089 176,100,452 Health and regulatory — — — 43,004,760 43,004,760 43,004,760 43,004,760 43,004,760 43,004,760 295,487,832 Tax administration — — — — — 20,790,310 295,487,832 Tax administration — — — — — 20,790,310 295,487,832 Debt service: — — — — 78,167,559 78,652,549 Debt service: Principal retirement 3,098,893 203,969 3,183,640 4,875,929 22,115,000 12,363,851	Total revenues	342,730,135	138,651,031	291,524,105	95,867,757	30,466,848	187,446,456	1,086,686,332
General government 55,400,032 — — — — 55,400,032 Public safety and criminal justice 192,624,080 — — — — 42,466 192,666,546 Social services 12,902,661 169,970,859 — — — 3,332 182,877,452 Education, recreation, and cultural 49,772,565 — — 60,646,798 — 65,681,089 176,100,452 Health and regulatory — — — 60,646,798 — 65,681,089 176,100,452 Public works — — — — — 43,004,760 43,004,760 43,004,760 43,004,760 43,004,760 295,487,832 Tax administration — — — — — — 274,697,522 — — 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506	Expenditures:							
Public safety and criminal justice 192,624,080 — — — — 42,466 192,665,546 Social services 12,902,661 169,970,859 — — — 3,932 182,877,452 Education, recreation, and cultural 49,772,565 — — 60,646,798 — 65,681,089 176,100,452 Health and regulatory — — 274,697,522 — — 43,004,760 43,004,760 43,004,760 275,064,70 <td>Current:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current:							
Social services 12,902,661 169,970,859 — — — 3,932 182,877,452 Education, recreation, and cultural 49,772,565 — — 60,646,798 — 65,681,089 176,100,452 Health and regulatory — — 274,697,522 — — 43,004,760 43,004,760 Public works — — 274,697,522 — — 20,790,310 295,487,832 Tax administration — — — — — 27,506,470 22,115,000 12,363,851 45,841,282 45,841,282 45,841,282 45,841,282	General government	55,400,032	_	_	_	_	_	55,400,032
Education, recreation, and cultural 49,772,565 — — 60,646,798 — 65,681,089 176,100,452 Health and regulatory — — 274,697,522 — — 20,790,310 295,487,832 Tax administration — — — — — 27,506,470 28,652,549 22,115,000 12,363,851 45,841,282 45,841,282 45,841,282 45,841,282 45,841,282 45,841,282 45,841,282 45,841,282 45,841,282 45,841,282 45,841,282 45,841,282 45	Public safety and criminal justice	192,624,080	_	_	_	_	42,466	192,666,546
Health and regulatory — — — — 43,004,760 43,004,760 Public works — 274,697,522 — — 20,790,310 295,487,832 Tax administration — — — — 27,506,470 27,150,412 28,512,428 22,115,000 23,305,000 23,855,012 23,855,017 23,855,000 23,855,000 23,205,000	Social services	12,902,661	169,970,859	_	_	_	3,932	182,877,452
Public works — — 274,697,522 — — 20,790,310 295,487,832 Tax administration — — — — 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 27,506,470 78,167,559 78,652,549	Education, recreation, and cultural	49,772,565	_	_	60,646,798	_	65,681,089	176,100,452
Tax administration — — — — — 27,506,470 27,506,470 Capital outlay 484,990 — — — — 78,167,559 78,652,548 Debt service: Principal retirement 3,098,893 203,969 3,183,640 4,875,929 22,115,000 12,363,851 45,841,282 Interest 2,391,976 182,831 2,143,010 3,325,024 6,539,745 6,396,580 20,979,166 Total expenditures 316,675,197 170,357,659 280,024,172 68,847,751 28,654,745 253,957,017 1,118,516,541 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 26,054,938 (31,706,628) 11,499,933 27,020,006 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 241,505 — — — 85,835 327,340 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — — — (32,050,000) — 57,455,000 57,455,000 <	Health and regulatory	_	_	_	_	_	43,004,760	43,004,760
Capital outlay 484,990 — — — — 78,167,559 78,652,549 Debt service: Principal retirement 3,098,893 203,969 3,183,640 4,875,929 22,115,000 12,363,851 45,841,282 Interest 2,391,976 182,831 2,143,010 3,325,024 6,539,745 6,396,580 20,979,160 Total expenditures 316,675,197 170,357,659 280,024,172 68,847,751 28,654,745 253,957,017 1,118,516,541 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 26,054,938 (31,706,628) 11,499,933 27,020,006 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209 Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 241,505 — — — 85,835 327,344 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — — — — 57,455,000 57,455,000 Issuance of bonds — — — — — 57,455,000 57,455,000 Premium on bonds issued	Public works	_	_	274,697,522	_	_	20,790,310	295,487,832
Debt service: Principal retirement 3,098,893 203,969 3,183,640 4,875,929 22,115,000 12,363,851 45,841,282 Interest 2,391,976 182,831 2,143,010 3,325,024 6,539,745 6,396,580 20,979,166 Total expenditures 316,675,197 170,357,659 280,024,172 68,847,751 28,654,745 253,957,017 1,118,516,541 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 26,054,938 (31,706,628) 11,499,933 27,020,006 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,205) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 241,505 — — — — 85,835 327,340 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — — — — (32,050,000) — (32,050,000) Issuance of bonds — — — — — 57,455,000 57,455,000 Premium on bonds issued — — — — — — 10,256,914 10,256,914 Issuance of	Tax administration	_	_	_	_	_	27,506,470	27,506,470
Principal retirement 3,098,893 203,969 3,183,640 4,875,929 22,115,000 12,363,851 45,841,282 Interest 2,391,976 182,831 2,143,010 3,325,024 6,539,745 6,396,580 20,979,166 Total expenditures 316,675,197 170,357,659 280,024,172 68,847,751 28,654,745 253,957,017 1,118,516,541 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 26,054,938 (31,706,628) 11,499,933 27,020,006 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209 Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 241,505 — — — — 85,835 327,340 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — — — — — 57,455,000 57,455,000 57,455,000 57,455,000 57,455,000 57,455,000 57,455,000 57,455,000 14,137,500 14,935,130 14,935,130 — — — — 14,137,500 14,935,130 14,935,130 — — — — 33,595,60 <td>Capital outlay</td> <td>484,990</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>78,167,559</td> <td>78,652,549</td>	Capital outlay	484,990	_	_	_	_	78,167,559	78,652,549
Interest 2,391,976 182,831 2,143,010 3,325,024 6,539,745 6,396,580 20,979,166 Total expenditures 316,675,197 170,357,659 280,024,172 68,847,751 28,654,745 253,957,017 1,118,516,541 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 26,054,938 (31,706,628) 11,499,933 27,020,006 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209 Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 241,505 — — — — 85,835 327,340 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — — — (32,050,000) — (32,050,000) — (32,050,000) — 57,455,000 57,455,000 57,455,000 57,455,000 57,455,000 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,2	Debt service:							
Total expenditures 316,675,197 170,357,659 280,024,172 68,847,751 28,654,745 253,957,017 1,118,516,541 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 26,054,938 (31,706,628) 11,499,933 27,020,006 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209, 11,499,933 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209, 11,499,933 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209, 11,499,933 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209, 11,499,933 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209, 11,499,933 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209, 11,499,933 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209, 11,499,933 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209, 11,499,933 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209,103 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209,103 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209,103 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209,103 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,83	Principal retirement	3,098,893	203,969	3,183,640	4,875,929	22,115,000	12,363,851	45,841,282
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 26,054,938 (31,706,628) 11,499,933 27,020,006 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,209 Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 241,505 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Interest	2,391,976	182,831	2,143,010	3,325,024	6,539,745	6,396,580	20,979,166
over (under) expenditures 26,054,938 (31,706,628) 11,499,933 27,020,006 1,812,103 (66,510,561) (31,830,205) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 241,505 — — — — 85,835 327,340 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — — — — (32,050,000) — (32,050,000) Issuance of bonds — — — — 57,455,000 57,455,000 Premium on bonds issued — — — — — 10,256,914 10,256,914 Issuance of notes payable 797,630 — — — — 14,137,500 14,935,130 Transfers in 20,664,000 29,612,000 — 33,319,576 — 39,591,805 93,187,381	Total expenditures	316,675,197	170,357,659	280,024,172	68,847,751	28,654,745	253,957,017	1,118,516,541
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 241,505 — — — 85,835 327,340 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — — — (32,050,000) — (32,050,000) Issuance of bonds — — — — 57,455,000 57,455,000 Premium on bonds issued — — — — 10,256,914 10,256,914 Issuance of notes payable 797,630 — — — 14,137,500 14,935,130 Transfers in 20,664,000 29,612,000 — 3,319,576 — 39,591,805 93,187,381	Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets 241,505 — — — — 85,835 327,340 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — — — — (32,050,000) — (32,050,000) Issuance of bonds — — — — 57,455,000 57,455,000 Premium on bonds issued — — — — — 10,256,914 10,256,914 Issuance of notes payable 797,630 — — — — 14,137,500 14,935,130 Transfers in 20,664,000 29,612,000 — 3,319,576 — 39,591,805 93,187,381	over (under) expenditures	26,054,938	(31,706,628)	11,499,933	27,020,006	1,812,103	(66,510,561)	(31,830,209)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — — — — (32,050,000) — (32,050,000) Issuance of bonds — — — — 57,455,000 57,455,000 57,455,000 57,455,000 57,455,000 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 10,256,914 13,315,730 14,935,130<	Other financing sources (uses):							
Issuance of bonds — — — — 57,455,000 57,455,000 Premium on bonds issued — — — — — 10,256,914 10,256,914 Issuance of notes payable 797,630 — — — — 14,137,500 14,935,130 Transfers in 20,664,000 29,612,000 — 3,319,576 — 39,591,805 93,187,381	Proceeds from sale of capital assets	241,505	_	_	_	_	85,835	327,340
Premium on bonds issued — — — — 10,256,914 10,256,914 Issuance of notes payable 797,630 — — — — 14,137,500 14,935,130 Transfers in 20,664,000 29,612,000 — 3,319,576 — 39,591,805 93,187,381	Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	_	_	_	_	(32,050,000)	_	(32,050,000)
Issuance of notes payable 797,630 — — — — 14,137,500 14,935,130 Transfers in 20,664,000 29,612,000 — 3,319,576 — 39,591,805 93,187,381	Issuance of bonds	_	_	_	_	_	57,455,000	57,455,000
Issuance of notes payable 797,630 — — — — 14,137,500 14,935,130 Transfers in 20,664,000 29,612,000 — 3,319,576 — 39,591,805 93,187,381	Premium on bonds issued	_	_	_	_	_	10,256,914	10,256,914
Transfers in 20,664,000 29,612,000 — 3,319,576 — 39,591,805 93,187,381	Issuance of notes payable	797,630	_	_	_	_	14,137,500	14,935,130
	* *	20,664,000	29,612,000	_	3,319,576	_		93,187,381
Transfers out $(34,948,719)$ — $(29,418,322)$ $(3,000,000)$ $(25,402,535)$ $(92,769,576)$	Transfers out	(34,948,719)	· · · —	_	(29,418,322)	(3,000,000)	(25,402,535)	(92,769,576)
			29,612,000					51,342,189
								19,511,980
Fund balances - beginning 84,846,866 24,839,015 107,372,073 47,494,462 45,861,024 154,744,817 465,158,257	Fund balances - beginning	84,846,866	24,839,015	107,372,073	47,494,462	45,861,024	154,744,817	465,158,257
Fund balances - ending \$ 97,656,220 \$ 22,744,387 \$ 118,872,006 \$ 48,415,722 \$ 12,623,127 \$ 184,358,775 \$ 484,670,237	Fund balances - ending	\$ 97,656,220	\$ 22,744,387	\$ 118,872,006	\$ 48,415,722	\$ 12,623,127	\$ 184,358,775	\$ 484,670,237

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2019

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	:	\$ 19,511,980
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different be	ecause:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, capital depreciated over their useful lives. Contributions of capital assets to other governments decrease net position but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not current financial resources.		
Capital outlay	\$ 72,283,974	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(327,340)	
Contribution of capital assets from others	6,845,653	
Contribution of capital assets to other governments	(508,210)	
Loss on sales and disposals of capital assets	(2,734,667)	
Depreciation expense	(35,970,589)	39,588,821
Certain revenues (property taxes and special assessments) that are collected several months after the Coun considered as available revenues in the governmental funds and are, instead, counted as deferred inflows or recorded as revenues in the statement of activities in the year for which they are levied.		53,827
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds by issuing debt which increases statement of net position. Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment in the statement of net position.		
Bonds issued	(57,455,000)	
Premiums on bonds issued	(10,256,914)	
Accrued interest	(348,771)	
Proceeds from notes payable	(14,935,130)	
Principal retirement of bonds, notes, and obligations under capital leases	77,891,282	
Amortization of bond premiums	5,611,848	
Amortization of deferred amounts on refundings	(1,022,877)	(515,562)
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses for compensated absences (unpaid vacation and s other postemployment benefits (OPEB), and other long-term obligations are recorded as costs are incurred governmental funds, these obligations are recorded when they mature or when they are paid. Changes in the are reflected in expense as follows:	d during the year. In the	
Compensated absence expense	(1,666,955)	
Pension expense	(6,649,928)	
OPEB expense	(1,393,493)	(9,710,376)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	The net revenue (expense) of	5,716,744
In the statement of activities, distributions received from joint ventures are reported as decreases in the go interest in the joint ventures. Also, the net revenue (expense) of joint ventures is reported with governmen		502,387
Change in net position - governmental activities	-	\$ 55,147,821

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgeted Amounts		Actual on a Budgetary		Variance with	
			Final	Basis	Final Budget		
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$	157,025,089	\$	156,154,451	\$ 157,899,552	\$	1,745,101
Sales taxes		74,742,100		74,801,200	75,405,802		604,602
Tax equivalent payments		8,907,500		8,032,700	8,542,259		509,559
Total taxes		240,674,689		238,988,351	241,847,613		2,859,262
Licenses and permits		2,348,379		2,336,763	2,317,786		(18,977)
Fines and forfeitures		1,351,000		1,351,000	1,253,087		(97,913)
Grants and contributions		19,361,766		21,506,004	24,296,951		2,790,947
Charges for services		36,376,022		41,174,722	38,055,573		(3,119,149)
Interest, rents, and other		5,924,295		6,094,754	8,448,573		2,353,819
Interfund charges		46,505,119		47,115,788	 44,729,199		(2,386,589)
Total revenues		352,541,270		358,567,382	360,948,782		2,381,400
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		63,510,489		65,051,896	59,933,722		5,118,174
Public safety and criminal justice		220,101,739		221,355,413	202,781,323		18,574,090
Social services		15,316,565		15,864,747	14,132,703		1,732,044
Education, recreation, and cultural		55,376,004		55,994,977	54,203,567		1,791,410
Capital outlay		140,328		1,222,513	487,118		735,395
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		2,830,013		3,106,780	3,098,893		7,887
Interest		2,391,977		2,391,977	2,391,976		1
Total expenditures		359,667,115		364,988,303	337,029,302		27,959,001
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(7,125,845)		(6,420,921)	23,919,480		30,340,401
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		_		_	241,505		241,505
Issuance of notes payable		_		797,630	797,630		_
Transfers in		21,894,000		21,764,000	20,664,000		(1,100,000)
Transfers out		(37,371,719)		(36,048,719)	(36,048,719)		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		(15,477,719)		(13,487,089)	(14,345,584)		(858,495)
Net change in fund balance		(22,603,564)		(19,908,010)	9,573,896		29,481,906
Fund balances - beginning		61,970,000		62,295,350	78,921,854		16,626,504
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year	_		_		301,382		301,382
Fund balances - ending	\$	39,366,436	\$	42,387,340	\$ 88,797,132	\$	46,409,792

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis Grant Programs Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgeted	ounts	Actual on a Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget		
		Original						Final
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	20,577,951	\$	26,571,576	\$	22,775,118	\$	(3,796,458)
Grants and contributions		45,664,298		47,593,075		46,968,053		(625,022)
Charges for services		76,024,170		74,105,191		67,243,976		(6,861,215)
Interest, rents, and other		325,830		325,830		335,014		9,184
Interfund charges		1,295,245		1,276,626		1,328,870		52,244
Total revenues		143,887,494		149,872,298		138,651,031		(11,221,267)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Social services		177,590,943		183,451,131		169,819,491		13,631,640
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		203,969		203,969		203,969		_
Interest		182,831		182,831		182,831		_
Total expenditures		177,977,743		183,837,931		170,206,291		13,631,640
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	(34,090,249)		(33,965,633)		(31,555,260)		2,410,373
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		30,830,000		29,612,000		29,612,000		_
Net change in fund balances		(3,260,249)		(4,353,633)		(1,943,260)		2,410,373
Fund balances - beginning		5,330,000		7,250,835		24,360,161		17,109,326
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		_		_		2,901		2,901
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,069,751	\$	2,897,202	\$	22,419,802	\$	19,522,600

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis Transportation Preservation Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual on a Budgetary		Variance with		
	Original		Final		Basis			inal Budget
Revenues:								
Mass transit taxes	\$	295,979,094	\$	308,959,583	\$	286,164,725	\$	(22,794,858)
Grants and contributions		2,441,630		2,441,630		2,687,811		246,181
Interest, rents, and other		203,100		203,100		2,671,569		2,468,469
Total revenues		298,623,824		311,604,313		291,524,105		(20,080,208)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public works		280,919,439		328,391,373		293,977,549		34,413,824
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		1,475,000		3,183,640		3,183,640		_
Interest		1,451,650		2,143,010		2,143,010		_
Total expenditures		283,846,089		333,718,023		299,304,199		34,413,824
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures / net change in fund balances		14,777,735		(22,113,710)		(7,780,094)		14,333,616
Fund balances - beginning		31,603,000		63,028,155		63,046,496		18,341
Fund balances - ending	\$	46,380,735	\$	40,914,445	\$	55,266,402	\$	14,351,957

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted	Amoi	ınts	Actual on a Budgetary	Variance With		
	Original	11110	Final	Basis		Final Budget	
Revenues:							
Sales taxes	\$ 42,300,000	\$	42,500,000	\$ 42,451,908	\$	(48,092)	
Transient room taxes	28,595,000		28,360,000	27,729,179		(630,821)	
Licenses and permits	223,016		223,016	411,236		188,220	
Grants and contributions	5,000,000		1,435,000	1,311,323		(123,677)	
Charges for services	16,551,919		17,201,063	20,693,268		3,492,205	
Interest, rents, and other	1,668,416		2,426,200	3,210,517		784,317	
Interfund charges	_		3,810,789	60,326		(3,750,463)	
Total revenues	94,338,351		95,956,068	95,867,757		(88,311)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Education, recreation, and cultural	86,522,026		84,224,060	64,961,775		19,262,285	
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	4,853,019		4,853,019	4,875,929		(22,910)	
Interest	3,325,026		3,325,026	3,325,024		2	
Other charges	 7,500		7,500	3,850		3,650	
Total expenditures	94,707,571		92,409,605	73,166,578		19,243,027	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (369,220)		3,546,463	22,701,179		19,154,716	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	3,600,000		3,600,000	_		(3,600,000)	
Transfers in	20,452,386		20,504,762	3,319,576		(17,185,186)	
Transfers out	 (46,533,508)		(46,603,508)	(46,603,508)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(22,481,122)		(22,498,746)	(43,283,932)		(20,785,186)	
Net change in fund balances	 (22,850,342)		(18,952,283)	(20,582,753)		(1,630,470)	
Fund balances - beginning	33,256,913		31,048,858	30,648,266		(400,592)	
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year	 			43,023		43,023	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 10,406,571	\$	12,096,575	\$ 10,108,536	\$	(1,988,039)	

December 31, 2019		Enterprise Funds		
		Public Works		Internal
	Golf	and Other		Service
	Courses	Services	Total	Funds
Assets:				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments:				
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 965,009	\$ —	\$ 965,009	\$ 63,443,563
Restricted cash and investments	_	19,829	19,829	1,923
Other cash	61,000	10,900	71,900	111,974
Receivables:				
Accounts	_	15,954,618	15,954,618	1,165,056
Interest, rents, and other	-	4,430	4,430	1,056,472
Inventories and prepaid items				1,412,926
Total current assets	1,026,009	15,989,777	17,015,786	67,191,914
Capital assets:				
Land	11,495,140	885,997	12,381,137	_
Construction in progress	_	1,010,726	1,010,726	81,713
Buildings	7,904,347	10,760,605	18,664,952	10,073,605
Improvements other than buildings	26,274,531	1,484,151	27,758,682	737,665
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	5,820,788	3,604,297	9,425,085	45,447,861
Accumulated depreciation	(18,303,071)	(5,775,755)	(24,078,826)	(28,339,258)
Net capital assets	33,191,735	11,970,021	45,161,756	28,001,586
Total assets	34,217,744	27,959,798	62,177,542	95,193,500
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Related to pensions	927,985	3,972,448	4,900,433	2,942,688
Related to OPEB	81,279	267,738	349,017	172,572
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,009,264			
	1,009,204	4,240,186	5,249,450	3,115,260
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	120,577	1,134,654	1,255,231	2,481,910
Accrued expenses	151,453	3,529,826	3,681,279	1,412,830
Accrued interest	_	21,610	21,610	56,960
Due to other funds	-	7,415,997	7,415,997	_
Unearned revenue Sales tax revenue bonds payable	_	123,881 31,263	123,881 31,263	387,912
Lease revenue bonds payable	_	145,200	145,200	367,912
Notes payable	_	74,304	143,200	74,304
Compensated absences payable	181,008	566,259	747,267	441,294
Claims and judgments payable	101,000	300,239	747,207	5,790,392
	472.000	40.00.00	42.424.520	
Total current liabilities	453,038	12,968,690	13,421,728	10,645,602
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Sales tax revenue bonds payable	_	759,224	759,224	7,230,626
Lease revenue bonds payable	_	1,321,405	1,321,405	_
Notes payable			_	78,018
Compensated absences payable	181,008	566,259	747,267	441,294
Claims and judgments payable		_		3,241,193
Net pension liability	1,518,892	6,501,104	8,019,996	4,815,853
Net OPEB liability	1,410,750	4,647,110	6,057,860	2,995,331
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,110,650	13,795,102	16,905,752	18,802,315
Total liabilities	3,563,687	26,763,792	30,327,479	29,447,917
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Related to pensions	55,539	237,745	293,284	176,116
Related to OPEB	200,455	660,313	860,768	425,608
Total deferred inflows of resources	255,994	898,058	1,154,052	601,724
Net position:	255,554	0,0,000	1,101,002	001,724
Net position: Net investment in capital assets	33,191,735	9,691,319	42,883,054	20,328,011
Restricted for animal services	33,171,/33	866,850	42,885,034 866,850	20,320,011
Unrestricted Unrestricted	(1,784,408)	(6,020,035)	(7,804,443)	47,931,108
Total net position	\$ 31,407,327	\$ 4,538,134	\$ 35,945,461	\$ 68,259,119

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Proprietary Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2019

Interfund charges — 2,898,038 2,898,038 33,41 Health and life insurance premiums — — — — 44,09 Total operating revenues 7,180,933 39,436,738 46,617,671 86,15 Operating expenses: Salaries, wages, and benefits 4,305,655 16,039,594 20,345,249 12,41 Materials, supplies, and services 2,966,049 19,707,400 22,673,449 64,57 Indirect costs 343,802 2,943,927 3,287,729 2,26 Depreciation 723,372 536,034 1,259,406 2,95 Total operating expenses 8,338,878 39,226,955 47,565,833 82,20 Operating income (loss) (1,157,945) 209,783 (948,162) 3,94 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 4,305,655 16,039,594 20,345,249 12,41	ce
Operating revenues: Courses Services Total Funds Charges for services \$ 7,180,933 \$ 36,538,700 \$ 43,719,633 \$ 8,653,740 Interfund charges — 2,898,038 2,898,038 33,414 Health and life insurance premiums — — — — 44,00 Total operating revenues 7,180,933 39,436,738 46,617,671 86,15 Operating expenses: Salaries, wages, and benefits 4,305,655 16,039,594 20,345,249 12,41 Materials, supplies, and services 2,966,049 19,707,400 22,673,449 64,57 Indirect costs 343,802 2,943,927 3,287,729 2,26 Depreciation 723,372 536,034 1,259,406 2,95 Total operating expenses 8,338,878 39,226,955 47,565,833 82,20 Operating income (loss) (1,157,945) 209,783 (948,162) 3,94	554,386 -11,772 -91,286
Operating revenues: Charges for services \$ 7,180,933 \$ 36,538,700 \$ 43,719,633 \$ 8,653,710 Interfund charges — 2,898,038 2,898,038 33,41 Health and life insurance premiums — — — — 44,09 Total operating revenues 7,180,933 39,436,738 46,617,671 86,15 Operating expenses: Salaries, wages, and benefits 4,305,655 16,039,594 20,345,249 12,41 Materials, supplies, and services 2,966,049 19,707,400 22,673,449 64,57 Indirect costs 343,802 2,943,927 3,287,729 2,26 Depreciation 723,372 536,034 1,259,406 2,95 Total operating expenses 8,338,878 39,226,955 47,565,833 82,20 Operating income (loss) (1,157,945) 209,783 (948,162) 3,94 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 4,305,655 16,039,594 20,345,249 12,41	554,386 11,772 91,286
Charges for services \$ 7,180,933 \$ 36,538,700 \$ 43,719,633 \$ 8,65 Interfund charges — 2,898,038 2,898,038 33,41 Health and life insurance premiums — — — — 44,05 Total operating revenues 7,180,933 39,436,738 46,617,671 86,15 Operating expenses: Salaries, wages, and benefits 4,305,655 16,039,594 20,345,249 12,41 Materials, supplies, and services 2,966,049 19,707,400 22,673,449 64,57 Indirect costs 343,802 2,943,927 3,287,729 2,26 Depreciation 723,372 536,034 1,259,406 2,95 Total operating expenses 8,338,878 39,226,955 47,565,833 82,20 Operating income (loss) (1,157,945) 209,783 (948,162) 3,94 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 4,305,655 1,157,945 209,783 (948,162) 3,94	91,286
Interfund charges — 2,898,038 2,898,038 33,41 Health and life insurance premiums — — — — 44,09 Total operating revenues 7,180,933 39,436,738 46,617,671 86,15 Operating expenses: Salaries, wages, and benefits 4,305,655 16,039,594 20,345,249 12,41 Materials, supplies, and services 2,966,049 19,707,400 22,673,449 64,57 Indirect costs 343,802 2,943,927 3,287,729 2,26 Depreciation 723,372 536,034 1,259,406 2,95 Total operating expenses 8,338,878 39,226,955 47,565,833 82,20 Operating income (loss) (1,157,945) 209,783 (948,162) 3,94 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 4,305,655 16,039,594 20,345,249 12,41	91,286
Health and life insurance premiums — — — 44,05 Total operating revenues 7,180,933 39,436,738 46,617,671 86,15 Operating expenses: Salaries, wages, and benefits 4,305,655 16,039,594 20,345,249 12,41 Materials, supplies, and services 2,966,049 19,707,400 22,673,449 64,57 Indirect costs 343,802 2,943,927 3,287,729 2,26 Depreciation 723,372 536,034 1,259,406 2,95 Total operating expenses 8,338,878 39,226,955 47,565,833 82,20 Operating income (loss) (1,157,945) 209,783 (948,162) 3,94 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 44,005,655 16,039,594 20,345,249 12,41	91,286
Total operating revenues 7,180,933 39,436,738 46,617,671 86,15 Operating expenses: Salaries, wages, and benefits 4,305,655 16,039,594 20,345,249 12,41 Materials, supplies, and services 2,966,049 19,707,400 22,673,449 64,57 Indirect costs 343,802 2,943,927 3,287,729 2,26 Depreciation 723,372 536,034 1,259,406 2,95 Total operating expenses 8,338,878 39,226,955 47,565,833 82,20 Operating income (loss) (1,157,945) 209,783 (948,162) 3,94 Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	_
Operating expenses: Salaries, wages, and benefits 4,305,655 16,039,594 20,345,249 12,41 Materials, supplies, and services 2,966,049 19,707,400 22,673,449 64,57 Indirect costs 343,802 2,943,927 3,287,729 2,26 Depreciation 723,372 536,034 1,259,406 2,95 Total operating expenses 8,338,878 39,226,955 47,565,833 82,20 Operating income (loss) (1,157,945) 209,783 (948,162) 3,94 Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	57,444
Salaries, wages, and benefits 4,305,655 16,039,594 20,345,249 12,41 Materials, supplies, and services 2,966,049 19,707,400 22,673,449 64,57 Indirect costs 343,802 2,943,927 3,287,729 2,26 Depreciation 723,372 536,034 1,259,406 2,95 Total operating expenses 8,338,878 39,226,955 47,565,833 82,20 Operating income (loss) (1,157,945) 209,783 (948,162) 3,94 Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Materials, supplies, and services 2,966,049 19,707,400 22,673,449 64,57 Indirect costs 343,802 2,943,927 3,287,729 2,26 Depreciation 723,372 536,034 1,259,406 2,95 Total operating expenses 8,338,878 39,226,955 47,565,833 82,20 Operating income (loss) (1,157,945) 209,783 (948,162) 3,94 Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Indirect costs 343,802 2,943,927 3,287,729 2,26 Depreciation 723,372 536,034 1,259,406 2,95 Total operating expenses 8,338,878 39,226,955 47,565,833 82,20 Operating income (loss) (1,157,945) 209,783 (948,162) 3,94 Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	12,799
Depreciation 723,372 536,034 1,259,406 2,95 Total operating expenses 8,338,878 39,226,955 47,565,833 82,20 Operating income (loss) (1,157,945) 209,783 (948,162) 3,94 Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	75,803
Total operating expenses 8,338,878 39,226,955 47,565,833 82,20 Operating income (loss) (1,157,945) 209,783 (948,162) 3,94 Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	61,769
Operating income (loss) (1,157,945) 209,783 (948,162) 3,94 Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	58,544
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	08,915
	48,529
Interest rents and other 23 648 335 112 358 760 2.25	
25,040 555,112 550,700 2,20	84,715
Grants and contributions 884,485 726,561 1,611,046 62	23,178
Interest expense — (125,165) (125,165) (35	56,804)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets 1,178 12,117 13,295 (16	60,069)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 909,311 948,625 1,857,936 2,39	91,020
Income (loss) before transfers (248,634) 1,158,408 909,774 6,33	39,549
Transfers in — 205,000 205,000	_
Transfers out	22,805)
Change in net position (248,634) 1,363,408 1,114,774 5,71	16,744
Net position - beginning 31,655,961 3,174,726 34,830,687 62,54	42,375
Net position - ending \$ 31,407,327 \ \$ 4,538,134 \ \$ 35,945,461 \ \$ 68,25	59,119

			En	terprise Funds				
			F	Public Works				Internal
		Golf		and Other				Service
		Courses		Services		Total		Funds
Cook flows from anausting activities		Courses	_	Services	_	Total	_	Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users	\$	7,180,933	\$	23,390,865	\$	30,571,798	\$	44,091,286
Receipts from customers and users Receipts for interfund services provided	J.	7,180,933	φ	2,898,038	φ	2,898,038	Ф	41,874,832
Payments to suppliers		(2,949,388)		(20,356,195)		(23,305,583)		(65,207,231)
Payments to employees		(3,902,862)		(15,393,177)		(19,296,039)		(11,829,490)
Intergovernmental payments		(343,802)		4,472,070		4,128,268		(2,442,354)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(15,119)	_	(4,988,399)		(5,003,518)		6,487,043
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		(15,117)		(1,700,377)		(5,005,510)		0,107,013
Issuance of notes payable				_		_		233,260
Principal paid on notes payable				_		_		(80,938)
Receipts from grantors and other nonoperating revenues		884,485		726,561		1,611,046		623,178
Transfers in		-		205,000		205,000		
Transfers out		_		_		_		(622,805)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		884,485	_	931,561		1,816,046	_	152,695
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		,		,		-,,		,
Payments for acquisition of capital assets		(1,644,420)		(3,385,096)		(5,029,516)		(2,496,577)
Principal paid on capital debt		(1,011,120)		(170,060)		(170,060)		(378,995)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		754,264		2,593,265		3,347,529		426,642
Interest paid on capital debt				(113,729)		(113,729)		(358,829)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(890,156)	_	(1,075,620)		(1,965,776)	_	(2,807,759)
Cash flows from investing activities:		(0,0,150)		(1,075,020)		(1,703,770)		(2,007,757)
Interest, rents, and other receipts		23,648		335,112		358,760		2,284,715
•			_		_			
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		2,858		(4,797,346)		(4,794,488)		6,116,694
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		1,023,151	_	4,828,075	_	5,851,226	_	57,440,766
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	1,026,009	\$	30,729	\$	1,056,738	\$	63,557,460
Displayed on the statement of net position as:								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	965,009	\$	_	\$	965,009	\$	63,443,563
Restricted cash and investments				19,829		19,829		1,923
Other cash		61,000		10,900		71,900		111,974
	\$	1,026,009	\$	30,729	\$	1,056,738	\$	63,557,460
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash								
provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,157,945)	\$	209,783	\$	(948,162)	\$	3,948,529
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net								
cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		723,372		536,034		1,259,406		2,958,544
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				(12.147.202)		(12 147 202)		(10.757)
Accounts receivable		_		(13,147,393)		(13,147,393)		(18,757)
Other receivables		_		(442)		(442)		(172,569)
Inventories and prepaid items		16.661		775		775		(199,911)
Accounts payable		16,661		316,645		333,306		(431,517)
Accrued expenses		29,966		2,738,094		2,768,060		166,776
Performance deposits		_		(1,090,096)		(1,090,096)		(100 505)
Due to other funds		_		7,415,997		7,415,997		(180,585)
Unearned revenue		55 762		123,881		123,881		117 222
Compensated absences payable Claims and judgments payable		55,763		(192,112)		(136,349)		117,233
Net pension asset, net pension liability, and related		_		_		_		(101,175)
deferrals		09 291		(217.662)		(110 291)		242 222
Net OPEB liability and related deferrals		98,281 218,783		(217,662) (1,681,903)		(119,381)		343,322 57,153
-			_		_	(1,463,120)	_	
Total adjustments		1,142,826		(5,198,182)	Ф.	(4,055,356)	•	2,538,514
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(15,119)	\$	(4,988,399)	\$	(5,003,518)	\$	6,487,043
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:								
None	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

December 31, 2019

	OPEB Trust Fund	Custodial Funds
Assets:		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,305,708	\$ 103,697,273
Investments, at fair value:		
Corporate bonds	2,261,937	_
U.S. agency issues	577,235	_
Certificates of deposit	444,593	_
Equity mutual funds	3,830,000	_
Total investments	7,113,765	
Reinsurance receivable	184,008	_
Total assets	9,603,481	103,697,273
Liabilities:		
Benefits payable	62,139	_
Due to other governments and others		65,586,053
Total liabilities	62,139	65,586,053
Net position:		
Restricted for:		
Other postemployment benefits	9,541,342	_
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		38,111,220
Total net position	\$ 9,541,342	\$ 38,111,220

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	OPEB Trust Fund	Custodial Funds		
Additions:				
Employer contributions	\$ 5,966,130	\$ —		
Investment income:				
Net increase in fair value of investments	575,541	_		
Interest	191,099			
Net investment income (loss)	766,640	_		
Tax collections for other governments		1,258,337,081		
Deposits from other governments	_	49,741,678		
Deposits from inmates and others	_	6,228,253		
Miscellaneous	<u></u>	754,914		
Total additions	6,732,770	1,315,061,926		
Deductions:				
Benefit payments	3,450,572	_		
Administrative expense	253,111	_		
Payments of taxes to other governments	_	1,258,337,081		
Other payments to other governments	_	67,210,296		
Payments to inmates and others	<u></u>	6,257,977		
Total deductions	3,703,683	1,331,805,354		
Net increase in net position	3,029,087	(16,743,428)		
Net position - beginning	6,512,255	54,854,648		
Net position - ending	\$ 9,541,342	\$ 38,111,220		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Services and Form of Government—Salt Lake County, Utah (the County) operates under a Council-Executive (Mayor) form of government. The County provides the following services: health and human services, education and cultural services, recreational services, public safety and criminal justice services, social services, libraries, and County-wide services, such as those provided by elected officials (including assessing and collecting of property taxes).

1.2 Reporting Entity—The accompanying financial statements are for the County, which is a political subdivision with corporate powers created under Utah state law, and its component units, collectively referred to as the financial reporting entity. The governing body is comprised of the Council (legislative powers) and the Mayor (executive powers). Eight other elected officials have certain statutory powers specific to their duties. These include the Assessor, Auditor, Clerk, District Attorney, Recorder, Sheriff, Surveyor, and Treasurer.

1.3 Component Units—Component units are entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Each of the County's component units are reported as a *blended component unit*. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds (or combined with the balances and transactions of a fund) of the County.

The blended component units of the County are as follows:

- Salt Lake County Municipal Building Authority (MBA)—MBA is a blended component unit because the governing board is substantially the same as the County and County management has operational responsibility for this component unit. MBA is reported within the capital projects and debt service funds of the County.
- Salt Lake County Redevelopment Agency (RDA)—RDA is a blended component unit because the governing board is substantially the same as the County and County management has operational responsibility for this component unit. RDA is reported as a special revenue fund.
- Salt Lake County New Market Tax Credit, Inc. (NMTC)—NMTC is a blended component unit because NMTC exclusively benefits the County and the County is responsible for the NMTC debt. NMTC is reported within the TRCC Special Revenue Fund and various nonmajor governmental funds of the County.

1.4 Joint Ventures and Undivided Interests—The County is an equal partner with Salt Lake City in Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste Management Facility (the City/County Landfill), a joint venture. The purpose of this joint venture is to provide solid waste management and disposal services (see Note 14.1). The County provides operational, accounting, and other services for the City/County Landfill.

The County is also an equal partner with Salt Lake City in the Sugar House Park Authority. The purpose of this joint venture is to maintain and improve land used as a public park (see Note 14.2).

The County is a 25% partner and Salt Lake City/Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City is a 75% partner in Utah Performing Arts Center Agency (UPACA), a joint venture. The purpose of this joint venture is to provide for the acquisition, construction, ownership, operation, maintenance, and improvement of the Eccles Theater in downtown Salt Lake City (see Note 14.3). The County provides operational, accounting, and other services for UPACA.

The County's investments in the joint ventures are reported as a single line item in the government-wide statement of net position; changes in the County's investment in the City/County Landfill are reported in the government-wide statement of activities (under the public works function of governmental activities); changes in the County's investments in Sugar House Park Authority and UPACA are reported in the government-wide statement of activities (under the education, recreation, and cultural function of governmental activities).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

The County has undivided interests with Salt Lake City in improvements financed by general obligation bonds issued by the County. The County reports its portion of assets, liabilities, expenditures/expenses, and revenues that are associated with the joint operations (see Notes 14.4 and 14.5).

1.5 Related Organizations—The County appoints certain members of the boards of trustees for Salt Lake County Housing Authority, Unified Fire Service Area (UFSA), Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area (SLVLESA), Unified Police Department (UPD), Wasatch Front Waste and Recycling District, Greater Salt Lake Municipal Services District (MSD), and Solitude Improvement District. Involvement of the County in the remaining aforementioned entities is limited to trustee appointments. These entities are independent of the County.

1.6 Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements—While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the County's enterprise funds.

1.6.1 Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on the nonfiduciary activities of the County and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely mostly on fees and charges to external customers for support. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Expenses are those that are identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues (such as tax equivalent payments, which are unrestricted fees imposed by the state on motor vehicles and other property) are reported instead as general revenues.

1.6.2 Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The remaining governmental funds are combined into a single column and reported as other (nonmajor) funds. Internal service funds are aggregated and reported in a single column on the proprietary fund financial statements.

1.7 Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation—The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as economic resources or current financial resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

1.7.1 Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied net of relief and refunds. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The use of financial resources to acquire general capital assets is capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of general long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term debt

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

of the County are reported as a reduction of the related liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than an expenditure.

1.7.2 Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. An exception to this policy are expenditure-driven grant revenues, which generally are considered to be available if the eligible expenditures have been made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, other post-employment benefits, and pension benefits are recorded only when payment is due or contributions are made. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Revolving loans and are reported as receivables offset by nonspendable fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Property taxes receivable is recorded when levied. Property taxes which have not been collected within 60 days of yearend, and therefore do not meet the available criterion, are reported as deferred inflows of resources until collected. Tax accounts are adjusted for relief and refunds as they occur.

Sales taxes, transient room taxes, and mass transit taxes are considered measurable and recognized as revenue when received by merchants and will be remitted to the County in time to be used to pay current obligations. Grant revenue is recognized when qualified expenditures are incurred and a contractual claim exists with the grantor agency. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund—The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund and accounts for all activities not accounted for by other funds of the County. The principal source of revenue for this fund is property taxes.
- *Grant Programs Fund*—This special revenue fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of programs that are funded primarily from restricted federal and state grants.
- Transportation Preservation Fund—This special revenue fund is used to account for restricted local option highway
 construction, transportation corridor preservation fee revenue, mass transit sales tax revenue, and related
 expenditures.
- Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) Fund—This special revenue fund is used to account for sales and transient room taxes that are restricted to expenditure for the purpose of promoting tourism, recreation, cultural, and convention programs within the County.
- General Government Debt Service Fund—This debt service fund accounts for property taxes levied for the payment of principal and interest of general obligation bonds.

The County's nonmajor governmental funds include other special revenue funds, capital projects funds, a permanent fund, and other debt service funds. The nonmajor special revenue funds account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The nonmajor capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital projects other than those financed by proprietary funds. The permanent fund accounts for endowments. The nonmajor debt service funds account for resources used for the payment of interest and principal on long-term bonded obligations of governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2019

1.7.3 Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary funds include enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds report activities that are predominately funded by fees charged to external users for goods or services. Internal service funds are used to account for the goods and services provided by one fund to other funds of the County, rather than to the general public. The financial statements of the proprietary funds are reported similar to the government-wide financial statements in that they both use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of enterprise funds and internal service funds are fees (charges to customers and other funds for sales and services). Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

- Golf Courses Fund—The Golf Courses Fund is used to account for the activities of the County's six golf courses.
- Public Works and Other Services Fund—The Public Works and Other Services Fund is used to account for road maintenance and construction, planning and development, engineering, animal, township, and justice court services provided by contract to other governments.

The internal service funds are aggregated into a single column and are reported on the proprietary fund statements. Internal service funds account for fleet management, facility, and risk management services (including claims for workers' compensation and employee health care) provided to other County organizations on a cost-reimbursement basis.

1.7.4 Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Additionally, the County reports the following fiduciary funds:

- Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust Fund—The OPEB Trust Fund accounts for the activities of a single employer defined benefit plan, which accumulates resources for postemployment health care and life insurance benefits to all eligible employees who retire from the County. The financial statements of the OPEB Trust Fund are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.
- Custodial Funds—In 2019, the County adopted Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. The new standard establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for fiduciary activities, including custodial activities. Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the County as a custodian for other governments, private organizations, or individuals. Custodial funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Custodial funds include the collection of property and other taxes for other governments, monies received on behalf of individuals involved in the criminal justice process, and monies held for the Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste Management Facility, Utah Performing Arts Center Agency (UPACA), and Greater Salt Lake Municipal Services District (MSD). The impact of adopting this standard is a restatement of beginning net position in the custodial funds of \$54.9 million.

1.8 Interfund and Intrafund Transactions—Interfund transactions represent transactions between different funds within the County. Intrafund transactions represent charges between departments within the same fund. For financial reporting purposes, except for statements reported on the budgetary basis (as discussed in the next section), intrafund transactions have been eliminated in order to avoid overstating fund revenues and expenditures.

In general, interfund activity, including internal service fund transactions, has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the doubling of revenues and expenses resulting from such transactions. Interfund services provided and used between different functional categories, however, have not been eliminated from the

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

government-wide financial statements so as not to distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the various functions concerned.

For management, cost-control, and grant-related purposes, two cost allocation plans are prepared each year which allocate indirect costs to County cost centers (organizations). Indirect costs charged to grants are in accordance with Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) Uniform Guidance. Indirect costs are defined as costs incurred by "central services" for a common or joint purpose benefiting more than one cost center, and that cannot be directly charged to the cost center specifically benefited in a cost-effective manner. Indirect costs allocated include charges for services provided by the Council, the Mayor's Administration, Mayor's Financial Administration, the Auditor, the District Attorney, Real Estate, Information Services, Purchasing, Human Resources, Governmental Immunity, and Records Management.

Because indirect costs represent central services being provided, rather than a reimbursement of expenses, these interfund transactions are reflected as interfund revenue to the fund providing the services and expenditures/expenses to the fund receiving the services. In cases where the providing and receiving organizations are within the same fund, such transactions are recorded as intrafund revenue and expenditures/expenses. Indirect costs, including most interfund and intrafund transactions, have been eliminated from program revenues in the government-wide statement of activities.

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities are reported at the net amount in the government-wide statement of activities. Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated from the government-wide statement of net position.

- 1.9 Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis—The basis of budgeting is the same as the basis required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) except for the following: 1) intrafund revenues and expenditures are included in the budgetary basis but are eliminated for GAAP, 2) encumbrances (commitments for unperformed contracts or services) are treated as expenditures in the year the encumbrance is established using the budgetary basis, but are not included under GAAP, and 3) certain transactions with component units are not included in the budgetary basis but are included under GAAP. The GAAP basis is used for the basic financial statements except the statements that include a comparison of actual to budgeted amounts. In these instances, the statements are marked budgetary basis. A reconciliation to the respective GAAP basis fund balance is presented in Note 15 to the basic financial statements for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund.
- **1.10 Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**—The County has legally adopted budgets for governmental and proprietary funds. Although state law requires that annual budgets be adopted for governmental and proprietary funds, only governmental funds are required to report budgetary data. The County's procedures for establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements are as follows:
- 1.10.1 The County follows statutory guidelines regarding budgetary matters listed in various titles of the *Utah Code*. Specific duties of the Mayor, who is the statutory "Budget Officer", and specific requirements of the budget and appropriation process are contained in the Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Counties, Title 17-36 of the *Utah Code*.
- 1.10.2 The Mayor, subject to review by the County's revenue committee, is responsible for revenue projections. The Mayor is also responsible for the preparation of a "proposed" budget. The Mayor submits the proposed budget to the County Council which makes appropriation decisions and adopts a budget on or before December 31 preceding the calendar year. Once the budget is adopted by the Council, the Mayor has "item veto" authority. Budget items vetoed by the Mayor may be overridden by the Council.
- 1.10.3 Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments and to comply with legal requirements. For 2019, the budget was adopted, by a resolution of the County Council, on December 4, 2018. The budget included proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 1.10.4 The budget is organized by fund, organization, and appropriation unit. Appropriation units are groups of expenditures within an organization. Management is authorized to reallocate funds within an appropriation unit. Transfers of appropriations between organizations, certain appropriation units, and funds require the approval of

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

the Council. Common organizations are combined into functions for reporting purposes. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditure may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the function level.

- 1.10.5 Appropriations may be reduced by resolution of the Council with five days notice to the affected organization. Budget appropriations may be increased at any regular meeting of the Council, provided that such action is published in a newspaper five days prior to the official action. Legally, only increases in General Fund appropriations require a full public hearing besides the public notice mentioned.
- 1.10.6 Budgets for the General, special revenue, and capital projects funds are adopted on a budgetary basis. No difference exists between the GAAP basis and budgetary basis for the debt service funds. Budgetary comparisons presented in this report are on this budgetary basis. Final budgeted amounts include amendments by the Council. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end for all budgeted funds. Encumbered appropriations at year end are reported on the balance sheet as fund balance restrictions or commitments. Although already reported as expenditures for budgetary purposes in the year they are established, encumbrances remain outstanding until they are either recognized as expenditures in conformity with GAAP or canceled.

1.11 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments—Cash and investment management in the County is administered by the County Treasurer in accordance with the State Money Management Act, Title 51-7 of the *Utah Code* (see Note 3). The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Income from the investment of pooled cash is allocated based upon each fund's portion of the pool. Restricted cash consists of that portion of pooled cash that is restricted for a specific use due to constraints imposed by external parties or enabling legislation, or is cash held in trust in compliance with bond covenants, terms, and conditions. "Other cash" is bank deposits that are separately held in individual funds.

Investments are recorded at fair value based upon quoted market prices at December 31, 2019, except where there is no significant difference between cost and fair value. The difference between the purchase price and fair value, when significant, is recorded as interest revenue.

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, each fund's allocated portion of "pooled cash and investments" is considered to be cash and cash equivalents, since this amount is immediately available for use by the fund. Investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition are also considered cash equivalents.

1.12 Inventories and Prepaid Items—Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method and consist of expendable supplies and merchandise. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when purchased rather than when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are reported as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures or expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

1.13 Capital Assets—Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment (including intangible assets and computer software); infrastructure (roads, bridges, and flood control); and construction in progress. These assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements in the relevant column on the statement of net position under governmental or business-type activities. Proprietary fund capital assets are also reported in the appropriate fund statements. Capital assets acquired by governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. The capitalization threshold is defined to be assets that cost at least \$5,000 for personal property; \$100,000 for buildings; \$50,000 for intangible assets, internally generated computer software, and improvements other than buildings; and \$500,000 for flood control. The County capitalizes costs related to new construction, major replacements, and improvements that increase the capacity and/or efficiency of roads. Bridges over 20 feet in length are also capitalized. Assets purchased or constructed are generally recorded at cost. If precise cost is not available (as is the case with certain infrastructure), the capital asset is recorded at estimated acquisition cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

In 2019, the County adopted Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*. The new standard provides guidance for recording the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. When constructing capital assets, interest expense incurred relating to governmental and proprietary activities is not capitalized, but expensed in the period in which the cost is incurred. The impact of adopting this standard is not material to the financial statements.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations for proprietary funds and is charged to the various functional expenses or business-type activities in the government-wide statement of activities. Accumulated depreciation is reported on proprietary fund and government-wide statements of net position. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	10-50 years
Improvements	5-50 years
Equipment and intangible assets	2-25 years
Infrastructure, depreciable (bridges and flood control)	30-50 years

The County has adopted an allowable alternative to reporting depreciation for its roads network. Under this alternative method, referred to as the "modified approach," the County must maintain an asset management system and demonstrate that its roads are approximately being preserved at or above condition levels established by County policy. Infrastructure assets accounted for under the modified approach are not depreciated, and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed.

1.14 Unearned Revenue—In each of the financial statements, *unearned revenue* is recorded when cash or other assets are received prior to when a claim to those resources is obtained.

1.15 Long-term Debt—In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable unamortized bond premiums.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond-related transactions during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

- 1.16 Pensions—For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Utah Retirement Systems (URS) and additions to/deductions from URS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the URS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. URS plan investments are reported at fair value.
- 1.17 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)—For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's OPEB plan and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. OPEB plan investments are reported at fair value.
- 1.18 Compensated Absences—The County permits employees to accumulate earned, but unused, vacation and sick leave benefits while they are working for the County. When an employee terminates or retires, the County pays that employee 100% of his or her accrued vacation leave. When an employee retires, in addition to the vacation payout, the County also pays that employee 25% of his or her accrued sick leave. Accrued vacation and sick leave are recorded in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements as a liability. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. Also, the liability recorded for sick leave is based on the sick leave attributable to current employees eligible to retire and those employees projected to retire in the future.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

1.19 Deferred Outflows of Resources—In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

1.20 Deferred Inflows of Resources—In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

1.21 Net Position/Fund Balances—The residual of all other elements presented in a statement of net position is net position on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements and the residual of all other elements presented in a balance sheet on the governmental fund financial statements is fund balance.

Net position is divided into three components: net investment in capital assets (capital assets net of related debt less unspent bond proceeds), restricted, and unrestricted. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints are placed upon it by external parties or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on a hierarchy that shows, from highest to lowest, the level or form of constraints on fund balance resources and the extent to which the County is bound to honor them. The County first determines and reports nonspendable balances, then restricted, then committed, and so forth.

Fund balance classifications are summarized as follows:

- Nonspendable—This category includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either 1) not in spendable form or 2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Fund balance amounts related to inventories and prepaid items, revolving loans, and endowments (net of related liabilities) are classified as nonspendable.
- Restricted—This category includes net fund resources that are subject to external constraints that have been placed on the use of the resources either 1) imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments (such as specific tax levies) or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed—This category includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes established by formal action of the County Council. Fund balance commitments can only be removed or changed by the same type of action (for example, resolution) of the County Council. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned—This category includes fund balance amounts that the County intends to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent is expressed by approval of the County Council or the Mayor. The County has assigned fund resources that are to be used for governmental immunity and tax refunds, convention and tourism, and other purposes.
- *Unassigned*—Residual balances in the General Fund are classified as unassigned. Also, if a governmental fund other than the General Fund has a nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balance in excess of total fund balance, the difference is reported as negative unassigned fund balance.
- 1.22 Net Position Flow Assumption—Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted tax revenue and restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

applied. It is the County's policy to generally consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

1.23 Fund Balance Flow Assumption—Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to generally consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last. An exception to this policy occurs when certain grant expenditures are financed with County funds; in this case unrestricted resources are used before recording grant-related revenues.

1.24 Minimum Fund Balance Policies—The County Council has adopted a financial policy to maintain a minimum level of certain components of fund balance in the General Fund and selected special revenue funds. These amounts are intended to provide fiscal stability when economic downturns or other unexpected events occur, to supply resources to satisfy certain current obligations, or to provide a leveling for self-insured risks. The policy requires the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund to be at least 10% of budgeted expenditures; the fund balances in the following special revenue funds are to be at least 5% of budgeted expenditures: TRCC, Unincorporated Municipal Services, Flood Control, State Tax Administration Levy, Library, Health, and Planetarium. Also, the County's policy is to commit resources for compensated absences in the funds at 15% of unpaid vacation leave and 40% of unpaid sick leave, and to accumulate an unrestricted net position in the Employee Service Reserve (Internal Service) Fund of at least 15% of medical and dental claims paid during the year for active employees plus \$300,000 for early retirement. If a fund balance component falls below the minimum target level because it has been used as dictated by current circumstances, the policy provides for actions to replenish the amount to the minimum target level. Generally, replenishment is to occur within the next budget cycle.

2. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The County and the OPEB Trust Fund have the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2019:

- Corporate bonds and taxable state bonds are valued using matrix pricing based on quoted prices for comparable bonds (Level 2 inputs).
- U.S. agency issues are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- The Public Treasurers' Investment Fund is valued at the County's position in the PTIF multiplied by the published fair value factor (Level 2 inputs).
- Certificates of deposit are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value (Level 2 inputs).
- Equity mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

3.1 Cash and Investment Pool—It is the County's policy to follow the requirements of the State Money Management Act (*Utah Code*, Title 51, Chapter 7) (the Act) in handling its depository and investment transactions. The Act creates a State Money Management Council (the Council), a five-member body, appointed by the Governor of the State, which exercises oversight of public deposits and investments.

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is used by all funds. Each major fund's portion of this pool, and the aggregate portion of the pool relating to nonmajor funds and internal service funds, is displayed on the balance sheet for governmental funds and the statement of net position for proprietary funds, respectively, as "pooled cash and investments." Total nonfiduciary cash and investments is also reflected on the government-wide statement of net position. The fiduciary funds' portion is found on the statement of fiduciary net position. Income from the investment of the pooled cash and investments is allocated based on each fund's average daily balance in the pool. In addition, cash is separately held by several funds.

3.2 Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions—The Act requires the depositing of public funds only in a qualified depository or a permitted depository. A qualified depository is a Utah depository institution or an out-of-state depository institution as defined by the Act and that is authorized to conduct business in the State of Utah under the Act, which complies with capital ratios and public deposit limits established by rule of the Council and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions for deposit of public funds. A permitted depository is an out-of-state financial institution that meets quality criteria established by rule of the Council. All County deposits are held in qualified or permitted depositories.

3.2.1 Custodial Credit Risk of Deposits

In the case of deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's deposit policy for custodial credit risk is to comply with the Act. At December 31, 2019, the County's bank balance was \$25.3 million with \$24.8 million of that amount being exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and not collateralized. Utah state law does not require uninsured deposits to be collateralized.

3.3 Investments—Investments are recorded at fair value.

The Act also defines the types of securities allowed as appropriate investments for the County and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions are to be conducted through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with the issuer of the securities. The Act authorizes the County to invest in the State of Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (the PTIF), certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. agency issues, first-tier commercial paper, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, corporate bonds, money market mutual funds, and obligations of governmental entities within the state of Utah. All County investments comply with the Act.

At December 31, 2019, the County and the OPEB Trust Fund have the following investments:

	(County	OPEB Trust Fund					
Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)				
Corporate bonds	\$ 41,053,718	1.14	\$ 2,261,937	1.62				
U.S. agency issues	12,738,585	1.20	577,235	1.52				
Taxable state bonds	185,531	0.88	_					
Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF)	506,750,081	0.16	_					
Certificates of deposit	6,128,579	3.98	444,593	0.66				
Equity mutual funds	_		3,830,000	n/a				
Total investments	\$ 566,856,494		\$ 7,113,765					
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.29		1.47				

The PTIF is a voluntary governmental external investment pool available to state and local government public treasurers in Utah. The PTIF is sponsored by the Utah State Treasurer to improve investment efficiency and yield. The PTIF invests primarily in corporate bonds, commercial paper, money market mutual funds, repurchase agreements, and certificates of deposit as permitted by the Act. The PTIF contains no withdrawal restrictions other than timely notice of intent to withdraw an amount greater than \$10 million. Investment activity of the Utah State Treasurer in the management of the PTIF is reviewed monthly by the Council and is audited by the Utah State Auditor. Monies invested in this fund are not

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

insured or otherwise guaranteed by the state of Utah and are subject to the same market risks as any similar investment in money market funds. The fair value of the position in the PTIF is basically the same as the value of the pool shares. The majority of the PTIF's corporate bonds and notes are variable-rate securities, which reset every three months to the prevailing market interest rates.

3.3.1 Interest Rate Risk of Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's policy for managing interest rate risk is to comply with the Act. Section 11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances to 270 days or less and investments in fixed rate negotiable deposits and fixed rate corporate obligations to 365 days or less. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years.

3.3.2 Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County follows the Act as its policy for reducing exposure to investment credit risk. At December 31, 2019, the County's investment in the PTIF was not rated. The County's investments in corporate bonds was rated AA+ to BBB+ by Standards & Poor's and Aa2 to Baa1 by Moody's Investor Service at the time of purchase. The County's investments in U.S. agency issues was rated AA+ by Standards & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investor Service.

3.3.3 Custodial Credit Risk of Investment

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counter party, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County complies with the custody requirements of the Act and Rules of the Council. Investment securities are required to be held by the public treasurer, in safekeeping by a bank or trust company, or in a book-entry-only record maintained by a securities depository, in the federal book entry system or in the book-entry records of the issuer of the security in the name of the public entity. The County's investment securities are held in a qualified depository certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as adhering to the rules of the Council or in the book-entry records of the issuer of the security.

3.3.4 Concentration of Credit Risk of Investments

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an entity's investment in a single issuer. The County's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Council. Rule 17 of the Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5% and 10% depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio. The Council limitations do not apply to securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies. The County complies with the concentration limits of Rule 17.

3.4 Total Cash and Investments—Total cash and investments at December 31, 2019 consist of the following:

Investments	\$ 573,970,259
Cash deposits	25,311,469
Total cash and investments	\$ 599,281,728

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

Total cash and investments reported in the financial statements at December 31, 2019 are summarized as follows:

Pooled cash and investments	\$ 374,781,753
Restricted cash and investments	110,336,296
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent	9,334
Other cash	1,037,599
Cash and investments—government-wide statement of net position	486,164,982
Cash and investments—statement of fiduciary net position (OPEB Trust Fund)	9,419,473
Pooled cash and investments—statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities (custodial funds)	103,697,273
Total cash and investments	\$ 599,281,728

3.5 Restricted Cash and Investments—Proceeds from bonded debt issues (limited by bond covenants, terms, and conditions) and funds restricted by constraints imposed by external parties or enabling legislation are classified as restricted assets. Restricted cash and investments consist of the following at December 31, 2019:

Restricted cash and investments:

Transportation sales and excise tax revenue bond funds for construction	\$ 393,748
Municipal Building Authority lease revenue bond funds for debt service	17,600,420
Note payable funds for construction, debt service, and administration	8,631,802
Sales tax revenue bond funds for construction	71,802,492
Funds held for pay-for-success projects	11,887,999
Other funds for issuance costs and debt service	19,835
Total	\$ 110,336,296
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent:	
General obligation crossover refunding bonds for debt service	\$ 9,334

4. PROPERTY AND OTHER TAXES

In accordance with state law, the County assesses, bills, collects, and distributes property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within its boundaries, including the County itself and other governments: cities, school districts, and special districts. Uncollected taxes, including delinquent amounts, are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through foreclosure. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful tax accounts is considered necessary. Property taxes are assessed and become a lien against the property at January 1 in the year in which due. The property tax valuation notice is sent in July, but it is not a billing. Property owners are billed in October with a payment due date of November 30. Tax collections for other governments are recorded in the Treasurer's Tax Collection Agency Fund until disbursed.

In addition to various taxes the County levies for its own purposes, the County levies taxes for other governments; those taxes are forwarded to those other governments as the taxes are collected. Taxes levied by the County in 2019 for other governments are recorded as revenue with an equivalent amount of expenditure as follows:

- \$239.3 million of mass transit taxes (*local option sales taxes*) collected by the state of Utah and forwarded directly to the Utah Transit Authority and the Utah Department of Transportation; recorded in the County's Transportation Preservation Fund for the purposes of transportation preservation.
- \$22.8 million of incremental taxes recorded in the Grant Programs Fund and forwarded to various redevelopment agencies within the County for the purposes of financing urban renewal, economic development, and community development projects by earmarking property tax revenue from increases in assessed values within the project areas.
- \$3.7 million of transient room tax recorded in the nonmajor governmental funds and passed through to the Redevelopment Agency of Sandy City for the purpose of servicing debt related to a soccer stadium project.

- \$1.0 million of motor vehicle fees recorded in Transportation Preservation Special Revenue Fund and passed through to Utah Transit Authority for transportation preservation.
- \$1.1 million of property taxes recorded in nonmajor governmental funds and passed through to the state of Utah for multi-county assessing and collecting.

5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2019 consist of the following:

	Taxes	Grants and Contributions Accounts		Revolving Loans	Notes Receivable	Interest, Rents, and Other
Governmental activities:						
General Fund	\$ 18,225,991	\$ 3,819,750	\$ 3,648,861	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,834,005
Grant Programs Fund	_	10,558,482	8,872,609	15,111,738	_	4,203
Transportation Preservation Fund	52,038,515	_	3,393,701	_	7,750,000	15,000,007
TRCC Fund	10,369,886	_	1,556,764	_	337,500	647,054
General Government Debt Service Fund	793,779	_	_	_	_	_
Nonmajor governmental funds	7,390,993	3,926,568	3,244,062	_	29,435,554	493,392
Internal service funds	_	_	1,165,056	_	_	1,056,472
Due from other governments	_	_	_	_	_	3,222,165
Total governmental activities receivables	\$ 88,819,164	\$ 18,304,800	\$ 21,881,053	\$ 15,111,738	\$ 37,523,054	\$ 22,257,298
Business-type activities:						
Public Works and Other Services Fund	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 15,954,618	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,430
Fiduciary funds:						
OPEB Trust Fund	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 184,008

All significant balances are expected to be collected and, therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded.

Approximately \$14.0 million of the revolving loans and \$20.8 million of the notes receivable are not anticipated to be collected within the next year.

In 2013, the County accepted a promissory note secured by a pledge agreement associated with financing building improvements for the Historical Capitol Theatre in Salt Lake City, Utah. The note proceeds and debt service payments are reported in the Capitol Theatre Capital Projects Fund. In 2017, the County accepted a promissory note secured by a pledge agreement associated with financing a portion of the construction of the Salt Lake County Downtown Health Clinic. The note proceeds and debt service payments are reported in the Public Health Center Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund. These notes receivable secure, in part, notes payable related to these construction projects (see Note 9.7).

In 2012, the County entered into an interlocal cooperation agreement with the City of Holladay. The County issued a \$450,000 interest-free loan to the City of Holladay to assist in providing convention meeting room space. County funding for the loan is provided from transient room tax revenue. The City of Holladay agreed to secure the loan with a pledge of its municipal transient room tax levy and other taxes.

In 2018, the County entered into an interlocal cooperation agreement with the City of Cottonwood Heights. The County issued a \$7,750,000 interest-free loan to the City of Cottonwood Heights to assist in building a parking structure. County funding for the loan is provided from a Utah state infrastructure bank loan. The City of Cottonwood Heights agreed to secure the loan with a pledge of incremental property tax revenue.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

In 2019, the County entered into an agreement with Shelter the Homeless, Inc. to finance up to \$21.0 million to assist in the construction of three homeless resource centers in Salt Lake County. The County issued taxable sales tax revenue bonds in 2020 related to this transaction (see Note 20). The loan was issued at 4.0% with a seven-year term and is secured by the resource centers. The County is funding payments to contractors on behalf of Shelter the Homeless, Inc. for qualified capital improvement costs of the resource centers. The balance at the end of 2019 totaled \$16.7 million. The first payment from Shelter the Homeless, Inc. to the County is due on January 1, 2021.

These notes, including interest, will be collected as follows:

Year Ending	Historical Thea		Downtown I	Health Clinic		Holladay-Visitor Promotion Cottonwood Heights		Shelter the Homeless			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	pal Interest Principal Intere		Principal Interest Princi		Interest	
2020	s —	\$ 54,416	s —	\$ 99,601	\$ 37,500	\$ —	s —	\$ —	\$ —	s —	
2021	192,669	54,416	_	99,601	37,500	_	_	_	2,657,900	842,100	
2022	194,596	52,489	_	99,601	37,500	_	224,518	_	2,764,482	735,518	
2023	196,542	50,543	_	99,601	37,500	_	235,399	_	2,875,338	624,662	
2024	198,507	48,578	_	47,569	37,500	_	235,399	_	2,990,639	509,361	
2025 - 2029	1,022,713	212,714	1,102,430	468,180	150,000	_	1,541,870	_	5,442,695	654,141	
2030 - 2034	1,074,883	160,546	1,180,124	390,486	_	_	1,785,120	_	_	_	
2035 - 2039	1,129,711	105,714	1,263,293	307,317	_	_	1,785,120	_	_	_	
2040 - 2044	1,187,339	48,089	1,352,324	218,286	_	_	1,785,120	_	_	_	
2045 - 2049	244,640	2,446	1,447,629	122,981	_	_	157,454	_	_	_	
2050 - 2052			917,100	25,266							
	\$5,441,600	\$789,951	\$ 7,262,900	\$ 1,978,489	\$ 337,500	\$ —	\$7,750,000	\$ —	\$16,731,054	\$3,365,782	

In 2019, the County entered into an interlocal cooperation agreement with the Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City. The County issued a \$15,000,000 interest-free advance to the Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City to assist in building an underground parking structure. County funding for the advance was provided from a Utah State Infrastructure Bank loan. The advance is secured with a pledge of incremental property tax revenue. The timing of repayments is uncertain due to the nature of tax increment revenue and the unknown participation level of taxing entities in the agreement at this time. Due to that uncertainty the developer of the parking structure has entered into an agreement with Salt Lake County to cover up to \$5 million of any shortfall in increment revenues that could potentially arise.

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses at December 31, 2019 consist of the following:

	 Accounts Payable								
	Vendors	S	alaries and Benefits	L	ocal Option Sales Tax]	Retainage, Other		Total
Governmental activities:									
General Fund	\$ 6,814,841	\$	7,623,225	\$	_	\$	2,433,926	\$	10,057,151
Grant Programs Fund	2,924,758		1,100,181		_		4,022,691		5,122,872
Transportation Preservation Fund	17,091,386		_		49,501,168		_		49,501,168
TRCC Fund	2,596,944		463,701		481,429		2,324,198		3,269,328
Nonmajor governmental funds	23,931,613		3,084,614		_		5,450,763		8,535,377
Internal service funds	 2,481,910		1,199,509		_		213,321		1,412,830
Total governmental activity payables	\$ 55,841,452	\$	13,471,230	\$	49,982,597	\$	14,444,899	\$	77,898,726
Business-type activities:									
Golf Courses Fund	\$ 120,577	\$	136,911	\$	_	\$	14,542	\$	151,453
Public Works and Other Services Fund	1,134,654		1,654,055		_		1,875,771		3,529,826
Total business-type activity payables	\$ 1,255,231	\$	1,790,966	\$	_	\$	1,890,313	\$	3,681,279
Fiduciary funds:									
OPEB Trust Fund	\$ 62,139	\$		\$		\$		\$	

7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2019 consist of the following:

			Due to:						
	Nonmajor								
	General Governmental								
	 Fund		Funds		Total				
Due from:									
Grant Programs Fund	\$ 7,843,082	\$	_	\$	7,843,082				
Nonmajor governmental funds	13,695,236		4,454,756		18,149,992				
Public works and other services	7,415,997				7,415,997				
Total	\$ 28,954,315	\$	4,454,756	\$	33,409,071				

Interfund balances result mainly from the time lags between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur; 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system; and 3) payments between funds are made. Interfund receivables and payables within governmental activities have been eliminated from the government-wide statement of net position.

8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 209,690,246	\$ 9,151,265	\$ (1,865,319)	\$ 216,976,192
Infrastructure (roads)	17,542,492	1,482,871	(885,339)	18,140,024
Construction in progress	41,385,675	65,895,139	(40,418,146)	66,862,668
Total capital assets not being depreciated	268,618,413	76,529,275	(43,168,804)	301,978,884
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	952,998,668	34,539,141	(7,669,125)	979,868,684
Improvements other than buildings	151,167,070	3,788,671	_	154,955,741
Leasehold improvements	14,168,145	_	(55,290)	14,112,855
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	101,186,656	6,098,234	(3,509,876)	103,775,014
Infrastructure (bridges and flood control)	 35,974,795	3,011,212		38,986,007
Total capital assets being depreciated	 1,255,495,334	47,437,258	(11,234,291)	1,291,698,301
Accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(436,965,337)	(24,685,495)	5,233,367	(456,417,465)
Improvements other than buildings	(47,779,658)	(6,253,928)	_	(54,033,586)
Leasehold improvements	(8,066,875)	(507,113)	55,290	(8,518,698)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	(58,452,857)	(6,724,905)	2,617,181	(62,560,581)
Infrastructure (bridges and flood control)	 (14,397,200)	(757,692)		(15,154,892)
Total accumulated depreciation	(565,661,927)	(38,929,133)	7,905,838	(596,685,222)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	689,833,407	8,508,125	(3,328,453)	695,013,079
Total governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 958,451,820	\$ 85,037,400	\$ (46,497,257)	\$ 996,991,963
	Beginning			Ending
	 Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Business-type activities				
**				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 11,496,652	\$ 884,485	\$ _	\$ 12,381,137
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 404,535	\$ 606,191	\$ _ 	\$ 1,010,726
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	\$	\$ _ 	\$
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated:	\$ 404,535 11,901,187	\$ 606,191	\$ 	\$ 1,010,726 13,391,863
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings	\$ 404,535 11,901,187 18,664,952	\$ 606,191 1,490,676	\$ 	\$ 1,010,726 13,391,863 18,664,952
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings	\$ 404,535 11,901,187 18,664,952 27,689,399	\$ 606,191	\$ 	\$ 1,010,726 13,391,863
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Leasehold improvements	\$ 404,535 11,901,187 18,664,952 27,689,399 736,793	\$ 606,191 1,490,676 — 69,283 —	\$ 	\$ 1,010,726 13,391,863 18,664,952 27,758,682
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Leasehold improvements Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	\$ 404,535 11,901,187 18,664,952 27,689,399 736,793 9,450,046	\$ 606,191 1,490,676 — 69,283 — 197,512	\$ (222,473)	\$ 1,010,726 13,391,863 18,664,952 27,758,682 — 9,425,085
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Leasehold improvements	\$ 404,535 11,901,187 18,664,952 27,689,399 736,793	\$ 606,191 1,490,676 — 69,283 —	\$	\$ 1,010,726 13,391,863 18,664,952 27,758,682
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Leasehold improvements Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation for:	\$ 404,535 11,901,187 18,664,952 27,689,399 736,793 9,450,046 56,541,190	\$ 606,191 1,490,676 — 69,283 — 197,512 266,795	\$ (222,473)	\$ 1,010,726 13,391,863 18,664,952 27,758,682
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Leasehold improvements Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	\$ 404,535 11,901,187 18,664,952 27,689,399 736,793 9,450,046 56,541,190 (7,133,695)	\$ 606,191 1,490,676 — 69,283 — 197,512 266,795 (446,031)	\$ (222,473)	\$ 1,010,726 13,391,863 18,664,952 27,758,682
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Leasehold improvements Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings	\$ 404,535 11,901,187 18,664,952 27,689,399 736,793 9,450,046 56,541,190 (7,133,695) (9,395,310)	\$ 606,191 1,490,676 — 69,283 — 197,512 266,795 (446,031) (485,021)	\$ (222,473) (959,266) —	\$ 1,010,726 13,391,863 18,664,952 27,758,682
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Leasehold improvements Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Leasehold improvements	\$ 404,535 11,901,187 18,664,952 27,689,399 736,793 9,450,046 56,541,190 (7,133,695) (9,395,310) (647,192)	\$ 606,191 1,490,676 — 69,283 — 197,512 266,795 (446,031) (485,021) (20,318)	\$ (222,473) (959,266) ———————————————————————————————————	\$ 1,010,726 13,391,863 18,664,952 27,758,682 ————————————————————————————————————
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Leasehold improvements Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Leasehold improvements Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	\$ 404,535 11,901,187 18,664,952 27,689,399 736,793 9,450,046 56,541,190 (7,133,695) (9,395,310) (647,192) (6,516,911)	\$ 606,191 1,490,676 — 69,283 — 197,512 266,795 (446,031) (485,021) (20,318) (308,036)	\$ (222,473) (959,266) ———————————————————————————————————	\$ 1,010,726 13,391,863 18,664,952 27,758,682
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Leasehold improvements Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Leasehold improvements Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 404,535 11,901,187 18,664,952 27,689,399 736,793 9,450,046 56,541,190 (7,133,695) (9,395,310) (647,192) (6,516,911) (23,693,108)	\$ 606,191 1,490,676 — 69,283 — 197,512 266,795 (446,031) (485,021) (20,318) (308,036) (1,259,406)	\$ (222,473) (959,266) ———————————————————————————————————	\$ 1,010,726 13,391,863 18,664,952 27,758,682 —— 9,425,085 55,848,719 (7,579,726) (9,880,331) —— (6,618,769) (24,078,826)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Leasehold improvements Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Leasehold improvements Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	\$ 404,535 11,901,187 18,664,952 27,689,399 736,793 9,450,046 56,541,190 (7,133,695) (9,395,310) (647,192) (6,516,911)	\$ 606,191 1,490,676 — 69,283 — 197,512 266,795 (446,031) (485,021) (20,318) (308,036)	\$ (222,473) (959,266) ———————————————————————————————————	\$ 1,010,726 13,391,863 18,664,952 27,758,682 — 9,425,085 55,848,719 (7,579,726) (9,880,331) — (6,618,769)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

Depreciation expense is charged to functions of the County as follows	Depreciation expense	is charged to	functions of the	County as follows:
---	----------------------	---------------	------------------	--------------------

\$ 2,847,405
6,620,486
1,418,985
23,434,013
635,482
816,076
198,142
2,958,544
\$ 38,929,133
\$ 723,372
 536,034
\$ 1,259,406
\$

9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of transactions affecting long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2019:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 186,755,000	\$ 39,615,000	\$ (54,165,000)	\$ 172,205,000	\$ 19,580,000
Unamortized premiums	13,792,799	6,893,635	(2,657,541)	18,028,893	
Net general obligation bonds	200,547,799	46,508,635	(56,822,541)	190,233,893	19,580,000
Sales tax revenue bonds	180,119,605	_	(10,169,819)	169,949,786	10,555,737
Unamortized premiums	12,342,464		(1,706,446)	10,636,018	
Net sales tax revenue bonds	192,462,069	_	(11,876,265)	180,585,804	10,555,737
Lease revenue bonds (Municipal Building Authority)	52,754,512	17,840,000	(4,024,358)	66,570,154	4,154,800
Unamortized premiums	755,100	3,363,279	(430,740)	3,687,639	
Net lease revenue bonds	53,509,612	21,203,279	(4,455,098)	70,257,793	4,154,800
Transportation and excise tax revenue bonds	89,450,000	_	(7,800,000)	81,650,000	8,445,000
Unamortized premiums	4,553,606		(817,121)	3,736,485	
Net transportation tax revenue bonds	94,003,606	_	(8,617,121)	85,386,485	8,445,000
Obligations under capital leases	370,764	_	(125,694)	245,070	137,718
Notes payable	66,674,470	15,168,390	(2,855,144)	78,987,716	2,978,587
Compensated absences	20,974,796	22,061,109	(20,139,585)	22,896,320	11,448,160
Claims and judgments payable	12,132,760	44,005,231	(44,106,406)	12,031,585	5,790,392
Net pension liability	78,738,245	92,438,625	(34,858,807)	136,318,063	_
Net OPEB liability	92,294,117	4,920,572	(5,008,089)	92,206,600	
Total governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$ 811,708,238	\$ 246,305,841	\$ (188,864,750)	\$ 869,149,329	\$ 63,090,394
Business-type activities:	Ф 701 205	Ф	Ф (20.101)	Ф 751 01 <i>4</i>	ф 21.2 <i>(</i> 2
Sales tax revenue bonds	\$ 781,395	\$ —	\$ (30,181)	•	\$ 31,263
Unamortized premiums	44,433		(5,160)	39,273	21.262
Net sales tax revenue bonds	825,828	_	(35,341)	790,487	31,263
Lease revenue bonds (Municipal Building Authority)	1,585,488	_	(140,642)	1,444,846	145,200
Unamortized premiums	26,389		(4,630)	21,759	
Net lease revenue bonds	1,611,877	_	(145,272)	1,466,605	145,200
Compensated absences	1,630,881	1,362,479	(1,498,827)	1,494,533	747,267
Net pension liability	5,462,618	5,438,295	(2,880,917)	8,019,996	_
Net OPEB liability	7,520,460	323,275	(1,785,875)	6,057,860	
Total business-type activity long-term liabilities	\$ 17,051,664	\$ 7,124,049	\$ (6,346,232)	\$ 17,829,481	\$ 923,730

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the fund to which the employee is assigned. Claims and judgments are generally liquidated by the General and Employee Service Reserve (Internal Service) Funds. The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are liquidated by the fund where participating retirees worked, primarily the General Fund.

9.1 Debt Service Requirements of Bonds—Debt service requirements of bonds (long-term debt) at December 31, 2019 are as follows:

Governmenta	1	A ctix	rities_	_Rands
CTOVEL HIHEIITA	1 4	ALUV	11165-	-Dunus

Years Ending	General Obligation			Sales Tax Revenue				Lease Revenue			
December 31,		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2020	\$	19,580,000	\$	6,895,832	\$ 10,555,737	\$	6,886,807	\$	4,154,800	\$	3,556,139
2021		19,565,000		6,174,557	10,777,654		6,481,737		4,275,579		3,357,539
2022		15,615,000		5,455,000	11,173,030		6,039,034		4,945,682		3,135,641
2023		16,275,000		4,746,900	11,689,270		5,540,345		5,125,448		2,875,243
2024		17,010,000		4,009,375	12,195,808		4,998,458		5,314,708		2,605,562
2025 - 2029		68,215,000		9,123,651	43,252,393		19,033,150		30,013,937		8,355,406
2030 - 2034		14,500,000		1,216,299	46,270,894		10,407,569		4,410,000		2,655,500
2035 - 2039		1,445,000		43,350	24,035,000		1,463,037		5,650,000		1,404,000
2040 - 2044					_		_		2,680,000		135,500
Total	\$	172,205,000	\$	37,664,964	\$ 169,949,786	\$	60,850,137	\$	66,570,154	\$	28,080,530

Governmental Activities—Bonds

Years Ending	T	ransportation	and	Excise Tax	Total—All Bonds					
December 31,	_	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2020	\$	8,445,000	\$	3,434,900	\$	42,735,537	\$	20,773,678		
2021		8,895,000		3,118,970		43,513,233		19,132,803		
2022		9,710,000		2,775,350		41,443,712		17,405,025		
2023		10,510,000		2,389,148		43,599,718		15,551,636		
2024		11,175,000		1,923,920		45,695,516		13,537,315		
2025 - 2029		22,090,000		4,186,342		163,571,330		40,698,549		
2030 - 2034		10,825,000		931,950		76,005,894		15,211,318		
2035 - 2039		_		_		31,130,000		2,910,387		
2040 - 2044						2,680,000		135,500		
Total	\$	81,650,000	\$	18,760,580	\$	490,374,940	\$	145,356,211		

Business-Type Activities—Bonds

Years Ending	Sales Tax Revenue					Lease I	Reve	nue	Total—All Bonds																																													
December 31,	P	Principal Interest Principal I		Interest		Interest		rincipal Interest		Interest		Interest		Interest		Interest		Interest		Interest		Interest		Interest		Interest		Interest		Interest		Principal		Principal		Principal 1		Interest		Principal		Interest												
2020	\$	31,263	\$	25,809	\$	145,200	\$	93,105	\$	176,463	\$	118,914																																										
2021		32,346		24,688		149,421		86,165		181,767		110,853																																										
2022		33,970		23,030		154,318		78,873		188,288		101,903																																										
2023		35,730		21,288		159,552		70,725		195,282		92,013																																										
2024		47,192		22,699		165,292		62,301		212,484		85,000																																										
2025 - 2029		271,607		86,100		671,063		153,173		942,670		239,273																																										
2030 - 2034		299,106		33,851						299,106		33,851																																										
Total	\$	751,214	\$	237,465	\$	1,444,846	\$	544,342	\$	2,196,060	\$	781,807																																										

9.2 General Obligation Bonds—The County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund general obligation bonds and lease revenue bonds. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the taxpayers of the County. These bonds are issued as serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing

each year with maturities that range from 5 to 20 years. The County is subject to a statutory limitation, by the state of Utah, of bonded general obligation indebtedness of 2.0% of the fair market value of taxable property. The limit for the County at December 31, 2019 is \$3.5 billion, providing a debt margin of \$3.3 billion.

In 2019, the County issued \$39.6 million in 2019 general obligation bonds (with \$6.9 million in premium) for the purpose of paying all or a portion of the costs of acquisition, construction, renovation, improvement and equipping of parks and recreation facilities, and related improvements. These bonds were the second and final block of bonds to be issued from the 2016 Bond Election.

General obligation issues outstanding at December 31, 2019 consist of the following:

Series	eries Purpose		Original Amount	Remaining Interest Rates to Maturity	Final Maturity Date	Current Outstanding Balance		
2012A	Tracy Aviary, Hogle Zoo	\$	14,600,000	2.00 - 2.75%	2031	\$	9,445,000	
2012B	Salt Palace, Old Mill, Salt Palace II, South Mountain, South Towne, Emergency Operation		38,165,000	1.20 - 1.95%	2021		10,000,000	
2013	Parks		25,000,000	5.00%	2023		4,475,000	
2015A	Open Space I		13,925,000	3.00 - 5.00%	2027		11,485,000	
2015B	Open Space, Natural Habitat, Parks, Trails		22,000,000	2.00 - 5.00%	2035		18,685,000	
2016	Crossover Advance Refunding of 2009B and 2010B Series Bonds		27,885,000	4.00 - 5.00%	2029		25,755,000	
2017	Recreation		39,125,000	5.00%	2027		23,825,000	
2017B	Utah Museum of Natural History, Tracy Aviary II, Parks		29,345,000	2.00 - 5.00%	2032		28,920,000	
2019	Parks and Recreation		39,615,000	5.00%	2027	\$	39,615,000 172,205,000	

In 2016, the County issued \$27.9 million in 2016 general obligation refunding bonds (with a premium of \$7.1 million) to purchase securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for future debt service payments of the refunding bonds until June 15, 2019 (the crossover date) and to refund in advance \$18.6 million of 2009B general obligation bonds and \$13.4 million of 2010B general obligation bonds (refunded bonds) on the crossover date. The County continued to service the refunded bonds until the crossover date. On the crossover date, the refunded bonds were defeased and the County began to pay the debt service on the 2016 general obligation refunding bonds. Both the refunded bonds and the refunding bonds as well as the resources held in escrow (cash and investments with fiscal agent) were recorded by the County until the crossover date.

9.3 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds—The County issues sales tax revenue bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, and expansion of major capital facilities. These bonds are not considered general obligations of the County, but are special limited obligations secured by and payable solely from the County's pledged sales tax receipts.

Sales tax revenue issues outstanding at December 31, 2019 consist of the following:

Series	Purpose	Original Amount		Remaining Interest Rates to Maturity	Final Maturity Date	Current Outstanding Balance		
2010A,B	Planetarium, Midvale Storm Drain	\$	8,855,000	3.25%	2020	\$	165,000	
2010D	District Attorney, Fleet, Senior Center and Public Health Land and Buildings; Taxable		33,020,000	3.25 - 5.20% *	2035		25,630,000	
2011	Solar Projects at Salt Palace; Taxable		1,917,804	2.25%	2028		1,106,000	
2012A	Salt Palace Expansion 3, Phases I and II, South Towne Parking, Recreation Projects		43,725,000	2.50 - 5.00%	2025		28,285,000	
2014	District Attorney, Fleet, Public Health, Senior Center, Parks and Public Works Operations Center, Salt Palace Land		30,000,000	3.00 - 5.00%	2035		25,855,000	
2017	Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC)		44,230,000	2.00 - 5.00%	2037		41,565,000	
2017A	Health and District Attorney Buildings, Other Capital Improvements; Taxable		13,550,000	1.46 - 2.78%	2024		9,575,000	
2017B	Health and District Attorney Buildings, Other Capital Improvements		38,520,000	2.50 - 5.00%	2037	\$	38,520,000 170,701,000	
		Go	vernmental ac	tivities		\$	169,949,786	
		Bu	siness-type act	tivities			751,214	
						\$	170,701,000	

^{*} Actual interest rates. Does not include 32.94% federal interest rate subsidy on the 2010D Build America Bonds.

The County has pledged future county option sales and use tax revenues (pledged sales tax revenues) to repay \$129.1 million in sales tax revenue bonds (exclusive of the \$41.6 million in 2017 TRCC bonds). Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 15% of pledged sales tax revenues. The total principal and interest remaining (net of federal interest subsidies) to be paid on the bonds is \$165.3 million. Principal and interest paid (net of federal interest subsidies) for the current year and pledged sales tax revenues received were \$13.2 million and \$67.6 million, respectively.

After a statutorily required set aside to promote ski tourism of \$450,000, car rental, restaurant and transient room sales taxes are pledged for payment on the 2017 TRCC bonds. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$62.9 million. Principal and interest paid for the current year and pledged revenues were \$3.5 million and \$44.9 million, respectively.

9.4 Lease Revenue Bonds—Lease revenue bonds are issued by the Salt Lake County Municipal Building Authority (MBA), a blended component unit of the County. These bonds are not considered general obligations of the County but are special limited obligations payable from the lease revenues derived from the assets acquired or constructed with bond proceeds or other County appropriations. These assets are used as collateral for the lease revenue bonds.

The Salt Lake County MBA issued \$17.8 million in principal with a \$3.4 million in premium in 2019 to finance a portion of the cost of the acquisition, construction, improvements and equipping of a library operations center and two libraries, and to finance the acquisition of a library collection of books and digital media for one of the libraries.

Lease revenue issues at December 31, 2019 consist of the following:

Series	Purpose		Original Amount	Remaining Interest Rates to Maturity	Final Maturity Date	Current Outstanding Balance		
2009B	Public Works Administration, Libraries, Senior Centers; Taxable	\$	58,390,000	4.68 - 5.82% *	2029	\$	50,175,000	
2019	Libraries		17,840,000	5.00%	2041		17,840,000	
						\$	68,015,000	
		Go	vernmental acti	ivities		\$	66,570,154	
		Bus	siness-type acti	vities			1,444,846	
						\$	68,015,000	

^{*} Actual interest rates. Does not include 32.94% federal interest rate subsidy on the 2009B Build America Bonds.

9.5 Transportation and Excise Tax Revenue Bonds—Transportation and excise tax revenue issues outstanding at December 31, 2019 consist of the following:

Series	Purpose		Original Amount	Remaining Interest Rates to Maturity	Final Maturity Date		Current outstanding Balance
2010B	State Roads (Transportation Tax); Taxable	\$	57,635,000	3.36 - 4.31% *	2025	\$	51,310,000
2014	Transportation Preservation (Excise Tax)		38,600,000	5.00%	2023		6,695,000
2017	Transportation Preservation (Excise Tax)		23,925,000	3.00 - 5.00%	2033	<u> </u>	23,645,000

^{*} Actual interest rates. Does not include 32.94% federal interest rate subsidy on the 2010B Build America Bonds.

9.5.1 Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds

The County has pledged future county option transit and transportation sales tax and transportation preservation fee revenues (pledged transportation tax revenues) to repay \$51.3 million in transportation tax revenue bonds. Annual principal and interest payments (net of federal interest subsidies) on the bonds are expected to require all of pledged transportation tax revenues. The total principal and interest remaining (net of federal interest subsidies) to be paid on the bonds is \$59.4 million. Principal and interest paid (net of federal interest subsidies) for the current year and pledged transportation tax revenues received were \$7.8 million and \$7.8 million, respectively.

These bonds were issued pursuant to an interlocal cooperation agreement with the state of Utah. The transportation tax revenues are sales taxes and fees collected within the County by the state of Utah. The bonds do not constitute a general obligation of the County, and are not obligations of the state of Utah.

9.5.2 Excise Tax Revenue Bonds

The County has pledged future transportation preservation fees (pledged excise tax revenue) to repay \$30.3 million in excise tax revenue bonds. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 64% of pledged excise tax revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$41.1 million. Principal and

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

interest paid for the current year and pledged excise tax revenues received were \$2.9 million and \$13.3 million, respectively.

If necessary, the County has also pledged the portion of future tax equivalent payments allocated to the General Fund to repay the excise tax revenue bonds. Future tax equivalent payments, however, have not been included in the pledged excise tax revenue amounts disclosed herein.

9.6 Capital Lease Obligations—The County entered into several lease agreements as lessee to finance the acquisition of equipment capitalized at \$0.5 million (or \$0.8 million less \$0.3 million of accumulated depreciation). The equipment has an average estimated useful life of 29 years. This year, \$55,640 is included in depreciation expense for facilities and equipment financed under capital lease obligations. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception dates of the leases.

Future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

Years Ending		Salt Palace		alt Palace		Copy			
December 31,	HVAC		Lighting			Machines	Totals		
2020	\$	61,968	\$	31,213	\$	44,537	\$	137,718	
2021		61,968		31,213		549		93,730	
2022		15,492		7,803		_		23,295	
		139,427		70,229		45,086		254,743	
Amounts representing	3								
interest		(5,516)		(2,778)		(1,378)		(9,672)	
Present value of net						_			
minimum lease									
payments	\$	133,912	\$	67,451	\$	43,708	\$	245,070	

9.7 Notes Payable — Salt Lake County NMTC, Inc., a blended component unit of the County, controls Historical Capitol Theatre, LLC. Historical Capitol Theatre, LLC issued promissory notes in 2013 totaling \$7.6 million.

Salt Lake County NMTC, Inc., a blended component unit of the County, controls Downtown Health Clinic, LLC. Downtown Health Clinic, LLC issued promissory notes in 2017 totaling \$11.2 million.

Salt Lake County NMTC, Inc., a blended component unit of the County, controls Kearns Library, LLC. Kearns Library, LLC issued promissory notes in 2019 totaling \$14.1 million.

These notes payable are secured, in part, by promissory notes receivable (see Note 5). The obligations are also collateralized by the associated NMTC assets.

In consideration for its investment in UPACA (see Note 14.3), the County committed to allocate tax increment revenues to the Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City from 2015 to 2040, estimated at \$1,720,000 per year. The present value of the commitment at inception discounted at 3.8% was \$27.5 million.

In 2018, the County received a \$23.2 million Utah state infrastructure bank loan from the Utah Department of Transportation. The proceeds will be loaned to various municipalities to assist in parking structure projects. The loan was issued with a 2.98% interest rate and a ten year term.

In 2019, the County issued a \$1.0 million note payable to finance a maintenance agreement on communications equipment, of which \$0.4 million was paid in 2019.

The following is a schedule of future debt service requirements on the notes:

Years Ending	Capitol	Theatre	Downtown Health Clinic		Kearns	Library	
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2020	\$ —	\$ 55,008	\$ —	\$ 112,125	s —	\$ 395,056	
2021	229,064	55,008	_	112,125	_	395,056	
2022	230,713	53,359	_	112,125	_	395,056	
2023	232,374	51,698	_	112,125	_	395,056	
2024	234,048	50,024	_	112,125	_	395,056	
2025 - 2029	1,195,761	224,602	1,591,130	531,473	14,137,500	607,101	
2030 - 2034	1,239,430	180,930	1,780,562	445,811	_	_	
2035 - 2039	1,284,699	135,664	1,871,390	414,679	_	_	
2040 - 2044	1,331,619	88,743	1,966,848	_	_	_	
2045 - 2049	1,380,251	40,108	2,067,178	_	_	_	
2050 - 2052	282,041	2,030	1,935,392	_	_	_	
	\$ 7,640,000	\$ 937,174	\$ 11,212,500	\$ 1,952,588	\$ 14,137,500	\$ 2,582,381	

E	Cccles Theat	ter (l	UPACA)	State Infrastructure			ucture	Maintenance Agreement			
P	rincipal		Interest]	Principal	al Interest		Principal		1	Interest
\$	818,631	\$	901,369	\$	1,831,557	\$	640,443	\$	328,399	\$	33,592
	849,592		870,408		1,960,298		585,862		344,786		17,205
	881,723		838,277		2,095,100		527,445		_		_
	915,070		804,930		2,236,210		465,011		_		_
	949,678		770,322		2,383,886		398,372		_		_
	5,315,092		3,284,908		10,984,309		835,980		_		_
	6,399,128		2,200,872		_		_		_		_
	7,704,257		895,743								_
\$ 2	23,833,171	\$	10,566,829	\$	21,491,360	\$	3,453,113	\$	673,185	\$	50,797
	P	** 818,631 849,592 881,723 915,070 949,678 5,315,092 6,399,128	Principal \$ 818,631 \$ 849,592 881,723 915,070 949,678 5,315,092 6,399,128 7,704,257	\$ 818,631 \$ 901,369 849,592 870,408 881,723 838,277 915,070 804,930 949,678 770,322 5,315,092 3,284,908 6,399,128 2,200,872 7,704,257 895,743	Principal Interest \$ 818,631 \$ 901,369 \$ 849,592 \$ 870,408 \$ 881,723 \$ 838,277 915,070 \$ 804,930 949,678 770,322 5,315,092 3,284,908 6,399,128 2,200,872 7,704,257 \$ 895,743	Principal Interest Principal \$ 818,631 \$ 901,369 \$ 1,831,557 849,592 870,408 1,960,298 881,723 838,277 2,095,100 915,070 804,930 2,236,210 949,678 770,322 2,383,886 5,315,092 3,284,908 10,984,309 6,399,128 2,200,872 — 7,704,257 895,743 —	Principal Interest Principal \$ 818,631 \$ 901,369 \$ 1,831,557 \$ 849,592 \$ 870,408 1,960,298 881,723 838,277 2,095,100 915,070 804,930 2,236,210 949,678 770,322 2,383,886 5,315,092 3,284,908 10,984,309 6,399,128 2,200,872 — — 7,704,257 895,743 —	Principal Interest Principal Interest \$ 818,631 \$ 901,369 \$ 1,831,557 \$ 640,443 849,592 870,408 1,960,298 585,862 881,723 838,277 2,095,100 527,445 915,070 804,930 2,236,210 465,011 949,678 770,322 2,383,886 398,372 5,315,092 3,284,908 10,984,309 835,980 6,399,128 2,200,872 — — 7,704,257 895,743 — — —	Principal Interest Principal Interest P \$ 818,631 \$ 901,369 \$ 1,831,557 \$ 640,443 \$ 849,592 870,408 1,960,298 585,862 881,723 838,277 2,095,100 527,445 915,070 804,930 2,236,210 465,011 949,678 770,322 2,383,886 398,372 5,315,092 3,284,908 10,984,309 835,980 6,399,128 2,200,872 — — 7,704,257 895,743 — —	Principal Interest Principal Interest Principal \$ 818,631 \$ 901,369 \$ 1,831,557 \$ 640,443 \$ 328,399 \$ 849,592 \$ 870,408 \$ 1,960,298 \$ 585,862 344,786 \$ 881,723 \$ 838,277 2,095,100 \$ 527,445 — \$ 915,070 \$ 804,930 2,236,210 465,011 — \$ 949,678 \$ 770,322 2,383,886 398,372 — \$ 5,315,092 \$ 3,284,908 \$ 10,984,309 \$ 835,980 — \$ 6,399,128 2,200,872 — — — \$ 7,704,257 \$ 895,743 — — —	Principal Interest Interest Principal Interest Interest Principal Interest Principal Interest Interest Principal Interest Interest Principal Interest Interest Principal Interest Principal Interest 4640,418 328,399 Interest Interest 465,011 Interest

9.8 Claims and Judgments Payable—The County records a liability for claims or judgments when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The Employee Service Reserve (Internal Service) Fund is used to report employee medical and dental insurance and worker's compensation and industrial medical activities (see Note 12). The General Fund reports legal claim activities.

The liability for claims and judgments at December 31, 2019 totals \$12.0 million, of which \$5.8 million is expected to be paid within one year.

Changes in the balance of claims and judgments payable during the past two years are as follows:

					Worker's Com	pensation		
	Medical I	nsurance	Dental I	nsurance	and Industria	l Medical	Legal (Claims
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Beginning balance	\$ 3,980,945	\$ 3,030,093	\$ 262,825	\$ 264,468	\$ 4,888,990 \$	5 5,540,932	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000
Claims incurred and adjusted	39,989,323	36,019,953	3,079,778	2,694,108	709,335	912,107	(226,795)	(264,234)
Claims paid	(39,540,614)	(35,069,101)	(3,062,263)	(2,695,751)	(1,276,734)	(1,564,049)	226,795	264,234
Ending balance	\$ 4,429,654	\$ 3,980,945	\$ 280,340	\$ 262,825	\$ 4,321,591 \$	4,888,990	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

9.9 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes—On July 16, 2019, the County issued tax and revenue anticipation notes (series 2019) in the amount of \$70.0 million. The notes were repaid December 27, 2019. The notes had an average coupon of 3.00% and a true interest rate of 1.25%. The purpose of the notes was to pay current and necessary expenditures of the County.

10. STATE RETIREMENT PLANS

10.1 Description of Plans—Eligible employees of the County are provided with the following plans through the Utah Retirement Systems (the URS) administered by the URS:

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (multiple-employer, cost-sharing retirement systems):

- Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System (Tier 1 Noncontributory System)
- Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 1 Contributory System)
- Public Safety Retirement System (Tier 1 Public Safety System)
- Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Contributory System)
- Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System)

Defined Contribution Plans (individual account plans):

- 401(k) Plan which includes the Tier 2 Defined Contribution Plans
- 457 Plan and other individual plans

County employees qualify for membership in the public employees systems if 1) employment normally requires an average of 20 or more hours per week and the employee receives benefits normally provided by the County as approved by the Utah State Retirement Board or 2) the employee is an appointed officer whose position is full time as certified by the County. An employee qualifies for membership in the public safety systems if employment normally requires an average of 2,080 hours of employment per year in a recognized public safety department.

The Tier 2 systems became effective July 1, 2011. All eligible employees beginning on or after July 1, 2011, who have no previous service credit with any of the systems, are members of the Tier 2 systems.

The plans are established and governed by the respective sections of Title 49 of the Utah Code. The plans are amended statutorily by the Utah State legislature. Title 49 provides for the administration of the plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board, whose members are appointed by the Governor.

The URS (a component unit of the State of Utah) issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.urs.org.

10.2 Benefits Provided—The URS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to participants in the defined benefit pension plans.

Retirement benefits are determined from 1.25% to 2.50% of the employee's highest 3 or 5 years of compensation times the employee's years of service depending on the pension plan; benefits are subject to cost-of-living adjustments up to 2.50% or 4.00%, limited to the actual Consumer Price Index increase for the year. Employees are eligible to retire based on years of service and age.

Defined contribution plans are available as supplemental plans to the basic retirement benefits of the defined benefit pension plans and as a primary retirement plan for some Tier 2 participants. Participants in the defined contribution plans are fully vested in employer and employee contributions at the time the contributions are made, except Tier 2 required contributions and associated earnings are vested during the first four years of employment. If an employee terminates prior to the vesting period, employer contributions and associated earnings for that employee are subject to forfeiture. Forfeitures are used to cover a portion of the plan's administrative expenses paid by participants. Benefits depend on amounts contributed to the plans plus investment earnings. Individual accounts are provided for each employee and are available at termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

10.3 Contributions—As a condition of participation in the plans, employers and/or employees are required to contribute certain percentages of salary and wages as authorized by statute and specified by the Utah State Retirement Board. Contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions (where applicable), is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, County required contribution rates for the plans were as follows:

	Defined Benefit Plans Rates				
	County	Amortization	Paid by County for	County Rates for 401(k)	
	Contribution *	of UAAL **	Employee	Plan	Totals
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	11.86 %	6.61 %	_	_	18.47 %
Tier 1 Contributory System	6.09 %	8.37 %	6.00 %	_	20.46 %
Tier 1 Public Safety System	22.29 %	11.75 %	_	_	34.04 %
Tier 2 Contributory System	9.05 %	8.37 %	_	1.03 %	18.45 %
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System	11.38 %	11.77 %	_	0.70 %	23.85 %
Tier 2 Defined Contribution Plans:					
Local Government	0.08 %	6.61 %	_	10.00 %	16.69 %
Public Safety and Firefighters	0.08 %	11.77 %	_	12.00 %	23.85 %

^{*} County contribution includes 0.08% of covered-employee payroll of the Tier 2 plans for death benefits.

Employees can make contributions to defined contribution plans, subject to limitations.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, County and employee contributions to the plans were as follows:

		County	E	mployee
	Co	ntributions*	Con	tributions
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	\$	19,907,062	\$	_
Tier 1 Contributory System		194,447		80,684
Tier 1 Public Safety System		6,894,773		_
Tier 2 Contributory System		7,326,471		_
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System		2,368,037		_
Tier 2 Defined Contribution Plans:				
Local Government		897,223		_
Public Safety and Firefighters		147,325		_
401(k) Plan		2,617,490		6,871,634
457 Plan and other individual plans		_		2,073,979

^{*} A portion of required contributions in the Tier 2 plans is used to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability in the Tier 1 plans

10.4 Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions—At December 31, 2019, the County reported an asset of \$0 and a liability of \$144.3 million for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) for the following plans:

^{**} Required contributions include an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability in the Tier 1 plans

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Net Pension Asset			Net Pension Liability		
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	\$	_	\$	99,643,203		
Tier 1 Contributory System		_		3,107,177		
Tier 1 Public Safety System		_		39,933,354		
Tier 2 Contributory System		_		1,487,046		
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System				167,279		
Total	\$		\$	144,338,059		

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2018, rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The County's proportion of the net pension asset and liability is equal to the ratio of the County's actual contribution compared to the total of all employer contributions during the plan year. The following presents the County's proportion percentage of the collective net pension liability (asset) at December 31, 2018 and the change in its proportion since the prior measurement date of December 31, 2017 for each plan:

	Proportionate Share			
	2018	Change		
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	13.5316317 %	(0.0272799)%		
Tier 1 Contributory System	7.6568638 %	(0.0563314)%		
Tier 1 Public Safety System	15.5226584 %	0.3052667 %		
Tier 2 Contributory System	3.4721476 %	0.1074454 %		
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System	6.6763113 %	(0.2592037)%		

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$44.7 million for the defined benefit pension plans and pension expense of \$2.6 million for the defined contribution plans. At December 31, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each defined benefit pension plan from the following sources:

]	Deferred Outfloo	ws of Resources		
	Tier 1 Non- contributory System	Tier 1 Contributory System	Tier 1 Public Safety System	Tier 2 Contributory System	Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,281,545	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 10,437	\$ 76,865	\$ 1,368,847
Changes of assumptions	13,348,343	_	4,590,192	372,719	159,150	18,470,404
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	20,734,625	1,021,161	6,891,127	484,248	117,901	29,249,062
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	117,215	_	668,129	454,518	133,117	1,372,979
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	19,907,062	194,447	6,894,773	8,223,695	2,515,361	37,735,338
Total	\$ 55,388,790	\$ 1,215,608	\$ 19,044,221	\$ 9,545,617	\$ 3,002,394	\$ 88,196,630
			Deferred Inflow	s of Resources		
	Tier 1 Non- contributory System	Tier 1 Contributory System	Tier 1 Public Safety System	Tier 2 Contributory System	Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,858,449	\$ —	\$ 1,900,444	\$ 307,340	\$ 218	\$ 4,066,451
Changes of assumptions	_	_	_	26,716	6,137	32,853
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,107,067	_	72,074	_	_	1,179,141
Total	\$ 2,965,516	\$ —	\$ 1,972,518	\$ 334,056	\$ 6,355	\$ 5,278,445

The \$37.7 million reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2018 and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ending December 31, 2020. The other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each pension plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources											
Years Ending December 31, Tier 1 Non- contributory System		ontributory			Tier 1 Public Safety System		Tier 2 Contributory System		Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System		Totals		
2020	\$	14,152,196	\$	404,481	\$	5,159,304	\$	168,245	\$	51,899	\$	19,936,125	
2021		5,946,633		23,975		926,065		122,522		42,736		7,061,931	
2022		2,593,282		102,426		820,457		134,206		45,400		3,695,771	
2023		9,824,100		490,279		3,271,103		236,768		69,175		13,891,425	
2024		_		_		_		44,373		22,827		67,200	
Thereafter		_		_		_		281,749		248,640		530,389	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

10.5 Actuarial Assumptions—The total pension liability (asset) in the January 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.25% to 9.75%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.95%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on actual experience and mortality tables, considering gender, occupation, and age, as appropriate, with adjustments for future improvement in mortality based on Scale AA, a model developed by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class and applied consistently to each defined benefit pension plan. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Return Arithmetic Basis
Equity securities	40%	6.2%
Debt securities	20%	0.4%
Real assets	15%	5.8%
Private equity	9%	10.0%
Absolute return	16%	2.9%
Cash and cash equivalents	0%	0.0%
Total	100%	

The 6.95% assumed investment rate of return is comprised of an inflation rate of 2.50% and a real return of 4.45% that is net of investment expense.

10.6 Discount Rate—The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at current contribution rates and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined and certified by the Utah State Retirement Board. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

10.7 Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate—The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.95%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.95%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.95%)	 Discount Rate (6.95%)		1% Increase (7.95%)
County's proportionate share of the				
net pension (asset) liability:				
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	\$ 204,214,764	\$ 99,643,203	\$	12,562,695
Tier 1 Contributory System	6,596,029	3,107,177		170,287
Tier 1 Public Safety System	78,276,432	39,933,354		8,807,213
Tier 2 Contributory System	5,957,394	1,487,046		(1,962,944)
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System	1,261,718	 167,279		(670,241)
Total	\$ 296,306,337	\$ 144,338,059	\$	18,907,010

10.8 Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

10.9 Payables to the Pension Plans—At December 31, 2019, the County reported payables of \$1.4 million for contributions to defined benefit pension plans and \$0.1 million for contributions to defined contribution plans.

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

11.1 Plan Description and Benefits Provided—In addition to the pension plan benefits described in Note 10, the County provides postemployment health care (medical and dental) and life insurance benefits, through a single employer defined benefit plan, to all employees who retire from the County and qualify to retire from the URS. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by County policy, and can be amended at any time. The plan does not issue a separate report.

11.2 Employees Covered by Benefit Terms—At December 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1,168
Active employees	1,861
Total	3,029

Plan benefits are closed to employees hired after January 1, 2013.

11.3 Contributions—Effective January 1, 2015, the County began to use an employee benefit trust to accumulate and invest assets necessary to finance future benefit payments. Expected contributions are based on projected benefit payments and expenses becoming due (pay-as-you-go financing), with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined annually by the County Council. For 2019, the County's average contribution rate was 5.3% of covered-employee payroll. The County covers from zero to 80% (based on years of service) of the cost of a single premium. Contributions to the plan are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the County funds that pay plan-eligible salaries.

11.4 Net OPEB Liability—The County's net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2019. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the same date.

11.5 Actuarial Assumptions—The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.25%

Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation

Discount rate 5.0%

8.0% for 2020, decreasing per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5%

Healthcare cost trend rates for 2027 and later years

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2017 Total Data Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2017, a model developed by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the Utah Retirement Systems for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense plus inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These expected future real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting them based on the target asset allocation percentage. The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity securities	52%	8.6%
Debt securities	48%	0.5%
Total	100%	•

11.6 Discount Rate—The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that County contributions will be equal to projected benefit payments and expense becoming due, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the County Council. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

11.7 Changes in the Net OPEB Liability—

	Total OPEB Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net OPEB Liability	
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$	106,326,832	\$	6,512,255	\$	99,814,577
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		2,603,102		_		2,603,102
Interest		5,361,285		_		5,361,285
Changes of benefit terms		_		_		_
Differences between expected and actual experience		(7,047,075)		_		(7,047,075)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		4,012,229		_		4,012,229
Benefit payments		(3,450,572)		(3,450,572)		_
Employer contributions		_		5,966,130		(5,966,130)
Member contributions		_		_		_
Net investment income		_		766,640		(766,640)
Trust administrative expenses		_		(253,111)		253,111
Net changes		1,478,969		3,029,087		(1,550,118)
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$	107,805,801	\$	9,541,342	\$	98,264,459

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability

11.8 Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate—The following presents the net OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.0%) than the current discount rate:

	1	1% Decrease		scount Rate	1% Increase			
		(4%)		(5%)		(6%)		
		_						
Net OPEB liability	\$	115,108,364	\$	98,264,459	\$	84,697,737		

11.9 Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates—The following presents the net OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (7.0% decreasing to 3.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.0% decreasing to 5.5%) than current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase
	(7.0%	(8.0%	(9.0%
	decreasing	decreasing	decreasing
	to 3.5%)	to 4.5%)	to 5.5%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 83,597,060	\$ 98,264,459	\$ 116,801,335

11.10 OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB—For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$6.5 million. At December 31, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
	O	utflows of	Inflows of
	I	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$ 13,654,366
Changes in assumptions		5,389,103	_
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on OPEB plan investments		272,294	 308,125
	\$	5,661,397	\$ 13,962,491

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years Ending December 31,	(1	Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
2020	\$	(1,917,999)
2021		(1,918,001)
2022		(1,942,391)
2023		(2,016,897)
2024		(505,806)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

12.1 Property Insurance—The County carries an all-risk commercial property policy with various deductibles including: \$100,000 per occurrence for general property losses, \$20,000 for boiler and machinery, and \$10,000 for contractor's equipment. The County experienced a moderate earthquake on March 18, 2020 and is expecting to have upwards of \$250,000 in damages from the quake. The County will pay its deductible of \$100,000 for this loss but hopes to recoup those funds through Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). The property insurance policy carries a total loss limit of \$500,000,000 per occurrence with sub-limits for earth movement and flood of \$100,000,000 per occurrence. There were no settlements in excess of insurance coverage in any of the three prior years.

12.2 Self Insurance—The County is self-insured for worker's compensation; however, the State of Utah Labor Commission requires the County to purchase excess worker's compensation coverage. The County retains \$750,000 per occurrence. The excess insurance policy considers the COVID-19 pandemic to be one occurrence. It is expected that the County's exposure to work-related infections of the virus will be limited to a single deductible. Worker's compensation claims are managed by risk management staff and paid from the Employee Service Reserve (Internal Service) Fund. There were no settlements in excess of insurance coverage in any of the three prior years.

The County retains general liability for its operations and facilities. ASM Global, contract managers of the Salt Palace and Mountain America convention centers and the Equestrian Park, provide general liability insurance for their operations including the maintenance of these facilities; however, the County is still responsible for liability resulting from building design issues. The General Fund pays self-insured claims for general liability, automobile coverage, certain property exposures, and employee indemnification.

The County is self-insured for employee and retiree medical and dental and uses third-party administrators to manage these benefits. Specific and aggregate stop loss coverage on the medical plan is provided to limit the ultimate exposure of the County. A liability for employee medical and dental claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR) is recorded at the end of each year. The medical IBNR is equal to six weeks of claims using a trailing twelve-month average. The dental IBNR is equal for five weeks of claims using a trailing twelve-month average. The liability for retiree medical and dental benefits is included in the County OPEB plan (see Note 11). Current employee medical and dental benefits are paid from the Employee Service Reserve (Internal Service) Fund; this fund is used by the County to consolidate and account for these benefits. The Employee Service Reserve Fund receives funds to cover claim costs by charging departments insurance premiums through payroll or by charging departments a monthly assessment. Retiree medical and dental benefits are paid from the OPEB trust fund. The OPEB trust fund receives contributions from charging County departments a monthly assessment.

Changes in the County's estimated self-insurance claims liability are summarized in Note 9.8.

12.3 Legal Contingent Liability Claims—The County records a liability for claims or judgments when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In addition to the liability disclosed in Note 9.8 for claims or judgments, the County and certain of its officials are defendants in a variety of legal actions involving matters of contract, property, tort, taxation, and civil rights totaling approximately \$108.9 million plus attorneys' fees and interest in some cases. The County is vigorously contesting all of these matters, but as of this date it is not possible to determine the outcome of these proceedings. The resolution of these matters is not expected to have a significant adverse effect on the County's financial position.

Changes in the County's estimated legal contingent liability claims liability are summarized in Note 9.8.

13. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

13.1 Construction Encumbrances—The County is actively involved in construction projects including the Draper City Recreation Center, Mid-Valley Cultural Center, and multiple libraries, as well as improvements to various parks, county facilities, software development, and infrastructure. At December 31, 2019, the County's commitments with contractors total \$42.9 million. These construction commitments have been recorded as encumbrances for budgetary purposes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

Although encumbrances and the related appropriation lapse at the end of the year, these commitments will be honored in the next year.

Construction commitments are financed with unspent bond proceeds and other fund balance resources that are either restricted or committed.

13.2 Encumbrances—As discussed in Notes 1.09 and 1.10, encumbrances accounting is utilized to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At December 31, 2019, encumbrances (excluding construction commitments) for governmental activities and business-type activities and expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year totaled \$81.9 million and \$1.6 million, respectively.

Encumbrances will be financed with fund balance resources that are either restricted or committed. Encumbrances remain outstanding until they are either recognized as expenditures in conformity with GAAP or canceled.

13.3 Pay for Success Commitments—In December 2016, the County entered into a pay-for-success contract for criminal justice and homelessness initiatives. Pay-for-success contracting allows the County to commit to measurably improving outcomes for at-risk populations in the County by 1) implementing performance-based contracting that shifts performance risk for social programs to the private sector, 2) building capacity for local non-profit service providers, 3) holding service providers more accountable using data-driven performance evaluation, and 4) creating mechanisms which allow the County to discontinue inefficient service programs.

Initial funding for the initiatives is from private investments, grants, and donations. The County can become obligated for successful outcomes at a maximum of \$6.0 million for the criminal justice program and \$5.6 million for the homelessness program. Cash equal to the maximum obligated amounts has been set aside in a restricted cash account in the General Fund. Outcomes are measured by comparing program participants against a control group. Measurements of success will be made every six months. As target outcomes are achieved, the County will transfer agreed-upon amounts to an escrow account. In 2019, the County transferred \$158,600 into this escrow account for outcomes achieved during the year bringing the total amount transferred to \$229,300. The majority of transfers to the escrow account are to be made after the fourth and sixth years of the programs. Disbursements from the escrow account will be paid to investors at the end of each program.

The County will record expenditures in the governmental funds as payments to the escrow account become due. For the government-wide financial statements, liabilities and related expenses will be recorded based on success measurements and the likelihood payments to the escrow account will eventually be required. As of December 31, 2019, future payments to escrow were neither probable, nor estimable and therefore, associated liabilities were not accrued.

13.4 Total Commitments—Total construction and other commitments at December 31, 2019 consist of the following:

	Construction		Other		Pay for Success		Total	
	En	cumbrances	s Encumbrances		Commitments		Commitments	
Governmental activities:								
General Fund	\$	1,101,870	\$	5,722,365	\$	_	\$	6,824,235
Grants Programs Fund		_		300,238		_		300,238
Transportation Preservation Fund		_		63,605,605		_		63,605,605
TRCC Fund		2,518,338		5,778,975		_		8,297,313
Nonmajor governmental funds		39,301,089		6,265,752		_		45,566,841
Internal service funds		_		203,461		_		203,461
Total	\$	42,921,297	\$	81,876,396	\$		\$	124,797,693
								_
Business-type activities:								
Golf Courses Fund	\$	_	\$	388	\$	_	\$	388
Public Works Fund				1,592,500				1,592,500
	\$		\$	1,592,888	\$		\$	1,592,888

13.5 Operating Lease Obligations—The County leases office facilities and other public purpose buildings under a variety of month-to-month and long-term leases. All long-term leases include either an early-termination clause or nonfunding cancellation clause to comply with state statutes. The County finances existing lease contracts in the normal course of adopting the budget. Total costs for these leases were approximately \$1.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2019.

The future minimum lease payments at December 31, 2019 are as follows:

Years Ending	
December 31,	
2020	\$ 1,102,724
2021	1,263,003
2022	1,247,526
2023	1,162,043
2024	1,137,965
Thereafter	4,143,358

14. JOINT VENTURES AND UNDIVIDED INTERESTS

14.1 City/County Landfill—The County is an equal partner with Salt Lake City Corporation of Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste Management Facility, also known as the City/County Landfill. The joint venture was created to provide solid waste management and disposal services. The County's equity interest in the net resources of the City/County Landfill at December 31, 2019 is \$20.4 million. Such interest is reported in the governmental activities statement of net position as investment in joint ventures; earnings are reported as program revenue on the statement of activities. Distributions received from the City/County Landfill are reported as revenue in the General Fund.

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City/County Landfill place a final cover on its landfill sites and perform maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for a minimum of thirty years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill sites, an expense provision and related liability are recognized based on the future closure and postclosure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

landfill sites no longer accept waste. The estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs is \$11.2 million at December 31, 2019, which is based on 29.2% usage (portion filled) of the City/County Landfill. The remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of approximately \$27.1 million will be recognized as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. The estimate is based on an engineering study issued in November 2016. The City/County Landfill is expected to be filled to capacity in the year 2082. A current-year expense provision in the amount of \$0.6 million was recorded in 2019. Actual costs may differ due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

In November 1996, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) issued final regulations regarding financial assurance provisions for local government owners and operators of municipal solid waste landfills. The regulations allow compliance with financial assurance requirements by meeting a financial test or by alternate methods. The financial test method is available only to local governments who can demonstrate that they are capable of meeting their financial obligations relating to their landfills and is sometimes referred to as "self-insurance." The alternate methods generally involve third-party financial instruments such as trust funds, letters of credit, or insurance policies.

The financial assurance requirement is the estimated total current costs of closure and postclosure care of \$38.3 million at December 31, 2019. Although the County and Salt Lake City satisfy the financial test coverage and the financial assurance requirement (therefore, an alternate method is not necessary), the City/County Landfill has set aside resources to finance the estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs. At December 31, 2019, the City/County Landfill had set aside \$11.2 million of its pooled cash and investments.

The owners are required to submit documentation of financial assurance to the Utah Department of Environmental Quality demonstrating that they meet the financial test at the close of each fiscal year. In the event the owners no longer meet the requirements of the financial test, they shall, within 210 days following the close of their fiscal years, obtain alternative financial assurance for total current costs of landfill closure and postclosure care that exceed 43% of the owners' total annual revenue.

A 2009 Interlocal Cooperation Agreement establishes a "Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste Management Council" (Management Council). The Management Council consists of five members: one member designated by the Salt Lake County Mayor; one member designated by the Salt Lake City Mayor; one designated by the Salt Lake County Council of Governments; one member of the Salt Lake Valley Board of Health or the Director of Health or designee; and one member with technical expertise in the field of solid waste management.

The Management Council makes recommendations to the governing bodies of Salt Lake City and the County, which have equal power to review, ratify, modify, or veto any actions submitted by the Management Council. A few of these recommendations include appointing an Executive Director who is responsible for City/County Landfill operations (the City does not have equal power regarding this), approve construction and expansion projects, and approve an annual budget.

The Management Council has developed a master plan designed to comply with environmental standards established by federal, state, and local governments. In connection with this plan, the Management Council has established user fees at a level sufficient to cover all operating costs, including required closure and postclosure care costs.

Summary financial information for the City/County Landfill for 2019 is as follows:

Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste Management Facility

Summary Financial Information
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Pooled cash and investments	\$ 33,701,740
Accounts receivable	1,712,942
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	19,692,284
Total assets	55,106,966
Closure and post closure care liability	11,177,823
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,115,163
Total liabilities	14,292,986
Total net position	\$ 40,813,980
Landfill fee revenue	\$ 14,795,942
Other operating revenues	1,079,857
Closure and postclosure care expense	(578,565)
Other operating expenses	(13,796,318)
Nonoperating revenue (expense)	606,843
Net income	\$ 2,107,759
Distributions to owners	\$ 1,159,677

Audited financial statements for the City/County Landfill may be obtained from Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste at 6030 California Ave, Salt Lake City, UT 84104, or by calling 385-468-6380.

14.2 Sugar House Park Authority—The County has a 50% ownership interest in the Sugar House Park Authority, a joint venture with Salt Lake City Corporation created in 1957 for the purpose of maintaining and improving land used as a public park. The County's investment in the Sugar House Park Authority at December 31, 2019 totaled \$1.0 million, which has been included in governmental activity investment in joint ventures in the government-wide statement of net position; \$0.8 million of the investment is related to capital assets.

The 113-acre regional park is a popular site for many City and County residents due to its convenient location and relative expanse. The Sugar House Park Authority is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of nine members: one appointed by the City; one appointed by the County; and seven members appointed jointly by the City and County mayors with consent from their respective Councils.

A five-year contract was signed between the Sugar House Park Authority and the County in May 2018. Under the contract, the County is responsible for daily management, operation, and maintenance of the park. In 2019, the Sugar House Park Authority paid the County \$0.4 million for such services. Currently, the City provides water needed to maintain the park for a fee.

Revenues to operate the park are generated primarily from equal contributions from Salt Lake City and the County. Contributions from the County totaled \$0.2 million during the year ended December 31, 2019. Other revenues include reservation fees, various park programs, and interest earnings. Audited financial statements for the Sugar House Park Authority may be obtained from Sugar House Park Authority, 3383 South 300 East, Salt Lake City, Utah 84108-2244, or by calling 385-468-7275.

14.3 UPACA (Eccles Theater)—The County is a 25% partner and Salt Lake City/Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City (City/RDA) is a 75% partner of Utah Performing Arts Center Agency (UPACA). UPACA was created to own and

manage the George S. and Dolores Doré Eccles Theater (Eccles Theater) which hosts national touring Broadway performances, concerts, comedy, and other entertainment events, as well as local performances and community events. An operating agreement between UPACA, the County, and the City/RDA was signed in March 2013 assigning the County with the responsibility for the operation and management of the Eccles Theater through December 31, 2041. Eccles Theater opened its doors on October 21, 2016. The County's equity interest in the net position of UPACA at December 31, 2019 is \$5.8 million (net of the County's obligation to the City/RDA of \$23.8 million) and is reported in the governmental activities statement of net position as investment in joint ventures; earnings are reported as program revenue on the statement of activities. Distributions received from UPACA are reported as revenue in the TRCC Special Revenue Fund.

UPACA is governed by a board of trustees consisting of nine members: three representatives from and appointed by the County's governing body and six representatives from and appointed by the City/RDA's governing bodies. Each representative has one vote. Terms continue until a successor is appointed.

Net operating income will be distributed annually to the owners in amounts as outlined in organizational agreements after required contributions are made to operations and capital reserve accounts. The County is responsible for any operating deficits.

Starting in 2015 and continuing through 2040, the County has agreed to allocate incremental taxes to the City/RDA to be used for debt service of bonds the City/RDA issued to finance the construction of the Eccles Theater. The balance due to the City/RDA is \$23.8 million at December 31, 2019 (see Note 9.7).

Summary financial information for UPACA for 2019 is as follows:

Utah Performing Arts Center Agency

Summary Financial Information

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Pooled cash and investments	\$ 8,204,109
Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses	744,633
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 122,598,787
Total assets	131,547,529
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,487,309
Show proceeds held for others	3,993,660
Due to Salt Lake County	926,604
Total liabilities	6,407,573
Total net position	\$ 125,139,956
Charges for services	\$ 6,258,221
Contributions and other revenues	949,200
Operating expenses	(5,547,948)
Depreciation	(2,684,066)
Net income (loss)	\$ (1,024,593)
Distributions to owners	\$ 724,812

Audited financial statements for UPACA may be obtained from Salt Lake County Arts and Culture, 50 West 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84101, or by calling 385-468-1020.

14.4 Tracy Aviary—The County entered into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement on September 28, 2009 with Salt Lake City in connection with improvements to Tracy Aviary located on land owned by Salt Lake City within Salt Lake City's Liberty Park. The voters in the County approved the issuance of general obligation bonds to finance the improvements. The County has a 40% undivided interest in improvements financed by the bonds. When the bonds are paid in full, the County will convey its interest in the improvements to Salt Lake City. Improvements financed by the bonds total \$19.6 million; general obligation bonds outstanding and assigned to this agreement are \$11.0 million at December 31, 2019.

14.5 Hogle Zoo—The County entered into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement on March 2, 2010 with Salt Lake City in connection with improvements to Hogle Zoo located on land owned by Salt Lake City. The voters in the County approved the issuance of general obligation bonds to finance those improvements. The County has a 40% undivided interest in improvements financed by the bonds. When the bonds are paid in full, the County will convey its interest in the improvements to Salt Lake City. Improvements financed by the bonds total \$33.0 million; general obligation bonds outstanding and assigned to this agreement are \$17.7 million at December 31, 2019.

15. BUDGETARY TO GAAP REPORTING RECONCILIATION

The accompanying schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances-budget and actual-budgetary basis include comparisons of the legally adopted budgets (original and final) with actual data on a budgetary basis for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund. Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present the financial statements in conformity with GAAP, the following reconciliation shows the adjustments necessary at December 31, 2019 to convert from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis statements in the General Fund and each major special revenue fund:

:
7,757
7,757
6,578
_
5,624
4,451)
7,751
566

16. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following table provides a reconciliation of all interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2019:

			Transfers Out			
		Major Funds				
		Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor	Internal	
	General		General	Governmental	Service	
	Fund	TRCC	Government Funds		Funds	Totals
Transfers in:						
General Fund	\$ —	\$ 20,164,000	\$ —	\$ 500,000	\$ —	\$ 20,664,000
Grant Programs Fund	29,612,000	_	_	_	_	29,612,000
TRCC Fund	250,000	_	3,000,000	69,576	_	3,319,576
Nonmajor governmental funds	4,881,719	9,254,322	_	24,832,959	622,805	39,591,805
Public Works and Other						
Services Enterprise Fund	205,000	_	_	_	_	205,000
Totals	\$ 34,948,719	\$ 29,418,322	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 25,402,535	\$ 622,805	\$ 93,392,381

Transfers from the General Fund to the Grant Programs Fund reflect property tax funding of grant-related programs. Transfers from the General Fund to the TRCC Fund are for the Cultural Core initiative related to fine arts programs. Transfers from the General Fund to nonmajor governmental funds are to finance capital projects including senior centers and recreation centers as well as subsidies for public health and Zoo, Arts and Parks administration. Transfers from the General Fund to the Public Works and Other Services Enterprise Fund relate to flood control projects.

Transfers from the TRCC Fund to the General Fund are to finance parks and recreation projects and open space maintenance. Transfers from the TRCC fund to nonmajor governmental funds are for debt service, Zoo, Arts and Parks administration, the purchase of open space and to finance planetarium capital projects.

Transfers from the General Government Debt Service Fund to the TRCC Fund are for debt service on the Salt Palace Convention Center.

Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to the General Fund are to move redevelopment revenue and to fund information technology projects. Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to the TRCC Fund are for a recreation capital project. Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to other nonmajor governmental funds primarily relate to debt service as well as capital projects. Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to the Public Works and Other Services Enterprise Fund are for capital projects and flood control.

Transfers from internal service funds to nonmajor governmental funds are for capital projects at the government center.

17. CONDUIT DEBT

The County has issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The County is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The County has made a limited commitment to maintain the issue's tax-exempt status for all series of conduit debt.

At December 31, 2019, eleven series of industrial revenue bonds were outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable for the ten series issued after July 1, 1995 was \$253.9 million. The aggregate principal amount payable for the single series issued prior to July 1, 1995 could not be determined; however, the original issue amount totaled \$1.5 million.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Unified Fire Service Area (UFSA), an entity related to the County, has a contractual agreement with the Unified Fire Authority to provide fire protection and paramedic services in the unincorporated County area. The County also contracts directly with Unified Fire Authority for emergency management services. For 2019, \$5.6 million was paid to the Unified Fire Authority for fire protection, paramedic services, emergency management and various other obligations.

The County has a contractual agreement with Unified Police Department (UPD) to provide law enforcement services in the unincorporated County area. The County Sheriff is the executive officer of UPD. For 2019, the County paid UPD \$14.9 million for law enforcement related services. The Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area (SLVLESA), an entity related to the County, provides property tax revenue for UPD. For 2019, the County had no significant transactions with SLVLESA.

The Wasatch Front Waste and Recycling District (WFWRD), an entity related to the County, has a contractual agreement with the County to provide sanitation services in the unincorporated County area. For 2019, the County paid WFWRD \$0.4 million.

The Greater Salt Lake Municipal Services District (MSD), an entity related to the County, has a statutory obligation to provide public works and other services to the unincorporated County area. For 2019, the County passed to the MSD \$11.7 million of sales tax, road monies, and other levied fees. The MSD contracts with Salt Lake County to provide public works and other services to MSD customers. For 2019, MSD paid the County \$17.6 million. An elected member of the Salt Lake County Council serves on the MSD Board of Trustees.

19. ENDOWMENTS

During 2010, the County Animal Services Division received \$1.6 million from the Ronald N. Boyce and Coral Darlene Boyce Trust to be used to establish the Ronald N. Boyce and Coral Darlene Boyce Pet Adoption Endowment Fund. Under the terms of the endowment, and consistent with state statutes, net realized earnings will be used exclusively to support the Division's pet adoption programs using an income-only model. At December 31, 2019, accumulated available net realized earnings on investments were \$149,313 (reported as the expendable portion of net position restricted for pet adoption).

During 2018, the County Animal Services Division received \$80,087 from Utah Friends for Animal Care and Effective Solutions (FACES) to be used to establish the FACES Endowment Fund. Under the terms of the endowment, and consistent with state statutes, net realized earnings will be used exclusively to assist in providing grooming, transportation, microchips, injured animal care, and spay and neuter surgeries using an income-only model. December 31, 2019, accumulated available net realized earnings on investments were \$2,999 (reported as the expendable portion of net position restricted for outlined pet programs).

Both endowments are reported in the Pet Care and Adoption Endowment Permanent Fund.

20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County plans to issue tax and revenue anticipation notes (series 2020) totaling \$65.0 million in June 2020 to be used to pay current and necessary expenditures of the County. The notes will mature before December 31, 2020.

In June 2020, the County issued \$43.6 million in taxable sales tax revenue and refunding bonds as a direct placement. The bonds will reimburse the County for the purchase of land surrounding a homeless resource center, payments related to three homeless resource centers on behalf of Shelter the Homeless, Inc, as well as refund portions of the 2012A and 2014 sales tax revenue bonds related to projects at the Salt Palace Convention Center. Although the taxable refunding will result in additional net present value costs of \$0.2 million, it will allow the County to enter into new concession agreements at the Salt Palace Convention Center that are anticipated to save the County in excess of \$0.5 million per year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen across a range of industries, including the public sector. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the County's operations and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak as well as its impact on revenues from federal, state, and local sources, all of which cannot be fully predicted. The County was the direct recipient of Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES) funding in the amount of \$203.6 million. These dollars can be spent on costs directly associated with COVID-19. In addition, the County will be pursuing Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) dollars and other federal grants. The extent to which COVID-19 may impact the financial condition of the County is uncertain and no adjustments have been reflected in the financial statements.

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Information About Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach Year Ended December 31, 2019

As provided by generally accepted accounting standards, the County has adopted an alternative method for reporting costs associated with certain infrastructure assets. Under this alternative method, referred to as the "modified approach", infrastructure assets are not depreciated, and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed. The County capitalizes costs related to new construction, major replacements, and improvements that increase the capacity and/or efficiency of infrastructure assets reported under the modified approach.

In order to utilize the modified approach, the County is required to:

- Maintain an asset management system that includes an up-to-date inventory of eligible infrastructure assets.
- Perform and document replicable condition assessments of the eligible infrastructure assets and summarize the results using a measurement scale.
- Estimate each year the annual amount to maintain and preserve the eligible infrastructure assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the County.
- Document that the infrastructure assets are being preserved approximately at, or above the condition level established by the County.

Roads

The County applies the modified approach only to the 170 lane-miles of roads that are owned by the County and maintained by its public works department. The goal of the County in conjunction with adopting the modified approach is to develop and provide a cost effective pavement maintenance and rehabilitation program that preserves the County's investment in its road network and enhances public transportation and safety.

Measurement Scale

The condition of road pavement is measured using the County Pavement Management System. This system uses a measurement scale that considers the condition of the highways and roads as denoted by a Pavement Condition Index (PCI), ranging from 0 to 100. The PCI is used to classify roads into categories as follows:

Category	PCI Rating Range	Description
Very Good	94 - 100	New or nearly new pavement which provides a very smooth ride and is mainly free of distress. (No maintenance work needed.)
Good	76 - 93	Pavement which provides an adequate ride, and exhibits few, if any, visible signs of distress. (Minor maintenance may be needed.)
Fair	64 - 75	Surface defects in this category such as cracking, rutting, and raveling are affecting the ride of the user. (Major maintenance is likely needed.)
Poor	41 - 63	These roadways have deteriorated to such an extent that they are in need of resurfacing, and the ride is noticeably rough. (Structural improvements, in addition to major maintenance, are likely needed.)
Very Poor	0 - 40	Pavement in this category is severely deteriorated, and the ride quality is unacceptable. (Complete road reconstruction is likely needed.)

Established Condition Level

It is the County's policy to maintain approximately 30% of its roads/highways at or above the "good" condition level, and approximately no more than 20% at a "very poor" condition. Condition assessments are performed by geographic district within the network on approximately one-third of the roads/highways each year, in order to achieve a complete condition assessment at least every three years.

Information About Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach Year Ended December 31, 2019

Assessed Conditions

The following table reports the percentage of pavement meeting the "very good" and "good" condition ratings, as well as those falling into the "very poor" category, as assessed in 2019, 2018, and 2017.

Category	2019	2018	2017			
Very good/good	48 %	42 %	43 %			
Very poor	4 %	11 %	11 %			

The following table represents the County's estimated amounts needed to maintain and preserve its road network at or above its established condition levels, as well as the amounts actually spent on road maintenance and preservation, for each of the past five reporting periods (in millions of dollars).

	2	019	2018	2017	 2016	2015
Estimated spending	\$	1.1	\$ 1.1	\$ 1.1	\$ 4.6	\$ 4.6
Actual spending		0.5	1.0	0.6	3.0	3.8

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Utah Retirement Systems
Last Five Plan Years

		2018	2017	2016
Tier 1 Noncontributory System:				
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		13.5316317 %	13.5589116 %	13.4356046 %
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	99,643,196	\$ 59,405,660	\$ 86,273,032
County's covered payroll	\$	111,249,564	\$ 112,245,344	\$ 113,182,903
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)				
as a percentage of its covered payroll		89.6 %	52.9 %	76.2 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension				
liability		87.0 %	91.9 %	87.3 %
Tier 1 Contributory System:				
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		7.6568638 %	7.7131952 %	8.186507 %
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	3,107,177	\$ 627,655	\$ 2,686,083
County's covered payroll	\$	1,433,130	\$ 1,565,130	\$ 1,964,260
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)				
as a percentage of its covered payroll		216.8 %	40.1 %	136.7 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension				
liability		91.2 %	98.2 %	92.9 %
Tier 1 Public Safety System:				
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		15.5226584 %	15.2173917 %	14.787685 %
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	39,933,354	\$ 23,870,888	\$ 30,008,297
County's covered payroll	\$	22,035,677	\$ 22,085,408	\$ 21,478,736
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)				
as a percentage of its covered payroll		181.2 %	108.1 %	139.7 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension				0.5 - 0.4
liability		84.7 %	90.2 %	86.5 %
Tier 2 Contributory System:				
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		3.4721476 %	3.3647022 %	3.3696656 %
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,487,046	\$ 296,657	\$ 375,884
County's covered payroll	\$	40,535,236	\$ 32,942,976	\$ 27,633,961
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		2.7.0/	0.0.0/	1.4.0/
as a percentage of its covered payroll		3.7 %	0.9 %	1.4 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension		90.8 %	97.4 %	95.1 %
liability		90.6 /6	97.4 /0	95.1 /0
Tier 2 Public and Firefighter Safety System:				
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	•	6.6763113 %	6.935515 %	6.6422289 %
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	167,279	\$ (80,249)	(57,658)
County's covered payroll	\$	8,936,304	\$ 7,321,128	\$ 5,487,946
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		1.0.0/	(1.1)0/	(1.1)0/
as a percentage of its covered payroll		1.9 %	(1.1)%	(1.1)%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		95.6 %	103.0 %	103.6 %
паоти		93.0 %	103.0 %	103.0 %

	2015	2014
	13.8877298 %	14.1567049 %
\$	78,583,530	\$ 61,471,740
\$	116,216,143	\$ 119,964,817
	67.6 %	51.2 %
	87.8 %	90.2 %
	5.8313486 %	5.3045538 %
\$		\$ 1,530,064
\$		\$ 2,840,292
Ψ	2,404,007	2,040,272
	165.0 %	53.9 %
	85.7 %	94.0 %
	14.9999446 %	15.5055808 %
\$		\$ 19,499,555
\$	21,737,676	\$ 22,499,845
	123.6 %	86.7 %
	87.1 %	90.5 %
	3.1720734 %	3.0626107 %
\$	(6,925)	\$ (92,811)
\$	20,568,049	
	— %	(0.6)%
	100.2 %	103.5 %
	7.99165 %	10.0100932 %
\$	(116,761)	
\$ \$	4,755,514	
Э	4,733,314	\$ 4,137,324
	(2.5)%	(3.6)%
	110.7 %	120.5 %

Schedules of County Contributions

Utah Retirement Systems

Last Five Years

		2019		2018		2017
Tier 1 Noncontributory System:						
Contractually required contribution	\$	19,907,062	\$	20,256,414	\$	20,449,046
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(19,907,062)		(20,256,414)		(20,449,046)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$					
County's covered payroll	\$	109,441,549	\$	<u> </u>	\$	112,119,686
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		18.2 %		18.2 %		18.2 %
Tier 1 Contributory System:						
Contractually required contribution	\$	104 447	¢.	207,231	¢.	226,318
• •						
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	•	(194,447)	•	(207,231) ————————————————————————————————————	•	(220,318)
Countries according to the Countries according t	•	1 244 727	<u>•</u>	1 422 120	\$	1 565 120
County's covered payroll	Э				Ф	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.5 %		14.5 %		14.5 %
Tier 1 Public Safety System:						
Contractually required contribution	\$			7,129,682		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(6,894,773)		(7,129,682)		(7,142,832)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	(7,129,682) ————————————————————————————————————	\$	
County's covered payroll	\$	21,128,066	\$	22,039,306	\$	22,062,628
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		32.6 %		32.3 %		32.4 %
Tier 2 Contributory System:						
Contractually required contribution	\$	7.326.471	\$	6,228,321	\$	4.964.337
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(7,326,471)		(6,228,321)		(4,964,337)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	(6,228,321) — 40,733,246	\$	
County's covered payroll	\$	47,094,258	\$	40,733,246	\$	33,177,594
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.6 %		15.3 %		15.0 %
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System:						
Contractually required contribution	\$	2 368 037	©	2,043,218	•	1,644,854
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Þ			(2,043,218)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	•	(2,308,037)	•	(2,043,218)	•	(1,644,854)
County's covered payroll	•	10 262 075	•	8,984,552	•	7 226 050
* * *	Þ	23.1 %		22.7 %	Ф	22.5 %
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		23.1 70		22.1 70		22.3 70
Tier 2 Defined Contribution Plan - Local Government:						
Contractually required contribution	\$	897,223	\$	737,219	\$	602,820
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(897,223)		(737,219)		(602,820)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	
County's covered payroll	\$	13,146,044	\$	11,021,479	\$	9,009,082
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		6.8 %		6.7 %		6.7 %
Tier 2 Defined Contribution Plan - Public Safety:						
Contractually required contribution	\$	147,325	\$	104,873	\$	77,988
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(147,325)		(104,873)		(77,988)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	
County's covered payroll	\$	1,233,024	\$	889,629	\$	664,058
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.0 %		11.8 %		11.7 %

\$	20,602,559	\$	21,143,793
	(20,602,559)		(21,143,793)
\$		\$	
<u>\$</u> \$	113,165,466	\$	116,216,143
Ψ	18.2 %	Ψ	18.2 %
	10.2 /0		10.2 /0
\$	284,033	\$	359,105
	(284,033)		(359,105)
<u>\$</u>		\$	
\$	1,964,260	\$	2,484,667
	14.5 %		14.5 %
\$	6,998,614	\$	7,107,303
Ψ		Ψ	
•	(6,998,614)	•	(7,107,303)
<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	
\$	21,475,740	\$	21,737,676
	32.6 %		32.7 %
\$	4,129,579	\$	3,059,414
	(4,129,579)		(3,059,414)
\$		\$	
\$ \$		\$ \$	
\$	27,701,643 14.9 %	\$	20,568,049 14.9 %
\$	27,701,643	\$	20,568,049
\$	27,701,643	\$	20,568,049
Ť	27,701,643 14.9 %	\$	20,568,049 14.9 %
\$	27,701,643 14.9 %	\$	20,568,049 14.9 % 1,065,802
\$	27,701,643 14.9 %	\$ \$	20,568,049 14.9 %
\$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740)	\$ \$	20,568,049 14.9 % 1,065,802 (1,065,802)
Ť	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570	\$ \$ \$ \$	
\$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740)	\$ \$ \$ \$	20,568,049 14.9 % 1,065,802 (1,065,802)
\$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570	\$ \$ \$	
\$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570	\$ \$ \$ \$	
\$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570	\$ \$ \$ \$	
\$ \$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570 22.4 %	\$	
\$ \$ \$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570 22.4 %	\$	
\$ \$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570 22.4 % 522,082 (522,082)	\$	20,568,049 14.9 % 1,065,802 (1,065,802) — 4,755,514 22.4 % 342,690 (342,690) —
\$ \$ \$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570 22.4 % 522,082 (522,082) — 7,584,310	\$	20,568,049 14.9 % 1,065,802 (1,065,802) — 4,755,514 22.4 % 342,690 (342,690) — 5,071,888
\$ \$ \$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570 22.4 % 522,082 (522,082)	\$	20,568,049 14.9 % 1,065,802 (1,065,802) — 4,755,514 22.4 % 342,690 (342,690) —
\$ \$ \$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570 22.4 % 522,082 (522,082) — 7,584,310	\$	20,568,049 14.9 % 1,065,802 (1,065,802) — 4,755,514 22.4 % 342,690 (342,690) — 5,071,888
\$ \$ \$ \$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570 22.4 % 522,082 (522,082) — 7,584,310 6.9 %	\$ \$ \$ \$	20,568,049 14.9 % 1,065,802 (1,065,802) — 4,755,514 22.4 % 342,690 (342,690) — 5,071,888 6.8 %
\$ \$ \$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570 22.4 % 522,082 (522,082) — 7,584,310 6.9 %	\$	20,568,049 14.9 % 1,065,802 (1,065,802) — 4,755,514 22.4 % 342,690 (342,690) — 5,071,888 6.8 % 47,803
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570 22.4 % 522,082 (522,082) — 7,584,310 6.9 %	\$ \$ \$ \$	20,568,049 14.9 % 1,065,802 (1,065,802) — 4,755,514 22.4 % 342,690 (342,690) — 5,071,888 6.8 %
\$ \$ \$ \$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570 22.4 % 522,082 (522,082) — 7,584,310 6.9 %	\$ \$ \$ \$	20,568,049 14.9 % 1,065,802 (1,065,802) — 4,755,514 22.4 % 342,690 (342,690) — 5,071,888 6.8 % 47,803
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570 22.4 % 522,082 (522,082) — 7,584,310 6.9 %	\$ \$ \$ \$	20,568,049 14.9 % 1,065,802 (1,065,802) — 4,755,514 22.4 % 342,690 (342,690) — 5,071,888 6.8 % 47,803
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	27,701,643 14.9 % 1,234,740 (1,234,740) — 5,501,570 22.4 % 522,082 (522,082) — 7,584,310 6.9 % 74,413 (74,413)	\$ \$ \$ \$	20,568,049 14.9 % 1,065,802 (1,065,802) — 4,755,514 22.4 % 342,690 (342,690) — 5,071,888 6.8 % 47,803 (47,803) —

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedules of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

Last Three Plan Years

		2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability:	_			
Service cost	\$	2,603,102	\$ 2,565,357	\$ 3,680,429
Interest		5,361,285	5,368,659	5,199,279
Differences between expected and actual experience		(7,047,075)	(4,660,027)	(8,181,459)
Changes of assumptions		4,012,229	_	3,579,764
Benefit payments		(3,450,572)	(3,467,680)	(3,450,114)
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,478,969	(193,691)	827,899
Total OPEB liability—beginning		106,326,832	106,520,523	105,692,624
Total OPEB liability—ending (a)	\$	107,805,801	\$ 106,326,832	\$ 106,520,523
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions—employer	\$	5,966,130	\$ 4,857,214	\$ 3,526,404
Net investment income		766,640	(72,309)	140,242
Benefit payments		(3,450,572)	(3,467,680)	(3,246,028)
Trust administrative expense		(253,111)	(227,893)	(204,086)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,029,087	1,089,332	216,532
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning		6,512,255	5,422,923	5,206,391
Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b)	\$	9,541,342	\$ 6,512,255	\$ 5,422,923
County's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	98,264,459	\$ 99,814,577	\$ 101,097,600
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		8.9 %	6.1 %	5.1 %
Covered-employee payroll	\$	112,856,714	\$ 118,859,881	\$ 119,301,632
County's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		87.1 %	84.0 %	84.7 %

Schedules of County Contributions

Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

Last Three Years

	 2019	_	2018	_	2017
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 7,256,498 5,966,130	\$	7,278,974 4,857,214	\$	7,848,147 3,526,404
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 1,290,368	\$	2,421,760	\$	4,321,743
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 112,856,714	\$	118,859,881	\$	119,301,632
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	5.3 %		4.1 %		3.0 %

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedules of County Investment Returns Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

Last Three Years

	2019	2018	2017
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	9.7 %	(1.7)%	2.6 %

- A. Schedules of the County's Proportional Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)—Utah Retirement Systems—These schedules only present information for the 2014 and subsequent measurement periods of the plans; prior-year information is not available.
- B. Schedules of County Contributions—Utah Retirement Systems—These schedules only present information for the County's 2015 and subsequent reporting periods; prior-year information is not available. Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll may be different than the Utah State Retirement Board certified rate due to rounding or other administrative issues. Also rate changes occur each July 1. A portion of required contributions in the Tier 2 plans is used to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability in the Tier 1 plans.
- C. Changes in Assumptions—Utah Retirement Systems— Amounts reported in plan year 2018 reflect no changes in assumptions from the prior year.

Amounts reported in plan year 2017 reflect the following assumption changes adopted from the January 1, 2017 valuation:

- The assumed investment return decreased from 7.20% to 6.95%.
- The assumed inflation rate decreased from 2.60% to 2.50%.
- The life expectancy assumption increased for most groups.
- The wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.35% to 3.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption decreased from 3.10% to 3.00%.

Amounts reported in plan year 2016 reflect the following assumption changes adopted from the January 1, 2016 valuation:

- The assumed investment return decreased from 7.50% to 7.20%.
- The assumed inflation rate decreased from 2.75% to 2.60%.
- Both the payroll growth and wage inflation assumptions decreased by 0.15%.

Amounts reported in plan year 2015 reflect the following assumption changes adopted from the January 1, 2015 valuation:

- The wage inflation assumption for all employee groups was decreased from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- The rate of salary increases assumption for most groups was modified.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- The post retirement mortality assumption showed an improvement, minor adjustments to the preretirement mortality assumption were
 made and certain demographic assumptions were changed that generally resulted in 1) an increase in members anticipated to terminate
 employment prior to retirement, 2) a slight decrease in members expected to become disabled, and 3) a slight increase in the expected
 age of retirement.
- D. Schedules of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios—Other Postemployment Benefit Plan—These schedules only present information for the 2017 and subsequent plan years; prior-year information is not available.
- E. Schedules of County Contributions—Other Postemployment Benefit Plan—These schedules only present information for the County's 2017 and subsequent reporting periods; prior-year information is not available.
- F. Significant Methods, Assumptions, and Other Inputs—Other Postemployment Benefit Plan—Information used to measure the total OPEB liability at December 31, 2019 is summarized as follows:

Valuation date:

Actuarial determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, 2019.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Amortization period 28 years
Asset valuation Fair value

Inflation 2019, 3.25%; 2018, 2.50%; 2017, 3.25%

Healthcare cost trend rates 2019, 8.00%; 2018, 8.50%; 2017, 9.00%, initial, decreasing

0.50% per vear to an ultimate rate of 4.50%

Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 5.00% Average retirement age 62.0

Mortality SOA Pub-2010 Total Dataset Headcount Weighted Mortality

Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019

Experience study:

Actuarial assumptions are currently based on the most recent actuarial valuation for the Utah Retirement Systems for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

D. Schedules of County Investment Returns—Other Postemployment Benefit Plan—These schedules only present information for the County's 2017 and subsequent reporting periods; prior-year information is not available.

Major Governmental Funds

- General Fund—The General Fund is used to account for all activities not accounted for by other funds of the County. The principal source of revenue for this fund is property and sales taxes.
- Grant Programs Special Revenue Fund—This special revenue fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of those organizations which are funded primarily from grants.
- Transportation Preservation Special Revenue Fund—This special revenue fund accounts for local option highway construction, transportation corridor preservation fee revenue, mass transit sales tax revenue and related expenditures.
- Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) Special Revenue Fund—This special revenue fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of TRCC activities.
- General Government Debt Service Fund—This debt service fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
General Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2019 With Comparative Totals For 2018

		2019					
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual on a Budgetary	Variance with	Actual on a Budgetary		
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	Basis		
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$ 157,025,089	\$ 156,154,451	\$ 157,899,552	\$ 1,745,101	\$ 151,535,420		
Sales taxes	74,742,100	74,801,200	75,405,802	604,602	71,905,455		
Tax equivalent payments	8,907,500	8,032,700	8,542,259	509,559	7,893,138		
Total taxes	240,674,689	238,988,351	241,847,613	2,859,262	231,334,013		
Licenses and permits	2,348,379	2,336,763	2,317,786	(18,977)	2,251,548		
Fines and forfeitures	1,351,000	1,351,000	1,253,087	(97,913)	1,387,919		
Grants and contributions	19,361,766	21,506,004	24,296,951	2,790,947	20,074,207		
Charges for services	36,376,022	41,174,722	38,055,573	(3,119,149)	35,019,833		
Interest, rents, and other	5,924,295	6,094,754	8,448,573	2,353,819	8,619,915		
Interfund charges	46,505,119	47,115,788	44,729,199	(2,386,589)	44,813,528		
Total revenues	352,541,270	358,567,382	360,948,782	2,381,400	343,500,963		
Expenditures:	,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,		
General government:							
Council							
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	2,631,232	2,655,976	2,505,830	150,146	2,408,604		
Materials, supplies, and services	286,409	286,409	236,830	49,579	241,880		
Other	38,500		230,830		241,000		
Ottici		2,980,885	2,742,660	38,500	2 (50 494		
Managara danimintantian	2,956,141	2,980,883	2,742,000	238,225	2,650,484		
Mayor-administration Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	5,363,592	5,378,361	4,946,155	432,206	5,193,205		
Materials, supplies, and services	1,469,128 6,832,720	1,569,128	1,353,216 6,299,371	215,912 648,118	1,263,951 6,457,156		
Mayor's financial administration	0,002,720	0,,,,,,,,	0,2>>,511	0.0,110	0,107,100		
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	4,567,324	4,696,270	4,506,343	189,927	4,084,163		
Materials, supplies, and services	690,271	747,896	612,721	135,175	545,161		
Capital outlay	750,000		-				
Cupital outlay	6,007,595	5,444,166	5,119,064	325,102	4,629,324		
Clerk	.,,	, , , , ,	., .,		, ,-		
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,327,746	1,322,439	1,270,971	51,468	1,243,214		
Materials, supplies, and services	306,940	298,940	250,566	48,374	215,852		
Indirect costs	289,282	294,638	294,638		289,282		
Capital outlay	_	8,000	7,954	46	_		
	1,923,968	1,924,017	1,824,129	99,888	1,748,348		
Election clerk							
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,514,625	1,654,142	1,447,760	206,382	1,553,788		
Materials, supplies, and services	1,056,895	2,943,194	2,232,916	710,278	2,527,625		
Indirect costs	462,024	598,658	598,658	_	462,024		
Capital outlay	311,300	328,270	292,164	36,106			
	3,344,844	5,524,264	4,571,498	952,766	4,543,437		
Auditor							
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,956,598	1,922,679	1,716,460	206,219	1,532,636		
Materials, supplies, and services	143,105	143,105	135,901	7,204	176,501		
	2,099,703	2,065,784	1,852,361	213,423	1,709,137		
Recorder							
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,678,140	1,623,593	1,397,122	226,471	1,512,030		
Materials, supplies, and services	226,441	226,441	214,050	12,391	199,136		
Indirect costs	1,486,143	625,480	625,480	_	1,486,143		
Capital outlay	200,000	200,000		200,000	9,366		
	3,590,724	2,675,514	2,236,652	438,862	3,206,675		
					(Continued)		

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
General Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2019 With Comparative Totals For 2018

2019 2018 Actual on a Actual on a **Budgeted Amounts Budgetary** Variance with **Budgetary** Original Final Basis Final Budget Basis **Expenditures (continued):** General government (continued): Surveyor 2,347,004 2,302,355 2,120,742 181,613 1,934,650 Salaries, wages, and employee benefits \$ Materials, supplies, and services 251,413 329,265 326,026 3,239 282,556 206,201 Indirect costs 132,444 206,201 132,444 2,730,861 2,837,821 2,652,969 184,852 2,349,650 Information services Salaries, wages, and employee benefits 14,287,576 14,153,681 13,886,337 267,344 13,209,722 7,049,976 6,808,400 Materials, supplies, and services 6,862,352 6,797,433 64,919 Capital outlay 1,115,607 1,115,607 1,119,713 (4,106)634,129 328,157 22,453,159 22,131,640 21,803,483 20,652,251 Contracts and procurement 1,103,008 1,104,217 1,095,901 1,065,851 Salaries, wages, and employee benefits 8,316 Materials, supplies, and services 164,288 155,688 148,753 6,935 108,852 Capital outlay 8,600 8,584 16 1,267,296 1,268,505 1,253,238 15,267 1,174,703 Human resources Salaries, wages, and employee benefits 3,164,608 3,106,273 2,682,101 424,172 2,584,902 Materials, supplies, and services 513,252 513,252 476,349 36,903 476,741 3,677,860 3,619,525 3,158,450 461,075 3,061,643 Facilities management Salaries, wages, and employee benefits 244,884 235,181 234,508 673 200,166 157,547 157,547 72,145 125,391 Materials, supplies, and services 85,402 Indirect costs 342,447 350,615 350,615 342,447 744,878 743,343 72,818 670,525 668,004 Statutory and general 579,661 Salaries, wages, and employee benefits 561,161 561,161 Materials, supplies, and services 3,071,447 3,221,447 2,951,148 270,299 2,286,706 493,188 1,085,130 1,085,130 493,188 Indirect costs Other 250,000 250,000 250,000 2,779,894 4,394,296 5,117,738 4,036,278 1,081,460 Real estate 366,444 364,819 341,135 23,684 308,713 Salaries, wages, and employee benefits Materials, supplies, and services 23,901 48,901 40,681 8,220 761,183 Capital outlay 252,229 248,249 3,980 6,966,771 390,345 630,065 665,949 35,884 8,036,667 Records management and archives Salaries, wages, and employee benefits 441,830 440,316 425,014 15,302 381.168 Materials, supplies, and services 100,905 100,905 99,438 96,261 1,467 542,735 541,221 524,452 16,769 477,429 Addressing Salaries, wages, and employee benefits 415,837 417,285 414,075 3,210 395,049 29,059 29,059 26,761 2,298 24,959 Materials, supplies, and services Indirect costs 108,468 117,691 117,691 108,468 553,364 564,035 558.527 5,508 528,476 Total general government 63,510,489 65,051,896 59,933,722 5,118,174 64,673,278 (Continued)

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2019 With Comparative Totals For 2018

	2019				
	Budgeted	Actual on a Budgetary			
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget	Basis
xpenditures (continued):	<u></u>				
Public safety and criminal justice:					
District attorney					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	\$ 30,135,471	\$ 30,593,575	\$ 29,325,132	\$ 1,268,443	\$ 27,674,444
Materials, supplies, and services	3,225,473	3,241,735	3,219,901	21,834	3,811,574
Indirect costs	2,441,744	2,250,695	2,250,695	_	2,441,744
Capital outlay	=	10,352	10,351	1	108,748
	35,802,688	36,096,357	34,806,079	1,290,278	34,036,510
County jail					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	78,483,020	78,957,049	72,897,013	6,060,036	67,452,387
Materials, supplies, and services	15,722,458	15,796,818	11,544,927	4,251,891	13,719,708
Indirect costs	3,862,916	4,179,447	4,179,447		3,862,916
Indigent/in-custody costs	8,486,843	8,772,144	6,725,588	2,046,556	6,728,422
Capital outlay	388,000	388,000	71,682	316,318	118,328
- ap - am - y	106,943,237	108,093,458	95,418,657	12,674,801	91,881,761
Sheriff - court services and security	100,7 13,237	100,075,150	75,110,057	12,071,001	71,001,701
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	12,211,594	11,715,791	10,996,792	718,999	11,215,534
Materials, supplies, and services	773,454	788,087	571,370	216,717	606,491
Indirect costs	483,186	462,625	462,625	210,717	483,186
Capital outlay	403,100	402,023	402,023		6,519
Capital outlay	13,468,234	12,966,503	12,030,787	935,716	12,311,730
Sheriff - investigation and support	13,400,234	12,900,303	12,030,787	955,710	12,311,730
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,810,420	1 500 241	1,551,095	47,246	1,652,829
	15,882,402	1,598,341 15,822,792	15,385,963		15,074,633
Materials, supplies, and services				436,829	
Indirect costs	552,197	529,435	529,435	10.669	552,197
Capital outlay	12,000	32,000	21,332	10,668	61,325
Criminal institution	18,257,019	17,982,568	17,487,825	494,743	17,340,984
Criminal justice services	11.565.004	11 404 400	10 (77 200	727.200	0.070.220
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	11,565,094	11,404,488	10,677,208	727,280	9,970,339
Materials, supplies, and services	1,942,355	1,942,355	1,873,910	68,445	1,613,804
Indirect costs	880,972	795,832	795,832	705 725	880,972
	14,388,421	14,142,675	13,346,950	795,725	12,465,115
Criminal justice advisory council	460 422	520.022	201 447	220 406	200.027
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	469,433	520,933	281,447	239,486	290,027
Materials, supplies, and services	160,465	310,465	190,802	119,663	37,966
Indirect costs	32,097	526,198	526,198	250.140	32,097
_	661,995	1,357,596	998,447	359,149	360,090
Emergency services	400.000	22.45			
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	123,096	32,167	32,148	19	113,648
Materials, supplies, and services	5,745,848	5,710,517	5,653,600	56,917	5,620,691
Indirect costs	81,653	134,722	134,722		81,653
	5,950,597	5,877,406	5,820,470	56,936	5,815,992
Indigent legal services					
Indirect costs	596,397	552,024	552,024	_	596,397
Indigent/in-custody costs	20,691,463	20,945,138	20,806,206	138,932	20,477,035
	21,287,860	21,497,162	21,358,230	138,932	21,073,432
Governmental Immunity					
Materials, supplies, and services	3,341,688	3,341,688	1,513,878	1,827,810	1,378,067
Total public safety and criminal justice	220,101,739	221,355,413	202,781,323	18,574,090	196,663,681

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis

Year Ended December 31, 2019 With Comparative Totals For 2018

		2018				
	Rudgeted	l Amounts	Actual on a Budgetary			
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	Budgetary Basis	
Expenditures (continued):	Original		Dusis	1 mui Duuget	Dusis	
Social services (continued):						
Regional development						
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	\$ 4,109,300	\$ 4,106,331	\$ 3,598,538	\$ 507,793	\$ 3,656,658	
Materials, supplies, and services	9,989,877	10,589,437	9,555,186	1,034,251	7,551,437	
Indirect costs	1,027,388	978,979	978,979		1,027,389	
Capital outlay	190,000	190,000		190,000	9,999	
Total social services	15,316,565	15,864,747	14,132,703	1,732,044	12,245,483	
Education, recreation, and cultural:	10,510,500	10,001,717	11,132,703	1,732,011	12,2 15, 105	
Parks						
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	8,575,115	8,415,708	8,066,413	349,295	7,891,043	
Materials, supplies, and services	5,920,845	6,195,845	5,283,207	912,638	5,213,371	
Indirect costs	1,422,001	1,429,388		912,036	1,422,001	
munect costs			1,429,388	1 261 022		
Description	15,917,961	16,040,941	14,779,008	1,261,933	14,526,415	
Recreation	22.711.424	22 772 277	22.760.002	4.275	21.015.602	
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	22,711,424	22,773,277	22,769,002	4,275	21,815,603	
Materials, supplies, and services	13,007,503	13,201,503	12,783,480	418,023	12,038,297	
Indirect costs	2,335,532	2,364,457	2,364,457		2,335,532	
	38,054,459	38,339,237	37,916,939	422,298	36,189,432	
Millcreek canyon						
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	50,800	50,800	53,620	(2,820)	49,915	
Materials, supplies, and services	533,646	639,783	555,821	83,962	521,803	
Indirect costs	15,554	9,417	9,417		15,554	
	600,000	700,000	618,858	81,142	587,272	
Extension services						
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	9,984	_	_	_	9,984	
Materials, supplies, and services	743,480	813,480	787,443	26,037	725,026	
Indirect costs	50,120	101,319	101,319		50,120	
	803,584	914,799	888,762	26,037	785,130	
Total education, recreation, and cultural	55,376,004	55,994,977	54,203,567	1,791,410	52,088,249	
Capital outlay:						
Materials, supplies, and services	15,000	15,000	41,040	(26,040)	46,654	
Indirect costs	7,815	2,128	2,128	_	7,815	
Capital outlay	117,513	1,205,385	443,950	761,435		
Total capital outlay	140,328	1,222,513	487,118	735,395	54,469	
Debt service:	2 920 012	2 107 700	2,000,002	7.007	2 257 921	
Principal retirement Interest	2,830,013 2,391,977	3,106,780 2,391,977	3,098,893 2,391,976	7,887	2,257,831 2,468,053	
Total debt service	5,221,990	5,498,757	5,490,869	7,888	4,725,884	
Total expenditures	359,667,115	364,988,303	337,029,302	27,959,001	330,451,044	
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(7,125,845)	(6,420,921)		30,340,401	13,049,919	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	_	241,505	241,505	_	
Issuance of notes payable	_	797,630	797,630	_	_	
Transfers in	21,894,000	21,764,000	20,664,000	(1,100,000)	20,218,532	
Transfers out	(37,371,719)	(36,048,719)			(36,312,810	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(15,477,719)	(13,487,089)		(858,495)	(16,094,278)	
Net change in fund balances	(22,603,564)	(19,908,010)	• —————————————————————————————————————	29,481,906	(3,044,359	
Fund balances - beginning	61,970,000	62,295,350	78,921,854	16,626,504	81,719,121	
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year	01,970,000	02,293,330	301,382	301,382	247,092	
	\$ 20.266.426	\$ 42,387,340		\$ 46,409,792		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 39,366,436	\$ 42,387,340	\$ 88,797,132	φ 40,409,792	\$ 78,921,854 (Concluded)	

Year Ended December 31, 2019 With Comparative Totals For 2018

	2019					201	2018	
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual on a Budgetary	Variance With	Actual on a Budgetary		
	Original	Final		Basis	Final Budget	Ba	•	
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$ 20,577,951	\$ 26,57	1,576	\$ 22,775,118	\$ (3,796,458)	\$ 1	5,645,726	
Grants and contributions	45,664,298	47,59	3,075	46,968,053	(625,022)	4	4,554,616	
Charges for services	76,024,170	74,10:	5,191	67,243,976	(6,861,215)	7	1,624,036	
Interests, rents, and other	325,830	32:	5,830	335,014	9,184		654,017	
Interfund charges	1,295,245	1,27	6,626	1,328,870	52,244		1,246,275	
Total revenues	143,887,494	149,872		138,651,031	(11,221,267)		3,724,670	
Expenditures:	,	, - , -	-,	,	(,=,,)		-,,	
Social services:								
Youth services								
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	11,710,373	12,55	7 020	11,653,594	903,426	1	0,649,009	
Materials, supplies, and services	1,394,327		0,348	1,486,515	53,833		1,111,857	
Indirect costs	1,017,050		7,076	1,057,076			1,017,050	
Capital outlay			0,000	29,899	101			
Capital Outlay	14,121,750	15,184	_	14,227,084	957,360	11	2,777,916	
	14,121,750	15,184	4,444	14,227,084	957,300	1.	2,///,910	
Behavioral health services	2 (00 042	2.60	0.744	2.500.202	02.451		2 200 050	
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	2,698,842		0,744	2,598,293	82,451		2,380,972	
Materials, supplies, and services	114,797,802	113,40		105,901,617	7,505,029	10	8,897,609	
Indirect costs	916,388		7,557	847,557			916,388	
Capital outlay	200,000		0,000		200,000		35,200	
	118,613,032	117,13	4,947	109,347,467	7,787,480	11	2,230,169	
Aging services								
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	12,517,442	12,222	2,279	11,789,202	433,077	1	1,430,519	
Materials, supplies, and services	7,273,536	7,849	9,074	7,813,111	35,963		7,047,103	
Indirect costs	1,376,598	1,35	4,741	1,354,741	_		1,376,598	
Capital outlay	20,750	20	0,750		20,750		68,633	
	21,188,326	21,44	6,844	20,957,054	489,790	1	9,922,853	
Revolving loan programs								
Materials, supplies, and services	2,280,000	2,280	0,000	2,329,837	(49,837)		724,507	
Indirect costs	13,271	29	9,572	29,572			13,27	
	2,293,271	2.30	9,572	2,359,409	(49,837)		737,778	
EPA revolving loans	, , .	,	,	,,	(,,,		,	
Materials, supplies, and services	475,000	47	5,000	50,030	424,970		198,358	
Statutory and general	475,000	47.	5,000	50,050	424,770		170,330	
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	70,457	7(0,457	_	70,457		_	
Materials, supplies, and services	250,000		0,000	95,038	154,962		24,474	
Indirect costs	1,156		2,364	2,364	151,702		1,150	
maneet costs	321,613		2,821	97,402	225,419		25,630	
	321,013	32.	2,021	97,402	223,419		23,030	
Redevelopment agency	20.555.051	26.55		22 555 110	2.706.450		5 6 4 5 5 20	
Materials, supplies, and services	20,577,951	26,57		22,775,118	3,796,458	1.	5,645,727	
Indirect costs			5,927	5,927				
	20,577,951	26,57	7,503	22,781,045	3,796,458	1	5,645,72	
Total social services	177,590,943	183,45	1,131	169,819,491	13,631,640	16	1,538,43	
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	203,969	203	3,969	203,969	_		20,754	
Interest	182,831		2,831	182,831	_		109,925	
Total debt service	386,800		6,800	386,800			130,679	
Total expenditures					12 621 640	1.6		
•	177,977,743	183,83	1,731	170,206,291	13,631,640	10	1,669,110	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(34,090,249)	(33,96	5 633)	(31,555,260)	2,410,373	(2	7,944,440	
Other financing sources:	(2.,0,0,21))	(55,76.	. ,,	(31,555,200)	2,,5/5	(2	. ,,	
Transfers in	20,020,000	20.71	2 000	20 612 000		2	n 202 25	
	30,830,000	29,612	2,000	29,612,000	_	3	0,283,35	
Transfers out	20.000.000	***	2.000	-	·		(89,85	
Total other financing sources	30,830,000	29,612		29,612,000			0,193,49	
Net change in fund balances	(3,260,249)	(4,35)	3,633)	(1,943,260)	2,410,373		2,249,05	
Fund balances - beginning	5,330,000	7,250	0,835	24,360,161	17,109,326	2	2,102,54	
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year				2,901	2,901		8,562	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,069,751	\$ 2,89	7,202	\$ 22,419,802	\$ 19,522,600	\$ 2	4,360,16	

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
Transportation Preservation Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2019 With Comparative Totals For 2018

	2019									2018
						Actual on a				Actual on a
	_	Budgeted	An	nounts		Budgetary	V	ariance With		Budgetary
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Basis	_1	Final Budget	_	Basis
Revenues:										
Mass transit taxes	\$	295,979,094	\$	308,959,583	\$, - ,	\$	(22,794,858)	\$	230,086,897
Grants and contributions		2,441,630		2,441,630		2,687,811		246,181		2,700,750
Charges for services		_		_		_		_		62,254
Interest, rents, and other		203,100		203,100	_	2,671,569		2,468,469	_	1,462,796
Total revenues		298,623,824		311,604,313		291,524,105		(20,080,208)		234,312,697
Expenditures:										
Public works:										
Transportation preservation										
Materials, supplies, and services		15,500		15,500		3,400		12,100		850
Transportation preservation project										
Materials, supplies, and services		1,251,924		1,400,000		1,400,000		_		2,081,012
Local optional sales taxes for transportation preservation Materials, supplies, and services		261,103,300		263,819,083		240,337,446		23,481,637		205,412,604
Corridor preservation projects Materials, supplies, and services		3,677,141		3,677,141		1,319,614		2,357,527		2,179,199
County of the first class highway projects Materials, supplies, and services		5,061,848		511,019		_		511,019		19,730,885
State GO bond pass-through Materials, supplies, and services		7,227,000		7,227,000		6,400,000		827,000		34,699,895
UDOT State Infrastructure Bank Parking Structures Materials, supplies, and services		2,441,630		41,630		_		41,630		_
Regional Transportation Choices										
Materials, supplies, and services		141,096		51,700,000		44,517,089		7,182,911		
Total public works		280,919,439		328,391,373		293,977,549		34,413,824		264,104,445
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		1,475,000		3,183,640		3,183,640		_		1,705,000
Interest		1,451,650		2,143,010	_	2,143,010			_	1,179,635
Total debt service		2,926,650	_	5,326,650	_	5,326,650	_		_	2,884,635
Total expenditures		283,846,089	_	333,718,023	_	299,304,199	_	34,413,824	_	266,989,080
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		14,777,735		(22,113,710)		(7,780,094)		14,333,616		(32,676,383)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from notes payable	_		_		_		_		_	23,200,000
Net change in fund balances		14,777,735		(22,113,710)		(7,780,094)		14,333,616		(9,476,383)
Fund balances - beginning		31,603,000		63,028,155	_	63,046,496		18,341	_	72,522,879
Fund balances - ending	\$	46,380,735	\$	40,914,445	\$	55,266,402	\$	14,351,957	\$	63,046,496

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) Special Revenue Fund

		20	19			2018			
	Budgetee	d Amo			Actual on a Budgetary		riance With		Actual on a Budgetary
Dovomuses	Original	. —	Final	_	Basis	F	inal Budget	_	Basis
Revenues:									
Taxes:	f 42 200 000	•	12 500 000	Φ.	12 151 000	Φ	(40,000)	•	40 100 122
Sales taxes	\$ 42,300,000	\$	42,500,000	\$	42,451,908	\$	(48,092)	\$	40,100,133
Transient room taxes	28,595,000		28,360,000	_	27,729,179		(630,821)		26,857,173
Total taxes	70,895,000		70,860,000		70,181,087		(678,913)		66,957,306
Licenses and permits	223,016		223,016		411,236		188,220		177,352
Grants and contributions	5,000,000		1,435,000		1,311,323		(123,677)		16,293
Charges for services	16,551,919		17,201,063		20,693,268		3,492,205		20,103,070
Interest, rents, and other	1,668,416		2,426,200		3,210,517		784,317		3,576,619
Interfund charges	_		3,810,789	_	60,326		(3,750,463)		
Total revenues	94,338,351		95,956,068		95,867,757		(88,311)		90,830,640
Expenditures:									
Education, recreation, and cultural:									
Tourism, recreation, and cultural convention (TRCC)									
Materials, supplies, and services	10,184,438		9,731,562		7,790,145		1,941,417		6,554,006
Indirect costs	219,190		154,925		154,925		_		219,190
Capital outlay	12,321,024		9,878,112		4,946,366		4,931,746		1,549,754
,	22,724,652		19,764,599		12,891,436		6,873,163		8,322,950
Salt Lake Arts and Culture									
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	4,093,993		4,104,513		3,910,111		194,402		3,685,356
Materials, supplies, and services	3,871,679		3,918,438		2,346,131		1,572,307		3,293,308
Indirect costs	881,114		1,151,229		1,151,229		_		881,114
Capital outlay	1,280,844		1,242,475		2,309,742		(1,067,267)		80,788
	10,127,630		10,416,655		9,717,213		699,442		7,940,566
Rampton Salt Palace Convention Center									
Materials, supplies, and services	20,464,704		22,013,307		16,943,720		5,069,587		14,802,167
Indirect costs	583,603		494,772		494,772		_		583,603
Capital outlay	5,500,290		4,469,818		214,728		4,255,090		1,578,693
Cap.ia. Gailey	26,548,597	_	26,977,897	_	17,653,220		9,324,677	_	16,964,463
South Towne Exposition Center									
Materials, supplies, and services	5,073,495		5,028,095		4,473,671		554,424		4,845,645
Indirect costs	159,213		146,849		146,849		331,121		159,213
Capital outlay	50,000		45,000		40,815		4,185		116,777
Capital Outlay	5,282,708		5,219,944	_	4,661,335		558,609	_	5,121,635
F	3,202,700		3,217,711		1,001,555		220,007		3,121,033
Equestrian Park and Event Center	2 (02 541		2 204 (10		1 704 700		600 020		1 027 004
Materials, supplies, and services	2,683,541		2,394,618		1,784,788		609,830		1,827,984
Indirect costs	147,886		206,382		206,382		_		147,886
Capital outlay		. —	<u> </u>	_	26,603		(26,603)	_	188,529
	2,831,427		2,601,000		2,017,773		583,227		2,164,399

(Continued)

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2019 With Comparative Totals For 2018

			2018		
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual on a Budgetary	Variance With	Actual on a Budgetary
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	Basis
Parks					
Materials, supplies, and services	\$ 369,465	\$ 381,880	\$ 3,197	\$ 378,683	\$ 78,264
Indirect costs	15,535	15,120	15,120	_	15,535
Capital outlay	205.000		336,337	(336,337)	255,479
	385,000	397,000	354,654	42,346	349,278
Visitor promotion - contract					
Materials, supplies, and services	11,726,640	11,726,640	11,209,212	517,428	10,026,026
Indirect costs	221,747	219,702	219,702		221,747
	11,948,387	11,946,342	11,428,914	517,428	10,247,773
Visitor promotion - County					
Capital outlay	5,771,154	5,769,018	5,032,655	736,363	4,397,647
Debt service	10,480	6,484	6,484		10,480
	5,781,634	5,775,502	5,039,139	736,363	4,408,127
Recreation					
Materials, supplies, and services	804,073	1,033,928	539,333	494,595	698,357
Indirect costs	20,927	24,202	24,202	_	20,927
Capital outlay	_	_	147,944	(147,944)	52,178
	825,000	1,058,130	711,479	346,651	771,462
Wasatch View Solar					
Materials, supplies, and services	_	_	432,198	(432,198)	_
Capitol Theatre					
Materials, supplies, and services	66,991	66,991	54,414	12,577	_
Total education, recreation, and cultural	86,522,026	84,224,060	64,961,775	19,262,285	56,290,653
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	4,853,019	4,853,019	4,875,929	(22,910)	9,368,568
Interest	3,325,026	3,325,026	3,325,024	2	3,462,251
Other charges	7,500	7,500	3,850	3,650	· · · —
Total debt service	8,185,545	8,185,545	8,204,803	(19,258)	12,830,819
Total expenditures	94,707,571	92,409,605	73,166,578	19,243,027	69,121,472
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(369,220)	3,546,463	22,701,179	19,154,716	21,709,168
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	3,600,000	3,600,000	_	(3,600,000)	_
Transfers in	20,452,386	20,504,762	3,319,576	(17,185,186)	3,560,000
Transfers out	(46,533,508)	(46,603,508)	(46,603,508)		(37,330,609)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(22,481,122)	(22,498,746)	(43,283,932)	(20,785,186)	(33,770,609)
Net change in fund balances	(22,850,342)	(18,952,283)	(20,582,753)	(1,630,470)	(12,061,441)
Fund balances - beginning	33,256,913	31,048,858	30,648,266	(400,592)	42,570,985
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year	· · · —		43,023	43,023	138,722
Fund balances - ending	\$ 10,406,571	\$ 12,096,575	\$ 10,108,536	\$ (1,988,039)	\$ 30,648,266

(Concluded)

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
General Government Debt Service Fund

			2018					
	Budget A	Amo	ounts	Actual on a Budgetary	Var	iance With		Actual on a Budgetary
	Original		Final	Basis	Fin	al Budget		Basis
Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$ 28,800,000	\$	28,040,327	\$ 28,315,492	\$	275,165	\$	30,408,873
Tax equivalent payments	1,600,000		1,399,500	 1,550,744		151,244		1,476,047
Total taxes	30,400,000		29,439,827	29,866,236		426,409		31,884,920
Interest, rents, and other	626,089		626,089	600,612		(25,477)		1,057,036
Total revenues	31,026,089		30,065,916	30,466,848		400,932		32,941,956
Expenditures:								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	22,115,000		22,115,000	22,115,000		_		22,860,000
Interest	6,539,746		6,539,746	 6,539,745		1		8,155,645
Total expenditures - debt service	28,654,746		28,654,746	28,654,745		1		31,015,645
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 2,371,343		1,411,170	1,812,103		400,933		1,926,311
Other financing sources (uses):								
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(32,702,300)		(32,702,300)	(32,050,000)		(652,300)		_
Transfers out	(3,000,000)		(3,000,000)	(3,000,000)		_		(3,000,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(35,702,300)		(35,702,300)	(35,050,000)		(652,300)		(3,000,000)
Net change in fund balances	(33,330,957)		(34,291,130)	(33,237,897)		(251,367)		(1,073,689)
Fund balances - beginning	46,175,000		45,861,029	45,861,024		(5)		46,934,713
Fund balances - ending	\$ 12,844,043	\$	11,569,899	\$ 12,623,127	\$	(251,372)	\$	45,861,024

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds:

- Unincorporated Municipal Services Special Revenue Fund—to account for taxes, grants, and contributions received by the County for the purpose of providing municipal type services for the unincorporated areas of the County.
- Flood Control Special Revenue Fund—to account for taxes and expenditures related to flood control within the County.
- Open Space Special Revenue Fund—to account for the acquisition and preservation of open space, natural habitat, parks and community trails.
- Zoos, Arts, and Parks (ZAP) Special Revenue Fund—to account for the revenues and expenditures relating to the local option recreation sales tax authorized under Title 59, Chapter 12, Section 703 of the *Utah Code*.
- Housing Programs Special Revenue Fund—to account for revenues and expenditures used exclusively to assist with affordable and special needs for housing in the County.
- State Tax Administration Levy Special Revenue Fund—to account for taxes levied to cover expenditures related to assessing, collecting, and distributing property tax.
- Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund—to account for taxes and expenditures of the Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake County, a blended component unit of the County.
- Library Special Revenue Fund—to account for taxes levied for the purpose of operating County libraries.
- Health Special Revenue Fund—to account for taxes used to provide health services by the Department of Health.
- Planetarium Special Revenue Fund—to account for taxes and expenditures of the Clark Planetarium.

Capital Projects Funds:

- Park Bond Capital Projects Fund—to account for the cost of acquisition and improvement of open space, natural habitat, parks, and community trails.
- District Attorney Facilities Construction Capital Projects Fund—to account for the cost of acquisition and construction of a new building for the District Attorney.
- PeopleSoft Implementation Capital Projects Fund—to account for the cost of implementation for the County's new enterprise resource planning (ERP) system.
- Work Order Project Capital Projects Fund—to account for the cost of implementation for the County's new work order system.
- Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund—to account for taxes levied and expenditures for the acquisition of capital-type improvements.

Capital Projects Funds (Continued):

- Municipal Building Authority Public Health Center Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund—to account for the cost of constructing a new Public Health Center.
- Capitol Theatre Capital Projects Fund—to account for the construction and renovation costs of the Capitol Theatre and Ballet West project.
- TRCC Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund—to account for the acquisition and construction of a new mid-valley performing arts center and a new parks operations center.
- Parks and Recreation Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund—to account for the acquisition, construction and improvement of parks and recreation facilities.
- Municipal Building Authority Library Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund— to account for the cost of constructing three new libraries and a library operations center.
- 2020 Sales Tax Revenue Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund to account for capital projects financed by 2020 sales tax revenue bonds.

Permanent Fund:

• Pet Care and Adoption Endowment Permanent Fund—to account for two endowments. The Boyce endowment is to assist in adoption programs. The Utah Friends for Animal Care and Effective Solutions (FACES) endowment is to assist in providing grooming transport, microchips, injured animal care, and spay and neuter surgeries.

Debt Service Funds:

- Millcreek Fireflow Special Improvement District Debt Service Fund—to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of special assessment bond principal and interest.
- Municipal Building Authority Debt Service Fund—to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, Municipal Building Authority lease revenue bond principal and interest.
- State Transportation Debt Service Fund—to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, state transportation debt principal and interest.
- 2014 Sales Tax Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund—to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, 2014 sales tax revenue bond principal and interest.

	Special Revenue Funds											
	Un	incorporated										State Tax
		Municipal		Flood		Open		Zoos, Arts,		Housing	Administration	
		Services	_	Control	_	Space	_	and Parks	_	Programs		Levy
Assets:												
Cash and investments:												
Pooled cash and investments	\$	6,777,068	\$	5,644,550	\$	1,804,323	\$	3,185,347	\$	2,549,622	\$	7,220,865
Restricted cash and investments		_		6		_		3		_		_
Other cash		_		_		_		_		_		51,000
Receivables:												
Taxes		1,086,376		151,543		_		3,530,547		_		654,978
Grants and contributions		817,390		3,508		_		_		_		_
Accounts		119,744		4,457		300		_		_		9,166
Notes		_		_		_		_		_		_
Interest, rents, and other		22		1,044		_		1		394,809		1,995
Due from other funds		_		_		_		_		_		_
Inventories and prepaid items				_		_		_		_		_
Total assets	\$	8,800,600	\$	5,805,108	\$	1,804,623	\$	6,715,898	\$	2,944,431	\$	7,938,004
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	6,634,910	\$	1,215,300	\$	_	\$	2,568,493	\$	_	\$	411,583
Accrued expenditures		5,477		137,634		1,582		1,988,359		_		764,937
Due to other funds										_		
Unearned revenue		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total liabilities		6,640,387	_	1,352,934	_	1,582	_	4,556,852	_	_	_	1,176,520
D.f												
Deferred inflows of resources:		5.000		124 400								502 520
Unavailable property tax revenue		5,089		134,400		_		_		_		583,739
Fund balances:												
Nonspendable:												
Notes receivable		_		_		_		_		_		_
Inventories and prepaid items		_		_		_		_		_		_
Endowment - Boyce pet adoption		_		_		_		_		_		_
Endowment- FACES pet care		_		_		_		_		_		_
Restricted for:												
Debt service		_		6		_		397,570		_		_
Housing and human services		_		_		_		_		2,944,431		_
Municipal services		569,324		_		_		_		_		_
Tort liability		1,585,800		_		_		_		_		_
Capital improvements		_		_		1,802,190		_		_		_
Infrastructure		_		4,279,138		_		_		_		_
Libraries		_		_		_		_		_		_
Tax administration		_		_		_		_		_		5,918,635
Health		_		_		_		_		_		_
Education and cultural		_		_		_		1,759,777		_		_
Redevelopment		_		_		_		_		_		_
Other purposes		_		_		_		_		_		_
Committed to:												
Compensated absences		_		38,630		851		1,699		_		259,110
Total fund balances		2,155,124	_	4,317,774		1,803,041	_	2,159,046	_	2,944,431		6,177,745
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		,,	_	,,,,,,	_	, ,	_	,, 0.0	_	,,	_	.,,,,,
resources, and fund balances	\$	8,800,600	\$	5,805,108	\$	1,804,623	\$	6,715,898	\$	2,944,431	\$	7,938,004

				Special Rev	venu	e Funds		
	R	edevelopment						
		Agency		Library		Health	P	lanetarium
Assets:				·	_			
Cash and investments:								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	2,593,021	\$	13,173,829	\$	5,670,755	\$	1,589,824
Restricted cash and investments		_		_		1,791		_
Other cash		_		8,227		23,050		15,200
Receivables:								
Taxes		327,607		1,055,353		336,010		82,153
Grants and contributions		_		_		2,630,670		475,000
Accounts		_		21,496		49,036		31,086
Notes		_		_		_		_
Interest, rents, and other		_		4,218		1,209		_
Due from other funds		_		4,454,756				_
Inventories and prepaid items		_				_		220,496
Total assets	\$	2,920,628	\$	18,717,879	\$	8,712,521	\$	2,413,759
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$		\$	2,075,540	\$	751,873	\$	307,607
Accrued expenditures	Ψ	50	Ψ	1,175,153	Ψ	1,488,323	Ψ	175,890
Due to other funds		30		1,173,133		1,400,323		173,690
Unearned revenue		_		_		101 429		32,138
	_		_	2 250 (02	_	191,428	_	
Total liabilities		50		3,250,693		2,431,624		515,635
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable property tax revenue		_		931,274		298,127		72,964
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventories and prepaid items		_		_		_		220,496
Endowment - Boyce pet adoption		_		_		_		_
Endowment- FACES pet care		_		_		_		_
Restricted for:								
Debt service		_		_		1,791		_
Housing and human services		_		_		_		_
Municipal services		_		_		_		_
Tort liability		_		_		_		_
Capital improvements		_		_		_		_
Infrastructure		_		_		_		_
Libraries				14,003,071				
Tax administration		_		17,003,071		_		_
Health		_		_		5 494 700		_
		_		_		5,484,780		1 557 463
Education and cultural		2.020.570		_		_		1,557,462
Redevelopment		2,920,578		_				_
Other purposes		_		_		7,492		_
Committed to:								
Compensated absences			_	532,841	_	488,707	_	47,202
_		2 020 550		14 525 012		5,982,770		1,825,160
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	_	2,920,578		14,535,912		3,982,770		1,823,100

			Capital Pro	ojects Funds		
	Park Bond Projects	DA Facilities Construction	PeopleSoft Implementation	Work Order Project	Capital Improvements	MBA Public Health Center
Assets:			P			
Cash and investments:						
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 913,441	\$ 3,536,142	\$ 55,492	\$ 220,501	\$ 11,290,595	\$ 3,008,451
Restricted cash and investments	_	2	_	_	_	2,896,599
Other cash	_	_	_	_	_	_
Receivables:						
Taxes	_	_	_	_	166,426	_
Grants and contributions	_	_	_	_	_	_
Accounts	1	_	_	_	_	_
Notes	_	_	_	_	_	7,262,900
Interest, rents, and other	_	_	_	_	_	3,710
Due from other funds	_	_	_	_	_	_
Inventories and prepaid items						
Total assets	\$ 913,442	\$ 3,536,144	\$ 55,492	\$ 220,501	\$ 11,457,021	\$ 13,171,660
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 8,408	s —	\$ 16,396	s —	\$ 944,635	s —
Accrued expenditures	_	52,791	_	_	227,791	_
Due to other funds	_	´—	_	_	, <u> </u>	_
Unearned revenue	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total liabilities	8,408	52,791	16,396		1,172,426	
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable property tax revenue	_	_	_	_	147,657	_
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories and prepaid items	_	_	_	_	_	_
Endowment - Boyce pet adoption	_	_	_	_	_	_
Endowment- FACES pet care	_	_	_	_	_	_
Restricted for:						
Debt service	_	_	_	_	_	_
Housing and human services	_	_	_	_	_	_
Municipal services	_	_	_	_	_	_
Tort liability	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital improvements	905,034	3,483,353	39,096	220,501	10,136,938	13,171,660
Infrastructure	_	, , <u>, </u>		_	, , <u> </u>	, , , <u> </u>
Libraries	_	_	_	_	_	_
Tax administration	_	_	_	_	_	_
Health	_	_	_	_	_	_
Education and cultural	_	_	_	_	_	_
Redevelopment	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other purposes	_	_	_	_	_	_
Committed to:						
Compensated absences	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total fund balances	905,034	3,483,353	39,096	220,501	10,136,938	13,171,660
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	705,054	5,105,555	37,070	220,301	10,130,730	15,171,000
resources, and fund balances	\$ 913,442	\$ 3,536,144	\$ 55,492	\$ 220,501	\$ 11,457,021	\$ 13,171,660

				Capital Pro	ojec	ets Funds					P	ermanent Fund
		Capitol Theatre		TRCC Bond Projects		Parks and Recreation Bond Projects	R	MBA Library Bond Projects	2020 Sales Tax Revenue Bond Projects			et Care and Adoption ndowment
Assets:	_	Theatre	_	Trojects	_	Dona i rojecis		onu i rojects	_	ond 110jects		nuowinent
Cash and investments:												
Pooled cash and investments	\$	748,095	\$	8,239,424	\$	3,470,958	\$	498,444	\$	_	\$	1,909,528
Restricted cash and investments		53,333		25,337,440		46,461,333		21,258,084		_		_
Other cash		_		_		_		_		_		_
Receivables:												
Taxes		_		_		_		_		_		_
Grants and contributions		_		_		_		_		_		_
Accounts		_		_		3,000,000		8,776		_		_
Notes		5,441,600		_		_		_		16,731,054		_
Interest, rents, and other				51,427		_		30,443				_
Due from other funds		_		_		_		_		_		_
Inventories and prepaid items		_		_		_		5,000		_		_
Total assets	\$	6,243,028	\$	33,628,291	\$	52,932,291	\$	21,800,747	\$	16,731,054	\$	1,909,528

Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	498,406	\$	3,956,899	\$	2,389,783	\$	687,098	\$	1,463,782	\$	_
Accrued expenditures		_		822,563		1,516,856		_		177,971		_
Due to other funds		_		_		_		4,454,756		13,579,100		_
Unearned revenue							_					_
Total liabilities		498,406		4,779,462		3,906,639		5,141,854		15,220,853		_
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable property tax revenue		_		_		_		_		_		_
Fund balances:												
Nonspendable:												
Inventories and prepaid items		_		_		_		5,000		_		_
Endowment - Boyce pet adoption		_		_		_		_		_		1,637,510
Endowment- FACES pet care		_		_		_		_		_		119,706
Restricted for:												
Debt service		_		13,211		507,229		_		1,500,000		_
Housing and human services		_		_		_		_		_		_
Municipal services		_		_		_		_		_		_
Tort liability		_		_		_		_		_		_
Capital improvements		5,744,622		28,835,618		48,518,423		15,669,893		10,201		_
Infrastructure		_		_		_		_		_		_
Libraries		_		_		_		984,000		_		_
Tax administration		_		_		_		_		_		_
Health		_		_		_		_		_		_
Education and cultural		_		_		_		_		_		_
Redevelopment		_		_		_		_		_		_
Other purposes		_		_		_		_		_		152,312
Committed to:												,
Compensated absences		_		_		_				_		_
Total fund balances	_	5,744,622	_	28,848,829	_	49,025,652	_	16,658,893	_	1,510,201	_	1,909,528
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	_	- ,,=	_	-,,/		- , , =	_	-,,	_	,- ·,-··	_	, ,
resources, and fund balances	\$	6,243,028	\$	33,628,291	\$	52,932,291	\$	21,800,747	\$	16,731,054	\$	1,909,528
•	_	. , ,	=		_		=	· / /	=		_	

	Millcreek Fireflow Special Impr. District	Municipal Building Authority	State Transportation	2014 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets:					
Cash and investments:					
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 842,629	\$ 4,684,731	\$ 3	\$ 50,092	\$ 89,677,730
Restricted cash and investments	_	2,024,205	393,749	_	98,426,545
Other cash	_	_	_	_	97,477
Receivables:					
Taxes	_	_	_	_	7,390,993
Grants and contributions	_	_	_	_	3,926,568
Accounts	_	_	_	_	3,244,062
Notes	_	_	_	_	29,435,554
Interest, rents, and other	_	3,750	764	_	493,392
Due from other funds	_	_	_	_	4,454,756
Inventories and prepaid items	_	_	_	_	225,496
Total assets	\$ 842,629	\$ 6,712,686	\$ 394,516	\$ 50,092	\$ 237,372,573
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ —	\$ 900	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 23,931,613
Accrued expenditures	_	_	_	_	8,535,377
Due to other funds	_	_	116,136	_	18,149,992
Unearned revenue					223,566
Total liabilities	_	900	116,136	_	50,840,548
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable property tax revenue	_	_	_	_	2,173,250
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventories and prepaid items	_	_	_	_	225,496
Endowment - Boyce pet adoption	_	_	_	_	1,637,510
Endowment- FACES pet care	_	_	_	_	119,706
Restricted for:					117,700
Debt service	842,629	6,711,786	278,380	50,092	10,302,694
Housing and human services	042,027	0,711,700	270,500	50,072	2,944,431
Municipal services	_	_	_	_	569,324
Tort liability	_	_	_	_	1,585,800
Capital improvements	_	_	_	_	128,537,529
Infrastructure	_		_		4,279,138
Libraries		_	_		14,987,071
Tax administration		_	_		5,918,635
Health		_	_		5,484,780
Education and cultural					3,317,239
Redevelopment	_	_	_	_	2,920,578
Other purposes	_	_	_	_	
Committed to:	_	_	_	_	159,804
					1 260 040
Compensated absences	942 (22	(711.70)	270 200	<u> </u>	1,369,040
Total liabilities, deformed inflows of	842,629	6,711,786	278,380	50,092	184,358,775
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 842,629	\$ 6,712,686	\$ 394,516	\$ 50,092	\$ 237,372,573

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Unincorporated Municipal Services	Flood Control	Open Space	Zoos, Arts, and Parks	Housing Programs	State Tax Administration Levy					
Revenues:											
Taxes:											
Property taxes	\$ 267,797	\$ 5,596,276	s —	s —	\$ —	\$ 26,204,595					
Sales taxes	5,208,817	_	_	18,727,529	_	_					
Mass transit taxes	241,886	_	_	_	_	_					
Tax equivalent payments	3,553	305,764	_	_	_	1,295,053					
Cable television franchise taxes	1,228,901										
Total taxes	6,950,954	5,902,040	_	18,727,529	_	27,499,648					
Licenses and permits	775	_	_	_	_	_					
Fines and forfeitures	_	_	_	_	_	_					
Grants and contributions	4,875,057	23,508	_	_	_	_					
Charges for services	37,237	35,312	42,307	_	7,842	200,000					
Interest, rents, and other	121,800	188,091	40,341	77,630	75,793	93,853					
Interfund charges	_	533,818	_	_	_	_					
Total revenues	11,985,823	6,682,769	82,648	18,805,159	83,635	27,793,501					
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Public safety and criminal justice	42,466	_	_	_	_	_					
Social services	_	_	_	_	3,932	_					
Education, recreation, and cultural	_	_	175,954	17,941,932	_	_					
Health and regulatory	_	_	_	_	_	_					
Public works	11,728,140	7,840,481	_	_	_	_					
Tax administration	_	_	_	_	_	27,506,470					
Capital outlay	_	_	_	_	_	_					
Debt service:											
Principal retirement	_	160,000	_	1,085,000	_	_					
Interest	_	9,963	_	378,125	_	_					
Total expenditures	11,770,606	8,010,444	175,954	19,405,057	3,932	27,506,470					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures	215,217	(1,327,675)	(93,306)	(599,898)	79,703	287,031					
Other financing sources (uses):											
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	84,039	_	_	_	_					
Issuance of bonds	_	_	_	_	_	_					
Premium on bonds issued	_	_	_	_	_	_					
Issuance of notes payable	_	_	_	_	_	_					
Transfers in	_	_	500,000	1,840,983	_	395,000					
Transfers out	_	(48,926)	_	_	_	_					
Total other financing sources (uses)		35,113	500,000	1,840,983		395,000					
Net change in fund balances	215,217	(1,292,562)	406,694	1,241,085	79,703	682,031					
Fund balances - beginning	1,939,907	5,610,336	1,396,347	917,961	2,864,728	5,495,714					
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,155,124	\$ 4,317,774	\$ 1,803,041	\$ 2,159,046	\$ 2,944,431	\$ 6,177,745					

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Revenues: Interpretation of the property taxes o		Special Revenue Funds										
Revenues: Traces: Serial Property taxes \$ 41,238,058 \$ 12,611,912 \$ 2,952,047 Sales taxes 9 \$ 41,238,058 \$ 12,611,912 \$ 2,952,047 Sales taxes 9 2,417,787 689,383 161,865 Cable television franchise taxes 9 2,417,787 689,383 161,865 Cable television franchise taxes 9 43,655,845 13,301,255 3,113,912 Licenses and permits 9 1,915,028 34,860 9 Fines and forfeitures 1,198,330 59,424 15,105,791 1,090,156 Grants and contributions 1,198,330 59,424 15,105,791 1,090,156 Charges for services 9 32,280 3,893,891 1,831,172 Charges for services 9 33,290 760,751 446,452 Interfund charges 1,254,713 45,296,662 129,471 6,502,305 Interfund charges 9 1 6,502,305 1 Expenditures 1,254,713 40,976,956 4 6,58		Red	evelonment									
Property taxes S		Acc	-		Library		Health	Pl	lanetarium			
Property taxes \$ — \$ 41,238,058 \$ 12,611,912 \$ 2,952,047 Sales taxes — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Revenues:	_	8/									
Sales taxes — — — — Mass transit taxes —	Taxes:											
Mass transit taxes —	Property taxes	\$	_	\$	41,238,058	\$	12,611,912	\$	2,952,047			
Tax equivalent payments — 2,417,787 689,383 161,865 Cable television franchise taxes — — — — — — — — — 1,191,301 2 3,113,912 2 3,113,912 2 3,113,912 2 3,113,912 4,104,001 4,000,001 4,100,001 4,000,001 4,000,001 4,000,001 4,000,001 4,000,001 4,000,001 4,000,001 4,000,001 4,000,001 4,000,001 4,000,001 4,000,001 4,000,001 4,00	Sales taxes		_		_		_		_			
Cable television franchise taxes — 5,115,029 3,113,912 3,1666 — — Genetic serior — — 9,731,111 11,8664 — — Genetic serior — Genetic serior — 9,731,111 11,8664 — — Genetic serior —	Mass transit taxes		_		_		_		_			
Total taxes	Tax equivalent payments		_		2,417,787		689,383		161,865			
Licenses and permits — 1— 9,731,111 18,664 Fines and forfeitures — 1,015,028 34,860 — Grants and contributions 1,198,330 59,424 15,105,791 1,090,150 Charges for services — 52,280 3,893,891 1,833,127 Interest, rents, and other 56,383 383,790 760,751 446,452 Interfund charges — 130,295 167,017 — Total revenues 1,254,713 45,296,662 42,994,716 6,502,305 Expenditures: Current: Public safety and criminal justice — — — — Social services Education, recreation, and cultural — 40,976,956 — 6,586,247 Health and regulatory — — — — Public works 1,221,689 — — — Tax administration — — — — Capital outlay — <td< td=""><td>Cable television franchise taxes</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td></td<>	Cable television franchise taxes		_		_		_		_			
Fines and forfeitures — 1,015,028 34,860 — Grants and contributions 1,198,330 59,424 15,105,791 1,090,150 Charges for services — 52,280 3,893,891 1,833,127 Interst, rents, and other 56,383 383,790 760,751 446,452 Interfund charges — 130,295 167,017 — Total revenues 1,254,713 45,296,662 42,994,716 6,502,305 Expenditures: Current: Public safety and criminal justice — — — — Social services — — — — — Public safety and criminal justice — — — — — — Social services —	Total taxes		_		43,655,845		13,301,295		3,113,912			
Grants and contributions 1,198,330 59,424 15,105,791 1,090,150 Charges for services — 52,280 3,893,891 1,833,127 Interest, rents, and other 56,383 383,790 760,751 446,452 Interfund charges — 130,295 167,017 6,502,305 Expenditures: Current: Public safety and criminal justice — — — — Social services — — — — Education, recreation, and cultural — 40,976,956 — 6,586,247 Health and regulatory — — — — Public works 1,221,689 — — — Capital outlay — — — — Debt service: Principal retirement — — — — Principal retirement — — — 646,685 — Interest — — —	Licenses and permits		_		_		9,731,111		18,664			
Charges for services — 52,280 3,893,891 1,833,127 Interest, rents, and other 56,383 383,790 760,751 446,452 Interfund charges — 130,295 167,017 — Total revenues 1,254,713 45,296,662 42,994,716 6,502,305 Expenditures: Current: Public safety and criminal justice — — — — Social services — — — — — Education, recreation, and cultural — 40,976,956 — 6,586,247 Health and regulatory — — — — Public works 1,221,689 — — — Tax administration — — — — Capital outlay — — — — Debt service: Principal retirement — — 769,493 — Interest — — 646,685 — Exce	Fines and forfeitures		_		1,015,028		34,860		_			
Interest, rents, and other 156,383 383,790 760,751 446,452 Interfund charges - 130,295 167,017 -	Grants and contributions		1,198,330		59,424		15,105,791		1,090,150			
Interfund charges 1,254,713 45,296,662 42,994,716 6,502,305	Charges for services		_		52,280		3,893,891		1,833,127			
Total revenues 1,254,713 45,296,662 42,994,716 6,502,305	Interest, rents, and other		56,383		383,790		760,751		446,452			
Expenditures: Current: Public safety and criminal justice —<	Interfund charges		_		130,295		167,017		_			
Current: Public safety and criminal justice — — — Social services — — — — Education, recreation, and cultural — 40,976,956 — 6,586,247 Health and regulatory — — 43,004,760 — Public works 1,221,689 — — — Tax administration — — — — Capital outlay — — — — Debt service: — — — — Principal retirement — — 769,493 — Interest — — 646,685 — Total expenditures 1,221,689 40,976,956 44,420,938 6,586,247 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 33,024 4,319,706 (1,426,222) (83,942) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets — — — — Issuance of bonds — —<	Total revenues		1,254,713		45,296,662		42,994,716		6,502,305			
Public safety and criminal justice — — — Social services — — — — Education, recreation, and cultural — 40,976,956 — 6,586,247 Health and regulatory — — 43,004,760 — Public works 1,221,689 — — — Tax administration — — — — Capital outlay — — — — Debt service: — — — — — Principal retirement — — — — — Interest — — — 646,685 — — Interest — — — 646,685 — — Total expenditures 1,221,689 40,976,956 44,420,938 6,586,247 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 33,024 4,319,706 (1,426,222) (83,942) Other financing sources (uses): —	Expenditures:											
Social services —	Current:											
Education, recreation, and cultural — 40,976,956 — 6,586,247 Health and regulatory — — 43,004,760 — Public works 1,221,689 — — — Tax administration — — — — Capital outlay — — — — Debt service: — — 769,493 — Principal retirement — — 646,685 — Interest — — 646,685 — Total expenditures 1,221,689 40,976,956 44,420,938 6,586,247 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 33,024 4,319,706 (1,426,222) (83,942) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets — — 1,796 — Issuance of bonds — — — — Premium on bonds issued — — — — Issuance of notes payable —	Public safety and criminal justice		_		_		_		_			
Health and regulatory	Social services		_		_		_		_			
Public works 1,221,689 — — — Tax administration — — — — Capital outlay — — — — Debt service: — — 769,493 — Interest — — 646,685 — Total expenditures 1,221,689 40,976,956 44,420,938 6,586,247 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 33,024 4,319,706 (1,426,222) (83,942) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets — — 1,796 — Issuance of bonds — — — — Premium on bonds issued — — — — Issuance of notes payable — — — — Transfers in — 5,141,976 1,560,000 156,138 Transfers out — (3,101,127) (2,374,601) (52,376) Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,	Education, recreation, and cultural		_		40,976,956		_		6,586,247			
Tax administration — — — — Capital outlay — — — — Debt service: — — 769,493 — Principal retirement — — 646,685 — Interest — — 646,685 — Total expenditures 1,221,689 40,976,956 44,420,938 6,586,247 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 33,024 4,319,706 (1,426,222) (83,942) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets — — 1,796 — Issuance of bonds — — — — Premium on bonds issued — — — — Issuance of notes payable — — — — Transfers in — 5,141,976 1,560,000 156,138 Transfers out — (3,101,127) (2,374,601) (52,376) Total other financing sources (uses) —	Health and regulatory		_		_		43,004,760		_			
Capital outlay — — — — Debt service: Principal retirement — — 769,493 — Interest — — 646,685 — Total expenditures 1,221,689 40,976,956 44,420,938 6,586,247 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 33,024 4,319,706 (1,426,222) (83,942) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets — — 1,796 — Issuance of bonds — — — — Premium on bonds issued — — — — Issuance of notes payable — — — — Transfers in — 5,141,976 1,560,000 156,138 Transfers out — (3,101,127) (2,374,601) (52,376) Total other financing sources (uses) — 2,040,849 (812,805) 103,762 Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,360,555 (2,239,027) 1,805,340	Public works		1,221,689		_		_		_			
Debt service: Principal retirement — — 769,493 — Interest — — 646,685 — Total expenditures 1,221,689 40,976,956 44,420,938 6,586,247 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 33,024 4,319,706 (1,426,222) (83,942) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets — — 1,796 — Issuance of bonds — — — — Premium on bonds issued — — — — Issuance of notes payable — — — — Transfers in — 5,141,976 1,560,000 156,138 Transfers out — (3,101,127) (2,374,601) (52,376) Total other financing sources (uses) — 2,040,849 (812,805) 103,762 Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,360,555 (2,239,027) 19,820	Tax administration		_		_		_		_			
Principal retirement — — 769,493 — Interest — — 646,685 — Total expenditures 1,221,689 40,976,956 44,420,938 6,586,247 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 33,024 4,319,706 (1,426,222) (83,942) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets — — 1,796 — Issuance of bonds — — — — Premium on bonds issued — — — — Issuance of notes payable — — — — Transfers in — 5,141,976 1,560,000 156,138 Transfers out — (3,101,127) (2,374,601) (52,376) Total other financing sources (uses) — 2,040,849 (812,805) 103,762 Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,360,555 (2,239,027) 19,820 Fund balances - beginning 2,887,554 8,175,357 8,221,797	Capital outlay		_		_		_		_			
Total expenditures	Debt service:											
Total expenditures 1,221,689 40,976,956 44,420,938 6,586,247 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 33,024 4,319,706 (1,426,222) (83,942) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets — — 1,796 — Issuance of bonds — — — — Premium on bonds issued — — — — Issuance of notes payable — — — — Transfers in — 5,141,976 1,560,000 156,138 Transfers out — (3,101,127) (2,374,601) (52,376) Total other financing sources (uses) — 2,040,849 (812,805) 103,762 Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,360,555 (2,239,027) 19,820 Fund balances - beginning 2,887,554 8,175,357 8,221,797 1,805,340	Principal retirement		_		_		769,493		_			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 33,024 4,319,706 (1,426,222) (83,942) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets — — 1,796 — Issuance of bonds — — — — Premium on bonds issued — — — — Issuance of notes payable — — — — Transfers in — 5,141,976 1,560,000 156,138 Transfers out — (3,101,127) (2,374,601) (52,376) Total other financing sources (uses) — 2,040,849 (812,805) 103,762 Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,360,555 (2,239,027) 19,820 Fund balances - beginning 2,887,554 8,175,357 8,221,797 1,805,340	Interest		_		_		646,685		_			
Other financing sources (uses): 33,024 4,319,706 (1,426,222) (83,942) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets — — 1,796 — Issuance of bonds — — — — Premium on bonds issued — — — — Issuance of notes payable — — — — Transfers in — 5,141,976 1,560,000 156,138 Transfers out — (3,101,127) (2,374,601) (52,376) Total other financing sources (uses) — 2,040,849 (812,805) 103,762 Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,360,555 (2,239,027) 19,820 Fund balances - beginning 2,887,554 8,175,357 8,221,797 1,805,340	Total expenditures		1,221,689		40,976,956		44,420,938		6,586,247			
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets — — 1,796 — Issuance of bonds — — — — Premium on bonds issued — — — — Issuance of notes payable — — — — Transfers in — 5,141,976 1,560,000 156,138 Transfers out — (3,101,127) (2,374,601) (52,376) Total other financing sources (uses) — 2,040,849 (812,805) 103,762 Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,360,555 (2,239,027) 19,820 Fund balances - beginning 2,887,554 8,175,357 8,221,797 1,805,340	Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
Proceeds from sale of capital assets — — 1,796 — Issuance of bonds — — — — Premium on bonds issued — — — — Issuance of notes payable — — — — Transfers in — 5,141,976 1,560,000 156,138 Transfers out — (3,101,127) (2,374,601) (52,376) Total other financing sources (uses) — 2,040,849 (812,805) 103,762 Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,360,555 (2,239,027) 19,820 Fund balances - beginning 2,887,554 8,175,357 8,221,797 1,805,340	over (under) expenditures		33,024		4,319,706		(1,426,222)		(83,942)			
Issuance of bonds — — — — Premium on bonds issued — — — — Issuance of notes payable — — — — Transfers in — 5,141,976 1,560,000 156,138 Transfers out — (3,101,127) (2,374,601) (52,376) Total other financing sources (uses) — 2,040,849 (812,805) 103,762 Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,360,555 (2,239,027) 19,820 Fund balances - beginning 2,887,554 8,175,357 8,221,797 1,805,340	Other financing sources (uses):											
Premium on bonds issued — — — — Issuance of notes payable — — — — Transfers in — 5,141,976 1,560,000 156,138 Transfers out — (3,101,127) (2,374,601) (52,376) Total other financing sources (uses) — 2,040,849 (812,805) 103,762 Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,360,555 (2,239,027) 19,820 Fund balances - beginning 2,887,554 8,175,357 8,221,797 1,805,340	Proceeds from sale of capital assets		_		_		1,796		_			
Issuance of notes payable — — — — Transfers in — 5,141,976 1,560,000 156,138 Transfers out — (3,101,127) (2,374,601) (52,376) Total other financing sources (uses) — 2,040,849 (812,805) 103,762 Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,360,555 (2,239,027) 19,820 Fund balances - beginning 2,887,554 8,175,357 8,221,797 1,805,340	Issuance of bonds		_		_		_		_			
Transfers in — 5,141,976 1,560,000 156,138 Transfers out — (3,101,127) (2,374,601) (52,376) Total other financing sources (uses) — 2,040,849 (812,805) 103,762 Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,360,555 (2,239,027) 19,820 Fund balances - beginning 2,887,554 8,175,357 8,221,797 1,805,340	Premium on bonds issued		_		_		_		_			
Transfers out — (3,101,127) (2,374,601) (52,376) Total other financing sources (uses) — 2,040,849 (812,805) 103,762 Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,360,555 (2,239,027) 19,820 Fund balances - beginning 2,887,554 8,175,357 8,221,797 1,805,340	Issuance of notes payable		_		_		_		_			
Total other financing sources (uses) — 2,040,849 (812,805) 103,762 Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,360,555 (2,239,027) 19,820 Fund balances - beginning 2,887,554 8,175,357 8,221,797 1,805,340	Transfers in		_		5,141,976		1,560,000		156,138			
Net change in fund balances 33,024 6,360,555 (2,239,027) 19,820 Fund balances - beginning 2,887,554 8,175,357 8,221,797 1,805,340	Transfers out			_	(3,101,127)		(2,374,601)		(52,376)			
Fund balances - beginning 2,887,554 8,175,357 8,221,797 1,805,340	Total other financing sources (uses)				2,040,849		(812,805)	_	103,762			
	Net change in fund balances		33,024		6,360,555							
Fund balances - ending \$ 2,920,578 \$ 14,535,912 \$ 5,982,770 \$ 1,825,160	Fund balances - beginning		2,887,554	_	8,175,357		8,221,797		1,805,340			
	Fund balances - ending	\$	2,920,578	\$	14,535,912	\$	5,982,770	\$	1,825,160			

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Capital Projects Funds											
		District Attorney				MBA Public						
	Park Bond	Facilities	PeopleSoft	Work Order	Capital	Health Center						
	Projects	Construction	Implementation	Project	Improvements	Bond Projects						
Revenues:												
Taxes:												
Property taxes	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 6,251,465	\$ —						
Sales taxes	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Mass transit taxes	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Tax equivalent payments	_	_	_	_	341,697	_						
Cable television franchise taxes												
Total taxes	_	_	_	_	6,593,162	_						
Licenses and permits	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Fines and forfeitures	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Grants and contributions	_	_	_	_	_	657,906						
Charges for services	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Interest, rents, and other	35,711	97,527	2,553	5,559	220,873	80,819						
Interfund charges	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Total revenues	35,711	97,527	2,553	5,559	6,814,035	738,725						
Expenditures:												
Current:												
Public safety and criminal justice	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Social services	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Education, recreation, and cultural	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Health and regulatory	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Public works	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Tax administration	_	_	_									
Capital outlay	622,232	519,377	88,842		5,758,264	1,081,743						
Debt service:	022,232	317,377	00,042		3,730,204	1,001,743						
Principal retirement												
Interest	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Total expenditures	622,232	519,377	88,842		5,758,264	1,081,743						
	022,232	319,377	00,042		3,/38,204	1,081,743						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(586,521)	(421,850)	(86,289)	5,559	1,055,771	(343,018)						
over (under) experientures	(300,321)	(421,030)	(00,207)	3,337	1,055,771	(343,010)						
Other financing sources (uses):												
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Issuance of bonds	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Premium on bonds issued	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Issuance of notes payable	_	_	_	_	_	_						
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	622,805	2,374,601						
Transfers out	_	_	_	_	(500,000)	_						
Total other financing sources (uses)				_	122,805	2,374,601						
Net change in fund balances	(586,521)	(421,850)	(86,289)	5,559	1,178,576	2,031,583						
Fund balances - beginning	1,491,555	3,905,203	125,385	214,942	8,958,362	11,140,077						
Fund balances - ending	\$ 905,034	\$ 3,483,353	\$ 39,096	\$ 220,501	\$ 10,136,938	\$ 13,171,660						

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Ca	ipital Projects Fu	nds		Permanent Funds
	Capitol Theatre	TRCC Bond Projects	Parks and Recreation Bond Projects	MBA Library Bond Projects	2020 Sales Tax Revenue Bond Projects	Pet Care and Adoption Endowment
Revenues:	Theatre	Trojects	Bond 1 Tojects	Dona 1 Tojects	Bond 1 Tojects	Endowment
Taxes:						
Property taxes	s —	s —	s —	s —	s —	s —
Sales taxes	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mass transit taxes	_	_	_	_	_	_
Tax equivalent payments	_	_	_	_	_	_
Cable television franchise taxes	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total taxes						
Licenses and permits	_	_	_	_	_	_
Fines and forfeitures	_	_	_	_	_	_
Grants and contributions	_	1,105,000	3,007,200	46,461	_	39,619
Charges for services	_				1,500,000	
Interest, rents, and other	95,099	1,043,977	536,802	790,981	10,201	47,452
Interfund charges						
Total revenues	95,099	2,148,977	3,544,002	837,442	1,510,201	87,071
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety and criminal justice	_	_	_	_	_	_
Social services	_	_	_	_	_	_
Education, recreation, and cultural	_	_	_	_	_	_
Health and regulatory	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public works	_	_	_	_	_	_
Tax administration	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital outlay	6,612,406	17,731,494	30,441,535	15,311,666	_	_
Debt service:	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,		
Principal retirement	_	_	_	_	_	_
Interest	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total expenditures	6,612,406	17,731,494	30,441,535	15,311,666		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(6,517,307)	(15,582,517)	(26,897,533)	(14,474,224)	1,510,201	87,071
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_	_	_
Issuance of bonds	_	_	39,615,000	16,355,476	_	_
Premium on bonds issued	_	_	6,893,636	3,082,711	_	_
Issuance of notes payable	_	_	_	14,137,500	_	_
Transfers in	1,783,610	5,161,320	_	7,193,448	_	_
Transfers out	_	_	(17,200)	(12,219,857)	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,783,610	5,161,320	46,491,436	28,549,278	_	_
Net change in fund balances	(4,733,697)	(10,421,197)	19,593,903	14,075,054	1,510,201	87,071
Fund balances - beginning	10,478,319	39,270,026	29,431,749	2,583,839		1,822,457
Fund balances - ending	\$ 5,744,622	\$ 28,848,829	\$ 49,025,652	\$ 16,658,893	\$ 1,510,201	\$ 1,909,528

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Debt Serv	vice Funds		
	Millcreek Fireflow Special	Municipal Building	State	2014 Sales Tax Revenue	Total Nonmajor Governmental
D	Impr. District	Authority	Transportation	Bonds	Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes:	.	0	Φ.	•	Ø 05 100 150
Property taxes	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 95,122,150
Sales taxes	_	_	_	_	23,936,346
Mass transit taxes	_	_	_	_	241,886
Tax equivalent payments	_	_	_	_	5,215,102
Cable television franchise taxes					1,228,901
Total taxes	_	_	_	_	125,744,385
Licenses and permits	_	_	_	_	9,750,550
Fines and forfeitures	_	_	7.021.504	_	1,049,888
Grants and contributions	_	_	7,821,594	_	35,030,040
Charges for services	21.520	1 421 262	771 025	1 212	7,601,996
Interest, rents, and other	21,528	1,431,363	771,925	1,213	7,438,467
Interfund charges	21.520		0.502.510		831,130
Total revenues	21,528	1,431,363	8,593,519	1,213	187,446,456
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public safety and criminal justice	_	_	_	_	42,466
Social services	_	_	_	_	3,932
Education, recreation, and cultural	_	_	_	_	65,681,089
Health and regulatory	_	_	_	_	43,004,760
Public works	_	_	_	_	20,790,310
Tax administration	_	_	_	_	27,506,470
Capital outlay	_	_	_	_	78,167,559
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	_	4,024,358	6,325,000	_	12,363,851
Interest	2,275	3,087,539	2,271,993		6,396,580
Total expenditures	2,275	7,111,897	8,596,993		253,957,017
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	19,253	(5,680,534)	(3,474)	1,213	(66,510,561)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_	85,835
Issuance of bonds	_	1,484,524	_	_	57,455,000
Premium on bonds issued	_	280,567	_	_	10,256,914
Issuance of notes payable	_	_	_	_	14,137,500
Transfers in	_	12,861,924	_	_	39,591,805
Transfers out	_	(7,088,448)	_	_	(25,402,535)
Total other financing sources (uses)		7,538,567			96,124,519
Net change in fund balances	19,253		(3,474)	1,213	29,613,958
Fund balances - beginning	823,376	4,853,753	281,854	48,879	154,744,817
Fund balances - ending	\$ 842,629	\$ 6,711,786	\$ 278,380	\$ 50,092	\$ 184,358,775

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
Unincorporated Municipal Services Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2019 With Comparative Totals For 2018

-			2019			2018	
			Actual on a			Actual on a	
	Final		Budgetary	Variance	with	Budgetary	
	 Budget		Basis	Final Bu	ıdget	Basis	
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$ 261,028	\$	267,797	\$	6,769	\$ 250,316	
Sales taxes	5,700,000		5,208,817	(4	491,183)	5,645,077	
Mass transit taxes	100,000		241,886		141,886	_	
Tax equivalent payments	_		3,553		3,553	2,246	
Cable television franchise taxes	1,042,306		1,228,901		186,595	53,613	
Total taxes	7,103,334		6,950,954	(152,380)	5,951,252	
Licenses and permits	177,313		775	(176,538)	462,158	
Fines and forfeitures	88,325		_		(88,325)	69,996	
Grants and contributions	4,625,361		4,875,057		249,696	7,552,829	
Charges for services	65,726		37,237		(28,489)	150,353	
Interest, rents, and other	109,783		121,800		12,017	133,473	
Total revenues	12,169,842		11,985,823	(184,019)	14,320,061	
Expenditures:							
Public safety and criminal justice:							
Tort judgment levy							
Materials, supplies, and services	175,000		38,851		136,149	85,702	
Indirect costs	3,615		3,615		_	35,501	
Total public safety and criminal justice	178,615		42,466		136,149	121,203	
Public works:							
Unincorporated municipal services							
Materials, supplies, and services	12,072,435		11,725,498	,	346,937	14,049,258	
Indirect costs	2,642		2,642		_	16,379	
Total public works	12,075,077		11,728,140		346,937	14,065,637	
Total expenditures	12,253,692	_	11,770,606		483,086	14,186,840	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures /	 ·		·			-	
net change in fund balances	(83,850)		215,217	2	299,067	133,221	
Fund balances - beginning	1,939,906		1,939,907		1	1,806,686	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,856,056	\$	2,155,124	\$	299,068	\$ 1,939,907	

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
Flood Control Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2019 With Comparative Totals For 2018

			2019			2018		
			Actual on a				Actual on a	
	Final		Budgetary		Variance With		Budgetary	
	Budget		Basis		Final Budget		Basis	
Revenues:	 							
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$ 5,561,233	\$	5,596,276	\$	35,043	\$	5,406,352	
Tax equivalent payments	287,500		305,764		18,264		279,250	
Total taxes	5,848,733		5,902,040		53,307		5,685,602	
Fines and forfeitures	_		_		_		509	
Grants and contributions	50,000		23,508		(26,492)		87,730	
Charges for services	15,100		35,312		20,212		92,358	
Interest, rents, and other	71,100		188,091		116,991		327,794	
Interfund charges	461,185		533,818		72,633		483,936	
Total revenues	 6,446,118		6,682,769		236,651		6,677,929	
Expenditures:								
Public works:								
Flood control - engineering								
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	3,095,252		2,795,375		299,877		2,762,067	
Materials, supplies, and services	2,543,990		1,945,843		598,147		1,681,510	
Indirect costs	433,054		433,054		_		396,901	
Capital outlay	_		_		_		61,718	
	 6,072,296		5,174,272		898,024		4,902,196	
Flood control - projects								
Materials, supplies, and services	1,746,825		1,302,247		444,578		869,021	
Indirect costs	109,442		109,442		_		97,568	
Capital outlay	 2,076,223		1,660,271		415,952		1,331,978	
	3,932,490		3,071,960		860,530		2,298,567	
Total public works	 10,004,786		8,246,232		1,758,554		7,200,763	
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	160,000		160,000		_		155,000	
Interest	7,963		7,963		_		12,888	
Other	 2,500		2,000		500		_	
Total debt service	 170,463		169,963		500		167,888	
Total expenditures	 10,175,249		8,416,195		1,759,054		7,368,651	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,729,131)		(1,733,426)		1,995,705		(690,722)	
Other financing uses:								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_		84,039		84,039		877	
Transfers out	 (48,926)	_	(48,926)	_			(72,307)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(48,926)		35,113		84,039		(71,430)	
Net change in fund balances	(3,778,057)		(1,698,313)		2,079,744		(762,152)	
Fund balances - beginning	4,381,307		4,631,358		250,051		5,357,845	
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year			24,183		24,183		35,665	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 603,250	\$	2,957,228	\$	2,353,978	\$	4,631,358	

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
Open Space Special Revenue Fund

		2019			2018
	Final Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis
Revenues:					
Grants and contributions	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 90,602
Charges for services	_	42,307		42,307	_
Interest, rents, and other	 2,700	40,341		37,641	23,740
Total revenues	2,700	82,648		79,948	114,342
Expenditures:					
Education, recreation, and cultural:					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	41,591	31,090		10,501	27,227
Materials, supplies, and services	127,428	126,726		702	84,208
Indirect costs	14,361	14,361		_	42,582
Capital outlay	 500,000	_		500,000	 <u> </u>
Total expenditures - education, recreation, and cultural	683,380	172,177		511,203	154,017
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(680,680)	(89,529)		591,151	(39,675)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	 500,000	500,000			500,000
Net change in fund balances	(180,680)	410,471		591,151	460,325
Fund balances - beginning	1,375,313	1,377,657		2,344	917,332
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year	 <u> </u>	230		230	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,194,633	\$ 1,788,358	\$	593,725	\$ 1,377,657

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis Zoos, Arts, and Parks (ZAP) Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2019 With Comparative Totals For 2018

			2018		
	Final Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	
Revenues:					
Sales taxes	\$ 20,422,529	\$ 18,727,529	\$ (1,695,000)	\$ 17,916,617	
Interest, rents, and other	35,100	77,630	42,530	64,422	
Total revenues	20,457,629	18,805,159	(1,652,470)	17,981,039	
Expenditures:					
Education, recreation, and cultural:					
Large arts groups					
Materials, supplies, and services	12,896,356	11,829,468	1,066,888	11,311,626	
Small arts groups					
Materials, supplies, and services	2,589,273	2,384,763	204,510	2,211,235	
Zoological					
Materials, supplies, and services	4,585,374	4,206,036	379,338	4,021,914	
Administration					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	192,271	185,399	6,872	151,026	
Materials, supplies, and services	88,995	81,421	7,574	87,116	
Indirect costs	180,130	180,130	_	542,051	
	461,396	446,950	14,446	780,193	
ZAP revenue bond debt service					
Materials, supplies, and services	500	_	500	_	
Total education, recreation, and cultural	20,532,899	18,867,217	1,665,682	18,324,968	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	1,085,000	1,085,000	_	1,035,000	
Interest	378,125	378,125	_	426,600	
Other	2,000	650	1,350		
Total debt service	1,465,125	1,463,775	1,350	1,461,600	
Total expenditures	21,998,024	20,330,992	1,667,032	19,786,568	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,540,395)	(1,525,833)	14,562	(1,805,529)	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	1,840,983	1,840,983		1,838,808	
Net change in fund balances	300,588	315,150	14,562	33,279	
Fund balances - beginning	175,683	892,672	716,989	830,476	
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year				28,917	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 476,271	\$ 1,207,822	\$ 731,551	\$ 892,672	

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis Housing Programs Special Revenue Fund

				2019				2018
		Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis		ariance With	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	
Revenues:						_		
Interest, rents, and other	\$	5,000	\$	83,635	\$	78,635	\$	55,725
Total revenues		5,000		83,635		78,635		55,725
Expenditures:								
Social services:								
Materials, supplies, and services		1,821,700		_		1,821,700		_
Indirect costs		3,932		3,932				_
Total expenditures - social services		1,825,632		3,932		1,821,700		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures /								
net change in fund balances		(1,820,632)		79,703		1,900,335		55,725
Fund balances - beginning		2,864,729		2,864,728		(1)		2,809,003
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,044,097	\$	2,944,431	\$	1,900,334	\$	2,864,728

Tear Ended December 31, 2019 with Comparative Totals P	Final	2019 Actual on a Budgetary	Variance With	2018 Actual on a Budgetary
Revenues:	Budget	Basis	Final Budget	Basis
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 25,903,894	\$ 26,204,595	\$ 300,701	\$ 24,861,475
Tax equivalent payments	1,261,800	1,295,053	33,253	1,332,984
Total taxes	27,165,694	27,499,648	333,954	26,194,459
Charges for services	200,000	200,000	_	200,000
Interest, rents, and other	39,043	93,853	54,810	83,251
Total revenues	27,404,737	27,793,501	388,764	26,477,710
Expenditures:	27,101,707	27,775,501	300,701	20, . , , , , 10
Tax administration: Council				
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,040,774	858,771	182,003	828,595
Materials, supplies, and services	60,756	58,213	2,543	57,433
Indirect costs	409,106	409,106		527,869
	1,510,636	1,326,090	184,546	1,413,897
Auditor	-,,	-,,	,	-,,
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,160,323	1,105,571	54,752	1,198,849
Materials, supplies, and services	303,050	298,623	4,427	265,550
Indirect costs	429,846	429,846		474,573
Capital outlay	7,370	7,364	6	474,373
Capital outlay	1,900,589	1,841,404	59,185	1,938,972
Recorder	1,700,369	1,041,404	39,103	1,930,972
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	2,530,743	2,343,079	187,664	2,212,391
Materials, supplies, and services	2,330,743	2,343,079	10,691	2,212,391
			10,091	
Indirect costs	443,853	443,853	20.000	234,203
Capital outlay	20,000	2.075.245	20,000	2.520.200
T.	3,293,702	3,075,347	218,355	2,739,390
Treasurer	2 (04 5(1	2 (04 457	104	2.406.254
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	2,604,561	2,604,457	104	2,486,354
Materials, supplies, and services	522,972	457,868	65,104	556,889
Indirect costs	1,563,816	1,563,816		1,499,862
	4,691,349	4,626,141	65,208	4,543,105
Assessor	40.400.455			0.64===0
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	10,100,175	9,667,595	432,580	9,617,729
Materials, supplies, and services	2,995,801	2,390,642	605,159	2,382,374
Indirect costs	2,095,516	2,095,516	_	1,920,196
Capital outlay	229,361	139,187	90,174	190,917
	15,420,853	14,292,940	1,127,913	14,111,216
District Attorney				
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	328,855	311,807	17,048	506,400
Materials, supplies, and services	275,138	102,021	173,117	66,809
Indirect costs	20,302	20,302		18,998
	624,295	434,130	190,165	592,207
Survevor				
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	559,811	542,843	16,968	460,943
Materials, supplies, and services	34,700	29,092	5,608	20,978
Indirect costs	24,394	24,394		22,090
	618,905	596,329	22,576	504,011
Statutory and general				
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	101,274	_	101,274	_
Materials, supplies, and services	1,385,122	1,126,849	258,273	1,001,970
Indirect costs	194,535	194,535		214,929
	1,680,931	1,321,384	359,547	1,216,899
Total tax administration	29,741,260	27,513,765	2,227,495	27,059,697
Debt service - interest	· · · · —	· · ·	· · ·	28,640
Total expenditures	29,741,260	27,513,765	2,227,495	27,088,337
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,336,523)		2,616,259	(610,627)
Other financing sources (uses):	(2,550,525)	2/2,/30	2,0.0,209	(010,027)
Transfers in	395,000	395,000	=	500,000
Net change in fund balances	(1,941,523)	674,736	2,616,259	(110,627)
Fund balances - beginning				
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year	4,048,863	5,427,393	1,378,530 7,188	5,538,020
	0.107.212	7,188		6 5 125 222
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,107,340	\$ 6,109,317	\$ 4,001,977	\$ 5,427,393

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund

		2019			2018
		Actual on a			Actual on a
	Final	Budgetary	Var	iance With	Budgetary
	Budget	Basis	Fin	al Budget	Basis
Revenues:	 				
Property taxes	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 148,624
Grants and contributions	505,705	1,198,330		692,625	788,936
Interest, rents, and other	 13,000	56,383		43,383	38,871
Total revenues	518,705	1,254,713		736,008	 976,431
Expenditures:					
Public works:					
Materials, supplies, and services	1,673,277	1,210,358		462,919	330,412
Indirect costs	 11,331	11,331			22,906
Total expenditures - public works	1,684,608	1,221,689		462,919	353,318
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures / net change in fund balances	(1,165,903)	33,024		1,198,927	623,113
Fund balances - beginning	 2,887,514	2,887,514			2,264,401
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,721,611	\$ 2,920,538	\$	1,198,927	\$ 2,887,514

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
Library Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2019 With Comparative Totals For 2018

		2019		2018
	Final Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 40,925,502	\$ 41,238,058	\$ 312,556	\$ 39,573,577
Tax equivalent payments	2,325,400	2,417,787	92,387	2,457,663
Total taxes	43,250,902	43,655,845	404,943	42,031,240
Fines and forfeitures	1,125,009	1,015,028	(109,981)	1,110,834
Grants and contributions	64,700	59,424	(5,276)	62,200
Charges for services	_	52,280	52,280	33,556
Interest, rents, and other	200,361	383,790	183,429	370,682
Interfund charges	129,207	130,295	1,088	_
Total revenues	44,770,179	45,296,662	526,483	43,608,512
Expenditures:				
Education, recreation, and cultural:				
General Library				
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	29,186,497	27,325,709	1,860,788	27,127,743
Materials, supplies, and services	12,499,823	11,474,177	1,025,646	12,494,862
Indirect costs	1,861,760	1,861,760	_	1,887,698
Costs of goods sold	13,090	12,839	251	11,502
Capital outlay	293,668	292,695	973	512,243
	43,854,838	40,967,180	2,887,658	42,034,048
Kearns Library				
Materials, supplies, and services	216,591	146	216,445	_
Total education, recreation, and cultural	44,071,429	40,967,326	3,104,103	42,034,048
Debt service:				
Debt service - interest				45,348
Total expenditures	44,071,429	40,967,326	3,104,103	42,079,396
Excess of revenues over expenditures	698,750	4,329,336	3,630,586	1,529,116
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	5,141,976	5,141,976	_	_
Transfers out	(3,101,127)	(3,101,127)		(5,947,757)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,040,849	2,040,849		(5,947,757)
Net change in fund balances	2,739,599	6,370,185	3,630,586	(4,418,641)
Fund balances - beginning	6,613,373	7,124,334	510,961	11,542,003
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		63,016	63,016	972
Fund balances - ending	\$ 9,352,972	\$ 13,557,535	\$ 4,204,563	\$ 7,124,334

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
Health Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2019 With Comparative Totals For 2018

				2019				2018
				Actual on a				Actual on a
		Final		Budgetary		Variance With		Budgetary
		Budget		Basis		Final Budget		Basis
Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	12,469,114	\$	12,611,912	\$	142,798	\$	12,120,834
Tax equivalent payments		648,200		689,383		41,183		628,774
Total taxes		13,117,314		13,301,295		183,981		12,749,608
Licenses and permits		9,554,805		9,731,111		176,306		9,241,505
Fines and forfeitures		69,000		34,860		(34,140)		110,302
Grants and contributions		15,132,687		15,105,791		(26,896)		14,019,336
Charges for services		3,366,638		3,893,891		527,253		4,687,094
Interest, rents, and other		586,998		760,751		173,753		464,066
Interfund charges		185,585		167,017		(18,568)		16,583
Total revenues		42,013,027		42,994,716		981,689		41,288,494
Expenditures:								
Health and regulatory:								
General Health								
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits		31,648,112		30,602,033		1,046,079		29,200,121
Materials, supplies, and services		10,555,241		9,369,227		1,186,014		9,401,966
Indirect costs		2,603,617		2,603,617		_		2,844,055
Indigent/in-custody		140,000		126,440		13,560		129,776
Capital outlay		181,484		180,403		1,081		87,872
		45,128,454		42,881,720		2,246,734		41,663,790
Downtown Health Clinic								
Materials, supplies, and services		159,138		124,081		35,057		_
Total health and regulatory	_	45,287,592	_	43,005,801	_	2,281,791	_	41,663,790
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		769,494		769,493		1		624,597
Interest		646,685		646,685				601,857
Total debt service		1,416,179		1,416,178	Ξ	1		1,226,454
Total expenditures		46,703,771		44,421,979	Ξ	2,281,792		42,890,244
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(4,690,744)		(1,427,263)		3,263,481		(1,601,750)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		_		1,796		1,796		11,625
Transfers in		1,560,000		1,560,000		_		617,000
Transfers out		(2,374,601)		(2,374,601)				(397,673)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(814,601)	_	(812,805)	_	1,796		230,952
Net change in fund balances		(5,505,345)		(2,240,068)		3,265,277		(1,370,798)
Fund balances - beginning		8,233,157		8,175,146		(58,011)		9,500,842
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year			_	5,574		5,574	_	45,102
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,727,812	\$	5,940,652	\$	3,212,840	\$	8,175,146

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
Planetarium Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2019 With Comparative Totals For 2018

				2019				2018
		Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis		riance With	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	
Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	2,937,603	\$	2,952,047	\$	14,444	\$	2,849,039
Tax equivalent payments		152,200		161,865		9,665		160,762
Total taxes		3,089,803		3,113,912		24,109		3,009,801
Grants and contributions		1,092,296		1,090,150		(2,146)		993,374
Charges for services		1,872,000		1,851,791		(20,209)		1,772,529
Interest, rents, and other		425,000		446,452		21,452		464,624
Interfund charges		_		_		_		50,000
Total revenues		6,479,099		6,502,305		23,206		6,290,328
Expenditures:								
Education, recreation, and cultural:								
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits		3,785,058		3,533,080		251,978		3,361,310
Materials, supplies, and services		2,010,939		1,912,886		98,053		1,789,803
Indirect costs		478,697		478,697		_		512,209
Cost of goods sold		505,000		502,286		2,714		412,961
Capital outlay		368,610		205,666		162,944		380,961
Total expenditures - education, recreation, and cultural		7,148,304		6,632,615		515,689		6,457,244
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(669,205)		(130,310)		538,895		(166,916)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		156,138		156,138		_		719,110
Transfers out		(52,376)		(52,376)		_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		103,762		103,762				719,110
Net change in fund balances		(565,443)		(26,548)		538,895		552,194
Fund balances - beginning		1,553,601		1,803,590		249,989		1,247,089
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		_		_		_		4,307
Fund balances - ending	\$	988,158	\$	1,777,042	\$	788,884	\$	1,803,590

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
Park Bond Capital Projects Fund

	2019						2018	
				Actual on a			Actual on a	
		Final		Budgetary	Variance With		Budgetary	
		Budget		Basis	Final Budget		Basis	
Revenues:								
Grants and contributions	\$	_	\$	_	\$	\$	130,000	
Interest, rents, and other		1,000		35,711	34,711		94,816	
Total revenues		1,000		35,711	34,711		224,816	
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay:								
Lodestone Regional Park								
Materials, supplies, and services		_		114,499	(114,499)		58,363	
Capital outlay		134,201		17,008	117,193		1,374,328	
		134,201		131,507	2,694		1,432,691	
Southwest Regional Park								
Materials, supplies, and services		_		6,807	(6,807)		94,608	
Capital outlay		54,566		45,441	9,125		862,053	
		54,566		52,248	2,318		956,661	
Wheadon Farm Park								
Materials, supplies, and services		_		_	_		25,476	
Jordan River Trail Park								
Materials, supplies, and services		_		67,904	(67,904)		298,746	
Capital outlay		330,912		221,155	109,757		167,081	
		330,912		289,059	41,853		465,827	
Parley's Trail Park								
Materials, supplies, and services		_		149,418	(149,418)		178,505	
Capital outlay		149,419			149,419		174,913	
		149,419		149,418	1		353,418	
Total expenditures - capital outlay		669,098		622,232	46,866		3,234,073	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures /								
net change in fund balances		(668,098)		(586,521)	81,577		(3,009,257)	
Fund balances - beginning		1,491,553		2,261,325	769,772		5,270,061	
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		_		_	_		521	
Fund balances - ending	\$	823,455	\$	1,674,804	\$ 851,349	\$	2,261,325	

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis District Attorney Facilities Construction Capital Projects Fund

				2019				2018
	Actual on a						Actual on a	
		Final		Budgetary	Variance With			Budgetary
		Budget		Basis		Final Budget		Basis
Revenues:				_				
Charges for services	\$	10,000	\$	_	\$	(10,000)	\$	49,640
Interest, rents, and other		20,500		97,527		77,027		182,809
Total revenues		30,500		97,527		67,027		232,449
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay								
Materials, supplies, and services		_		105,196		(105,196)		265,045
Capital outlay		2,174,167		731,372		1,442,795		1,708,471
Total expenditures - capital outlay		2,174,167		836,568		1,337,599		1,973,516
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures /								
net change in fund balances		(2,143,667)		(739,041)		1,404,626		(1,741,067)
Fund balances - beginning		3,649,324		3,644,041		(5,283)		5,385,108
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year				16,921		16,921		<u> </u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,505,657	\$	2,921,921	\$	1,416,264	\$	3,644,041

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
PeopleSoft Implementation Capital Projects Fund

				2019				2018
	Actual on a			Actual on a				Actual on a
		Final		Budgetary		Variance With		Budgetary
		Budget		Basis		Final Budget		Basis
Revenues:								
Interest, rents, and other	\$	_	\$	2,553	\$	2,553	\$	3,839
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay:								
Materials, supplies, and services		_		85,981		(85,981)		_
Indirect costs		2,861		2,861		_		3,928
Capital outlay		87,511		_		87,511		74,206
Total expenditures - capital outlay		90,372		88,842		1,530		78,134
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures /				_		_		
net change in fund balances		(90,372)		(86,289)		4,083		(74,295)
Fund balances - beginning		90,372		90,372		_		164,667
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year				35,013	_	35,013		
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	39,096	\$	39,096	\$	90,372

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis Work Order Project Capital Projects Fund

		2019				2018
		Actual on a				
	Final	Budgetary	•	Variance With		Budgetary
	 Budget	Basis		Final Budget		Basis
Revenues:		_		_		
Interest, rents, and other	\$ _	\$ 5,559	\$	5,559	\$	5,041
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay:						
Capital outlay						142,000
Total expenditures - capital outlay		_		_		142,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures /		_		_		
net change in fund balances	_	5,559		5,559		(136,959)
Fund balances - beginning	 214,942	214,942		<u> </u>		351,901
Fund balances - ending	\$ 214,942	\$ 220,501	\$	5,559	\$	214,942

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund

•			2019				2018
			Actual on a				Actual on a
	Final		Budgetary		Variance With		Budgetary
		Budget	Basis		Final Budget		Basis
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$	6,062,378	\$ 6,251,465	\$	189,087	\$	5,996,432
Tax equivalent payments		321,300	341,697		20,397		326,096
Total taxes		6,383,678	6,593,162		209,484		6,322,528
Grants and contributions		_	_		_		2,532
Interest, rents, and other			220,873		220,873		175,341
Total revenues		6,383,678	6,814,035		430,357		6,500,401
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay:							
Materials, supplies, and services		8,886,958	3,840,214		5,046,744		5,750,568
Indirect costs		185,628	185,628		_		124,052
Capital outlay		984,647	422,178		562,469		2,021,992
Other			173		(173)		_
Total expenditures - capital outlay		10,057,233	4,448,193		5,609,040		7,896,612
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,673,555)	2,365,842		6,039,397		(1,396,211)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		622,805	622,805		_		801,160
Transfers out		(500,000)	(500,000)		_		(560,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		122,805	122,805				241,160
Net change in fund balances		(3,550,750)	2,488,647		6,039,397		(1,155,051)
Fund balances - beginning		6,912,460	7,095,452		182,992		8,254,632
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		<u> </u>	140,008		140,008		(4,129)
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,361,710	\$ 9,724,107	\$	6,362,397	\$	7,095,452

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis Municipal Building Authority Public Health Center Bond Capital Projects Fund

	2019							2018	
		Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget			Actual on a Budgetary Basis	
Revenues:									
Grants and contributions	\$	738,781	\$	657,906	\$	(80,875)	\$	240,886	
Interest, rents, and other		2,216		80,819		78,603		67,464	
Total revenues		740,997		738,725		(2,272)		308,350	
Expenditures:									
Capital outlay:									
General Public Health Center									
Materials, supplies, and services		_		57,393		(57,393)		1,231,421	
Capital outlay		4,982,845				4,982,845		115,765	
		4,982,845		57,393		4,925,452		1,347,186	
Downtown Health Clinic:									
Capital outlay		739,480		714,855		24,625		_	
Total expenditures - capital outlay		5,722,325		772,248		4,950,077		1,347,186	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(4,981,328)		(33,523)		(4,952,349)	_	(1,038,836)	
Other financing sources:									
Transfers in		2,374,601		2,374,601		_		_	
Net change in fund balances		(2,606,727)		2,341,078		(4,952,349)		(1,038,836)	
Fund balances - beginning		1,867,247		9,067,912		7,200,665		10,106,748	
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year				455		455			
Fund balances - ending	\$	(739,480)	\$	11,409,445	\$	2,248,771	\$	9,067,912	

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis Capitol Theatre Capital Projects Fund

			2019				2018
	-		Actual on a				Actual on a
		Final	Budgetary		Variance With		Budgetary
		Budget	Basis	_	Final Budget	_	Basis
Revenues:							
Interest, rents, and other	\$	84,000	\$ 95,099	\$	11,099	\$	71,079
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay:							
General Theatre							
Materials, supplies, and services		_	(1,288,748)		1,288,748		5,345,364
Capital outlay		1,867,610	2,833,232		(965,622)		40,827
		1,867,610	1,544,484		323,126		5,386,191
Capitol Theatre NMTC							
Capital outlay			55,007		(55,007)		_
Total expenditures - capital outlay		1,867,610	1,599,491		268,119		5,386,191
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,783,610)	(1,504,392)		279,218		(5,315,112)
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		1,783,610	 1,783,610				2,647,714
Net change in fund balances		_	279,218		279,218		(2,667,398)
Fund balances - beginning		579	5,547,652		5,547,073		8,211,930
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		<u> </u>					3,120
Fund balances - ending	\$	579	\$ 5,826,870	\$	5,826,291	\$	5,547,652

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
TRCC Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2019 With Comparative Totals For 2018

		2019				2018
		Actual on a				Actual on a
	Final	Budgetary		Variance With		Budgetary
	 Budget	 Basis	_	Final Budget	_	Basis
Revenues:						
Grants and contributions	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 1,105,000	\$	_	\$	1,100,000
Interest, rents, and other	100,311	1,043,977		943,666		1,018,174
Total revenues	 1,205,311	2,148,977		943,666		2,118,174
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay:						
Parks operations center						
Materials, supplies, and services	_	_		_		381,516
Capital outlay	 249,330	41,425		207,905		2,545,371
	249,330	41,425		207,905		2,926,887
TRCC related capital maintenance projects						
Materials, supplies, and services	548,471	426,940		121,531		395,139
Capital outlay	 1,062,312	91,726		970,586		19,937
	1,610,783	518,666		1,092,117		415,076
Mid-Valley Regional Cultural Center						
Materials, supplies, and services	_	49		(49)		_
Capital outlay	 41,852,947	39,133,938		2,719,009		759,432
	41,852,947	39,133,987		2,718,960		759,432
Total expenditures - capital outlay	 43,713,060	39,694,078		4,018,982		4,101,395
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (42,507,749)	(37,545,101)		4,962,648		(1,983,221)
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	 5,161,320	 5,161,320				
Net change in fund balances	 (37,346,429)	(32,383,781)		4,962,648		(1,983,221)
Fund balances - beginning	37,884,325	37,884,320		(5)		43,398,188
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year	 	22,478		22,478		(3,530,647)
Fund balances - ending	\$ 537,896	\$ 5,523,017	\$	4,985,121	\$	37,884,320

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
Parks and Recreation General Obligation Bonds Projects Capital Projects Fund

			2019			2018	
	Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	
Revenues:							
Grants and contributions	\$ 3,220,400	\$	3,007,200	\$	(213,200)	\$ 4,240,000	
Interest, rents, and other	150,000		536,802		386,802	902,773	
Interfund charges	 2,387,500				(2,387,500)		
Total revenues	5,757,900		3,544,002		(2,213,898)	5,142,773	
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay:							
Materials, supplies, and services	25,381,055		6,826,797		18,554,258	2,325,712	
Capital outlay	33,175,395		17,750,179		15,425,216	 15,493,199	
Total expenditures - capital outlay	58,556,450		24,576,976		33,979,474	17,818,911	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(52,798,550)		(21,032,974)		31,765,576	(12,676,138)	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	_		_		_	1,543,964	
Transfers out	(17,200)		(17,200)		_	_	
General obligation bonds issued	39,830,000		39,615,000		(215,000)	_	
Premium on bond proceeds	 6,725,310		6,893,636		168,326		
Total other financing sources (uses)	46,538,110		46,491,436		(46,674)	1,543,964	
Net change in fund balances	(6,260,440)		25,458,462		31,718,902	(11,132,174)	
Fund balances - beginning	6,674,035		6,674,034		(1)	17,800,291	
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year	 <u> </u>		(3,484)		(3,484)	5,917	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 413,595	\$	32,129,012	\$	31,715,417	\$ 6,674,034	

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis Municipal Building Authority Library Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2018		
		Actual on a		Actual on a
	Final	Budgetary	Variance With	Budgetary
	Budget	Basis	Final Budget	Basis
Revenues:				
Grants and contributions	\$ 5,569,36	0 \$ 46,461	\$ (5,522,899)	s _
Interest, rents, and other	65,66		725,314	15,505
Total revenues	5,635,02		(4,797,585)	
Expenditures:	3,033,02	7 037,112	(1,777,505)	15,505
Capital outlay:				
Kearns Branch				
Materials, supplies, and services	33,77	3 1,048,287	(1,014,514)	88,350
Capital outlay	2,419,45	2 5,842	2,413,610	1,098,463
	2,453,22		1,399,096	1,186,813
Kearns Library NMTC				, ,
Capital outlay	7,711,78	5 5,395,052	2,316,733	_
Operations Center				
Materials, supplies, and services	39.61	4 14,179	25,435	117,041
Capital outlay	940,75	1 705,254	235,497	5,954,970
	980,36	5 719,433	260,932	6,072,011
Granite Branch				
Materials, supplies, and services	26,62	8 —	26,628	_
Capital outlay	16,898,05	2 4,014,213	12,883,839	606,013
	16,924,68	0 4,014,213	12,910,467	606,013
Daybreak Branch				,
Materials, supplies, and services	1,186,92	0 170,929	1,015,991	_
Capital outlay	13,292,52		12,861,624	1,270,652
	14,479,44	5 601,830	13,877,615	1,270,652
West Valley City Branch		ŕ		
Materials, supplies, and services	10,00	0 —	10,000	_
Capital outlay	5,990,00		5,990,000	_
•	6,000,00	0 —	6,000,000	_
Herriman Branch	, ,		, ,	
Materials, supplies, and services	10,00	0 —	10,000	_
Capital outlay	11,296,58	8 —	11,296,588	_
	11,306,58	8 —	11,306,588	
Holladay Branch	, ,		, ,	
Materials, supplies, and services	57,65	4 512,676	(455,022)	_
Capital outlay	3,308,74		540,595	_
	3,366,39	9 3,280,826	85,573	_
Total expenditures - capital outlay	63,222,48		48,157,004	9.135.489
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(57,587,46			(9,119,984)
Other financing sources (uses):	(37,307,10	(11,220,011)	15,557,117	(2,112,201)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_		_	669,679
Lease revenue bonds issued	51,191,75	7 16,355,476	(34,836,281)	-
Premium on bonds issued	3.082.71		(1)	_
Proceeds from capital leases and notes payable	14,137,50		_	_
Transfers in	7,193,48		(39)	10,077,881
Transfers out	(12,219,85			_
Total other financing sources (uses)	63,385,59		(34,836,321)	10,747,560
Net change in fund balances	5,798,13			1,627,576
Fund balances - beginning	1,627,57		-	
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year	-	- 234,381	234,381	_
Fund balances - ending	\$ 7,425,71			\$ 1,627,576
	,,123,/1	10,103,174	- 0,131,117	1,027,070

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis 2020 Sales Tax Revenue Bond Projects Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2019

				Actual on a			
		Final		Budgetary	Variance With		
	Budget			Basis	Final Budget		
Revenues:							
Grants and contributions	\$	_	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,500,000	
Interest, rents, and other				10,201		10,201	
Total revenues		_		1,510,201		1,510,201	
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay:							
Materials, supplies, and services		_		1,125		(1,125)	
Capital outlay		21,000,000				21,000,000	
Total expenditures - capital outlay		21,000,000		1,125		20,998,875	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(21,000,000)		1,509,076		22,509,076	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Lease revenue bonds issued		21,000,000				(21,000,000)	
Net change in fund balances		_		1,509,076		1,509,076	
Fund balances - beginning		_					
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	1,509,076	\$	1,509,076	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis Pet Care and Adoption Endowment Permanent Fund

				2018				
			Actual on a					
	Final			Budgetary	Variance With			Budgetary
		Budget		Basis		Final Budget		Basis
Revenues:								
Grants and contributions	\$	_	\$	39,619	\$	39,619	\$	80,087
Interest, rents, and other		8,000		47,452	_	39,452		33,678
Total revenues		8,000		87,071		79,071		113,765
Fund balances - beginning		80,683		184,947		104,264		71,182
Fund balances - ending	\$	88,683	\$	272,018	\$	183,335	\$	184,947

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis Millcreek Fireflow Special Improvement District Debt Service Fund

2019								
				Actual on a				Actual on a
		Final		Budgetary	Varia	nce With		Budgetary
		Budget		Basis	Fina	l Budget		Basis
Revenues:								
Special assessments	\$	3,400	\$	256	\$	(3,144)	\$	13,783
Interest, rents, and other		5,700		21,272		15,572		15,540
Total revenues		9,100		21,528		12,428		29,323
Expenditures:								
Debt service:								
Interest		_		_		_		4,445
Other charges		7,000		2,275		4,725		_
Total expenditures - debt service		7,000		2,275		4,725		4,445
Excess of revenues over expenditures /								
net change in fund balances		2,100		19,253		17,153		24,878
Fund balances - beginning		822,800		822,800				797,922
Fund balances - ending	\$	824,900	\$	842,053	\$	17,153	\$	822,800

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis

Municipal Building Authority Debt Service Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2019	With Comparative	Totals For 2018

Expenditures: Debt service: Principal retirement 4,029,358 4,026,508 2,850 3,913,24 Interest 3,085,390 3,085,389 1 3,166,46 Other charges 2,500 2,500 Total expenditures - debt service 7,117,248 7,111,897 5,351 7,079,71 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (5,882,067) (5,680,534) 201,533 (5,514,72 Other financing sources (uses):			2019		2018
Revenues: Interest, rents, and other \$ 1,235,181 \$ 1,431,363 \$ 196,182 \$ 1,564,98 Expenditures: Debt service: Principal retirement 4,029,358 4,026,508 2,850 3,913,24 Interest 3,085,390 3,085,389 1 3,166,46 Other charges 2,500 — 2,500 — Total expenditures - debt service 7,117,248 7,111,897 5,351 7,079,71 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (5,882,067) (5,680,534) 201,533 (5,514,72 Other financing sources (uses) Bonds issued 1,484,524 1,484,524 — — — Premium on bonds issued 280,567 280,567 — — — Transfers out 12,861,924 12,861,924 — — — Transfers out (7,088,487) (7,088,488) 39 (7,077,88 — Total other financing sources (uses) 7,538,528 7,538,567 39 (1,387,21)			Actual on a		Actual on a
Revenues: Interest, rents, and other \$ 1,235,181 \$ 1,431,363 \$ 196,182 \$ 1,564,98 Expenditures: Debt service: Principal retirement 4,029,358 4,026,508 2,850 3,913,24 Interest 3,085,390 3,085,389 1 3,166,46 Other charges 2,500 — 2,500 — Total expenditures - debt service 7,117,248 7,111,897 5,351 7,079,71 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (5,882,067) (5,680,534) 201,533 (5,514,72 Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued 1,484,524 1,484,524 — — — Premium on bonds issued 280,567 280,567 — — — Transfers in 12,861,924 12,861,924 — — 5,690,66 Transfers out (7,088,487) (7,088,448) 39 (7,077,88 Total other financing sources (uses) 7,538,528 7,538,567 <td< th=""><th></th><th>Final</th><th>Budgetary</th><th>Variance With</th><th>Budgetary</th></td<>		Final	Budgetary	Variance With	Budgetary
Interest, rents, and other		 Budget	 Basis	Final Budget	 Basis
Expenditures: Debt service: Principal retirement 4,029,358 4,026,508 2,850 3,913,24 Interest 3,085,390 3,085,389 1 3,166,46 Other charges 2,500 2,500 Total expenditures - debt service 7,117,248 7,111,897 5,351 7,079,71 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (5,882,067) (5,680,534) 201,533 (5,514,72 Other financing sources (uses):	Revenues:				
Debt service: Principal retirement 4,029,358 4,026,508 2,850 3,913,24 Interest 3,085,390 3,085,389 1 3,166,46 Other charges 2,500 — 2,500 — Total expenditures - debt service 7,117,248 7,111,897 5,351 7,079,71 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (5,882,067) (5,680,534) 201,533 (5,514,72 Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued 1,484,524 1,484,524 — — — Premium on bonds issued 280,567 280,567 — — — Transfers in 12,861,924 12,861,924 — 5,690,66 Transfers out (7,088,487) (7,088,448) 39 (7,077,88 Total other financing sources (uses) 7,538,528 7,538,567 39 (1,387,21 Net change in fund balances 1,656,461 1,858,033 201,572 (6,901,94 Fund balances - beginning 4,853,753 4,853,753 — 11,75	Interest, rents, and other	\$ 1,235,181	\$ 1,431,363	\$ 196,182	\$ 1,564,985
Principal retirement 4,029,358 4,026,508 2,850 3,913,24 Interest 3,085,390 3,085,389 1 3,166,46 Other charges 2,500 — 2,500 — Total expenditures - debt service 7,117,248 7,111,897 5,351 7,079,71 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (5,882,067) (5,680,534) 201,533 (5,514,72 Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued 1,484,524 1,484,524 — — Premium on bonds issued 280,567 280,567 — — Transfers in 12,861,924 12,861,924 — 5,690,66 Transfers out (7,088,487) (7,088,448) 39 (7,077,88 Total other financing sources (uses) 7,538,528 7,538,567 39 (1,387,21 Net change in fund balances 1,656,461 1,858,033 201,572 (6,901,94 Fund balances - beginning 4,853,753 4,853,753 — 11,755,69	Expenditures:				
Interest 3,085,390 3,085,389 1 3,166,46 Other charges 2,500 — 2,500 — Total expenditures - debt service 7,117,248 7,111,897 5,351 7,079,71 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (5,882,067) (5,680,534) 201,533 (5,514,72 Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued 1,484,524 1,484,524 — — Premium on bonds issued 280,567 280,567 — — Transfers in 12,861,924 12,861,924 — 5,690,66 Transfers out (7,088,487) (7,088,448) 39 (7,077,88 Total other financing sources (uses) 7,538,528 7,538,567 39 (1,387,21 Net change in fund balances 1,656,461 1,858,033 201,572 (6,901,94 Fund balances - beginning 4,853,753 4,853,753 — 11,755,69	Debt service:				
Other charges 2,500 — 2,500 — Total expenditures - debt service 7,117,248 7,111,897 5,351 7,079,71 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (5,882,067) (5,680,534) 201,533 (5,514,72 Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued 1,484,524 1,484,524 — — Premium on bonds issued 280,567 280,567 — — Transfers in 12,861,924 12,861,924 — 5,690,66 Transfers out (7,088,487) (7,088,448) 39 (7,077,88 Total other financing sources (uses) 7,538,528 7,538,567 39 (1,387,21 Net change in fund balances 1,656,461 1,858,033 201,572 (6,901,94 Fund balances - beginning 4,853,753 4,853,753 — 11,755,69	Principal retirement	4,029,358	4,026,508	2,850	3,913,242
Total expenditures - debt service 7,117,248 7,111,897 5,351 7,079,71 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (5,882,067) (5,680,534) 201,533 (5,514,72 Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued 1,484,524 1,484,524 — — Premium on bonds issued 280,567 280,567 — — Transfers in 12,861,924 12,861,924 — 5,690,66 Transfers out (7,088,487) (7,088,448) 39 (7,077,88 Total other financing sources (uses) 7,538,528 7,538,567 39 (1,387,21 Net change in fund balances 1,656,461 1,858,033 201,572 (6,901,94 Fund balances - beginning 4,853,753 4,853,753 — 11,755,69	Interest	3,085,390	3,085,389	1	3,166,469
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (5,882,067) (5,680,534) 201,533 (5,514,72) Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued 1,484,524 1,484,524 — — Premium on bonds issued 280,567 280,567 — — Transfers in 12,861,924 12,861,924 — 5,690,66 Transfers out (7,088,487) (7,088,448) 39 (7,077,88 Total other financing sources (uses) 7,538,528 7,538,567 39 (1,387,21 Net change in fund balances 1,656,461 1,858,033 201,572 (6,901,94 Fund balances - beginning 4,853,753 4,853,753 — 11,755,69	Other charges	 2,500	 	2,500	_
Other financing sources (uses): Bonds issued 1,484,524 1,484,524 — — Premium on bonds issued 280,567 280,567 — — Transfers in 12,861,924 12,861,924 — 5,690,66 Transfers out (7,088,487) (7,088,448) 39 (7,077,88 Total other financing sources (uses) 7,538,528 7,538,567 39 (1,387,21 Net change in fund balances 1,656,461 1,858,033 201,572 (6,901,94 Fund balances - beginning 4,853,753 4,853,753 — 11,755,69	Total expenditures - debt service	7,117,248	7,111,897	5,351	7,079,711
Bonds issued 1,484,524 1,484,524 — — Premium on bonds issued 280,567 280,567 — — Transfers in 12,861,924 12,861,924 — 5,690,66 Transfers out (7,088,487) (7,088,448) 39 (7,077,88 Total other financing sources (uses) 7,538,528 7,538,567 39 (1,387,21 Net change in fund balances 1,656,461 1,858,033 201,572 (6,901,94 Fund balances - beginning 4,853,753 4,853,753 — 11,755,69	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,882,067)	(5,680,534)	201,533	(5,514,726)
Premium on bonds issued 280,567 280,567 — — Transfers in 12,861,924 12,861,924 — 5,690,66 Transfers out (7,088,487) (7,088,448) 39 (7,077,88 Total other financing sources (uses) 7,538,528 7,538,567 39 (1,387,21 Net change in fund balances 1,656,461 1,858,033 201,572 (6,901,94 Fund balances - beginning 4,853,753 4,853,753 — 11,755,69	Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in 12,861,924 12,861,924 — 5,690,66 Transfers out (7,088,487) (7,088,448) 39 (7,077,88 Total other financing sources (uses) 7,538,528 7,538,567 39 (1,387,21 Net change in fund balances 1,656,461 1,858,033 201,572 (6,901,94 Fund balances - beginning 4,853,753 4,853,753 — 11,755,69	Bonds issued	1,484,524	1,484,524	_	_
Transfers out (7,088,487) (7,088,448) 39 (7,077,88 Total other financing sources (uses) 7,538,528 7,538,567 39 (1,387,21 Net change in fund balances 1,656,461 1,858,033 201,572 (6,901,94 Fund balances - beginning 4,853,753 4,853,753 — 11,755,69	Premium on bonds issued	280,567	280,567	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses) 7,538,528 7,538,567 39 (1,387,21) Net change in fund balances 1,656,461 1,858,033 201,572 (6,901,94) Fund balances - beginning 4,853,753 4,853,753 — 11,755,69	Transfers in	12,861,924	12,861,924	_	5,690,666
Net change in fund balances 1,656,461 1,858,033 201,572 (6,901,94) Fund balances - beginning 4,853,753 4,853,753 — 11,755,69	Transfers out	 (7,088,487)	(7,088,448)	39	(7,077,881)
Fund balances - beginning 4,853,753 4,853,753 — 11,755,69	Total other financing sources (uses)	7,538,528	7,538,567	39	(1,387,215)
	Net change in fund balances	1,656,461	1,858,033	201,572	(6,901,941)
Fund belonger anding \$ 6.510.214 \$ 6.711.796 \$ 201.572 \$ 4.952.75	Fund balances - beginning	 4,853,753	4,853,753		11,755,694
5 0,510,214 5 0,711,780 5 201,572 5 4,655,75	Fund balances - ending	\$ 6,510,214	\$ 6,711,786	\$ 201,572	\$ 4,853,753

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis
State Transportation Debt Service Fund

				2019				2018
				Actual on a				Actual on a
	Final		Budgetary		Variance With			Budgetary
		Budget		Basis		Final Budget		Basis
Revenues:								
Sales taxes	\$	7,849,353	\$	_	\$	(7,849,353)	\$	7,651,641
Grants and contributions		_		7,821,594		7,821,594		_
Interest, rents, and other		745,541		771,925		26,384		764,724
Total revenues		8,594,894		8,593,519		(1,375)		8,416,365
Expenditures:								
Debt service:								
Principal		6,325,000		6,325,000		_		5,845,000
Interest		2,269,394		2,269,393		1		2,564,543
Other charges		5,000		2,600		2,400		_
Total expenditures - debt service		8,599,394		8,596,993		2,401		8,409,543
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures /								
net change in fund balances		(4,500)		(3,474)		1,026		6,822
Fund balances - beginning		281,851		281,854		3		275,032
Fund balances - ending	\$	277,351	\$	278,380	\$	1,029	\$	281,854

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis 2014 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund

			2019		2018
			Actual on a		Actual on a
	Final		Budgetary	Variance With	Budgetary
	 Budget		Basis	Final Budget	Basis
Revenues:					
Interest, rents, and other	\$ 200	\$	1,213	\$ 1,013	\$ 2,154
Expenditures:					
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	35,100		_	35,100	1,031,308
Interest	_		_	_	599,625
Other charges	10,100		_	10,100	_
Total expenditures - debt service	45,200			45,200	1,630,933
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures /					
net change in fund balances	(45,000)		1,213	46,213	(1,628,779)
Fund balances - beginning	48,879		48,879	_	1,677,658
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,879	\$	50,092	\$ 46,213	\$ 48,879

Internal Service Funds

- Fleet Management Fund—to account for fleet maintenance services provided to County agencies.
- Facilities Services Fund—to account for the management of those county-owned facilities under centralized management.
- Employee Service Reserve Fund—to account for monies received, expended, and accumulated by the County to provide for employee medical and dental insurance, worker's compensation claims, and other benefits.

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2019

December 31, 2017	F	Fleet		Facilities	Employee Service	Service		
	Mana	gement		Services	 Reserve		Total	
Assets:								
Current assets:								
Cash and investments:								
Pooled cash and investments	\$, ,	\$	3,862,664	\$ 29,238,103	\$	63,443,563	
Restricted cash and investments		1,923		_	_		1,923	
Other cash		103,000		300	8,674		111,974	
Receivables:								
Accounts		612,721		84,933	467,402		1,165,056	
Interest, rents, and other		2		6,228	1,050,242		1,056,472	
Inventories and prepaid items				158,932	 1,253,994		1,412,926	
Total current assets		31,060,442		4,113,057	32,018,415		67,191,914	
Capital assets:								
Construction in progress		81,713		_	_		81,713	
Buildings		9,959,169		_	114,436		10,073,605	
Improvements other than buildings		737,665		_	_		737,665	
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		42,920,328		2,426,828	100,705		45,447,861	
Accumulated depreciation	(25,886,121)		(2,327,946)	(125,191)		(28,339,258)	
Net capital assets		27,812,754		98,882	89,950		28,001,586	
Total assets		58,873,196		4,211,939	32,108,365		95,193,500	
Deferred outflows of resources:								
Related to pensions		1,013,354		1,858,742	70,592		2,942,688	
Related to OPEB		71,145		99,969	 1,458		172,572	
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,084,499		1,958,711	72,050		3,115,260	
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		814,324		960,176	707,410		2,481,910	
Accrued expenses		355,224		285,570	772,036		1,412,830	
Accrued interest		56,960		263,370	772,030		56,960	
Sales tax revenue bonds payable		387,912					387,912	
Compensated absences		179,987		254,206	7,102		441,294	
Claims and judgments payable		179,907		234,200	5,790,392		5,790,392	
Total current liabilities		1,794,407		1,574,256	 7,276,940		10,645,602	
Noncurrent liabilities:		1,/94,40/		1,374,230	7,270,940		10,043,002	
Sales tax revenue bonds payable		7,230,626					7,230,626	
Notes payable		7,230,020		78,018	_		78,018	
Compensated absences		179,987		254,206	7,102		441,294	
Claims and judgments payable		179,907		234,200	3,241,193		3,241,193	
Net pension liability		1,658,404		3,041,922	115,527		4,815,853	
Net OPEB liability		1,234,851		1,735,169	25,311		2,995,331	
Total noncurrent liabilities					 3,389,133			
Total liabilities		10,303,868 12,098,274		5,109,315 6,683,571			18,802,315	
		12,098,274		0,085,571	 10,666,072		29,447,917	
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Related to pensions		60,648		111,243	4,225		176,116	
Related to OPEB		175,461		246,551	3,596		425,608	
Total deferred inflows of resources		236,109		357,794	7,821		601,724	
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets		20,139,179		98,882	89,950		20,328,011	
Unrestricted		27,484,133		(969,597)	 21,416,572		47,931,108	
Total net position	\$	47,623,312	\$	(870,715)	\$ 21,506,522	\$	68,259,119	

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Internal Service Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Fleet		Facilities	Employee Service	
	Management		Services	Reserve	Total
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 7,860,4	43 \$	532,880	\$ 261,063	\$ 8,654,386
Interfund charges	11,231,9	21	16,356,325	5,823,526	33,411,772
Health and life insurance premiums				44,091,286	44,091,286
Total operating revenues	19,092,3	64	16,889,205	50,175,875	86,157,444
Operating expenses:					
Salaries, wages, and benefits	4,057,9	64	6,753,066	1,601,769	12,412,799
Materials, supplies, and services	8,830,2	32	9,882,468	45,863,103	64,575,803
Indirect costs	597,6	04	588,920	1,075,245	2,261,769
Depreciation	2,897,7	60	46,171	14,613	2,958,544
Total operating expenses	16,383,5	60	17,270,625	48,554,730	82,208,915
Operating income	2,708,8	04	(381,420)	1,621,145	3,948,529
Nonoperating income (expense):					
Interest, rents, and other	876,8	76	649,704	758,135	2,284,715
Grants and contributions		_	_	623,178	623,178
Interest expense	(356,8	04)	_	_	(356,804)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	(160,8	87)	818	_	(160,069)
Total nonoperating income (expense)	359,1	85	650,522	1,381,313	2,391,020
Income before transfers	3,067,9	89	269,102	3,002,458	6,339,549
Transfers out		_	(622,805)	_	(622,805)
Change in net position	3,067,9	89	(353,703)	3,002,458	5,716,744
Net position - beginning	44,555,3	23	(517,012)	18,504,064	62,542,375
Net position - ending	\$ 47,623,3	12 \$	(870,715)	\$ 21,506,522	\$ 68,259,119

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2019

·	Fleet Management	cilities rvices]	Employee Service Reserve		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:		 				
Receipts from customers and users	\$ —	\$ _	\$	44,091,286	\$	44,091,286
Intergovernmental receipts	19,072,900	16,871,501		5,930,431		41,874,832
Payments to suppliers	(9,267,473)	(9,823,492)		(46,116,266)		(65,207,231)
Payments to employees	(3,802,664)	(6,398,252)		(1,628,574)		(11,829,490)
Intergovernmental payments	(597,604)	(588,920)		(1,255,830)		(2,442,354)
Net cash provided by operating activities	5,405,159	60,837		1,021,047		6,487,043
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	,,	,		,. ,		-,,-
Issuance of notes payable	_	233,260		_		233,260
Principal paid on notes payable	_	(80,938)		_		(80,938)
Receipts from grantors	_	_		623,178		623,178
Transfers out	_	(622,805)		_		(622,805)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital activities		 (470,483)		623,178		152,695
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		(170,103)		023,170		102,000
Payments for acquisition of capital assets	(2,496,577)			_		(2,496,577)
Principal paid on capital debt	(378,995)			_		(378,995)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	425,824	818				426,642
Interest paid on capital debt	(358,829)					(358,829)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(2,808,577)	 818				(2,807,759)
Cash flows from investing activities:	(2,808,377)	010				(2,807,739)
Interest, rents, and other revenue received	876,876	649,704		758,135		2,284,715
	3,473,458	 240,876		2,402,360	_	6,116,694
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	3,473,438	240,876		2,402,300		0,110,094
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	26,974,261	3,622,088		26,844,417		57,440,766
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 30,447,719	\$ 3,862,964	\$	29,246,777	\$	63,557,460
Displayed on combining statement of net position as:						
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 30,342,796	\$ 3,862,664	\$	29,238,103	\$	63,443,563
Restricted cash and investments	1,923	_		_		1,923
Other cash	103,000	 300		8,674		111,974
	\$ 30,447,719	\$ 3,862,964	\$	29,246,777	\$	63,557,460
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,708,804	\$ (381,420)	\$	1,621,145	\$	3,948,529
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activi	ities:					
Depreciation expense	2,897,760	46,171		14,613		2,958,544
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable	(19,465)	(13,800)		14,508		(18,757)
Other receivables	1	(3,904)		(168,666)		(172,569)
Inventories and prepaid items	_	(154,917)		(44,994)		(199,911)
Accounts payable	(437,241)	213,893		(208,169)		(431,517)
Accrued expenses	116,081	(16,878)		67,573		166,776
Due to other funds	_	_		(180,585)		(180,585)
Compensated absences payable	45,982	66,030		5,221		117,233
Claims and judgments payable	_	_		(101,175)		(101,175)
Net pension asset, net pension liability, and related deferrals	76,563	255,130		11,629		343,322
Net OPEB liability and related deferrals	16,674	50,532		(10,053)		57,153
Total adjustments	2,696,355	442,257		(600,098)		2,538,514
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 5,405,159	\$ 60,837	\$	1,021,047	\$	6,487,043
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities						
None	\$ —	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_

Custodial Funds

- Treasurer's Tax Collection Custodial Fund—to account for the collection of real and personal property and other taxes for other governments and the disbursement of those taxes to those other governments.
- Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste Management Facility Custodial Fund—to account for deposits held for Salt Lake Valley Waste Management Facility, also known as the City/County Landfill, in which Salt Lake City and the County each have an equal interest. The joint venture provides solid waste management and disposal services. The County provides accounting and operational services for the City/County Landfill.
- Utah Performing Arts Center Custodial Fund—to account for deposits held for UPACA, a joint venture in which the
 County has a 25% equity interest and Salt Lake City/Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City has a 75% equity
 interest. UPACA owns and manages the Eccles Theater in downtown Salt Lake City. The County provides accounting
 and operational services for UPACA.
- Municipal Services District Custodial Fund—to account for deposits held for the Municipal Services District (MSD), a
 related entity, and five metro townships served by MSD. The County provides contracted public works and other
 various services to the MSD
- Criminal Justice Custodial Fund—to account for monies received by the County on behalf of individuals involved in various stages of the criminal justice process.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

December 31, 2019

	Treasurer's	Salt Lake	Utah			
	Tax	Valley	Performing	Municipal		
	Collection	Solid Waste	Arts Center	Services	Criminal	Total
	Custodial	Management	Agency	District	Justice	Custodial
	Custodial Fund	Custodial Fund	Custodial Fund	Custodial Fund	Custodial Fund	Funds
Assets:						
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 60,983,581	\$ 33,701,740	\$ 8,204,109	\$ —	\$ 807,843	\$103,697,273
Total assets	60,983,581	33,701,740	8,204,109		807,843	103,697,273
Liabilities:						
Due to other governments	60,983,581	3,115,163	1,487,309	_	_	65,586,053
Total liabilities	60,983,581	3,115,163	1,487,309			65,586,053
Net position:						
Restricted for:						
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		30,586,577	6,716,800		807,843	38,111,220
Total net position	\$ —	\$ 30,586,577	\$ 6,716,800	\$ —	\$ 807,843	\$ 38,111,220

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Treasurer's Tax Collection Custodial Custodial Fund	Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste Management Custodial Fund	Utah Performing Arts Center Agency Custodial Fund	Municipal Services District Custodial Fund	Criminal Justice Custodial Fund	Total Custodial Funds
Additions:						
Tax collections for other governments	\$1,258,337,081	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$1,258,337,081
Deposits from other governments	_	30,790,020	18,951,658	_	_	49,741,678
Deposits from inmates and others	_	_	_	_	6,228,253	6,228,253
Miscellaneous		546,368	208,546			754,914
Total additions	1,258,337,081	31,336,388	19,160,204	_	6,228,253	1,315,061,926
Deductions:						
Payments of taxes to other governments	1,258,337,081	_	_	_	_	1,258,337,081
Other payments to other governments		29,142,852	24,488,935	13,578,509		67,210,296
Payments to inmates and others					6,257,977	6,257,977
Total deductions	1,258,337,081	29,142,852	24,488,935	13,578,509	6,257,977	1,331,805,354
Net increase (decrease) in net position	_	2,193,536	(5,328,731)	(13,578,509)	(29,724)	(16,743,428)
Net position - beginning		28,393,041	12,045,531	13,578,509	837,567	54,854,648
Net position - ending	\$	\$ 30,586,577	\$ 6,716,800	<u>\$</u>	\$ 807,843	\$ 38,111,220

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected and Disbursed—Year Ended December 31, 2019

This schedule is presented to comply with property tax reporting requirements of the State. The "taxes collected" column represents collection of current year real and personal property taxes, which excludes collection of prior year taxes, miscellaneous taxes, and tax equivalent payments and payments of refunds and to redevelopment agencies. These amounts, therefore, differ from tax revenues shown in the basic financial statements.

Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed

Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Year-end	2019	Taxes
Taxing Entities	Taxable Value	Tax Rate (1)	Charged
County Funds:			
General Fund	\$ 119,927,467,189	0.001410	\$ 169,129,1
Government Immunity	119,927,467,189	0.000016	1,920,5
Salt Lake County Municipal Type Services Unincorporated	5,036,162,478	0.000053	266,9
Flood Control	119,927,467,189	0.000051	6,121,7
County Assessing & Collecting	119,927,467,189	0.000216	25,927,5
Salt Lake County Library	82,694,736,419	0.000536	44,339,5
Health Services	119,927,467,189	0.000115	13,804,0
Clark Planetarium	119,927,467,189	0.000027	3,240,9
Capital Improvement	119,927,467,189	0.000057	6,841,9
Debt Service	119,927,467,189	0.000258	30,968,9
Total County funds			302,561,4
chool Districts:			
Salt Lake City-Debt Service, Voted, Board	31,542,844,767	0.003637	114,709,6
Salt Lake City-Basic	31,542,844,767	0.001665	52,531,7
Salt Lake City-Capital Outlay			
Salt Lake City-Charter School	31,542,844,767	0.000105	3,320,7
Granite-Debt Service, Voted, Board	32,069,434,072	0.005846	187,467,0
Granite-Basic	32,069,434,072	0.001664	53,355,5
Granite-Capital Outlay			
Granite-Charter School	32,069,434,072	0.000129	4,143,8
Murray City-Debt Service, Voted, Board	4,610,648,841	0.004621	21,305,6
Murray City-Basic	4,610,648,841	0.001659	7,649,9
Murray City-Capital Outlay			
Murray City-Charter School	4,610,648,841	0.000058	267,1
Jordan-Debt Service, Voted, Board	26,478,488,935	0.004871	128,969,2
Jordan-Basic	26,478,488,935	0.004871	43,987,2
Jordan Capital-Outlay	20,476,466,733	0.001001	43,767,2
Jordan-Charter School	26,478,488,935	0.000145	3,839,9
Canyons-Debt Service, Voted, Board	25,226,050,574	0.005265	132,817,2
Canyons-Basic	25,226,050,574	0.001659	41,853,4
Canyons-Capital Outlay			
Former Jordan Debt Service	24,619,784,193	0.000487	12,001,2
Canyons-Charter School	25,226,050,574	0.000087	2,192,2
Total school districts			810,411,8
ities and Towns:			
Alta	316,714,413	0.001289	408,
Bluffdale	1,638,262,445	0.001777	2,911,3
Cottonwood Heights	4,032,366,068	0.002001	8,067,6
Draper	6,585,497,320	0.001267	8,341,3
Herriman	3,126,131,611	0.000287	897,3
Holladay	3,966,565,165	0.001236	4,900,9
Midvale	2,879,970,709	0.001106	3,186,2
Millcreek City	5,744,659,708	0.001899	10,908,0
Murray	5,650,286,515	0.001784	10,077,4
Murray City Library	5,650,286,515	0.000464	2,619,
Salt Lake	31,582,444,255	0.003888	122,801,4
Salt Lake City Library	31,582,444,255	0.000747	23,591,3
Sandy	9,941,904,876	0.001335	13,271,8
South Jordan	7,866,402,075	0.001803	14,180,8
South Salt Lake	3,107,963,782	0.001720	5,346,
Taylorsville	3,725,226,940	0.000945	3,519,
West Jordan	8,385,034,644	0.002000	16,771,
West Valley	9,617,197,839	0.003517	33,826,
Total cities and towns			285,628,

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed (Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Auditor's and T	reasurer's Relief	
Taxing Entities	Unpaid Taxes	Abatements	Other	Total
County Funds:				
General Fund	\$ 2,605,264	\$ 993,883	\$ (13,866) \$	3,585,281
Government Immunity	29,584	11,286	(157)	40,713
Salt Lake County Municipal Type Services Unincorporated	1,763	524	30	2,317
Flood Control	94,300	35,974	(502)	129,772
County Assessing & Collecting	399,387	152,362	(2,126)	549,624
Salt Lake County Library	683,148	314,070	13,018	1,010,236
Health Services	212,637	81,119	(1,132)	292,624
Clark Planetarium	49,923	19,045	(266)	68,703
Capital Improvement	105,394	40,207	(561)	145,040
Debt Service	477,046	181,989	(2,539)	656,496
Total County funds	4,658,447	1,830,459	(8,101)	6,480,805
School Districts:				
Salt Lake City-Debt Service, Voted, Board	1,757,270	316,165	(102,895)	1,970,539
Salt Lake City-Basic	804,749	144,789	(47,121)	902,417
Salt Lake City-Capital Outlay	_	_	_	_
Salt Lake City-Charter School	50,872	9,153	(2,979)	57,046
Granite-Debt Service, Voted, Board	3,073,170	1,432,148	112,494	4,617,813
Granite-Basic	874,663	407,608	32,017	1,314,288
Granite-Capital Outlay	, _	· —	´—	· · · —
Granite-Charter School	67,930	31,656	2,487	102,073
Murray City-Debt Service, Voted, Board	345,650	98,174	(26,637)	417,186
Murray City-Basic	124,108	35,250	(9,564)	149,794
Murray City-Capital Outlay			(>,50.)	
Murray City-Charter School	4,334	1,231	(334)	5,231
Jordan-Debt Service, Voted, Board	1,818,647	1,001,022	3,836	2,823,505
Jordan-Basic	620,282	341,416	1,308	963,007
Jordan-Capital Outlay	020,282	J+1,+10 —	1,500	705,007
Jordan-Charter School	54,149	29,805	114	84,067
Canyons-Debt Service, Voted, Board	2,054,495	769,789	22,258	2,846,541
Canyons-Basic	647,413	242,576	7,014	897,003
Canyons-Capital Outlay	——————————————————————————————————————	212,370		
Canyons-Former Jordan Debt Service	187,449	70,896	2,060	260,405
Canyons-Charter School	33,910	12,706	367	46,983
Total school districts	12,519,091	4,944,384	(5,575)	17,457,900
Cities and Towns:				
Alta	2,375	276	2	2,652
Bluffdale	123,555	14,306	196	138,057
Cottonwood Heights	138,173	49,345	(63)	187,455
Draper	153,234	25,968	(24)	179,178
Herriman	15,635	9,031	8	24,674
Holladay	85,841	24,479	75	110,394
Midvale	39,084	17,429	2,936	59,450
Millcreek City	231,009	75,098	(240)	305,868
Murray	159,875	57,585	(10,279)	207,180
Murray City Library	41,558	14,969	(2,672)	53,855
Salt Lake	1,880,522	338,044	(110,016)	2,108,550
Salt Lake City Library	361,266	64,941	(21,135)	405,072
Sandy	177,507	97,656	1,366	276,529
South Jordan	170,177	91,292	74	261,544
South Salt Lake	114,476	16,153	(109)	130,519
Taylorsville	39,404	38,216	1,242	78,862
West Jordan	196,017	158,208	1,153	355,378
West Valley	497,458	283,085.00	63,450	843,994
Total cities and towns	4,427,167	1,376,081	(74,035)	5,729,213
				(Continued)

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Taxes	Collection	Tax Equivalent		Prior Years
Taxing Entities	Collected	Percentage (2)	Payments	Miscellaneous	Taxes
County Funds:					
General Fund	\$ 165,543,847	98.4506 %	\$ 8,316,773	\$ 1,448,576	\$ 2,513,032
Government Immunity	1,879,848	98.4506 %	96,222	16,371	29,645
Salt Lake County Municipal Type Services Unincorporated	264,656	99.3383 %	2,983	1,258	3,280
Flood Control	5,992,006	98.4506 %	302,060	51,944	95,453
County Assessing & Collecting	25,377,907	98.4506 %	1,281,382	221,084	389,326
Salt Lake County Library	43,329,326	98.4478 %	2,408,387	392,720	625,752
Health Services	13,511,386	98.4506 %	679,121	116,949	206,535
Clark Planetarium	3,172,238	98.4506 %	159,696	27,514	52,592
Capital Improvement	6,696,945	98.4506 %	336,675	57,970	102,255
Debt Service	30,312,500	98.4506 %	1,621,512	268,552	530,177
Total County funds	296,080,658	30.1500 70	15,204,811	2,602,937	4,548,046
School Districts:					
Salt Lake City-Debt Service, Voted, Board	112,739,061	98.4652 %	4,091,535	1,009,211	1,869,468
Salt Lake City-Basic	51,629,330	98.4652 %	1,831,257	459,211	796,773
Salt Lake City-Capital Outlay	_		_	(36,003)	46,437
Salt Lake City-Charter School	3,263,745	98.4652 %	92,026	27,501	33,176
Granite-Debt Service, Voted, Board	182,849,238	98.3471 %	9,269,706	1,008,633	2,362,933
Granite-Basic	52,041,224	98.3471 %	2,577,898	283,321	682,728
Granite-Capital Outlay	32,041,224	70.5471 70	2,577,676	9,400	28,491
Granite-Charter School	4,041,733	98.3471 %	166,742	19,838	37,743
Murray City-Debt Service, Voted, Board	20,888,456	98.3722 %	1,045,942	54,377	399,632
Murray City-Basic		98.3722 %	402,866	20,634	152,619
Murray City-Capital Outlay	7,500,157	98.3722 70	402,800		9,710
Murray City-Charter School	261,896	98.3722 %	11,748	(1,273) 621	3,609
Jordan-Debt Service, Voted, Board	126,145,781	98.5788 %		2,010,363	1,280,193
Jordan-Basic	43,024,259	98.5788 %	7,102,747	691,524	451,806
Jordan-Capital Outlay	43,024,239	90.3700 /0	2,492,035	11,684	18,480
Jordan-Charter School	3,755,881	98.5788 %	223,207	60,408	37,516
Canyons-Debt Service, Voted, Board	129,970,719	98.4439 %	6,737,229	741,631	1,872,886
Canyons-Basic	40,956,434	98.4439 %	2,298,043	240,634	660,821
Canyons-Capital Outlay	11.740.920	00 4205 0/	729.274	17,310	31,197
Canyons-Former Jordan Debt Service	11,740,820	98.4285 %	738,274	72,942	244,101
Canyons-Charter School Total school districts	<u>2,145,220</u> 792,953,952	98.4439 %	<u>106,970</u> 39,188,225	6,714,045	27,161 11,047,480
	192,933,932		39,188,223	0,714,043	11,047,460
Cities and Towns: Alta	405,677	99.4180 %	1,799	1,449	12,016
Bluffdale	2,773,339	95.7349 %	153,483	45,816	26,974
Cottonwood Heights	7,880,168	98.2768 %	375,166	28,420	160,389
Draper	8,162,201	98.1572 %	392,312	118,001	158,081
Herriman	872,640	98.2399 %	60,082	21,597	15,600
Holladay	4,790,557	98.2397 %	226,802	13,713	81,658
Midvale	3,126,838	98.7655 %	360,730	9,911	45,685
Millcreek City	10,602,762	97.8677 %	482,913	33,925	126,274
Murray	9,870,258	98.4061 %	560,118	28,277	174,802
Murray City Library	2,565,714	98.4061 %	145,432	7,338	44,424
Salt Lake	120,692,896	98.4658 %	4,344,921	1,111,575	2,010,738
Salt Lake City Library	23,186,232	98.4658 %	836,206	202,041	374,545
Sandy	12,995,296	98.6525 %	648,404	30,827	154,400
South Jordan	13,919,275	98.7922 %	798,520	224,867	154,590
South Salt Lake	5,215,863	97.8524 %	228,982	18,843	114,497
Taylorsville	3,440,755	98.8677 %	226,053	11,897	43,507
West Jordan	16,416,081	98.8200 %	1,158,719	239,786	168,082
West Valley	32,982,389	98.5142 %		193,248	400,469
Total cities and towns	279,898,942		12,805,221	2,341,530	4,266,732
(2) Taxes collected divided by the difference of taxes charged less ab			,,	, ,	(Continued)

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Delinquent	Redevelopment	Refunds on Prior	Re-allocation of	Total	
Taxing Entities	Interest/Penalties	Agency Paid	Year Collections	Personal Property	Collections	
County Funds:						
General Fund	\$ 2,100,717	\$ 13,980,541	\$ 566,958	\$ (197,665)		
Government Immunity	379	159,576	6,438	(5,721)	1,850,729	
Salt Lake County Municipal Type Services Unincorporated	246		423	188	272,187	
Flood Control	1,208	506,887	20,522	(9,162)	5,906,100	
County Assessing & Collecting	21,963	758,068	86,915	(42,848)	26,403,831	
Salt Lake County Library	35,307	2,915,559	120,279	(76,278)	43,679,375	
Health Services	2,724	1,142,227	46,274	(16,762)	13,311,452	
Clark Planetarium	640	280,916	10,864	(4,401)	3,116,500	
Capital Improvement	1,350	566,174	22,936	(8,441)	6,597,644	
Debt Service	6,112	2,599,478	103,815	(228,862)	29,806,698	
Total County funds	2,170,646	22,909,426	985,424	(589,951)	296,122,296	
School Districts:						
Salt Lake City-Debt Service, Voted, Board	102,563	12,199,815	598,452	(110,455)	106,903,115	
Salt Lake City-Basic	44,275	5,574,803	274,063	121,537	49,033,517	
Salt Lake City-Capital Outlay	3,473	_	_	_	13,907	
Salt Lake City-Charter School	1,969	345,602	17,325	104,094	3,159,583	
Granite-Debt Service, Voted, Board	128,980	7,298,627	622,599	(13,168)	187,685,097	
Granite-Basic	38,306	2,060,115	177,200	103,219	53,489,382	
Granite-Capital Outaly	2,642	2,000,113		105,219	40,533	
Granite-Charter School	2,178	150,489	13,762	67,270		
Granite-Charter School	2,176	130,469	13,702	07,270	4,171,252	
Murray City-Debt Service, Voted, Board	24,965	1,397,838	57,461	90,759	21,048,833	
Murray City-Basic	9,159	589,283	20,632	(9,534)	7,465,986	
Murray City-Capital Outaly	983	_	_	_	9,420	
Murray City-Charter School	208	20,403	720	3,244	260,202	
Jordan-Debt Service, Voted, Board	74,536	12,700,462	246,753	285,506	123,951,912	
Jordan-Basic	25,892	4,642,659	84,160	(1,132)	41,957,566	
Jordan-Capital Outlay	1,586	4,042,037	04,100	(1,132)	31,750	
Jordan-Charter School	1,981	409,422	7,347	(8,107)	3,654,118	
Jordan-Charter School	1,701	409,422	7,347	(0,107)	3,034,110	
Canyons-Debt Service, Voted, Board	107,728	6,912,518	356,385	448,155	132,609,444	
Canyons-Basic	36,685	2,356,861	112,304	(52,881)	41,670,570	
Canyons-Capital Outlay	3,297	_	_	_	51,804	
Canyons-Former Jordan Debt Service	13,974	533,199	32,655	(85,458)	12,158,800	
Canyons-Charter School	1,413	121,442	5,882	12,098	2,177,615	
Total school districts	626,794	57,313,538	2,627,700	955,146	791,544,405	
Cities and Towns:						
Alta	957	_	580	221	421,539	
Bluffdale	2,052	1,195,122	1,070	53,359	1,858,830	
Cottonwood Heights	7,646	10,182	31,497	(12,614)	8,397,496	
Draper	7,801	881,604	12,628	(37,129)	7,907,034	
Herriman	704	130,859	850	(397)	838,517	
Holladay	4,573	250,597	3,395	(1,880)	4,861,431	
Midvale	2,721	608,790	6,042	(10,582)	2,920,473	
Millcreek City	6,401	138,023	18,604	(6,328)	11,089,321	
Murray	10,405	627,274	23,174	(36,376)	9,957,037	
Murray City Library	2,629	162,780	6,024	(9,241)	2,587,492	
Salt Lake	111,504	12,888,042	639,866	14,909	114,758,634	
Salt Lake City Library	20,467	2,235,978	122,924	(3,235)	22,257,353	
Sandy	10,201	888,368	38,585	56,289	12,968,465	
South Jordan	9,259	2,503,089	17,370	(40,439)	12,545,614	
South Salt Lake	5,684	21,276	19,240	(23,416)	5,519,937	
Taylorsville						
of .	2,173	103,624	33,623	(4,713)	3,582,425	
West Jordan	9,146	775,027	62,771 152,692	(67,511) (74,343)	17,086,504	
West Valley Total cities and towns	23,902	3,498,870			31,678,683	
Total cities and towns	238,226	26,919,505	1,190,935	(203,428)	271,236,783	

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Year-end	2019	Taxes
Taxing Entities	Taxable Value	Tax Rate (1)	 Charged
Other Taxing Entities:			
Central Utah Water Conservancy	\$ 119,927,467,189	0.000400	\$ 48,013,947
Jordan Valley Water Conservancy	54,884,765,044	0.000383	21,023,808
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy - SLC	31,582,444,255	0.000290	9,151,526
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy - Sandy	9,239,367,071	0.000311	2,868,902
Magna Mosquito Abatement	7,756,630,403	0.000072	558,972
Salt Lake City Mosquito Abatement	31,146,893,632	0.000133	4,153,629
South Salt Lake Valley Mosquito Abatement	80,290,747,273	0.000014	1,124,173
Copperton Improvement	77,271,229	0.000956	73,872
Cottonwood Improvement	9,024,375,757	0.000169	1,524,410
Emigration Improvement	283,210,995	0.000781	221,246
Granger Hunter Improvement	8,250,516,265	0.000486	4,013,250
Kearns Improvement	2,809,624,247	0.000544	1,528,537
Magna Water	1,645,864,543	0.002062	3,393,416
Mt. Olympus Improvement	11,535,213,260	0.000263	3,036,878
Midvalley Improvement	1,881,459,465	0.000663	1,247,060
South Valley Sewer	25,607,981,887	0.000280	7,167,223
Sandy Suburban Improvement	4,712,942,603	0.000639	3,009,549
Taylorsville Bennion Improvement	3,944,879,963	0.000116	458,439
Oquirrh Recreation & Parks	3,536,420,228	0.000870	3,077,818
Cottonwood Heights Service Area	2,640,728,402	0.001205	3,180,896
Salt Lake County Svce Area #3 - Snowbird	317,544,098	0.000095	30,117
Crescent Cemetery Maintenance	3,305,659,802	0.000033	108,950
Alta Canyon Recreation Special Service	2,253,791,154	0.000170	383,004
West Jordan Fairway Estates Special Service	8,743,348	0.001180	10,317
Traverse Ridge Special Service	170,357,159	0.000510	86,881
Unified Fire Service Area	27,236,827,796	0.001747	47,581,237
Riverton Law Enforcement	3,410,778,720	0.001726	5,888,676
Herriman Safety Enforcement	3,126,131,611	0.001962	6,134,248
Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area	8,350,060,110	0.002080	17,364,134
Multi County Assessing & Collecting	119,927,467,189	0.000009	1,080,314
Total other taxing entities			197,495,427
Total all taxing entities			\$ 1,596,096,898
(1) Danvescents a blanded toy rate commissed of comment year toy rate on real proper			(Continued)

⁽¹⁾ Represents a blended tax rate comprised of current year tax rate on real property and prior year tax rate on personal property.

(Continued)

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed (Continued)

Year	Ended	December	· 31, 2019

	Auditor's and Treasurer's Relief									
Taxing Entities	Ur	Unpaid Taxes		Abatements		Other		Total		
Other Taxing Entities:										
Central Utah Water Conservancy	\$	739,607	\$	282,153	\$	(3,936)	\$	1,017,824		
Jordan Valley Water Conservancy		334,034		166,036		6,839		506,909		
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy - SLC		140,142		25,192		(8,199)		157,135		
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy - Sandy		39,261		21,168		189		60,619		
Magna Mosquito Abatement		7,129		5,153		599		12,881		
Salt Lake City Mosquito Abatement		64,346		11,594		1,043		76,982		
South Salt Lake Valley Mosquito Abatement		17,576		7,629		152		25,357		
Copperton Improvement		312		721		_		1,033		
Cottonwood Improvement		25,847		12,193		(742)		37,298		
Emigration Improvement		5,254		1,294		_		6,548		
Granger Hunter Improvement		62,839		35,722		4,774		103,335		
Kearns Improvement		19,023		17,185		4,318		40,526		
Magna Water		68,784		37,918		(111)		106,590		
Mt. Olympus Improvement		59,787		16,901		(24)		76,665		
Midvalley Improvement		15,157		11,520		8		26,686		
South Valley Sewer		117,467		45,824		115		163,406		
Sandy Suburban Improvement		47,481		17,431		152		65,063		
Taylorsville Bennion Improvement		5,415		5,071		153		10,639		
Oquirrh Recreation & Parks		36,994		31,720		6,962		75,676		
Cottonwood Heights Service Area		38,948		24,006		(41)		62,912		
Salt Lake County Svce Area #3 - Snowbird		431		_		57		488		
Crescent Cemetery Maintenance		1,187		280		3		1,471		
Alta Canyon Recreation Special Service		5,008		4,788		104		9,900		
West Jordan Fairway Estates Special Service		_		126		_		126		
Traverse Ridge Special Service		3,660		949		_		4,609		
Unified Fire Service Area		716,221		383,779		7,860		1,107,861		
Riverton Law Enforcement		98,049		60,577		133		158,759		
Herriman Safety Enforcement		106,884		61,738		54		168,675		
Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area		208,012		119,299		1,153		328,464		
Multi County Assessing & Collecting		16,641		6,348		(89)		22,901		
Total other taxing entities		3,001,495		1,414,316		21,526		4,437,337		
Total all taxing entities	\$	24,606,201	\$	9,565,240	\$	(66,186)	\$	34,105,255		

(Continued)

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2019

TE . In our		Taxes	Collection	Tax Equivalent		Prior Years		
Taxing Entities		Collected	Percentage (2)	Payments	Miscellaneous	Taxes		
Other Taxing Entities:								
Central Utah Water Conservancy	\$	46,996,123	98.4506 %	\$ 2,307,685	\$ 403,920	\$ 667,288		
Jordan Valley Water Conservancy		20,516,899	98.3980 %	1,282,942	248,350	281,488		
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy - SLC		8,994,391	98.4658 %	328,063	78,638	153,065		
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy - Sandy		2,808,284	98.6212 %	158,308	7,295	40,355		
Magna Mosquito Abatement		546,091	98.7114 %	18,451	3,962	2,916		
Salt Lake City Mosquito Abatement		4,076,646	98.4461 %	151,826	34,989	67,777		
South Salt Lake Valley Mosquito Abatement		1,098,816	98.4257 %	63,101	9,593	17,533		
Copperton Improvement		72,840	99.5737 %	2,913	275	289		
Cottonwood Improvement		1,487,111	98.2916 %	82,162	4,732	27,046		
Emigration Improvement		214,698	97.6112 %	6,771	538	2,342		
Granger Hunter Improvement		3,909,915	98.4183 %	233,022	22,358	54,198		
Kearns Improvement		1,488,011	98.7377 %	92,815	7,126	14,454		
Magna Water		3,286,825	97.9502 %	184,192	42,770	54,983		
Mt. Olympus Improvement		2,960,213	98.0203 %	136,851	8,952	53,195		
Midvalley Improvement		1,220,374	98.7732 %	199,594	3,548	20,497		
South Valley Sewer		7,003,817	98.3505 %	400,650	116,342	102,998		
Sandy Suburban Improvement		2,944,485	98.4130 %	150,245	8,297	46,038		
Taylorsville Bennion Improvement		447,800	98.8052 %	30,208	4,619	5,618		
Oquirrh Recreation & Parks		3,002,142	98.7828 %	178,291	39,611	31,023		
Cottonwood Heights Service Area		3,117,984	98.7663 %	151,113	7,093	38,322		
Salt Lake County Svce Area #3 - Snowbird		29,628	98.5647 %	45	122	1,042		
Crescent Cemetery Maintenance		107,479	98.9072 %	3,799	550	1,488		
Alta Canyon Recreation Special Service		373,103	98.6754 %	28,140	1,103	4,744		
West Jordan Fairway Estates Special Service		10,191	100.0000 %	971	26	1		
Traverse Ridge Special Service		82,272	95.7412 %	5,666	1,273	1,799		
Unified Fire Service Area		46,473,377	98.4822 %	2,672,372	438,756	642,126		
Riverton Law Enforcement		5,729,917	98.3176 %	383,360	148,720	52,349		
Herriman Safety Enforcement		5,965,573	98.2399 %	406,948	147,811	67,097		
Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area		17,035,670	98.7937 %	564,434	103,904	291,548		
Multi County Assessing & Collecting		1,057,413	98.4506 %	51,925	9,130	15,851		
Total other taxing entities		193,058,090		10,276,862	1,904,401	2,759,471		
Total all taxing entities	\$	1,561,991,642		\$ 77,475,119	\$ 13,562,913	\$ 22,621,728		

⁽²⁾ Taxes collected divided by the difference of taxes charged less abatements and other relief.

(Continued)

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed (Concluded)
Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Delinquent	Redevelopment	Refunds on Prior		Re -allocation of		Total	
Taxing Entities	Inte	erest/Penalties	 Agency Paid	Ye	ar Collections	Pe	rsonal Property		Collections
Other Taxing Entities:									
Central Utah Water Conservancy	\$	37,587	\$ 3,597,216	\$	160,954	\$	48,024	\$	46,702,458
Jordan Valley Water Conservancy		15,250	2,047,593		62,906		(51,159)		20,183,270
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy-SLC		8,440	873,443		47,685		(16,198)		8,625,271
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy-Sandy		2,582	163,909		8,836		(9,886)		2,834,191
Magna Mosquito Abatement		189	23,335		693		20,134		567,714
Salt Lake City Mosquito Abatement		3,730	402,376		16,931		(10,196)		3,905,466
South Salt Lake Valley Mosquito Abatement		995	68,867		3,181		(3,944)		1,114,046
Copperton Improvement		20	_		216		7		76,128
Cottonwood Improvement		1,524	21,618		6,340		(2,007)		1,572,610
Emigration Improvement		150	_		172		(6)		224,323
Granger Hunter Improvement		3,285	211,969		19,690		(10,829)		3,980,291
Kearns Improvement		974	217,538		1,089		(5,973)		1,378,781
Magna Water		3,031	447,845		2,963		1,822		3,122,816
Mt. Olympus Improvement		2,803	66,916		4,163		(2,361)		3,088,574
Midvalley Improvement		1,175	_		1,650		(1,616)		1,441,923
South Valley Sewer		5,634	977,221		10,039		(23,058)		6,619,124
Sandy Suburban Improvement		3,044	190,251		7,665		(23,042)		2,931,150
Taylorsville Bennion Improvement		281	12,485		4,398		(895)		470,748
Oquirrh Recreation & Parks		1,554	358,042		21,382		(5,685)		2,867,512
Cottonwood Heights Service Area		2,376	4,699		3,706		5,032		3,313,515
Salt Lake County Service Area #3 - Snowbird		82	_		479		(50)		30,390
Crescent Cemetery Maintenance		106	27,420		355		(337)		85,309
Alta Canyon Recreation Special Service		281	_		391		(292)		406,689
West Jordan Fairway Estates Special Service		_	_		_		_		11,189
Traverse Ridge Special Service		80	_		26		(5)		91,060
Unified Fire Service Area		35,324	2,007,611		122,685		(57,049)		48,074,609
Riverton Law Enforcement		2,580	_		10,569		(5,779)		6,300,577
Herriman Safety Enforcement		2,465	_		5,808		(2,007)		6,582,077
Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area		17,944	133,793		21,336		(5,491)		17,852,881
Multi County Assessing & Collecting		911	31,486		3,621		1,080		1,101,202
Total other taxing entities		154,397	11,885,633		549,928		(161,767)		195,555,892
Total all taxing entities	\$	3,190,062	\$ 119,028,102	\$	5,353,986	\$	_	\$	1,554,459,377
-						_			

(Concluded)

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Statistical Section

This part of Salt Lake County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends—these schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial	
performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Net Position by Component—Last Ten Years	<u>170</u>
Changes in Net Position—Last Ten Years	<u>172</u>
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds—Last Ten Years	<u>176</u>
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds—Last Ten Years	<u>178</u>
Revenue Capacity—these schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local	
revenue source, the property tax.	
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property—Last Ten Years	<u>181</u>
Property Tax Rates—Direct and Overlapping Governments—Last Ten Years	<u>182</u>
Principal Property Taxpayers—Current Year and Nine Years Prior	<u>184</u>
Property Tax Levies and Collections—Last Five Years	<u>187</u>
Debt Capacity—these schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the	
government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type—Last Ten Years	<u>188</u>
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding—Last Ten Years	<u>190</u>
Computation of Direct and Overlapping General Obligation Debt	<u>191</u>
Legal Debt Margin Information—Last Ten Years	<u>192</u>
Pledged-Revenue Coverage—Last Ten Years	<u>194</u>
Debt Service Schedule of Outstanding Bonds (By Year)	<u>196</u>
Demographic and Economic Information—these schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader	
understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Demographic and Economic Statistics—Last Ten Years	<u>199</u>
Principal Employers—Most Current Calendar Year Available and Nine Years Prior	<u>200</u>
Operating Information—these schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the	
information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	
Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function—Last Ten Years	<u>203</u>
Operating Indicators by Organization—Last Ten Years	<u>204</u>
Capital Asset Statistics—Last Ten Years	206

Net Position By Component

Last Ten Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012
Governmental activities:			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 649,484,535	\$ 669,061,088	\$ 674,097,124
Restricted	120,580,246	90,330,854	102,356,052
Unrestricted	81,670,879	36,415,437	8,939,986
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 851,735,660	\$ 795,807,379	\$ 785,393,162
Business-type activities:			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 35,408,364	\$ 41,376,485	\$ 43,131,070
Restricted	755,930	766,330	71,791
Unrestricted	 16,556,173	16,796,785	16,506,572
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 52,720,467	\$ 58,939,600	\$ 59,709,433
Total County:			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 684,892,899	\$ 710,437,573	\$ 717,228,194
Restricted	121,336,176	91,097,184	102,427,843
Unrestricted	 98,227,052	53,212,222	25,446,558
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 904,456,127	\$ 854,746,979	\$ 845,102,595

Source: Salt Lake County statements of net position at December 31, 2010 through 2019.

Notes: The County held unspent bond proceeds restricted for capital projects of \$91 million, \$100 million, \$171 million, \$100 million, \$61 million, \$52 million, \$91 million, \$79 million, \$26 million, and \$153 million at December 31, 2010 through 2019, respectively.

Beginning in 2014, net position reflects the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability for benefits provided through pension plans administered by Utah Retirement Systems.

Beginning in 2017, a portion of net position related to governmental activities was moved to business-type activities to reflect the transfer of public works activities to an enterprise fund.

Beginning in 2017, net position reflects the County's net OPEB liability for benefits provided through its Other Post Employment Benefits Plan.

2013	2014	2015	 2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 699,028,506	\$ 752,624,454	\$ 732,572,832	\$ 790,903,761	\$ 570,613,047	\$ 572,802,217	\$ 584,584,166
130,909,963	84,081,996	152,302,297	135,843,626	173,119,822	220,495,882	234,308,870
14,290,305	(16,224,321)	3,543,834	7,650,883	(31,272,777)	(42,537,982)	(12,985,098)
\$ 844,228,774	\$ 820,482,129	\$ 888,418,963	\$ 934,398,270	\$ 712,460,092	\$ 750,760,117	\$ 805,907,938
\$ 34,239,558 — 1,134,801 35,374,359	\$ 34,947,447 — 299,235 35,246,682	\$ 34,476,156 — 771,719 35,247,875	\$ 33,941,924 — 525,463 34,467,387	\$ 43,371,438 477,399 (9,791,333) 34,057,504	\$ 42,311,564 663,674 (8,144,551) 34,830,687	\$ 42,883,054 866,850 (7,804,443) 35,945,461
\$ 733,268,064 130,909,963 15,425,106	\$ 787,571,901 84,081,996 (15,925,086)	\$ 767,048,988 152,302,297 4,315,553	\$ 824,845,685 135,843,626 8,176,346	\$ 613,984,485 173,597,221 (41,064,110)	\$ 615,113,781 221,159,556 (50,682,533)	\$ 627,467,220 235,175,720 (20,789,541)
\$ 879,603,133	\$ 855,728,811	\$ 923,666,838	\$ 968,865,657	\$ 746,517,596	\$ 785,590,804	\$ 841,853,399

Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Expenses:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 26,085,798	\$ 32,064,389	\$ 30,154,033	\$ 41,497,166
Public safety and criminal justice	192,610,629	186,042,577	181,842,780	188,133,145
Social services	74,547,079	99,967,560	131,570,039	141,727,064
Education, recreation, and cultural	140,097,958	156,330,264	157,502,434	150,290,104
Health and regulatory	39,145,858	40,833,788	36,553,333	43,982,247
Public works	33,273,083	78,099,222	59,090,246	41,640,608
Tax administrations	20,776,584	22,416,256	21,975,376	22,390,159
Interest on long-term debt	18,981,583	21,074,490	19,006,873	17,536,413
Total governmental activities	545,518,572	636,828,546	637,695,114	647,196,906
Business-type activities:				
Golf courses	7,117,093	6,595,644	6,888,172	6,909,213
Public works and other services	_	_	_	_
Sanitation	13,329,181	13,195,016	14,372,446	_
Total business-type activities	20,446,274	19,790,660	21,260,618	6,909,213
Total County expenses	\$ 565,964,846	\$ 656,619,206	\$ 658,955,732	\$ 654,106,119
Program revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for services:				
General government	\$ 17,890,740	\$ 17,877,623	\$ 15,655,977	\$ 23,775,646
Public safety and criminal justice	33,203,446	34,786,708	14,036,451	9,305,547
Social services	3,430,272	3,765,875	2,712,186	2,231,717
Education, recreation, and cultural	37,944,541	38,849,590	41,588,384	42,308,117
Health and regulatory	15,290,301	15,808,770	16,429,581	16,917,709
Public works	13,649,377	13,811,888	13,293,692	12,909,309
Tax administration	1,685,201	1,466,866	48,153	10,502
Operating grants and contributions	69,351,007	95,343,300	121,608,390	134,247,257
Capital grants and contributions	 2,133,023	 721,052	4,086,862	 17,260,000
Total governmental activities	 194,577,908	222,431,672	229,459,676	 258,965,804
Business-type activities:				
Charges for services:				
Golf courses	6,433,842	5,972,980	6,966,473	6,638,558
Public works and other services	_	_	_	_
Sanitation	13,895,883	14,358,650	15,688,068	_
Operating grants and contributions	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total business-type activities	 20,329,725	20,331,630	22,654,541	6,638,558
Total County program revenues	\$ 214,907,633	\$ 242,763,302	\$ 252,114,217	\$ 265,604,362

	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
•	25.765.062	•	24 204 242	•		•	27.404.206	•	24077.721	•	50.000.515
\$	35,765,862	\$	34,301,343	\$	44,250,154	\$	37,494,286	\$	34,875,521	\$	50,828,517
	198,609,876		200,978,996		208,225,412		189,653,779		200,606,290		202,330,526
	161,986,540		164,671,237		168,448,998		179,513,419		173,314,621		182,724,510
	158,728,562		179,059,742		183,844,719		198,475,325		201,320,504 42,832,091		205,147,788
	44,183,499		46,321,168		49,727,368		39,470,368		, ,		45,544,659
	205,861,210		223,040,558		250,088,562		230,381,744		246,182,100		295,807,803
	23,363,481		24,801,232		23,809,329		26,150,614		26,598,300		28,420,806
	19,563,162 848,062,192		18,131,396 891,305,672		18,403,107 946,797,649		18,969,183 920,108,718		18,680,224 944,409,650		1,029,171,895
	848,002,192		891,303,072		940,797,049		920,108,718		944,409,030		1,029,171,89.
	7,245,967		6,971,150		7,525,424		7,577,696		7,665,899		8,299,167
	_		_		_		39,046,957		38,014,598		39,144,432
	7,245,967		6,971,150		7,525,424		46,624,653		45,680,497		47,443,599
\$	855,308,159	\$	898,276,822	\$	954,323,073	\$	966,733,371	\$	990,090,147	\$	1,076,615,494
\$	24,015,849	\$	21,055,435	\$	16,936,974	\$	27,203,179	\$	34,261,783	\$	29,380,321
\$	24,015,849 11,626,458	\$	21,055,435 9,331,550	\$		\$	27,203,179 8,195,930	\$	34,261,783 11,334,946	\$	
\$	11,626,458	\$	9,331,550	\$	8,465,245	\$	27,203,179 8,195,930 74,280,298	\$	11,334,946	\$	11,956,53
\$		\$		\$		\$	8,195,930	\$		\$	11,956,533 70,927,177
\$	11,626,458 1,773,039	\$	9,331,550 1,887,652	\$	8,465,245 1,768,102	\$	8,195,930 74,280,298	\$	11,334,946 74,015,388	\$	11,956,531 70,927,177 49,602,653
\$	11,626,458 1,773,039 44,517,377	\$	9,331,550 1,887,652 44,910,330	\$	8,465,245 1,768,102 47,029,172	\$	8,195,930 74,280,298 49,768,975	\$	11,334,946 74,015,388 51,225,298	\$	11,956,531 70,927,177 49,602,653 14,186,730
\$	11,626,458 1,773,039 44,517,377 17,130,769	\$	9,331,550 1,887,652 44,910,330 16,359,044	\$	8,465,245 1,768,102 47,029,172 18,675,472	\$	8,195,930 74,280,298 49,768,975 12,977,407	\$	11,334,946 74,015,388 51,225,298 14,255,118	\$	11,956,53 70,927,17 49,602,65 14,186,730 683,780
\$	11,626,458 1,773,039 44,517,377 17,130,769 10,233,078	\$	9,331,550 1,887,652 44,910,330 16,359,044 6,935,356	\$	8,465,245 1,768,102 47,029,172 18,675,472 11,450,981	\$	8,195,930 74,280,298 49,768,975 12,977,407 3,529,734	\$	11,334,946 74,015,388 51,225,298 14,255,118 1,543,876	\$	11,956,53 70,927,17 49,602,65 14,186,730 683,780 214,350
\$	11,626,458 1,773,039 44,517,377 17,130,769 10,233,078 313,226	\$	9,331,550 1,887,652 44,910,330 16,359,044 6,935,356 9,233	\$	8,465,245 1,768,102 47,029,172 18,675,472 11,450,981 8,137	\$	8,195,930 74,280,298 49,768,975 12,977,407 3,529,734 207,523	\$	11,334,946 74,015,388 51,225,298 14,255,118 1,543,876 213,900	\$	11,956,53 70,927,17 49,602,65 14,186,730 683,780 214,350 115,598,339
\$	11,626,458 1,773,039 44,517,377 17,130,769 10,233,078 313,226 132,063,435	\$	9,331,550 1,887,652 44,910,330 16,359,044 6,935,356 9,233 149,792,662	\$	8,465,245 1,768,102 47,029,172 18,675,472 11,450,981 8,137 156,507,336	\$	8,195,930 74,280,298 49,768,975 12,977,407 3,529,734 207,523 92,251,430	\$	11,334,946 74,015,388 51,225,298 14,255,118 1,543,876 213,900 92,980,724	\$	11,956,531 70,927,177 49,602,653 14,186,730 683,780 214,350 115,598,339 8,200,653
\$	11,626,458 1,773,039 44,517,377 17,130,769 10,233,078 313,226 132,063,435 141,391	\$	9,331,550 1,887,652 44,910,330 16,359,044 6,935,356 9,233 149,792,662 300,000	\$	8,465,245 1,768,102 47,029,172 18,675,472 11,450,981 8,137 156,507,336 32,664,884	\$	8,195,930 74,280,298 49,768,975 12,977,407 3,529,734 207,523 92,251,430 46,898,148	\$	11,334,946 74,015,388 51,225,298 14,255,118 1,543,876 213,900 92,980,724 3,976,000 283,807,033	\$	11,956,531 70,927,177 49,602,653 14,186,730 683,780 214,350 115,598,339 8,200,653
5	11,626,458 1,773,039 44,517,377 17,130,769 10,233,078 313,226 132,063,435 141,391	\$	9,331,550 1,887,652 44,910,330 16,359,044 6,935,356 9,233 149,792,662 300,000	\$	8,465,245 1,768,102 47,029,172 18,675,472 11,450,981 8,137 156,507,336 32,664,884	\$	8,195,930 74,280,298 49,768,975 12,977,407 3,529,734 207,523 92,251,430 46,898,148	\$	11,334,946 74,015,388 51,225,298 14,255,118 1,543,876 213,900 92,980,724 3,976,000	\$	11,956,53 70,927,17 49,602,65 14,186,730 683,780 214,350 115,598,333 8,200,65 300,750,534
5	11,626,458 1,773,039 44,517,377 17,130,769 10,233,078 313,226 132,063,435 141,391 241,814,622	\$	9,331,550 1,887,652 44,910,330 16,359,044 6,935,356 9,233 149,792,662 300,000 250,581,262	\$	8,465,245 1,768,102 47,029,172 18,675,472 11,450,981 8,137 156,507,336 32,664,884 293,506,303	\$	8,195,930 74,280,298 49,768,975 12,977,407 3,529,734 207,523 92,251,430 46,898,148 315,312,624	\$	11,334,946 74,015,388 51,225,298 14,255,118 1,543,876 213,900 92,980,724 3,976,000 283,807,033	\$	11,956,53 70,927,17' 49,602,65; 14,186,730 683,780 214,350 115,598,339 8,200,65; 300,750,534
δ	11,626,458 1,773,039 44,517,377 17,130,769 10,233,078 313,226 132,063,435 141,391 241,814,622	\$	9,331,550 1,887,652 44,910,330 16,359,044 6,935,356 9,233 149,792,662 300,000 250,581,262	\$	8,465,245 1,768,102 47,029,172 18,675,472 11,450,981 8,137 156,507,336 32,664,884 293,506,303	\$	8,195,930 74,280,298 49,768,975 12,977,407 3,529,734 207,523 92,251,430 46,898,148 315,312,624	\$	11,334,946 74,015,388 51,225,298 14,255,118 1,543,876 213,900 92,980,724 3,976,000 283,807,033 9,424,971 37,812,934 —	\$	11,956,531 70,927,177 49,602,653 14,186,730 683,780 214,350 115,598,339 8,200,653 300,750,534 7,180,933 39,718,224
\$	11,626,458 1,773,039 44,517,377 17,130,769 10,233,078 313,226 132,063,435 141,391 241,814,622	\$	9,331,550 1,887,652 44,910,330 16,359,044 6,935,356 9,233 149,792,662 300,000 250,581,262	\$	8,465,245 1,768,102 47,029,172 18,675,472 11,450,981 8,137 156,507,336 32,664,884 293,506,303	\$	8,195,930 74,280,298 49,768,975 12,977,407 3,529,734 207,523 92,251,430 46,898,148 315,312,624 7,117,106 38,885,594 —	\$	11,334,946 74,015,388 51,225,298 14,255,118 1,543,876 213,900 92,980,724 3,976,000 283,807,033	\$	29,380,321 11,956,531 70,927,177 49,602,653 14,186,730 683,780 214,350 115,598,339 8,200,653 300,750,534 7,180,933 39,718,224 — 1,611,046 48,510,203

Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Last Ten Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	 2011	 2012	2013
Net (expense) revenue:	_			
Governmental activities	\$ (350,940,664)	\$ (414,396,874)	\$ (408,235,438)	\$ (388,231,102)
Business-type activities	(116,549)	540,970	1,393,923	(270,655)
Total County net (expense) revenue	\$ (351,057,213)	\$ (413,855,904)	\$ (406,841,515)	\$ (388,501,757)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:				
Governmental activities:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 218,805,747	\$ 223,606,892	\$ 244,707,304	\$ 285,284,973
Sales taxes	101,874,162	112,004,850	119,051,866	124,009,064
Transient room taxes	12,458,550	13,698,120	14,388,890	15,296,080
Mass transit taxes (1)	_	_	_	_
Tax equivalent payments	15,044,225	14,460,025	13,718,118	17,244,769
Cable television taxes	1,097,280	1,101,431	1,000,156	1,010,817
Investment earnings	3,024,533	4,299,163	4,241,010	4,084,911
Transfers	(11,225,800)	(6,669,902)	713,877	136,100
Special item - contribution to other governments	_	_	_	_
Special item - gain on cancellation of debt	_	_	_	_
Special item - loss on disposal of tax administration software	_	_	_	_
Total governmental activities	341,078,697	362,500,579	397,821,221	447,066,714
Business-type activities:				
Investment earnings	51,796	80,903	89,787	10,415
Transfers	11,225,800	6,669,902	(713,877)	(136,100)
Special item - disposal of Sanitation	_	_	_	(23,938,734)
Total business-type activities	11,277,596	6,750,805	(624,090)	(24,064,419)
Total County general revenues				
and other changes in net position	\$ 352,356,293	\$ 369,251,384	\$ 397,197,131	\$ 423,002,295
Changes in Net Position:				
Governmental activities	\$ (9,861,967)	\$ (51,896,295)	\$ (10,414,217)	\$ 58,835,612
Business-type activities	11,161,047	7,291,775	769,833	(24,335,074)
Total County changes in net position	\$ 1,299,080	\$ (44,604,520)	\$ (9,644,384)	\$ 34,500,538

Source: Salt Lake County statements of activities for years ended December 31, 2010 through 2019. Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Beginning in 2014 the County reported mass transit taxes (*local option sales taxes*), transit room taxes, and incremental taxes levied by the County and paid directly to other governments.

⁽²⁾ In 2017, the County changed classifications of certain program revenues, primarily between charges for services and grants and contributions.

2014 (1)		2015	 2016		2017 (2)	2018	 2019
\$ (606,247,570)	\$	(640,724,410)	\$ (653,291,346)	\$	(604,796,094)	\$ (660,602,617)	\$ (728,421,361)
(483,248)		28,902	(783,731)		(372,860)	3,177,828	1,066,604
\$ (606,730,818)	\$	(640,695,508)	\$ (654,075,077)	\$	(605,168,954)	\$ (657,424,789)	\$ (727,354,757)
\$ 312,874,967	\$	306,993,385	\$ 315,906,837	\$	286,706,637	\$ 288,844,720	\$ 304,166,348
129,273,417		135,738,373	145,660,199		142,284,090	143,218,923	141,794,056
19,330,312		21,835,946	22,754,517		25,542,154	26,857,173	27,729,179
170,518,643		220,261,590	187,510,192		190,145,733	230,086,897	286,406,611
15,876,965		17,270,313	17,762,105		16,104,615	14,556,960	15,308,105
1,011,176		1,045,224	1,144,872		46,282	53,613	1,228,901
4,949,485		5,473,199	6,393,620		10,054,305	4,953,349	7,415,088
(1,022,432)		43,214	18,307		1,225,708	235,730	29,104
_		_	2,120,004		(217,864,733)	(653,452)	(508,210)
_		_	_		_	1,575,600	_
						(10,826,870)	
652,812,533		708,661,244	699,270,653		454,244,791	698,902,643	783,569,182
8,802		15,505	21,555		33,427	(2,168,915)	77,274
1,022,432		(43,214)	(18,307)		(1,225,708)	(235,730)	(29,104)
1,031,234	_	(27,709)	 3,248	_	(1,192,281)	 (2,404,645)	 48,170
\$ 653,843,767	\$	708,633,535	\$ 699,273,901	\$	462,432,780	\$ 696,497,998	\$ 783,617,352
\$ 46,564,963	\$	67,936,834	\$ 45,979,307	\$	(150,551,303)	\$ 38,300,026	\$ 55,147,821
547,986		1,193	(780,483)		(1,565,141)	773,183	1,114,774
\$ 47,112,949	\$	67,938,027	\$ 45,198,824	\$	(152,116,444)	\$ 39,073,209	\$ 56,262,595

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010			2011	2012	2013		
General fund:								
Nonspendable	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	
Restricted		4,217,162		4,494,651	3,979,405		4,115,977	
Committed		1,906,211		1,638,971	3,739,561		3,555,223	
Assigned		5,101,163		6,159,810	4,203,434		4,691,563	
Unassigned		43,986,192		35,253,990	32,970,932		41,048,998	
Total general fund	\$	55,210,728	\$	47,547,422	\$ 44,893,332	\$	53,411,761	
All other governmental funds:								
Nonspendable								
Revolving loans	\$	16,825,087	\$	16,890,708	\$ 16,511,397	\$	16,442,297	
Notes receivable		5,837,015		10,876,415	10,876,415		16,318,015	
Inventories and prepaid items		1,344,745		1,625,462	1,680,831		212,196	
Endowments		1,575,000		1,575,000	1,575,000		1,575,000	
Restricted		247,211,335		173,657,462	141,802,998		182,213,980	
Committed		12,984,816		7,430,124	22,719,833		6,818,148	
Assigned		12,733,845		10,113,266	5,774,868		3,905,819	
Unassigned		_		(343,930)	_		_	
Total all other governmental funds	\$	298,511,843	\$	221,824,507	\$ 200,941,342	\$	227,485,455	
Total Fund Balances - Government Funds	\$	353,722,571	\$	269,371,929	\$ 245,834,674	\$	280,897,216	

Source: Salt Lake County balance sheets - governmental funds at December 31, 2010 through 2019.

	2014		2015		2015		2016	2017			2018	2019	
\$	_	\$	_	\$	727,793	\$	354,287	\$	56,776	\$	540,912		
	4,410,898		4,281,673		7,214,230		15,027,471		15,373,624		16,503,167		
	5,573,676		5,242,248		7,922,903		7,178,689		7,513,982		9,502,282		
	5,564,321		6,419,527		5,271,144		5,741,897		5,062,471		5,580,212		
	43,479,206		45,933,056		51,396,885		58,288,033		56,840,013		65,529,647		
\$	59,028,101	\$	61,876,504	\$	72,532,955	\$	86,590,377	\$	84,846,866	\$	84,846,866		
\$	15 109 215	\$	15 292 907	\$	15 292 517	\$	14 906 160	\$	16 199 662	\$	15 111 729		
Ф	15,198,215	Ф	15,382,807	Ф	15,382,517	Ф	14,896,169	Ф	16,188,662	Ф	15,111,738		
	16,318,015		16,318,015		10,481,000		17,743,900		20,829,500		206.005		
	179,084		151,090		214,475		189,364		244,564		296,085		
	1,575,000		1,637,510		1,637,510		1,637,510		1,717,597		1,757,216		
	206,252,477		252,950,583		227,823,413		342,702,889		319,635,462		343,734,194		
	8,169,338		7,167,975		6,845,122		6,040,179		7,040,153		11,065,866		
	19,400,542		6,483,904		11,384,695		11,451,770		14,655,453		15,048,918		
		_		_		_		_		_			
\$	267,092,671	\$	300,091,884	\$	273,768,732	\$	394,661,781	\$	380,311,391	\$	387,014,017		
\$	326,120,772	\$	361,968,388	\$	346,301,687	\$	481,252,158	\$	465,158,257	\$	484,670,237		

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2010	_	2011		2012		2013
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	348.753.082	\$	365,459,091	\$	394.372.563	\$	443.832.922
Licenses and permits	Ψ	11.731.903	Ψ	13.030.521	Ψ	13.052.377	Ψ	14.353.986
Fines and forfeitures		5,535,454		3,196,383		5,253,873		4,991,374
Intergovernmental and grant		81,356,104		105,896,995		136,796,494		146,380,207
Charges for services		43,049,538		45,329,043		36,133,357		38,825,794
Special assessments		872.414		991.630		566.085		571.762
Interfund charges		40,006,167		41,919,673		28.700.181		29,304,227
Interest, rents, and other		32.729.814		27.007.295		27.419.661		39.729.930
Total revenues		564,034,476		602,830,631		642,294,591		717,990,202
Expenditures:								
General government		31,468,437		36.350.029		37,416,878		41,293,986
Public safety and criminal justice		181,938,115		181.013.919		174,932,290		181,158,382
Social services		73.366.936		99,214,691		130,544,202		140,051,929
Education, recreation, and cultural		111,588,938		121.047.909		130,204,384		130,861,491
Health and regulatory		38,284,514		40,197,980		35,407,454		42.065.613
Public works		34,178,737		37.470.489		37,428,731		36,035,229
Tax administration		21,035,770		22,518,696		21,458,266		22,126,592
Capital outlav		70,542,366		124,728,626		59,142,046		57,280,995
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		36,245,500		34,845,100		39.032.804		42,569,883
Interest		20.917.211	_	23.645.718		22.146.586		20.591.073
Total expenditures		619.566.524	_	721.033.157		687.713.641		714.035.173
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(55,532,048)		(118,202,526)		(45,419,050)		3.955.029
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		776,972		982,167		752,857		574,915
Proceeds from capital leases		_		_		1,702,427		_
Proceeds from notes issued		_		6,720,000		_		7,640,000
Refunding bond issued		9,569,794		43,635,000		81,890,000		_
Premium on refunding bond issued		_		_		8,114,655		_
General obligation bonds issued		22,000,000		25,000,000		14,600,000		25,000,000
Lease revenue bonds issued		_		_		_		_
Sales, transportation, and excise tax revenue bonds issued		109,060,000		1,917,804				
		, ,				_		_
Premium (discount) on bonds issued		3,384,280		5.570.365		214.988		2,320,033
Payment to refund bond escrow agent		(21,352,644)		(48,984,589)		(89,196,400)		
Transfers in		79.938.679		60.835.991		87.810.885		81,863,074
Transfers out		(80,306,508)	_	(61,824,854)		(87,720,362)		(86,290,509)
Total other financing sources (uses)		123,070,573		33,851,884		18,169,050		31,107,513
Special item - proceeds from sale of land and buildings		12,010,702		_		_		_
Net change in fund balances	\$	79,549,227	\$	(84,350,642)	\$	(27,250,000)	\$	35,062,542
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital		10.20.04		0.02.07		0.21.0/		0.20.07
expenditures		10.30 %		9.03 %		9.31 %		9.39 %

Source: Salt Lake County statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds for years ending December 31, 2010 through 2019.

In 2014, the County began to record taxes levied by the County for other governments as revenue with an equivalent amount recorded as expenditures.

2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	_	2019
648,660,234	\$	704,916,515	\$	691,257,193	\$	671,062,816	\$	703,570,234	\$	776,579,164
14,913,431	Ψ	15,614,708	Ψ	16,175,542	Ψ	12,707,772	Ψ	12,146,721	Ψ	12,479,572
4,529,265		4,174,102		3.786.691		2,762,814		2,679,560		2.302.975
144,953,956		150,092,662		157,494,170		209,275,577		95,634,378		110,294,178
34,041,129		35,908,336		34,792,102		34,908,417		134,887,046		133,594,813
484,100		311,587		8,348		2,591		13,783		133,394,013
29.658.632		31,416,609		33.379.556		29.916.635		28.789.505		28.730.878
28.585.101		29.627.233		31.831.017		36.673.479		22.682.249		22.704.752
905,825,848		972,061,752		968,724,619		997,310,101		1.000.403.476		1.086.686.332
39,110,991		40,181,546		45,068,554		42,674,443		48.533.946		55,400,032
194,208,888		197,623,504		202,966,758		180,713,664		194,954,640		192,666,546
162,750,328		163,926,193		168,240,041		174,939,878		173,797,328		182,877,452
145,317,501		161,309,066		178,020,141		171,896,660		174,283,586		176,100,452
42,942,584		46,825,486		49,273,190		40,005,760		41,655,343		43,004,760
199,526,724		215,901,921		228,075,969		224,244,738		245,149,020		295,487,832
23,668,958		26,062,828		25,571,163		27,570,778		27,067,889		27.506,470
65,354,265		51,307,495		58,269,551		75,244,399		63,065,109		78.652.549
45,642,831		42,830,000		47,221,212		42,910,415		49,108,922		45,841,282
20.606.113		19.885.643		19.795.762		21.846.122		23.056.900		20.979.166
939.129.183		965.853.682		1.022.502.341		1.002.046.857		1.040.672.683	_	1.118.516.541
(33,303,335)		6,208,070		(53,777,722)		(4,736,756)		(40,269,207)		(31,830,209
186.494		26.656		709.980		26.334		682.181		227 240
		20,030						082,181		327.340
2,014,800		_		434,435		11,229,432		22 200 000		14.025.120
_		_		563,031				23,200,000		14,935,130
_		2 000 142		_		53,270,000		_		_
_		2,898,143		27.005.000		5,861,450		_		20 (15 000
_		35,925,000		27,885,000		39,125,000		_		39,615,000
_		_		_		_		_		17.840.000
68,600,000		_		_		96,300,000		_		_
6,691,013		_		7,076,160		17,103,283		_		10,256,914
_		(15,545,779)		_		(58,724,219)		_		(32,050,000
98,379,824		69,308,193		74,696,085		88,851,742		78,998,188		93,187,381
(101,639,592)		(68,658,193)		(73,253,670)		(88,207,377)		(78,705,063)		(92,769,576
74,232,539		23,954,020		38,111,021		164,835,645		24,175,306		51,342,189
4,294,352		5,685,526								
45,223,556	\$	35,847,616	\$	(15,666,701)	\$	160,098,889	\$	(16,093,901)	\$	19,511,980

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Years

	Real Pro	perty (1)	Less:				Total Taxable
Year	Primary	Secondary or	Tax-Exempt	Total Taxable	Effective	Estimated	Assessed Value
Ended	Residential	Non-Residential	Real	Assessed	Tax	Actual	as a Percentage
December 31,	Property	Property	Property (2)	Value	Rate (3)	Value (1)	of Actual Value
2010	\$70,809,650,040	\$35,269,194,454	\$31,827,842,600	\$74,251,001,894	0.003125	\$106,078,844,494	70.00%
2011	69,197,399,520	34,619,097,723	31,096,474,217	72,720,023,026	0.003251	103,816,497,243	70.05%
2012	66,897,076,440	34,508,965,120	30,103,684,321	71,302,357,239	0.003622	101,406,041,560	70.31%
2013	70,495,618,350	34,681,570,137	31,723,028,183	73,454,160,304	0.004101	105,177,188,487	69.84%
2014	76,233,137,060	37,096,722,804	34,304,911,677	73,454,160,304	0.003933	113,329,859,864	69.73%
2015	81,617,124,770	39,045,649,613	36,727,706,146	83,935,068,237	0.003668	120,662,774,383	69.56%
2016	89,214,370,150	42,831,197,909	40,146,466,568	91,899,101,491	0.003434	132,045,568,059	69.60%
2017	97,724,409,530	45,231,005,411	43,975,984,288	98,979,430,653	0.002908	142,955,414,941	69.24%
2018	107,904,157,330	50,046,643,616	48,556,870,798	109,393,930,148	0.002648	157,950,800,946	69.26%
2019	119,144,416,890	54,406,019,429	53,614,987,600	119,935,448,719	0.002530	173,550,436,319	69.11%

Source: Tax division—Salt Lake County Auditor's Office.

Notes: (1) Estimated actual value of real property is a net market value or property value subject to tax after reductions made for greenbelt, full or part exemptions.

⁽²⁾ Statute 59-2-103 states 45% of the value of primary residential property is specifically exempt under the constitution of Utah.

⁽³⁾ The effective tax rate is the accumulated weighted average of all individual rates applied by the County.

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Property Tax Rates—Direct and Overlapping

Last Ten Years (Per \$1 of Assessed/Taxable Value)

	2010	2011	2012	2013
County-wide rates (1):				
General fund	0.001505	0.001531	0.001620	0.001837
Governmental immunity fund	0.000022	0.000022	0.000023	0.000023
Flood control fund	0.000055	0.000070	0.000073	0.000094
State tax administration fund	0.000263	0.000276	0.000276	0.000315
Health fund	0.000129	0.000133	0.000089	0.000162
Clark Planetarium fund	0.000039	0.000040	0.000040	0.000040
County-wide judgment levy (2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Capital improvement fund	0.000014	0.000015	0.000031	0.000081
Bond debt service fund	0.000566	0.000609	0.000641	0.000628
	0.002593	0.002696	0.002793	0.003180
Other County rates:				
Salt Lake County Municipal - unincorporated rate (1):				
Municipal services fund (2)	0.000792	0.000824	N/A	N/A
Tort liability	0.000070	0.000072	0.000075	0.000081
Salt Lake County Library rate:				
Library fund	0.000583	0.000604	0.000627	0.000755
Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area rate (2) (3)	N/A	N/A	0.001999	0.002230
Effective County tax rate (4)	0.003125	0.003251	0.003622	0.004101
School district rates:				
Canyons School District	0.008060	0.008165	0.008418	0.008111
Granite School District	0.006434	0.006796	0.007166	0.006994
Jordan School District	0.006485	0.007319	0.007360	0.007132
Murray City School District	0.005929	0.006201	0.006481	0.007003
Salt Lake City School District	0.006371	0.006408	0.006626	0.006651
City and town rates:				
Alta	0.001114	0.001084	0.001065	0.001091
Bluffdale	0.001357	0.001570	0.001630	0.001523
Cottonwood Heights	0.002517	0.002586	0.002654	0.002522
Draper	0.001896	0.001996	0.002009	0.001887
Herriman	0.000376	0.000418	0.000435	0.000418
Holladay	0.001720	0.001767	0.001791	0.001707
Midvale	0.002669	0.002701	0.000687	0.000658
Millcreek (2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Murray	0.002163	0.002203	0.002259	0.002216
Riverton (2)	0.000839	0.000880	N/A	N/A
Salt Lake City	0.005428	0.005392	0.005517	0.005849
Sandy	0.001402	0.001481	0.001520	0.001483
South Jordan	0.002072	0.002332	0.002376	0.002440
South Salt Lake	0.002729	0.002691	0.002757	0.002725
Taylorsville	0.001739	0.001794	0.002202	0.002722
West Jordan	0.002128	0.002069	0.002674	0.002562
West Valley	0.003644	0.004506	0.004857	0.004670
Other taxing district rates	0.000045-0.002722	0.000048-0.003803	0.000021-0.003773	0.000021-0.003360

Source: Utah State Tax Commission

Notes:

(1) Public hearings are required before the direct rates can be adjusted by the Salt Lake County Council.

(2) N/A = Not available or applicable.

(4) The effective tax rate is the accumulated weighted average of all individual rates applied by the County.

⁽³⁾ Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Services Area (SLVLESA) began to levy a tax in 2012 in lieu of a law enforcement fee which reduced the Unincorporated Municipal Services Fund levy; effective January 1, 2017, SLVLESA became an independent entity from the County and is included with other taxing district rates.

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
0.001743	0.001662	0.001667	0.001578	0.001457	0.001409
0.000022	0.000021	0.000020	0.000019	0.000017	0.000016
0.000089	0.000085	0.000073	0.000058	0.000053	0.000051
0.000303	0.000288	0.000268	0.000244	0.000234	0.000225
0.000154	0.000147	0.000138	0.000130	0.000119	0.000115
0.000040	0.000040	0.000040	0.000040	0.000013	0.000017
N/A	N/A	N/A	0.000019	N/A	N/A
0.000077	0.000073	0.000068	0.000019	0.000059	0.000057
0.000608	0.000503	0.000365	0.000330	0.000292	0.000258
0.003036	0.002819	0.002639	0.000330	0.002259	0.000258
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
0.000077	0.000073	0.000068	0.000065	0.000052	0.000053
0.000715	0.000683	0.000639	0.000612	0.000559	0.000536
0.002145	0.002042	0.001925	N/A	N/A	N/A
0.003933	0.003668	0.003434	0.002908	0.002648	0.002530
0.007823	0.007859	0.007227	0.007117	0.006995	0.007507
0.006831	0.006978	0.006481	0.006779	0.007822	0.007626
0.006700	0.006872	0.006906	0.006424	0.006501	0.006676
0.006846	0.007086	0.006291	0.006185	0.005885	0.006345
0.006303	0.006497	0.006180	0.005748	0.005500	0.005393
0.001200	0.001204	0.001153	0.001163	0.001231	0.001292
0.001419	0.001309	0.001218	0.001751	0.001442	0.001783
0.002386	0.002239	0.002064	0.001981	0.002088	0.002002
0.001791	0.001701	0.001560	0.001460	0.001352	0.001268
0.000384	0.000361	0.000342	0.000326	0.000307	0.000287
0.001596	0.001528	0.001420	0.001380	0.001311	0.001235
0.000623	0.000609	0.001398	0.001309	0.001166	0.001107
N/A	N/A	N/A	0.000068	0.002012	0.001897
0.002156	0.002049	0.001892	0.001759	0.002383	0.002249
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
0.005675	0.004862	0.004557	0.004286	0.003977	0.003878
0.001413	0.001426	0.001321	0.001229	0.001144	0.001337
0.002210	0.002082	0.001951	0.001900	0.001880	0.001802
0.002572	0.002454	0.002303	0.002032	0.001878	0.001715
0.001294	0.001250	0.001165	0.001090	0.001003	0.000943
0.002368	0.002251	0.002139	0.001975	0.002132	0.001999
	0.002231	0.002139	0.001973	0.002132	0.001999
0.004381	0.004199	0.001233	0.001101	0.005700	0.005500

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Taxpayers	Type of Business	Taxable Value	Rank
Rio Tinto/Kennecott Utah Copper/Explorations/Minerals	Mining	\$ 3,364,590,181	1
MidAmerican Energy Holdings (1)	Electric Utility	1,405,877,708	2
Corporation of the Presiding Bishop of the			
Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints (2)	Religious	984,155,897	3
Questar Corporation	Natural Gas Utility	603,160,024	4
Boyer Companies (3)	Real-estate Development	558,556,394	5
Intermountain Health Care (IHC)	Health Care	556,437,210	6
Tesoro	Petroleum Refining	538,547,165	7
Verizon	Communications	427,064,449	8
Larry H. Miller Group/Miller Family Real Estate (4)	Real Estate	424,988,457	9
Hexcel Corporation	Aerospace Supplier	307,947,969	10
Wal-Mart/Sam's Club/Sam's Real Estate	Retail/Real Estate		
Qwest/U.S. West Communications	Communications		
Sky West Airlines	Transportation		
Totals		\$ 9,171,325,454	

2019

Source: Information compiled by the Mayor's Financial Administration from property tax records provided by the Salt Lake County Recorder and the Salt Lake County Assessor.

Notes:

- (1) PacifiCorp and Kern River Transmission.
- (2) Includes the following: Agreserves, Inc., Beneficial Life Insurance Co, Bonneville Satellite Corp, Bonneville International Corporation, City Creek Reserve, Inc., Corporation of the President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, Corporation of the Presiding Bishop of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, Deseret Book Company, Deseret Digital Media, Inc., Deseret Title Holding, Deseret Management Corporation, Farmland Reserve, Inc., Hotel Temple Square Corp, Property Reserve, Inc., Suburban Land Reserve, Inc.
- (3) Includes various Boyer companies, District LLC, Gateway Office 4 LC, Gateway Associates LTD, and Gateway Parking LC.
- (4) Car dealerships, sports teams, Fanzz Stores, Jordan Commons, Megaplex Theatres, Miller Family Real Estate LLC, LHM Arena Corporation, and Saxton Horne Advertising
- (5) Percentage of total taxable values equals the taxable value divided by the total taxable value of \$119,935,448,719.
- (6) Percentage of total taxable values equals the taxable value divided by the total taxable value of \$74,251,001,894.

		2010	
Percentage of Total Taxable Values (5)	Taxable Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Values (6)
2.8%	\$ 4,636,801,942	1	6.2%
1.2%	1,004,099,220	2	1.4%
0.8%	597,124,640	3	0.8%
0.5%	288,558,200	8	0.4%
0.5%	513,925,245	4	0.7%
0.5%	308,145,683	6	0.4%
0.4%			
0.4%			
0.4%	268,423,444	7	0.4%
0.3%			
	263,362,552	9	0.4%
	350,847,893	5	0.5%
	204,668,637	10	0.3%
7.8%	\$ 8,435,957,456		11.5%

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Property Tax Levies and Collections (1)

Last Five Years

	Year Ended Dec. 31	Total Taxes		Taxes Collect		 ollections in ubsequent	Total Collect to Date	ions	A	djustments	% of Collect Date	x Receivable January 31, 2020
	(2)	 Levied	_	Amount	%	 Years	Amount	%		(3)	Adjust	 (4)
	2015	\$ 307,859,731	\$	300,913,525	97.7 %	\$ 5,015,579	\$ 305,929,104	99.4 %	\$	2,271,596	98.6 %	\$ 59,214
	2016	315,593,501		307,901,105	97.6 %	5,137,639	313,038,744	99.2 %		2,519,123	98.4 %	260,530
(5)	2017	289,458,781		283,041,694	97.8 %	4,130,494	287,172,188	99.2 %		2,064,805	98.5 %	557,589
	2018	290,531,146		283,631,677	97.6 %	3,774,298	287,405,974	98.9 %		2,131,244	98.2 %	1,636,658
	2019	302,561,464		296,080,659	97.9 %	_	296,080,659	97.9 %		1,822,359	97.3 %	4,658,446

Source: County Treasurer

Notes:

- (1) The information in this schedule relates to the County's own property tax levies, and does not include those it collects on behalf of other governments.
- (2) Due to system reporting limitations, only five years of collections are able to be accurately extracted for reporting purposes.
- (3) Adjustments or settlements ordered by the Board of Equalization, the County Council, and the State Tax Commission and offset for uncollected taxes from years prior to 2019.
- (4) The 2015 tax receivable amount includes the amount carried in the County's records as a receivable for all prior years.
- (5) Beginning in 2017, Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Services Agency is no longer reported as a blended component unit of the County. SLVLESA is not included in the 2017 figures.

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Years

	Governmental Activities												
Dec. 31,	General Sales Tax Obligation Revenue Bonds Bonds		an	Transportation Lease and Excise Tax Revenue Revenue Bonds Bonds			Capital Leases Obligations		Special Assessment Debt		Notes Payable		
2010	\$	259,872,991	\$	108,194,188	\$	77,639,186	\$	82,339,201	\$	530,100	\$	3,061,249	\$ 8,080,703
2011		262,829,421		105,226,097		76,932,090		81,261,356		990,931		2,312,533	14,800,703
2012		246,886,932		104,566,050		76,353,646		77,886,727		2,348,787		1,473,549	14,800,703
2013		239,818,491		97,555,119		76,003,854		74,445,314		1,184,067		1,014,297	22,440,703
2014		203,324,397		123,132,331		116,969,745		70,882,117		2,853,870		574,777	22,440,703
2015		195,979,209		115,966,433		114,341,346		67,192,136		2,466,292		144,989	22,440,703
2016		206,123,714		106,562,379		107,668,068		61,201,522		720,288		_	41,294,359
2017		226,285,328		204,028,902		102,476,533		57,318,670		529,329		_	51,370,553
2018		200,547,799		192,462,069		94,003,606		53,509,612		370,764		_	66,674,470
2019		190,233,893		180,585,804		85,386,485		70,257,793		245,070		_	78,987,716

Source: For outstanding debt details, see the notes to the basic financial statements. Amounts are reported net of bond premiums.

Notes: 1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

Bı	usiness-Type Act	ivities				
General Obligation Bonds	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds		Lease Revenue Bonds	 Total County	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	 Per apita (1)
\$ _	\$ -	_ \$	7,747,213	\$ 547,464,831	1.40%	\$ 530
_	-	_	699,977	545,053,108	1.33%	520
_	-	_	_	524,316,394	1.20%	493
_	-	_	_	512,461,845	1.12%	475
_	-	_	_	540,177,940	1.16%	495
_	-	_	_	518,531,108	1.05%	468
_	867,74	14	2,101,861	526,539,935	1.00%	470
_	859,99	97	2,003,152	644,872,464	1.15%	568
_	825,82	28	1,611,877	610,006,025	1.01%	529
_	790,48	37	1,466,605	607,953,853	N/A	524

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
Last Ten Years

December 31,	_	General Obligation Bonds	Estimated Actual Value of Property	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value of Property	Population	 G.O. Sonded Debt Per Capita
2010	\$	259,872,991	\$ 106,078,844,494	0.24 %	1,033,198	\$ 252
2011		262,829,421	103,816,497,243	0.25 %	1,047,746	251
2012		246,886,932	101,406,041,560	0.24 %	1,063,842	232
2013		239,818,491	105,177,188,487	0.23 %	1,079,721	222
2014		203,324,397	113,329,859,864	0.18 %	1,091,742	186
2015		195,979,209	120,662,774,383	0.16 %	1,107,314	177
2016		206,123,714	132,045,568,059	0.16 %	1,121,354	184
2017		226,285,328	142,955,414,941	0.16 %	1,135,649	199
2018		200,547,799	157,950,800,946	0.13 %	1,152,633	174
2019		190,233,893	173,550,436,319	0.11 %	1,160,437	164

Source: For outstanding debt details, see note 9 in the notes to the basic financial statements and the statistical section, Debt Service Schedule of Outstanding Bonds. General obligation bonds are reported net of bond premiums.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

December 31, 2019

Entity	2019 Taxable Value (1)	County's Portion of Taxable Value	County's Percentage	Entity's General Obligation Debt	County's Portion of G.O. Debt
State of Utah	\$ 315,456,046,864	\$ 119,390,250,532	37.8 %	\$ 2,003,625,000	\$ 757,370,250
CUWCD (2)	185,917,514,880	119,390,250,532	64.2 %	193,540,000	124,252,680
Total overlapping					881,622,930
Underlying:					
School districts:					
Canyons	25,225,752,898	25,225,752,898	100.0 %	325,170,000	325,170,000
Granite	31,913,668,162	31,913,668,162	100.0 %	334,680,000	334,680,000
Jordan	26,390,763,367	26,390,763,367	100.0 %	185,345,000	185,345,000
Murray City	4,639,434,393	4,639,434,393	100.0 %	31,825,000	31,825,000
Salt Lake City	31,220,631,712	31,220,631,712	100.0 %	28,050,000	28,050,000
Cities and towns:					
Draper (3)	6,844,532,421	6,557,847,886	95.8 %	2,830,000	2,711,140
Salt Lake City	31,260,214,697	31,260,214,697	100.0 %	115,555,000	115,555,000
West Jordan	8,368,929,814	8,368,929,814	100.0 %	4,140,000	4,140,000
Special districts:					
Cottonwood Heights Parks and Recreation					
Service Area (4)	2,642,483,276	2,642,483,276	100.0 %	2,525,000	2,525,000
Sandy Suburban Improvement District	4,705,698,676	4,705,698,676	100.0 %	5,621,000	5,621,000
Magna Water District	1,636,292,736	1,636,292,736	100.0 %	26,220,000	26,220,000
Total underlying					1,061,842,140
Total overlapping and underly	ing general obligation deb	t			\$ 1,943,465,070
Total overlapping general obliga	tion debt (excluding State	of Utah) (5)			\$ 124,252,680
Total direct general obligation be	ond indebtedness of Salt I	Lake County (6)			172,205,000
Total direct and overlapping g	eneral obligation debt (ex	cluding the State)			\$ 296,457,680

Source: Zion's Bank Public Finance and financial statements of each entity. Information is as of December 31, 2019.

Notes: (1) Taxable value used in this table excludes the taxable value used to determine uniform fees on tangible personal property.

- (3) The County's portion of overlapping general obligation debt does not include "user fee revenue" supported general obligation debt.
- (4) Cottonwood Heights Parks and Recreation Service Area was formerly known as SL County Service Area #2.
- (5) The State's general obligation debt is not included in overlapping debt because the State currently levies no property tax for payment of its general obligation bonds.
- (6) The definition of "direct debt" includes all of the debt instruments, but this schedule is optional for Counties and only the general obligation debt information is available. General obligation debt is reported at face value.

⁽²⁾ Central Utah Water Conservancy District (CUWCD) outstanding general obligation bonds are limited ad valorem tax bonds. These bonds are the only limited ad valorem tax bonds in the State issued under the Water Conservancy Act. By law CUWCD may levy a tax rate of up to 0.000400 to pay for operation and maintenance expenses and any outstanding limited ad valorem tax bonds.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Years

	_	2010	_	2011	_	2012	_	2013
Debt limit (2%) Total general obligation debt	\$	2,136,350,139	\$	2,092,732,994	\$	2,028,120,831	\$	2,103,543,770
applicable to the limit		259,872,991		262,829,421		246,886,932		239,818,491
Legal debt margin	\$	1,876,477,148	\$	1,829,903,573	\$	1,781,233,899	\$	1,863,725,279
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		12.16 %		12.56 %		12.17 %		11.40 %

Source: Salt Lake County Auditor's Office; general obligation debt is reported net of premiums and discounts.

Notes:

- (1) The general obligation indebtedness of the County is limited by Utah law to two percent of the "reasonable fair cash value" of taxable property in the County.
- (2) Statute 59-2-103 states 45% of the value of primary residential property is specifically exempt under the Constitution of Utah.
- (3) Legal debt margin calculation for 2019:

	Taxable Value (2)	Adjusted Fair Market Value (1)
Residential values	\$ 65,529,429,290	\$ 119,144,416,890
Non-residential values	54,406,019,429	54,406,019,429
Totals	\$ 119,935,448,719	\$ 173,550,436,319
Debt limit (adjusted fair market value x 0.02) Debt applicable to limit:		\$ 3,471,008,726
General obligation bonds		190,233,893
Legal debt margin		\$ 3,280,774,833

2014	2015	 2016	2017	2018	2019 (3)
\$ 2,266,597,197	\$ 2,413,255,488	\$ 2,640,911,361	\$ 2,859,108,299	\$ 3,159,016,019	\$ 3,471,008,726
 203,324,397	195,979,209	 206,123,714	226,285,328	200,547,799	190,233,893
\$ 2,063,272,800	\$ 2,217,276,279	\$ 2,434,787,647	\$ 2,632,822,971	\$ 2,958,468,220	\$ 3,280,774,833
8.97 %	8.12 %	7.81 %	7.91 %	6.35 %	5.48 %

Pledged-Revenue Coverage

Last Ten Years

		Sales Tax Rev	enue Bonds			TRCC Reven		
	Sales Tax	Debt S	Service		TRCC	Debt S	ervice	
Year	Revenues	Principal	Interest (1)	Coverage	Revenues (3)	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2010	\$ 41,590,792	\$ 3,315,000	\$ 3,542,312	6.1	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	N/A
2011	44,533,898	4,330,000	4,106,273	5.3	_	_	_	N/A
2012	47,665,968	4,557,804	3,125,373	6.2	_	_	_	N/A
2013	49,311,368	5,491,000	3,611,967	5.4	_	_	_	N/A
2014	51,862,908	5,663,000	3,406,513	5.7	_	_	_	N/A
2015	54,252,676	5,875,000	3,894,238	5.6	_	_	_	N/A
2016	56,560,414	7,408,000	4,048,976	4.9	_	_	_	N/A
2017	60,470,489	7,660,000	4,465,365	5.0	_	_	_	N/A
2018	64,390,394	8,487,000	5,150,332	4.7	42,477,204	1,235,000	2,254,244	12.2
2019	67,550,608	8,770,000	4,844,110	5.0	44,920,769	1,430,000	2,067,350	12.8

Source: For outstanding debt details, see the notes to the basic financial statements.

- (1) Net of federal interest subsidies as follows: 35.00% in 2011 and 2012, 31.96% in 2013, 32.48% in 2014, 32.45% in 2015, 32.62% in 2016, 32.59% in 2017, 32.69% in 2018, and 32.83% in 2019. The federal interest subsidy for 2020 will be 32.94%.
- In 2010, the County and the State of Utah entered into an interlocal agreement whereby the County agreed to issue bonds to finance certain transportation projects within the County. It was also agreed a portion of the State Highway Fund revenues would be set aside and dedicated to the repayment of such bonds, and the State would agree to construct certain transportation projects within the County. Each year, the State's Division of Finance transfers from the Highway Fund to a State Sinking Fund an amount equal to two times the debt service requirement necessary to pay principal and interest on the 2010 bonds. Those amounts are shown as transportation revenues on this schedule, although only what is necessary for the debt service is actually transferred from the sinking fund to the County as revenue to make the payment.
- (3) Pledged revenues for these bonds are car rental, restaurant, and transient room sales taxes. Pledged TRCC revenues are always net of \$0.5 million annual statutory requirement to help promote ski industry tourism in the County.

Transp	ortation Tax F	Revenue Bonds			Excise Tax F	Revenue Bonds	
Transportation	Debt S	Service		Excise Tax	Debt S	Service	
Revenues (2)	Principal	Interest (1)	Coverage	Revenues	Principal	Interest	Coverage
\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	N/A	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	N/A
4,533,512	300,000	1,966,756	2	_	_	_	N/A
4,985,612	200,000	2,292,806	2.0	_	_	_	N/A
4,646,714	_	2,323,357	2.0	_	_	_	N/A
4,691,989	_	2,345,994	2.0	11,733,960	1,070,000	1,069,941	5.5
6,003,576	655,000	2,346,788	2.0	11,879,762	1,290,000	1,745,475	3.9
14,042,841	4,705,000	2,316,420	2.0	12,968,135	1,335,000	1,706,775	4.3
14,564,323	5,200,000	2,082,162	2.0	13,245,421	1,390,000	1,653,375	4.4
15,303,282	5,845,000	1,819,779	2.0	13,118,824	1,705,000	1,179,635	4.5
15,643,187	6,325,000	1,524,352	2.0	13,256,153	1,475,000	1,451,650	4.5

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Debt Service Schedule of Outstanding Bonds (By Year)
December 31, 2019

December 31, 2019								
	Purpose	_	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
General Obligations Bonds								
Series 2012A	Tracy Aviary, Hogle Zoo	Principal	\$ 695,000	\$ 715,000	\$ 740,000	\$ 745,000	\$ 755,000	\$ 770,000
\$14,600,000		Interest	221,375	207,475	193,175	178,375	163,475	148,375
Series 2012B Refunding \$38,165,000	Salt Palace, Old Mill, Salt Palace II, South Mountain, South Towne, Emergency Operation	Principal Interest	5,325,000 139,088	4,675,000 45,582	_	_	_	_
Series 2013	Parks	Principal	1,035,000	1,090,000	1,145,000	1,205,000	_	_
\$25,000,000	Turks	Interest	197,875	144,750	88,875	30,125	_	_
Series 2015A Refunding	Open Space I	Principal	1,200,000	1,265,000	1,350,000	1,410,000	1,475,000	1,540,000
\$13,925,000		Interest	478,550	418,550	355,300	287,800	217,300	143,550
Series 2015B	Open Space, Natural Habitat, Parks, Trails	Principal	930,000	950,000	970,000	990,000	1,035,000	1,090,000
\$22,000,000		Interest	558,700	540,100	521,100	501,700	452,200	400,450
Series 2016	Crossover Advance Refunding of 2009A and	Principal	2,110,000	2,195,000	2,285,000	2,375,000	2,470,000	2,590,000
\$27,885,000	2010B Series Bonds	Interest	1,198,100	1,113,700	1,025,900	934,500	839,500	716,000
Series 2017	Recreation	Principal	2,500,000	2,625,000	2,750,000	2,875,000	3,025,000	3,175,000
\$39,125,000	Ital Manager (New July and III)	Interest	1,191,250	1,066,250	935,000	797,500	653,750	502,500
Series 2017B \$29,345,000	Utah Museum of Natural History, Tracy Aviary II, Parks	Principal Interest	1,620,000 946,650	1,700,000 865,650	1,800,000 780,650	1,875,000 690,650	3,200,000 596,900	3,350,000 436,900
Series 2019	Recreation	Principal	4,165,000	4,350,000	4,575,000	4,800,000	5,050,000	5,300,000
	Recreation	Interest						
\$39,615,000		merest	1,964,244	1,772,500	1,555,000	1,326,250	1,086,250	833,750
Total principal			19,580,000	19,565,000	15,615,000	16,275,000	17,010,000	17,815,000
Total interest			6,895,832	6,174,557	5,455,000	4,746,900	4,009,375	3,181,525
Total general obligation bonds			\$ 26,475,832	\$25,739,557	\$ 21,070,000	\$21,021,900	\$ 21,019,375	\$ 20,996,525
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds								
Series 2010A Refunding	Planetarium, Midvale Storm Drain	Principal	\$ 165,000	s —	s —	s —	s —	s —
\$8,855,000		Interest	2,681					
Series 2010D	District Attorney, Fleet, and Public Health	Principal	1,305,000	1,330,000	1,360,000	1,400,000	1,435,000	1,470,000
\$33,020,000 Series 2011 <i>C</i>	Land and Buildings	Interest	1,165,722	1,120,046	1,073,496	1,019,096	963,096	905,696
Series 2011C \$1,917,804	Solar Projects at Salt Palace	Principal Interest	112,000 23,626	115,000 21,072	117,000 18,462	120,000 15,796	123,000 13,062	126,000 10,260
Series 2012A Refunding	Salt Palace Expansion 3, Phases I and II and	Principal	4,325,000	4,540,000	4,765,000	5,015,000	5,295,000	4,345,000
\$43,725,000	Recreation Projects	Interest	1,197,500	975,875	743,250	498,750	241,000	54,312
	District Attorney, Fleet, Public Health,		-,,	,,,,,,,	,,	,	,	- 1,0
Series 2014	Senior Center, and Salt Palace Land and	Principal	1,155,000	1,195,000	1,255,000	1,320,000	1,390,000	1,460,000
\$30,000,000	Buildings	Interest	953,506	912,081	850,831	786,456	718,706	647,456
Series 2017	Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention	Principal	1,500,000	1,555,000	1,610,000	1,695,000	1,780,000	1,870,000
\$44,230,000	(TRCC)	Interest	1,994,100	1,941,050	1,885,250	1,802,625	1,715,750	1,624,500
Series 2017A	Health and District Attorney Buildings, Other	Principal	2,025,000	2,075,000	2,100,000	2,175,000	1,200,000	_
\$13,550,000	Capital Improvements	Interest	197,119	157,939	112,410	60,548	16,680	_
Series 2017B	Health and District Attorney Buildings, Other	Principal	1 279 262	1 279 262	1 279 264	1 279 262	1,020,000	2,300,000
\$38,520,000	Capital Improvements	Interest	1,378,362	1,378,362	1,378,364	1,378,362	1,352,863	1,298,612
Total principal			10,587,000	10,810,000	11,207,000	11,725,000	12,243,000	11,571,000
Total interest			6,912,616	6,506,425	6,062,063	5,561,633	5,021,157	4,540,836
Total sales tax revenue bonds			\$ 17,499,616	\$17,316,425	\$ 17,269,063	\$17,286,633	\$ 17,264,157	\$ 16,111,836
Lease Revenue Bonds								
Series 2009B	Public Works Administration, Libraries, Senior	Principal	\$ 4,300,000	\$ 4,425,000	\$ 4,570,000	\$ 4,725,000	\$ 4,895,000	\$ 5,060,000
\$58,390,000	Centers	Interest	2,757,244	2,551,704	2,335,764	2,094,468	1,844,988	1,586,532
Series 2019		Principal	_	_	530,000	560,000	585,000	610,000
\$17,840,000		Interest	892,000	892,000	878,750	851,500	822,875	793,000
Total principal			4,300,000	4,425,000	5,100,000	5,285,000	5,480,000	5,670,000
Total interest			3,649,244	3,443,704	3,214,514	2,945,968	2,667,863	2,379,532
Total lease revenue bonds			\$ 7,949,244	\$ 7,868,704	\$ 8,314,514	\$ 8,230,968	\$ 8,147,863	\$ 8,049,532
Transportation and Excise Tax Revenue	Bonds							
Series 2010B	State Roads (Transportation Tax)	Principal	\$ 6,895,000	\$ 7,265,000	\$ 7,995,000	\$ 8,710,000	\$ 9,295,000	\$ 11,150,000
\$57,635,000		Interest	2,057,000	1,818,570	1,556,450	1,255,998	880,770	480,342
Series 2014	Transportation Preservation (Excise Tax)	Principal	1,550,000	1,630,000	1,715,000	1,800,000	_	_
\$38,600,000		Interest	334,750	257,250	175,750	90,000	_	_
Series 2017	Transportation Preservation (Excise Tax)	Principal	_	_	_	_	1,880,000	1,975,000
\$23,925,000		Interest	1,043,150	1,043,150	1,043,150	1,043,150	1,043,150	949,150
Total principal			8,445,000	8,895,000	9,710,000	10,510,000	11,175,000	13,125,000
Total interest			3,434,900	3,118,970	2,775,350	2,389,148	1,923,920	1,429,492
Total transportation and excise tax								
revenue bonds			\$ 11,879,900	\$12,013,970	\$ 12,485,350	\$12,899,148	\$ 13,098,920	\$ 14,554,492
Total All Bonds								
Total principal			\$ 42,912,000	\$43,695,000	\$ 41,632,000	\$43,795,000	\$ 45,908,000	\$ 48,181,000
Total interest			20,892,592	19,243,656	17,506,927	15,643,649	13,622,315	11,531,385
Total all bonds			\$ 63,804,592	\$62,938,656	\$ 59,138,927	\$59,438,649	\$ 59,530,315	\$ 59,712,385
			, , 2	,	, , - = 1	, ,	,,	,

2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035 - 2037		Total
\$ 790,000	\$ 810,000	\$ 830,000	\$ 850,000	\$ 870,000	\$ 875,000	s –	s –	s –	s –	\$	9,445,000
131,050	111,300	91,050	70,300	47,987	24,062	_	_	_	_	•	1,587,999
· —	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		10,000,000
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		184,670
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		4,475,000
	1 650 000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		461,625
1,595,000 97,350	1,650,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		11,485,000 2,047,900
1,110,000	49,500 1,145,000	1,180,000	1,210,000	1,250,000	1,285,000	1,325,000	1,365,000	1,405,000	1,445,000		18,685,000
378,650	345,350	311,000	278,550	242,250	204,750	166,200	126,450	85,500	43,350		5,156,300
2,720,000	2,860,000	3,000,000	3,150,000			_	_	_	_		25,755,000
586,500	450,500	307,500	157,500	_	_	_	_	_	_		7,329,700
3,350,000	3,525,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		23,825,000
343,750	176,250	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		5,666,250
2,225,000	2,300,000	2,325,000	2,400,000	2,425,000	1,825,000	1,875,000	_	_	_		28,920,000
369,900	325,400	277,100	223,626	164,824	101,776	52,500	_	_	_		5,832,526
5,550,000	5,825,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		39,615,000
568,750	291,250									_	9,397,994
17,340,000	18,115,000	7,335,000	7,610,000	4,545,000	3,985,000	3,200,000	1,365,000	1,405,000	1,445,000		172,205,000
2,475,950	1,749,550	986,650	729,976	455,061	330,588	218,700	126,450	85,500	43,350		37,664,964
\$ 19,815,950	\$ 19,864,550	\$ 8,321,650	\$ 8,339,976	\$ 5,000,061	\$ 4,315,588	\$ 3,418,700	\$ 1,491,450	\$ 1,490,500	\$ 1,488,350	\$	209,869,964
\$ <u> </u>	s <u> </u>	s <u> </u>	s <u> </u>	s <u> </u>	s <u> </u>	s <u> </u>	s <u> </u>	s	s	\$	165,000 2,681
1,510,000	1,550,000	1,595,000	1,640,000	1,695,000	1,745,000	1,805,000	1,865,000	1,930,000	1,995,000		25,630,000
846,896	784,232	716,032	642,662	564,762	482,130	393,136	301,080	204,100	103,740		11,285,922
128,000	131,000	134,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		1,106,000
7,402	4,489	1,508	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		115,677
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		28,285,000
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		3,710,687
1,535,000	1,605,000	1,670,000	1,730,000	1,780,000	1,835,000	1,890,000	1,950,000	2,010,000	2,075,000		25,855,000
572,581	502,106	436,606	377,256	324,606	270,381	214,506	156,906	96,250	32,425		7,852,659
1,970,000	2,070,000	2,175,000	2,285,000	2,405,000	2,525,000	2,655,000	2,795,000	2,935,000	9,740,000		41,565,000
1,528,500	1,427,500	1,321,375	1,209,875	1,092,625	969,375	839,875	703,625	560,375	746,750		21,363,150
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		9,575,000
2,400,000	2,525,000	2,625,000	2,675,000	2,775,000	2,850,000	2,950,000	3,025,000	3,150,000	10,225,000		544,696 38,520,000
1,209,863	1,086,737	988,174	914,619	834,875	750,500	661,656	566,406	454,250	580,125		16,212,130
						9,300,000			24,035,000		
7,543,000	7,881,000	8,199,000	8,330,000	8,655,000	8,955,000		9,635,000	10,025,000			170,701,000
4,165,242	3,805,064	3,463,695	3,144,412	2,816,868	2,472,386	2,109,173	1,728,017	1,314,975	1,463,040		61,087,601
\$11,708,242	\$ 11,686,064	\$ 11,662,695	\$ 11,474,412	\$11,471,868	\$ 11,427,386	\$ 11,409,173	\$ 11,363,017	\$ 11,339,975	\$ 25,498,040	\$	231,788,602
\$ 5,235,000	\$ 5,450,000	\$ 5,650,000	\$ 5,865,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	\$	50,175,000
1,292,040	987,364	670,174	341,344	_	_	_	_	_	_		16,461,622
655,000	685,000	715,000	760,000	795,000	840,000	880,000	925,000	970,000	8,330,000		17,840,000
761,375	727,875	692,875	656,000	617,125	576,250	533,250	488,125	440,750	1,539,500		12,163,250
5,890,000	6,135,000	6,365,000	6,625,000	795,000	840,000	880,000	925,000	970,000	8,330,000		68,015,000
2,053,415	1,715,239	1,363,049	997,344	617,125	576,250	533,250	488,125	440,750	1,539,500		28,624,872
\$ 7,943,415	\$ 7,850,239	\$ 7,728,049	\$ 7,622,344	1,412,125	1,416,250	1,413,250	1,413,125	1,410,750	9,869,500	\$	96,639,872
s –	s –	- \$	s –	s —	s —	s –	s –	s –	s –	\$	51,310,000
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		8,049,130
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		6,695,000
2 000 000	2 190 000	2 205 000	2 410 000	2,535,000	2 670 000	2 760 000	2 860 000	_	_		857,750
2,080,000 850,400	2,180,000	2,295,000	2,410,000		2,670,000	2,760,000	2,860,000	_	_		23,645,000 9,853,700
	746,400	2 205 000	522,650	402,150	275,400	168,600	85,800			_	
2,080,000	2,180,000	2,295,000	2,410,000	2,535,000	2,670,000	2,760,000	2,860,000	_	_		81,650,000
850,400	746,400	637,400	522,650	402,150	275,400	168,600	85,800				18,760,580
\$ 2,930,400	\$ 2,926,400	\$ 2,932,400	\$ 2,932,650	\$ 2,937,150	\$ 2,945,400	\$ 2,928,600	\$ 2,945,800	<u> </u>	<u>s</u> –	\$	100,410,580
20.052.00-	2424.00-	24.124.22	24.055.005	16 520 00-	16.450.00-	16.140.00-	14.505.05	10 400 000	22.010.0		400 551 005
32,853,000	34,311,000	24,194,000	24,975,000	16,530,000	16,450,000	16,140,000	14,785,000	12,400,000	33,810,000		492,571,000
9,545,007	8,016,253	6,450,794	5,394,382	4,291,204	\$3,654,624	3,029,723	2,428,392	1,841,225	3,045,890	_	146,138,018
\$ 42,398,007	\$ 42,327,253	\$ 30,644,794	\$ 30,369,382	\$ 20,821,204	\$ 20,104,624	\$ 19,169,723	\$ 17,213,392	\$ 14,241,225	\$ 36,855,890	\$	638,709,018

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (amounts in thousands) (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	School Enrollment	Unemplovment% Rate (4)
2010	1,033,196	\$ 39,083,765	\$ 37,827	193,886	7.8
2011	1,047,746	40,995,436	39,081	197,363	6.5
2012	1,063,842	43,658,167	41,038	198,414	5.5
2013	1,079,721	45,552,565	42,189	202,489	4.2
2014	1,091,742	46,437,317	42,535	205,545	3.7
2015	1,107,314	49,488,031	44,692	210,450	3.3
2016	1,121,354	52,436,840	46,762	211,775	2.9
2017	1,135,649	56,152,594	49,445	228,865	2.9
2018	1,152,633	60,673,924	52,639	221,758	2.9
2019	1,160,437	N/A	N/A	217,841	2.3

Sources:(1) Utah population estimates come from the 2019 County Total Population Estimates found on www.census.gov/popest. Current year estimates are not updated in subsequent years.

- (2) 2010-2019 data was updated using the U.S Bureau of Economic Analysis website from statistical information provided on the CA1 Personal Income Summary. 2019 statistics were not available for per capita income and personal income.
- (3) Utah State Board of Education-- Superintendent's Annual Report (Note: School statistics represent a composite figure of five school districts (Canyons, Granite, Jordan, Murray, and Salt Lake City) and several charter schools within the County. Some clean up was done in 2018 for schools with the same name in different counties.
- (4) Data 2010-2019 are revised based on statistical information provided by Utah Department of Workforce Services (www.jobs.utah.gov).

Principal Employers (1)

Most Current Calendar Year Available and Nine Years Prior

			2018 (2)	
				Percentage of
				Total County
Employer	Industry	Employees	<u>Rank</u> _	Employment
University of Utah	Higher Education	20,000 — 24,999	1	3.21 % — 4.02%
State of Utah	State Government	20,000 — 24,999	2	3.21 % — 4.02%
ntermountain Health Care	Health Care	15,000 — 19,999	3	2.41 % — 3.21%
Jnited States Government	Federal Government	10,000 — 14,999	4	1.61 % — 2.41%
Val-Mart Associates	Warehouse Clubs/Supercenters	7,000 — 9,999	5	1.13 % — 1.61%
Granite School District	Public Education	7,000 — 9,999	6	1.13 % — 1.61%
Chuch of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints	Religious Organizations	7,000 — 9,999	7	1.13 % — 1.61%
Zions Bank	Financial Services	7,000 — 9,999	8	1.13 % — 1.61%
alt Lake County	Local Government	5,000 — 6,999	9	0.80 % — 1.12%
ordan School District	Public Education	5,000 — 6,999	10	0.80 % — 1.12%
Canyons School District	Public Education	4,000 — 4,999	11	0.64 % — 0.80%
mith's	Grocery Stores	4,000 — 4,999	12	0.64 % — 0.80%
Oelta Airlines	Transportation	4,000 — 4,999	13	0.64 % — 0.80%
Inited Parcel Service	Delivery Service	3,000 — 3,999	14	0.48 % — 0.64%
Discover	Financial Services	3,000 — 3,999	15	0.48 % — 0.64%
alt Lake City School District	Public Education	3,000 — 3,999	16	0.48 % — 0.64%
Department of Veteran	Health Care	3,000 — 3,999	17	0.48 % — 0.64%
C.R. England	Delivery Service	3,000 — 3,999	18	0.48 % — 0.64%
-3 Communications Corp	Manufacturing	3,000 — 3,999	19	0.48 % — 0.64%
RUP Laboratories	Medical Research	3,000 — 3,999	20	0.48 % — 0.64%
alt Lake Community College	Higher Education	3,000 — 3,999	21	0.48 % — 0.64%
J.S. Post Office	Federal Government			
alt Lake City Corp	Local Government			

Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services.

Notes:

(1) Workforce Services compiled the numbers for 2018.

Total labor force for the County in 2018 is 622,199 and in 2009 was 553,753.

(2) Information for 2018 was used because the 2019 information was not available.

		Percentage of
		Total County
Employees	Rank	Employment
15,000 — 19,999	1	2.71 % — 3.61%
10,000 — 14,999	3	1.81 % — 2.71%
15,000 — 19,999	1	2.71 % — 3.61%
5,000 — 6,999	6	0.90 % — 1.26%
4,000 — 4,999	8	0.72 % — 0.90%
7,000 — 9,999	4	1.26 % — 1.81%
3,000 — 3,999	9	0.54 % — 0.72%
5,000 — 6,999	6	0.90 % — 1.26%
7,000 — 9,999	4	1.26 % — 1.81%
2,000 — 2,999	14	0.36 % — 0.54%
3,000 3,999	9	0.54 % — 0.72%
2,000 — 2,999	14	0.36 % — 0.54%
3,000 — 3,999	9	0.54 % — 0.72%
3,000 — 3,999	9	0.54 % — 0.72%
3,000 — 3,999	9	0.54 % — 0.72%

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

SALT LAKE COUNTY Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees By Function (1) Last Ten Years

Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General government	306.2	299.3	305.8	296.6	316.6	302.2	273.5	288.9	308.4	314.3
Public safety and criminal justice	1,221.6	1,212.9	1,192.2	1,219.9	1,129.2	1,150.8	1,122.9	1,159.2	1,236.0	1,266.8
Social services	463.4	472.2	412.0	422.5	418.9	406.8	433.5	397.5	408.3	422.6
Education, recreation and cultural	1,075.2	1,169.8	1,222.4	1,246.9	1,202.3	1,177.8	1,241.3	1,270.2	1,309.5	1,305.9
Health and regulatory	428.1	440.3	436.6	435.6	436.8	434.8	466.0	455.0	454.8	457.0
Public works	176.3	182.9	187.6	189.8	175.8	177.7	181.5	174.7	164.6	164.6
Tax administration	180.7	186.2	182.5	180.1	178.0	175.3	169.5	174.3	177.2	178.6
Golf, landfill, and sanitation (2)	153.9	162.3	167.9	127.7	125.3	123.4	124.5	125.9	128.9	125.7
Internal service	125.5	128.5	133.7	133.6	127.1	120.4	121.1	119.5	123.6	123.7
Total	4,130.9	4,254.4	4,240.7	4,252.6	4,110.0	4,069.2	4,133.8	4,165.2	4,311.3	4,359.2

Source: Full-time equivalent query, Office of Financial Administration, Salt Lake County Mayor's Office.

Note: (1) Source is Salt Lake County PeopleSoft Human Capital Management system.
(2) Effective January 1, 2013, all employees who formerly worked for the County Sanitation became employees of Wasatch Front Waste & Recycling District.

Operating Indicators By Organization

Last Ten Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
ORGANIZATION										
Aging Services:										
Meals on Wheels served to homebound	341,816	351,316	353,882	364,461	380,974	374,054	345,764	315,960	315,111	337,395
Meals on Wheels delivered by volunteers	37.0 %	32.0 %	33.0 %	31.0 %	31.0 %	33.0 %	36.0 %	41.0 %	44.0 %	41.0 %
Congregate meals served in Senior Centers	168,316	172,653	181,334	200,419	206,124	222,203	211,700	191,021	199,476	197,701
Frail adults able to stay home rather										
than being admitted to a nursing home	416	727	460	440	555	540	550	539	509	565
Volunteer hours reported	463,572	431,630	433.915	336,928	353,083	302,958	339,813	333,269	341,898	304,839
Auditor: (3)										
Key control audits and special projects	20	24	48	144	120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Performance Audits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3	1	_	_	_
Financial and Internal Control Audits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3	3	5	11	21
Cash and Asset Management Compliance	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	46	9	18	30	3
Audits										
Special Investigations/Special Projects	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9	13	4	3	3
Community Resources and Development:	1.42	121		2	4	-	-		50	100
Low-income housing units completed	143	131	_	2	4	5	5	2	58	100
Improvements completed to low-income housing units	301	202	433	357	419	183	349	229	132	150
Citizens receiving benefits from SSBG (5)	66,838	41,429	49,148	44,997	34,108	24,576	21,137	14,423	15,685	2,861
Criminal Justice:	00,838	41,429	49,140	44,777	34,106	24,370	21,137	14,423	13,063	2,001
Pretrial Services:										
Clients screened at jail	34,762	34,180	35,258	34,568	36,197	37,619	29,862	35,396	34,658	32,249
Releases by screeners	5,378	4,595	10,107	9,567	9,382	8,122	5,317	6,051	6.437	7,194
Supervision clients served	6,403	5,484	4,804	4,339	4,718	4,912	3,717	3,447	4,041	4,928
Probation Services:	0,103	5,101	1,001	1,557	1,710	1,712	3,717	3,117	1,011	1520
Probation clients served:	4,925	4,789	5,034	5,148	5,408	4,380	3,747	3,378	3,437	3,898
ISP Clients Served	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	54	232	321	470	439
Drug Court:										
Drug court clients (misdemeanor and	1,208	1,071	915	737	666	542	516	680	837	774
ASAP Court Clients Served	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	59	70	58	52	42
Treatment Client Contact Hours (6)	49,701	34,308	31,077	27,005	34,092	30,709	26,529	25,508	13,257	_
(thrpy, psycho-ed, indiv)										
Assessment Services:										
Pre-sentence report (PSR) referrals										
received	1,244	1,056	708	788	901	1,430	1,034	743	807	673
Assessment report referrals received	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	528	2,066	3,227	3,090	3,281
District Attorney:										
Civil Attorneys hours for Salt Lake County										
divisions (1)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	33,473	29,606	25,935	25,441	21,195	16,172
Cases received from Law Enforcement for										
screening (1)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	15,755	17,047	17,335	18,369	18,516	18,636
Children's Justice Center (2)	1,576	1,341	1,586	1,314	1,592	1,674	1,505	1,549	1,636	1,765
Flood Control:	1,570	1,511	1.500	1,511	1,572	1,071	1,505	1,517	1,050	1,705
Debris basins cleaned	14	16	15	14	14	12	15	10	11	9
Stream channels cleared (miles)	130	166	173	191	167	187	177	162	185	185
Health:				-,-						
Food inspections completed	6,725	6,818	6,451	6,826	7,976	7,414	7,402	8,099	9,272	9,138
Permit suspensions due to health hazards	0.3 %	0.7 %	1.1 %	1.9 %	0.9 %	1.5 %	1.0 %	0.9 %	0.7 %	0.9 %
Tobacco sale compliance checks - tobacco										
sold to minors	5.0 %	5.0 %	7.7 %	8.8 %	9.2 %	9.7 %	9.6 %	0.9 %	4.8 %	10.5 %
WIC food vouchers redeemed	\$ 14,864,758	\$ 15,480,090	\$ 14,939,251	\$ 14,571,821	\$ 13 363 300	\$ 12,998,273	\$ 12,439,170	\$ 11,962,496	\$ 10,809,285	\$ 9,787,314
Average WIC clients served (monthly):	, ,,,,,	,,	,,1	,- / 1,021	,05,500	,///,=/J	,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,507,205	,,
Women	6,767	6,264	6,440	6,009	5,855	5,254	4,900	4,527	4,170	3,644
Children	14,036	13,905	13,669	12,595	12,147	11,220	10,643	9,310	9.387	8,104
Infants	7,102	5,821	5,883	5,638	5,518	5,071	4,796	4,547	4,235	3,780
Total	27,905		25,992		23,520	21,545	20,339	18,384	17,792	15,528
i Otai	27,903	25,990	43,994	24,242	23,320	21,343	20,339	10,304	17,792	13,348

Sources: Various County government organizations.

⁽¹⁾ District Attorney did not report "Civil attorneys hours" and "Cases received from law enforcement" before 2014.

⁽²⁾ Number of clients served at Children's Justice Center moved from Youth Services to District Attorney.

(3) Auditor requested a more detailed breakout of activity type beginning in 2015.

(4) As of 2018, the UPDES program is no longer required to sample storm events or monitor stations as a result of a new permit status.

⁽⁵⁾ As of 2019, the United Way 2-1-1 Information & Referral Line program was not funded.

⁽⁶⁾ As of 2019, Criminal Justice Services stopped performing treatment.

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
ORGANIZATION (CONTINUED)										
Library:										
Library materials circulated	15,706,171	16,126,662	16,192,314	15,568,915	15,545,217	15,354,704	14,660,789	13,730,775	13,270,152	12,985,382
Visitors	4,631,359	4,639,639	4,582,534	4,388,104	4,151,586	3,853,980	3,678,891	3,498,793	3,310,740	3,160,709
Library program attendance	237,057	254,446	271,616	228,389	355,215	337,343	442,071	379,103	393,782	393,557
Public meeting room use	11,255	12,681	13,215	16,864	15,152	16,590	16,989	18,104	21,096	22,320
Computer sessions	898,061	909,109	875,756	797,497	750,462	618,008	569,434	499,878	470,027	401,594
Active library patrons	618,923	610,945	621,724	565,421	582,220	595,109	602,652	614,445	598,466	619,142
New library patrons	43,722	42,987	52,946	49,595	40,894	39,579	38,339	37,932	38,203	37,573
Mayor Financial Administration:										
General obligation bond rating	AAA	AAA	AAA	AAA	AAA	AAA	AAA	AAA	AAA	AAA
Journal vouchers reviewed and processed	5,999	6,456	7,078	7,499	5,967	6,022	6,076	6,580	7,077	7,072
General warrants, electronic payments and	,	ĺ	,	,	,	,	Í	,	,	1
AP pay cards processed	30,607	28,261	28,211	25,324	25,794	22,090	21,782	22,942	25,061	23,436
Payroll direct deposit issued	130,405	145,456	146,041	142,260	139,057	134,164	137,709	142,364	151,413	156,177
Payroll warrants issued	9,337	1,005	1,389	2,162	9,739	13,877	13,254	12,621	10,341	13,616
W-2s issued annually	9,195	8,816	8,870	8,872	8,837	9,032	9,368	9,778	9,809	9,770
Mental Health:	,,,,,,	0,010	0,070	0,072	0,057	,,032	>,500	,,,,,	,,,,,,	2,770
Clients served	17,596	16,142	14,748	15,499	15,517	15,381	16,794	16,250	16,950	15,396
Severe and persistently mentally ill adults (SPMI)	17,000	10,1.2	1 1,7 10	10,.,,	10,017	10,501	10,77	10,200	10,,,,,	15,570
served	8,603	8,536	8,037	8,014	8,456	8,382	8,534	8,526	8,411	7,998
Severely emotionally disturbed youth (SED)	4,644	4,578	3,997	4,066	4,205	4,168	4,153	4,127	3,330	3,640
Average cost per SPMI/SED client	\$ 3,820	\$ 4,128	\$ 3,716	\$ 3,848	\$ 3,814	\$ 4,058	\$ 3,936	\$ 4,160	\$ 4,233	\$ 4,352
Public Works Engineering:	φ 5,020	Ψ 4,120	\$ 5,710	ŷ 5,0 1 0	\$ 5,014	J 4,030	\$ 5,750	φ 4,100	Ψ 4,233	Ψ 4,332
Sidewalks constructed (feet)	3,500	1,908	1,500	3,780	9,330	7,473	15,234	19,926	3,990	12,322
Driver feedback signs installed	13	1,508	20	5,780	2,330	7,473	13,234	19,920	3,770	8
Public Works Operations:	13	10	20	0	2	7				8
Roads resurfaced (miles)	19	48	48	32	57	45	37	19	15	26
ADA ramps installed	81	47	49	106	56	84	46	40	82	66
Behavioral Health Services:	01	47	49	100	30	04	40	40	02	00
Clients served (unduplicated)	7,029	6,759	7,193	8,172	8,158	7,491	7,214	7,394	8,283	7,624
	7,029	0,739	7,193	6,1/2	8,138	7,491	7,214	7,394	0,283	7,024
Type of treatment (unduplicated):	9 %	8 %	8 %	9 %	11.0/	10.0/	10 %	13 %	11.0/	14 %
Residential	22 %	21 %	20 %	19 %	11 % 23 %	10 % 20 %	21 %	19 %	11 % 18 %	14 %
Intensive outpatient and day treatment	26 %			36 %			36 %			34 %
Outpatient		24 %	28 %		34 %	37 %		35 %	38 %	
Detoxification	43 %	47 %	44 %	36 %	32 %	33 %	33 %	33 %	33 %	33 %
Youth Services:										
Youth served by:	2.050	2 201	2.710	2.511	2 220	2.260	1.010	2 0 4 2	1.005	2.020
Crisis Intake and Counseling	3,950	3,291	2,710	2,511	2,329	2,268	1,910	2,043	1,985	2,020
Hours of direct service counseling provided	13,642	11,235	13,186	11,286	15,789	13,371	13,223	10,674	10,266	9,994
Emergency Residential Group Homes	442	482	508	480	521	600	609	724	561	645
Substance Abuse Prevention	5,338	1,124	6,619	6,983	7,052	6,096	6,594	6,112	7,845	9,237
Substance Abuse Treatment	333	360	453	444	390	273	299	252	210	279
FAST program (Mental Health Counseling)	N/A	N/A	N/A	45	48	43	41	65	50	103
Milestone homeless youth transition program	N/A	N/A	N/A	12	33	26	38	54	32	34
Afterschool programs	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,346	2,313	3,366	2,275	2,862	2,425	2,664
Utah Pollutant Discharge Elimination System:										
Storms sampled (4)	2	2	2	1	1	3	4	3	N/A	N/A
Stations monitored (4)	5	5	4	3	2	4	4	4	N/A	N/A
Public information and education events staffed	19	11	8	8	10	1	2	1	2	2

Capital Asset Statistics

Last Ten Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Highways and streets:										
Traffic signals (1)	27	27	28	28	29	31	31	19	19	19
Street lights (1)	3,920	4,181	3,937	3,860	3,816	3,834	3,588	275	276	307
Miles of road (1) (2)	478	487	490	495	494	471	473	205	149	170
Recreation:										
Neighbor Parks	27	27	27	18	18	20	20	5	5	5
Community Parks (2)	34	34	34	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Regional Parks (3)	15	15	15	88	88	88	88	77	77	77
Golf Courses	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Pools/Aquatic Centers	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	18
Recreation Centers	19	21	21	21	21	21	17	17	17	17
Ice Centers	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Public Libraries	17	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Convention Centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fine Arts Facilities	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4
Planetarium	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: Salt Lake County Website and Salt Lake County Departments

Note: (1) In 2017, Metro Townships and Millcreek took ownership of their roads, streetlights, etc.

Since 2013, community parks were turned into regional parks.
In 2017, regional parks that were part of the same larger area were combined. (Examples: Bonneville Shoreline Trail, Parley's Trail, Jordan (2) (3) River Trail)