

BEN MCADAMS Salt Lake County Mayor

MAYOR'S FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

DARRIN CASPER
Deputy Mayor/
Chief Financial Officer

Thursday, July 5, 2018

Via electronic submission to EMMA (Electronic Municipal Market Access; http:///www.emma.msrb.org)

Re:Continuing Disclosure Undertaking of Salt Lake County, Utah and the Municipal Building Authority of Salt Lake County, Utah

EMMA:

In accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b)(5)(i)(A) of Rule 15c2–12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Rule"), Salt Lake County, Utah (the "County") and the Municipal Building Authority of Salt Lake County, Utah (the "Authority"), files the Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum of the County and the Authority dated on or before July 18, 2018 (the "2018 SCDM") and the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2017 (the "2017 CAFR"). This letter, the 2018 SCDM and the 2017 CAFR constitute the annual financial information and operating data concerning the County and the Authority to be filed in compliance with the County's and the Authority's obligation under certain disclosure agreements entered relating to the offering of the following securities (in order of issuance and identified by CUSIP® number) described in the following Official Statements:

Securities (CUSIP®)	Official Statement
79567T AW5, AX3, AY1, AZ8, BA2, BB0, BC8, BD6, BE4, BF1 and BG9	\$23,925,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Excise Tax Road Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2017, dated November 29, 2017
795676 UH6, UJ2, UK9, UL7, UM5, UN3, UP8, UQ6, UR4, US2, UT0, UU7, UV5, UW3 and UX1	\$29,345,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2017B, dated October 18, 2017
79560Q CK2, CL0, CM8, CN6, CP1, CQ9, CR7, CS5, CT3, CU0, CV8, CW6, CX4, CY2, CZ9, DA3, DB1, DC9 and DD7	\$44,230,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds Series 2017, dated July 11, 2017
795676 TW5, TX3, TY1, TZ8, UA1, UB9, UC7, UD5, UE3 and UF0	\$39,125,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Recreation Bonds Series 2017, dated June 21, 2017
795685 FQ4, FR2, FS0, FT8, FU5, FV3, FW1, FX9, FY7, FZ4, GA8, GB6, GC4 and GD2	\$38,520,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2017B, dated March 1, 2017
795685 FJ0, FK7, FL5, FM3, FN1 and FP6	\$13,550,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Federally Taxable Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2017A, dated March 1, 2017



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MAYOR'S FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

DARRIN CASPER
Deputy Mayor/
Chief Financial Officer

Securities (CUSIP®)	Official Statement
795676 SW6, SX4, SY2, SZ9, TA3, TB1, TC9, TD7, TE5, TF2 and TG0	\$27,885,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bonds Series 2016, dated October 20, 2016
795676 SA4, SB2, SC0, SD8, SE6, SF3, SG1, SH9, SJ5, SK2, SL0, SM8, SN6, SP1, SQ9, SR7, SS5 and ST3	\$22,000,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds Series 2015B, dated December 23, 2015
795676 RM9, RN7, RP2, RQ0, RR8, RS6, RT4, RU1, RV9 and RW7	\$13,925,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2015A, dated May 27, 2015
795685 EQ5, ER3, ES1, ET9, EU6, EV4, EW2, EX0, EY8, EZ5, FA9, FB7, FC5, FD3, FE1, FF8 and FG6	\$30,000,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2014, dated December 23, 2014
79567T AE5, AF2, AG0, AH8, AJ4, and AK1	\$38,600,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds Series 2014, dated January 7, 2014
795676 QU2, QV0, QW8, QX6 and QY4	\$25,000,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds Series 2013, dated November 13, 2013
795676 QK4, QL2 and QM0	\$38,165,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Federally Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2012B, dated November 8, 2012
795685 EE2, EF9, EG7, EH5, EJ1, EK8 and EL6	\$43,725,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2012A, dated June 20, 2012
795676 PN9, PP4, PQ2, PR0, PS8, PT6, PU3, PV1, PW9, PX7, PY5, PZ2, QA6 and QB4	\$14,600,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds Series 2012, dated January 24, 2012
795676 PB5	\$10,645,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2011B, dated August 4, 2011
795676 NF8 and NG6	\$25,000,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds Series 2011A, dated March 8, 2011



BEN MCADAMS Salt Lake County Mayor

MAYOR'S FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

DARRIN CASPER Deputy Mayor/ Chief Financial Officer

Securities (CUSIP®)	Official Statement
	\$33,020,000
	Salt Lake County, Utah
795685	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds
DL7, DM5, DN3, DP8, DR4, DS2, DT0,	(Federally Taxable-Direct Pay-Build America Bonds)
DU7, DV5, DQ6, DW3, and DX1	Series 2010D, dated November 9, 2010
	\$57,635,000
	Salt Lake County, Utah

\$16,905,000

Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds

79569T AA1, AB9, AC7, AD5 and AE3.....

(Federally Taxable-Direct Pay-Build America Bonds) Series 2010B, dated October 7, 2010

Salt Lake County, Utah 79569T Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds AK9 Series 2010A, dated October 7, 2010

\$8,855,000 Salt Lake County, Utah 795685 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds DB9 and DC7 Series 2010A, dated August 25, 2010

Salt Lake County, Utah 795676 General Obligation Bonds

(Federally Taxable-Direct Pay-Build America Bonds) MK8, ML6, MM4, MN2, MP7, MQ5, MR3, MS1, MT9, MU6, MV4 and MW2..... Series 2010B, dated February 17, 2010

\$14,450,000

\$58,390,000 Municipal Building Authority of SL County, Utah Lease Revenue Bonds

795681 (Federally Taxable-Direct Pay-Build America Bonds) GG4, GH2, GJ8, GK5, GL3 and GM1 Series 2009B, dated December 29, 2009

\$18,625,000 Salt Lake County, Utah 795676 General Obligation Bonds

LP8, LQ6, LR4, LS2, LT0, LU7, LV5, (Federally Taxable-Direct Pay-Build America Bonds)

LW3, LX1, LY9 and LZ6..... Series 2009B, dated October 8, 2009

\$11,375,000

Salt Lake County, Utah 795676 General Obligation Bonds

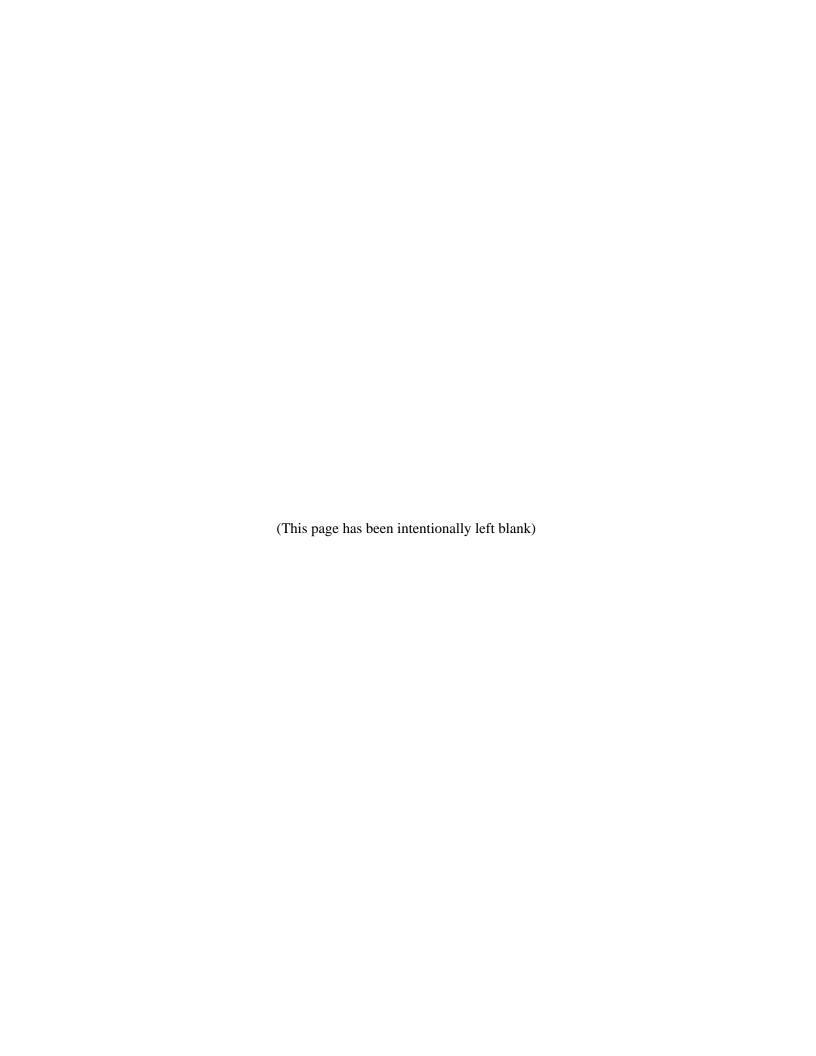
Series 2009A, dated October 8, 2009

From the County's and the Authority's last annual disclosure filing on EMMA (filed on July 14, 2017) to the date of the 2018 SCDM submitted herewith, no event described in paragraph (b) (5) (i) (c) of the Rule has occurred that is required to be disclosed with respect to any of the above-described securities.

Sincerely

Salt Lake County, Utah

Darrin Casper, Deputy Mayor/Chief Financial Officer



Supplemental

Continuing Disclosure Memorandum

Summary of Debt Structure and Financial Information SEC Rule 15c2–12

For

Salt Lake County, Utah

and the

Municipal Building Authority of Salt Lake County, Utah

Filed with

Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA)

http://www.emma.msrb.org

Submitted and dated as of July 5, 2018 (Annual submission required on or before July 18, 2018)

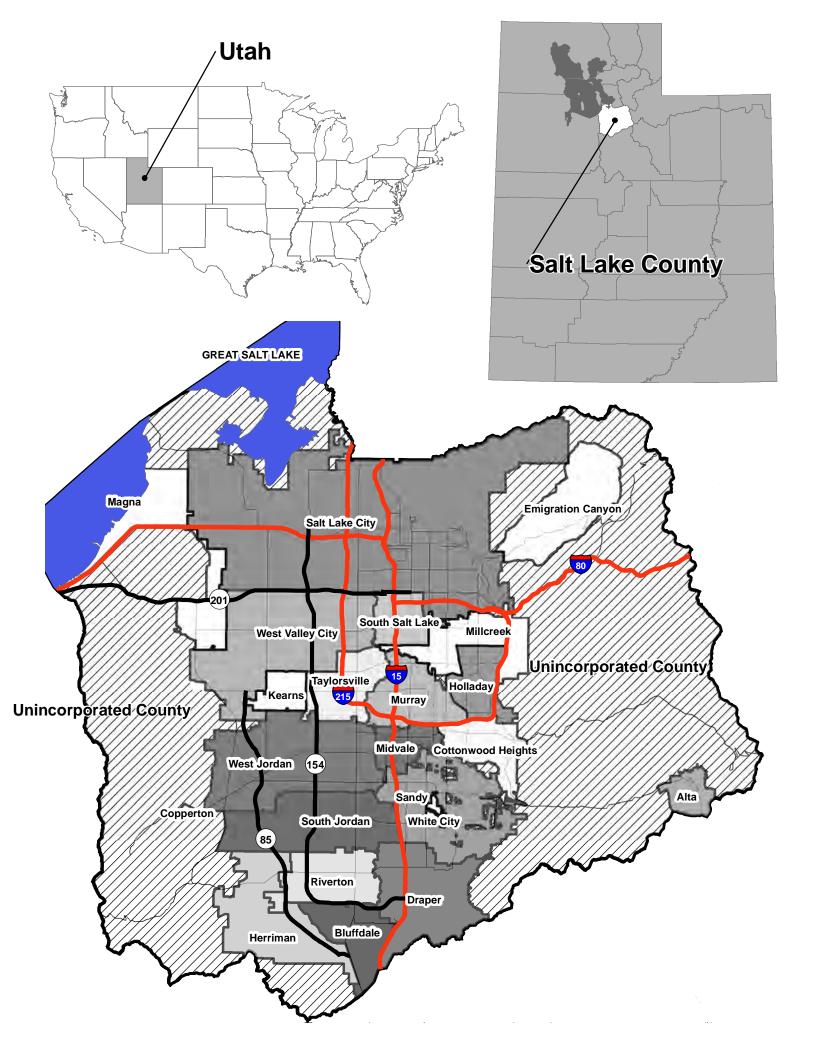


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SUPPLEMENTAL CONTINUING DISLCOSURE MEMORANDUM

Salt Lake County, Utah

Salt Lake County, Utah (the "County"), incorporated in 1896, covers an area of approximately 737 square miles and is in the north central portion of the State of Utah (the "State"). The County is bordered on the west by the Great Salt Lake and the Oquirrh Mountains and on the east by the Wasatch Mountains. The County had 1,135,649 residents per the 2017 U.S. Census Bureau estimates, ranking the County as the most populated county in the State (out of 29 counties). Based on 2017 U.S. Census Bureau population estimates, the County has approximately 37% of the total population of the State. Salt Lake City, Utah is the County seat and the capital city of the State.

The County's main administration building is in Salt Lake City, Utah and the County maintains a website at http://www.slco.org. The information available at this website is provided by the County during its normal operations and has not been reviewed for accuracy or completeness. Such information is not a part of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum.

When used herein the terms "Fiscal Year[s] 20YY" or "Fiscal Year[s] End[ed][ing] December 31, 20YY" shall refer to the year beginning on January 1 and ending on December 31 of the year indicated.

Contact Persons for the County

As of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum, the chief contact person for the County and the Municipal Building Authority of Salt Lake County, Utah (the "Authority") concerning municipal debt of the County is:

Darrin Casper, Deputy Mayor/Chief Financial Officer, dcasper@slco.org

Salt Lake County

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(PO Box 144575)

Salt Lake City UT 84114-4575

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The Issues

The County is providing continuing disclosure on general obligation bonds, lease revenue bonds (issued by the Authority), sales tax revenue bonds, transportation tax revenue bonds, excise tax road revenue bonds and a sale tax revenue (TRCC) bond.

General Obligation Bonds (CUSIP®795676; issued by the County)

See "DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CUSIP®795676) (page 3)

Lease Revenue Bonds (CUSIP®795681; issued by the Authority)

See "DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO LEASE REVENUE BONDS ISSUED BY THE AUTHORITY (CUSIP®795681) (page 41)

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Sales Tax Revenue Bonds (CUSIP®795685; issued by the County)

See "DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO SALES TAX REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®795685) (page 44)

Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds (CUSIP®79569T; issued by the County)

See "DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO TRANSPORTATION TAX REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®79569T) (page 53)

Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds (CUSIP®79567T; issued by the County)

See "DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO EXCISE TAX ROAD REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®79567T) (page 59)

Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds (CUSIP®79560Q; issued by the County)

See "DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO SALES TAX REVENUE (TRCC) BONDS (CUSIP®79560Q) (page 66)

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CUSIP®795676)

The County is providing disclosure on the following general obligation bonds.

1.

\$29,345,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017B

Bonds dated and issued on October 18, 2017

Background Information. The \$29,345,000, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017B (the "2017B GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity® electronic bidding system on October 4, 2017 to Raymond James & Associates, Inc., St. Petersburg, Florida at a "true interest rate" of 2.18%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2017B GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC") and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2017B GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2017B GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company N.A. ("BONY"), as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, initially DTC.

Redemption Provisions. The 2017B GO Bonds maturing on or after December 15, 2027 will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on June 15, 2027, and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County and by lot within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2017B GO Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$29,345,000 Original issue amount: \$29,345,000

Dated: October 18, 2017 Due: December 15, as shown below

Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2018	UH6	\$ 200,000	5.00%	2026	UR4	\$2,225,000	2.00%
2019	UJ2	225,000	5.00	2027	US2	2,300,000	2.10
2020	UK9	1,620,000	5.00	2028	UT0	2,325,000	2.30
2021	UL7	1,700,000	5.00	2029	UU7	2,400,000	2.45
2022	UM5	1,800,000	5.00	2030	UV5	2,425,000	2.60
2023	UN3	1,875,000	5.00	2031	UW3	1,825,000	2.70
2024	UP8	3,200,000	5.00	2032	UX1	1,875,000	2.80
2025	UQ6	3,350,000	2.00			, ,	

\$39,125,000

Salt Lake County, Utah

General Obligation Recreation Bonds, Series 2017

Bonds dated and issued on June 21, 2017

Background Information. The \$39,125,000, General Obligation Recreation Bonds, Series 2017 (the "2017 GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity® electronic bidding system on May 31, 2017 to J.P Morgan Securities LLC, New York, New York at a "true interest rate" of 1.53%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2017 GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2017 GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2017 GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, initially DTC.

No Optional Redemption. The 2017 Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$39,125,000 Original issue amount: \$39,125,000

Dated: June 21, 2017 Due: December 15, as shown below

Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	TW5 TX3 TY1 TZ8 UA1	\$7,375,000 7,925,000 2,500,000 2,625,000 2,750,000	5.00% 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00	2023	UB9 UC7 UD5 UE3 UF0	\$2,875,000 3,025,000 3,175,000 3,350,000 3,525,000	5.00% 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00

3.

\$27,885,000

Salt Lake County, Utah

General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2016

Bonds dated and issued on October 20, 2016

Background Information. The \$27,887,000, General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (the "2016 GO Crossover Refunding Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale on September 8, 2016 to Wells Fargo Securities, New York, New York, at a "true interest rate" of 1.61%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2016 GO Crossover Refunding Bonds are fully–registered bonds in book–entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2016 GO Crossover Refunding Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2016 GO Crossover Refunding Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, initially DTC.

No Redemption Provisions. The 2016 GO Crossover Refunding Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$27,885,000 Original issue amount: \$27,885,000

Dated: October 20, 2016 Due: December 15, as shown below

			Original				Original
Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest	Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest
December 15	795676	Amount	Rate	December 15	795676	Amount	Rate
2019	SW6	\$2,130,000	5.00%	2025	TC9	\$2,590,000	5.00%
2020	SX4	2,110,000	4.00	2026	TD7	2,720,000	5.00
2021	SY2	2,195,000	4.00	2027	TE5	2,860,000	5.00
2022	SZ9	2,285,000	4.00	2028	TF2	3,000,000	5.00
2023	TA3	2,375,000	4.00	2029	TG0	3,150,000	5.00
2024	TB1	2,470,000	5.00				

4.

\$22,000,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015B

Bonds dated and issued on December 23, 2015

Background Information. The \$22,000,000, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015B (the "2015B GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity[®] electronic bidding system on December 8, 2015 to Morgan Stanley & Co., LLC, New York, New York at a "true interest rate" of 2.60%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2015B GO Bonds are fully–registered bonds in book–entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2015B GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2015B GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, initially DTC.

Optional Redemption. The 2015B Bonds maturing on or after December 15, 2025 will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on June 15, 2025, and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County and by lot within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2015B Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$20,415,000 Original issue amount: \$22,000,000

Dated: December 23, 2015 Due: December 15, as shown below

Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Original Interest	Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Original Interest
December 15	795676	Amount	Rate	December 15	795676	Amount	Rate
2018	SA4	\$ 845,000	5.00	2027	SK2	\$1,145,000	3.00%
2019	SB2	885,000	5.00	2028	SL0	1,180,000	2.75
2020	SC0	930,000	2.00	2029	SM8	1,210,000	3.00
2021	SD8	950,000	2.00	2030	SN6	1,250,000	3.00
2022	SE6	970,000	2.00	2031	SP1	1,285,000	3.00
2023	SF3	990,000	5.00	2032	SQ9	1,325,000	3.00
2024	SG1	1,035,000	5.00	2033	SR7	1,365,000	3.00
2025	SH9	1,090,000	2.00	2034	SS5	1,405,000	3.00
2026	SJ5	1,110,000	3.00	2035	ST3	1,445,000	3.00

5.

\$13,925,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A

Bonds dated and issued on May 27, 2015

Background Information. The \$13,925,000, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A (the "2015A GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity® electronic bidding system on May 12, 2015 to Fifth Third Securities, Inc., Cincinnati, Ohio, at a "true interest rate" of 2.39%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2015A GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2015A GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2015A GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, initially DTC.

Optional Redemption. The 2015A GO Bonds maturing on or after December 15, 2025 will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on June 15, 2024, and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County and by lot within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2015A GO Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$13,735,000 Original issue amount: \$13,925,000

Dated: May 27, 2015 Due: December 15, as shown below

			Original				Original
Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest	Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest
December 15	795676	Amount	Rate	December 15	795676	Amount	Rate
2018	RM9	\$1,105,000	5.00%	2023	RS6	\$1,410,000	5.00%
2019	RN7	1,145,000	5.00	2024	RT4	1,475,000	5.00
2020	RP2	1,200,000	5.00	2025	RU1	1,540,000	3.00
2021	RQ0	1,265,000	5.00	2026	RV9	1,595,000	3.00
2022	RR8	1,350,000	5.00	2027	RW7	1,650,000	3.00

6.

\$25,000,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013

Bonds dated and issued on November 13, 2013

Background Information. The \$25,000,000, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013 (the "2013 GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity[®] electronic bidding system on October 30, 2013 to J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., New York, New York, at a "true interest rate" of 3.27%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2013 GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2013 GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2013 GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, initially DTC.

Optional Redemption. The 2013 GO Bonds maturing on or before June 15, 2023, are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The 2013 GO Bonds maturing on or after June 15, 2024, were refunded by the 2017B GO Bonds.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$5,460,000 Original issue amount: \$25,000,000

Dated: November 13, 2013 Due: June 15, as shown below

			Original				Original
Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest	Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest
June 15	795676	Amount	Rate	June 15	795676	Amount	Rate
2019	QU2	\$ 985,000	5.00 %	2027	RC1	\$1,435,000	4.00%
2020	QV0	1,035,000	5.00	2028	RD9	1,495,000	4.00
2021	QW8	1,090,000	5.00	2029	RE7	1,555,000	4.00
2022	QX6	1,145,000	5.00	2030	RF4	1,620,000	4.00
2023	QY4	1,205,000	5.00	2031	RG2	1,685,000	4.00
2024	QZ1	1,265,000	5.00	2032	RH0	1,755,000	4.00
2025	RA5	1,330,000	5.00	2033	RJ6	1,825,000	4.00
2026	RB3	1,385,000	3.125				

(strikethrough) These bonds have been refunded by the 2017B GO Bonds.

\$38,165,000

Salt Lake County, Utah

Federally Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B

Bonds dated and issued on November 8, 2012

Background Information. The \$38,165,000, Federally Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B (the "2012B GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity® electronic bidding system on October 25, 2012, to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, Charlotte, North Carolina; at a "true interest rate" of 1.47%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2012B GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2012B GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2012B GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, initially DTC.

No Optional Redemption. The 2012B GO Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$16,645,000 Original issue amount: \$38,165,000

Dated: November 8, 2012 Due: June 15, as shown below

			Original
Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest
June 15	795676	Amount	Rate
2019	QK4	\$6,645,000	1.50%
2020	QL2	5,325,000	1.80
2021	QM0	4,675,000	1.95

8.

\$14,600,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012

Bonds dated and issued on January 24, 2012

Background Information. The \$14,600,000, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012 (the "2012 GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity[®] electronic bidding system on January 10, 2012, to Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Los Angeles, California at a "true interest rate" of 2.27%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2012 GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2012 GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2012 GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, initially DTC.

Optional Redemption. The 2012 GO Bonds maturing on or after December 15, 2022 are subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on December 15, 2021 (the "2012 GO Bonds First Redemption Date") and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and at random within each maturity if less than the full amount

of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2012 GO Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date. The 2012 GO Bonds maturing on or prior to the 2012 GO Bonds First Redemption Date are not subject to optional redemption.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$10,800,000 Original issue amount: \$14,600,000

Dated: January 24, 2012 Due: December 15, as shown below

			Original				Original
Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest	Due	CUSIP ®	Principal	Interest
December 15	795676	Amount	Rate	December 15	795676	Amount	Rate
							_
2018	PN9	\$670,000	2.00	2025	PV1	\$770,000	2.25 %
2019	PP4	685,000	2.00	2026	PW9	790,000	2.50
2020	PQ2	695,000	2.00	2027	PX7	810,000	2.50
2021	PR0	715,000	2.00	2028	PY5	830,000	2.50
2022	PS8	740,000	2.00	2029	PZ2	850,000	2.625
2023	PT6	745,000	2.00	2030	QA6	870,000	2.75
2024	PU3	755,000	2.00	2031	QB4	875,000	2.75

9.

\$10,645,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011B

Bonds dated and issued on August 4, 2011

Background Information. The \$10,645,000, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011B (the "2011B GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale on July 21, 2011 to Morgan Stanley, New York, New York and Piper Jaffray, Portland, Oregon at a "true interest rate" of 1.43%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2011B GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2011B GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2011B GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, initially DTC.

No Redemption Provisions. The 2011B GO Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$1,285,000 Original issue amount: \$10,645,000

Dated: August 4, 2011 Due: December 15, as shown below

			Original
Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest
December 15	795676	Amount	Rate
2018	PB5	\$1,285,000	4.00%

\$25,000,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011A

Bonds dated and issued on March 8, 2011

Background Information. The \$25,000,000, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011A (the "2011A GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity[®] electronic bidding system on March 1, 2011, to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, Charlotte, North Carolina at a "true interest rate" of 3.19%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2011A GO Bonds are fully–registered bonds in book–entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for the DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2011A GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2011A GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, initially DTC.

Optional Redemption. The 2011A GO Bonds maturing on or after December 15, 2020 are subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on June 15, 2020. The callable portion of the 2011A GO Bonds were refunded by the 2017B Bonds.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$2,935,000 Original issue amount: \$25,000,000

Dated: March 8, 2011 Due: December 15, as shown below

Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2018	NF8 NG6 NH4 NJ0 NK7 NL5 NM3	\$1,445,000 1,490,000 1,540,000 1,585,000 1,625,000 1,680,000 1,735,000	3.00% 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.25 3.50	2025	NN1 NP6 NQ4 NR2 NS0 NT8	\$1,800,000 585,000 610,000 630,000 655,000 680,000	3.50% 3.75 3.75 4.00 4.00 4.00

(strikethrough) These bonds have been refunded by the 2017B GO Bonds.

11.

\$14,450,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010B

(Federally Taxable–Direct Pay–Build America Bonds)

Bonds dated and issued on February 17, 2010

Background Information. The \$14,450,000, General Obligation Bonds (Federally Taxable–Direct Pay–Build America Bonds), Series 2010B (the "2010B GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding received by means of the Parity® electronic bidding system on February 2, 2010, to M & I Marshall & Ilsley Bank, Milwaukee, Wisconsin; at a "true interest rate" of 3.16% (assuming federal subsidy interest payments). Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2010B GO Bonds were issued as fully–registered bonds in book–entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for the DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2010B GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2010B GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, initially DTC.

Optional Redemption. The 2010B GO Bonds maturing on or after December 15, 2019 are subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on June 15, 2019 (the "2010B GO Bonds Redemption Date") and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and at random within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2010B GO Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date. The 2010B GO Bonds maturing on or prior to the 2010B GO Bonds Redemption Date are not subject to optional redemption.

2016 Crossover Refunding Bonds. In October 2016, the County issued the 2016 GO Crossover Refunding Bonds, which bond proceeds were used to create an irrevocable trust escrow account (the "2016 Escrow Account"). Amounts in the 2016 Escrow Account shall be used to redeem the 2010B GO Bonds maturing on and after December 15, 2019 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof on June 15, 2019 (the "Crossover Date").

Extraordinary Event Optional Redemption of the 2010B GO Bonds. The 2010B GO Bonds will be subject to extraordinary redemption prior to their maturity at the option of the County, in whole or in part, upon the occurrence of an Extraordinary Event (as defined below), at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2010B GO Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

"Extraordinary Event" means a material adverse change to Section 54AA or 6431 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (as such Sections were added by Section 1531 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, pertaining to "Build America Bonds") pursuant to which the County's 35% cash subsidy payment from the United States Treasury is reduced or eliminated.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$14,450,000 Original issue amount: \$14,450,000

Dated: February 17, 2010 Due: December 15, as shown below

Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due December 15	CUSIP® 795676	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2010		4.027.000	4.0004	2024 (1)	1.000	4.21 0.000	4.5004
2018	MK8	\$1,025,000	4.00%	2024 (1)	MR3	\$1,210,000	4.70%
2019 (1)	ML6	1,050,000	4.15	2025 (1)	MS1	1,250,000	4.80
2020 (1)	MM4	1,080,000	4.30	2026 (1)	MT9	1,285,000	5.00
2021 (1)	MN2	1,110,000	4.40	2027 (1)	MU6	1,330,000	5.15
2022 (1)	MP7	1,140,000	4.50	2028 (1)	MV4	1,375,000	5.25
2023 (1)	MQ5	1,175,000	4.60	2029 (1)	MW2	1,420,000	5.35

⁽¹⁾ These bonds will be called and retired on June 15, 2019 (the Crossover Date), see in this section the paragraph "2016 Crossover Refunding Bonds" above.

\$18,625,000

Salt Lake County, Utah

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009B

$(Federally\ Taxable-Direct\ Pay-Build\ America\ Bonds)$

Bonds dated and issued on October 8, 2009

Background Information. The \$18,625,000, General Obligation Bonds (Federally Taxable–Direct Pay–Build America Bonds), Series 2009B (the "2009B GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale on September 22, 2009 to Robert W. Baird & Co., Milwaukee, Wisconsin and Wells Fargo Brokerage Services, LLC, Minneapolis, Minnesota; at a "true interest rate" of 3.30% (assuming federal interest subsidy payments). Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2009B GO Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2009B GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2009B GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, initially DTC.

Optional Redemption. The 2009B GO Bonds maturing on or after December 15, 2019 are subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on June 15, 2019 (the "2009B GO Bonds Redemption Date") and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and at random within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2009B GO Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

2016 Crossover Refunding Bonds. In October 2016 the County issued the 2016 GO Crossover Refunding Bonds, which bond proceeds were used to create the 2016 Escrow Account. Amounts in the 2016 Escrow Account shall be used to redeem the 2009B GO Bonds maturing on and after December 15, 2019 at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof on June 15, 2019 (the Crossover Date).

Extraordinary Event Optional Redemption of the 2009B GO Bonds. The 2009B GO Bonds will be subject to extraordinary redemption prior to their maturity at the option of the County, in whole or in part, upon the occurrence of an Extraordinary Event, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2009B GO Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$18,625,000 Original issue amount: \$18,625,000

Dated: October 8, 2010 Due: December 15, as shown below

			Original				Original
Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest	Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest
December 15	795676	Amount	Rate	December 15	795676	Amount	Rate
2019 (1)	LP8	\$1,450,000	4.40%	2025 (1)	LV5	\$1,735,000	5.05%
2020 (1)	LQ6	1,485,000	4.55	2026 (1)	LW3	1,790,000	5.20
2021 (1)	LR4	1,535,000	4.65	2027 (1)	LX1	1,850,000	5.30
2022 (1)	LS2	1,580,000	4.75	2028 (1)	LY9	1,915,000	5.40
2023 (1)	LT0	1,625,000	4.80	2029 (1)	LZ6	1,980,000	5.50
2024 (1)	LU7	1,680,000	4.95				

⁽¹⁾ These bonds will be called and retired on June 15, 2019 (the Crossover Date), see in this section the paragraph "2016 Crossover Refunding Bonds" above.

\$11,375,000 Salt Lake County, Utah General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009A

Bonds dated and issued on October 8, 2009

Background Information. The \$11,375,000, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009A (the "2009A GO Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale on September 22, 2009 to Robert W. Baird & Co., Milwaukee, Wisconsin and Wells Fargo Brokerage Services, LLC, Minneapolis, Minnesota; at a "true interest rate" of 2.11%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2009A GO Bonds are fully–registered bonds in book–entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2009A GO Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2009A GO Bonds (interest payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, initially DTC.

Redemption Provisions. The 2009A GO Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$1,405,000 Original issue amount: \$11,375,000

Dated: October 8, 2009 Due: December 15, as shown below

Duo	CUSIP®	Dringing!	Original Interest
Due	CCDII	Principal	Interest
December 15	795676	Amount	Rate
2018	LN3	\$1,405,000	3.00%

Debt Structure Of Salt Lake County, Utah

Outstanding General Obligation Bonded Indebtedness

The County has outstanding the following general obligation bonds (collectively, the "GO Bonds"), which GO Bonds are payable from proceeds of ad valorem taxes levied (without limitation as to rate or amount) on all ad valorem taxable property in the County.

		Original		Current
		Principal	Final	Principal
<u>Series (1)</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	Amount	Maturity Date	Outstanding
2017B	Refunding	\$29,345,000	December 15, 2032	\$ 29,345,000
2017	Recreation	39,125,000	December 15, 2027	39,125,000
2016	Refunding/crossover	27,885,000	December 15, 2029	27,885,000
2015B	Recreation/open space	22,000,000	December 15, 2035	20,415,000
2015A	Refunding	13,925,000	December 15, 2027	13,735,000
2013 (2)	Recreation/open space	25,000,000	June 15, 2023 (6)	5,460,000
2012B (3)	Refunding	38,165,000	June 15, 2021	16,645,000
2012	Zoo/aviary	14,600,000	December 15, 2031	10,800,000
2011B	Refunding	10,645,000	December 15, 2018	1,285,000
2011A (2)	Museum/aviary	25,000,000	December 15, 2019 (6)	2,935,000
2010B (4) (5)	Zoo (BABs)	14,450,000	June 15, 2019 (7)	14,450,000
2009B (4) (5)	Open space/aviary (BABs)	18,625,000	June 15, 2019 (7)	18,625,000
2009A	Open space/aviary	11,375,000	December 15, 2018	<u>1,405,000</u>
Total principal	amount of outstanding debt.			\$ <u>202,110,000</u>

⁽¹⁾ All bonds rated "AAA" by Fitch Ratings ("Fitch"); "Aaa" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's); and "AAA" by S&P Global Ratings ("S&P"), as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

⁽²⁾ Principal portions of this bond were refunded by the 2017B GO Bonds.

⁽³⁾ Issued as federally taxable bonds.

⁽⁴⁾ Federally taxable (direct pay, 35% issuer subsidy, Build America Bonds).

⁽⁵⁾ This bond to be refunded on the Crossover Date (June 15, 2019, the "Crossover Date").

⁽⁶⁾ Final maturity date after a portion of this bond were refunded by the 2017B GO Bonds.

⁽⁷⁾ Final maturity date after this bond is refunded from moneys received from the 2016 Escrow Account (created from bond proceeds from the 2016 GO Crossover Refunding Bonds) on the Crossover Date.

Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue Bonded Indebtedness

The County has outstanding the following sales tax revenue bonds (collectively, the "Sales Tax Revenue Bonds"). The Sales Tax Revenue Bonds are special limited obligations of the County, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of the revenues, moneys, securities and funds pledged therefore in the 2001 sales tax revenue indenture. The pledged revenues consist of all the revenues produced by a sales and use taxes levied by the County under the County Option Sales and Use Tax Act. The Sales Tax Revenue Bonds are not issued on a parity with the County's other sales or excise tax revenue bonds (as described herein).

		Original		Current		
		Principal	Final	Principal		
Series	<u>Purpose</u>	Amount	Maturity Date	Outstanding		
2017B (1)	Buildings/land	\$38,520,000	February 1, 2037	\$ 38,520,000		
2017A (1) (2)	Buildings/land	13,550,000	February 1, 2024	11,575,000		
2014 (1)	Buildings/land	30,000,000	February 1, 2035	26,970,000		
2012A (1)	Refunding	43,725,000	February 1, 2025	32,395,000		
2011 (3)	Solar energy/QECB	1,917,804	February 1, 2028	1,216,000		
2010D (1) (4)	Building (BABs)	33,020,000	November 1, 2035	28,155,000		
2010A (5)	Refund/storm drain	8,855,000	February 1, 2020	325,000		
Total principal amount of outstanding debt						

⁽¹⁾ Rated "AAA" by S&P and "AAA" by Fitch, as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Outstanding Transportation Tax Revenue Bonded Indebtedness

The County has outstanding the following transportation tax revenue bonds (collectively, the "Transportation Bonds"). The Transportation Bonds are special limited obligations of the County, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of the revenues, moneys, securities and funds pledged therefore in the 2010 transportation indenture. The pledged revenues consist of certain highway fund revenues received by the County pursuant to an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement with the State. The most significant source of highway fund revenues is certain transportation related sales taxes and fees collected within the County. The Transportation Bonds are not issued on a parity with the County's other sales or excise tax revenue bonds (as described herein).

		Original		Current
		Principal	Final	Principal
<u>Series (1)</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	Amount	Maturity Date	Outstanding
2010B (2)	Transportation (BABs)	\$57,635,000	August 15, 2025	\$57,635,000
2010A	Transportation	16,905,000	August 15, 2018	<u>5,845,000</u>
Total principal	amount of outstanding deb	ot		\$ <u>63,480,000</u>

⁽¹⁾ Rated "AAA" by Fitch and "AAA" by S&P, as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

⁽²⁾ Interest on these bonds is federally taxable.

⁽³⁾ Not rated; no rating applied for. Private placement; issued as "Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds (QECB)" with a 2.25% interest rate.

⁽⁴⁾ Federally taxable (direct pay, 35% issuer subsidy, Build America Bonds).

⁽⁵⁾ Rated "AAA" by S&P, as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum.

⁽²⁾ Federally taxable (direct pay, 35% issuer subsidy, Build America Bonds).

Outstanding Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonded Indebtedness

The County has outstanding the following excise tax revenue bonds (collectively, the "Excise Tax Bonds"). The Excise Tax Bonds are special limited obligations of the County, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of the revenues, moneys, securities and funds pledged therefore in the 2014 excise tax indenture. The pledged revenues consist of certain fee—in—lieu tax revenues and uniform fees collected in the County. The Excise Tax Bonds are not issued on a parity with the County's other sales tax revenue bonds (as described herein).

		Original		Current
		Principal	Final	Principal
Series	<u>Purpose</u>	Amount	Maturity Date	Outstanding
2017 (1)	Refunding	\$23,925,000	August 15, 2033	\$23,925,000
2014 (1) (2)	Roads	38,600,000	August 15, 2023 (3)	<u>9,595,000</u>
Total principal ar	nount of outstanding	g debt		\$ <u>33,520,000</u>

⁽¹⁾ Rated "AAA" by Fitch and "AAA" by S&P, as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonded Indebtedness

The County has outstanding the following sales tax revenue (TRCC) bond (the "TRCC Sales Tax Revenue Bonds"). The TRCC Sales Tax Revenue Bonds are special limited obligations of the County, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of the revenues, moneys, securities and funds pledged therefore in the 2017 sales tax (TRCC) indenture. The pledged revenues consist of revenues produced by the sales and use taxes levied by the County under the Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, Convention, and Airport Facilities Tax Act (related to restaurant, rental of motor vehicles, and transit room (hotel/motel) sales taxes). The TRCC Sales Tax Revenue Bonds are not issued on a parity with any of the County's other sales or excise tax revenue bonds (as described herein).

		Original		
		Principal	Final	Principal
Series	<u>Purpose</u>	Amount	Maturity Date	Outstanding
2017 (1)	Buildings	\$44,230,000	February 1, 2037	\$42,995,000

⁽¹⁾ Rated "AAA" by Fitch and "AA+" by S&P Global Ratings, as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

⁽²⁾ Principal portions of this bond will be refunded by the 2017 Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds.

⁽³⁾ Final maturity date after a portion of this bond will be refunded by the 2017 Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds.

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding General Obligation Bonds By Fiscal Year

						Series 2016				
Fiscal	Series	2017B	Series	s 2017	1		2016 Escrow	Series	2015B	
Year Ending		45,000		25,000	\$27,88		Account		00,000	
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Payment (1)	Principal	Interest	
2017	\$ 0	\$ 153,251	\$ 0	\$ 945,521	\$ 0	\$ 1,304,600	\$ (1,304,600)	\$ 805,000	\$ 685,450	
2018	200,000	967,900	7,375,000	1,956,250	0	1,304,600	(1,304,600)	845,000	645,200	
2019	225,000	957,900	7,925,000	1,587,500	2,130,000	1,304,600	(652,300)	885,000	602,950	
2020	1,620,000	946,650	2,500,000	1,191,250	2,110,000	1,198,100	_	930,000	558,700	
2021	1,700,000	865,650	2,625,000	1,066,250	2,195,000	1,113,700	_	950,000	540,100	
2022	1,800,000	780,650	2,750,000	935,000	2,285,000	1,025,900	-	970,000	521,100	
2023	1,875,000	690,650	2,875,000	797,500	2,375,000	934,500	_	990,000	501,700	
2024	3,200,000	596,900	3,025,000	653,750	2,470,000	839,500	_	1,035,000	452,200	
2025	3,350,000	436,900	3,175,000	502,500	2,590,000	716,000	_	1,090,000	400,450	
2026	2,225,000	369,900	3,350,000	343,750	2,720,000	586,500	_	1,110,000	378,650	
2027	2,300,000	325,400	3,525,000	176,250	2,860,000	450,500	_	1,145,000	345,350	
			3,525,666	170,200						
2028	2,325,000	277,100	-	-	3,000,000	307,500	-	1,180,000	311,000	
2029	2,400,000	223,625	-	_	3,150,000	157,500	_	1,210,000	278,550	
2030	2,425,000	164,825	_	_	_	-	_	1,250,000	242,250	
2031	1,825,000	101,775	_	_	_	_	_	1,285,000	204,750	
2032	1,875,000	52,500	-	-	-	-	-	1,325,000	166,200	
2033	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,365,000	126,450	
2034	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,405,000	85,500	
2035								1,445,000	43,350	
Totals	\$29,345,000	\$ 7,911,576	\$39,125,000	\$10,155,521	\$ 27,885,000	\$11,243,500	\$ (3,261,500)	\$ 21,220,000	\$ 7,089,900	
Fiscal	Series	2015A	Series	s 2013	Series	2012B	Series	2012	Series 2	2011B
Year Ending		25,000	\$25,0	00,000	\$38,16		\$14,60	00,000	\$10,64	5,000
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest (3)	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2017	\$ 0	\$ 591,050	\$ 895,000	\$ 656,291	\$ 6,490,000	\$ 396,295	\$ 660,000	\$ 261,675	\$ 2,055,000	\$ 133,600
	,	,,	,,							
2018	1,105,000	591,050	940,000	296,500	6,565,000	326,078	670,000	248,475	1,285,000	51,400
2019	1,145,000	535,800	985,000	248,375	6,645,000	236,850	685,000	235,075	_	_
2020	1,200,000	478,550	1,035,000	197,875	5,325,000	139,088	695,000	221,375	-	-
2021	1,265,000	418,550	1,090,000	144,750	4,675,000	45,581	715,000	207,475	-	-
2022	1,350,000	355,300	1,145,000	88,875	-	-	740,000	193,175	-	-
2023	1,410,000	287,800	1,205,000	30,125	_	_	745,000	178,375	_	-
2024	1,475,000	217,300	0	0 (2) –	_	755,000	163,475	_	_
2025	1,540,000	143,550	0	0 (2		_	770,000	148,375	_	_
2026	1,595,000	97,350	0	0 (2		_	790,000	131,050	_	_
2027	1,650,000	49,500	0	0 (2		_	810,000	111,300	_	_
	1,050,000	49,500								
2028	-	-	0	0 (2	*	-	830,000	91,050	-	-
2029	_	_	0	0 (2) –	_	850,000	70,300	_	_
2030	-	-	0	0 (2) –	-	870,000	47,988	_	_
2031			0	0 (2) –	_	875,000	24,063	_	_
	_	_	U	0 (2	,					
2032	_	_	0	0 (2		-	-	_	-	-
2032	-				-	-	_	_	_	-
	- - - -	- - -	0	0 (2	-	- - -			- - -	- - -
2033	- - - -	- - - -	0	0 (2	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
2033 2034	- - - - - \$13,735,000	- - - - \$ 3,765,800	0	0 (2	-	- - - - \$ 1,143,891	- - - - \$ 11,460,000	\$ 2,333,225	\$ 3,340,000	- - - - \$ 185,000

⁽¹⁾ Escrowed moneys for the payment of interest on the 2016 GO Bonds (from moneys held in the 2016 GO Escrow Account).

⁽²⁾ Principal and interest was refunded by the 2017B Bonds.

⁽³⁾ Issued as federally taxable bonds.

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding General Obligation Bonds By Fiscal Year-continued

Fiscal	Series	2011	A	Series	2010)B		Series 2	2010	A		Series	2009	В	Series	2009	A
Year Ending	\$25,00	00,00	0	\$14,4	50,00	00		\$7,550	,000			\$18,62	25,00	00	\$11,3	75,00	0
December 31	Principal	I	nterest	Principal	In	terest (2)		Principal	I	nterest		Principal	In	iterest (2)	Principal		Interest
2017	\$ 1,400,000	\$	352,169	\$ 0	\$	682,978	\$	1,000,000	\$	27,500	\$	0	\$	930,013	\$ 1,365,000	\$	79,688
2018	1,445,000		88,050	1,025,000		682,978		_		_		0		930,013	1,405,000		42,150
2019	1,490,000		44,700	1,050,000		641,978 (3)	_		_		1,450,000		930,013 (3)	_		_
2020	0		0(1)	1,080,000		598,403 (3)	_		_		1,485,000		866,213 (3)	_		-
2021	0		0(1)	1,110,000		551,963 (3)	_		_		1,535,000		798,645 (3)	_		-
2022	0		0(1)	1,140,000		503,123 (3)	_		_		1,580,000		727,268 (3)	-		-
2023	0		0(1)	1,175,000		451,823 (3)	_		-		1,625,000		652,218 (3)	-		-
2024	0		0(1)	1,210,000		397,773 (3)	_		-		1,680,000		574,218 (3)	-		-
2025	0		0(1)	1,250,000		340,903 (3)	_		-		1,735,000		491,058 (3)	-		-
2026	0		0(1)	1,285,000		280,903 (3)	_		-		1,790,000		403,440 (3)	_		_
2027	0		0(1)	1,330,000		216,653 (3)	_		-		1,850,000		310,360 (3)	-		-
2028	0		0 (1)	1,375,000		148,158 (_		-		1,915,000		212,310 (3)	-		-
2029	0		0 (1)	1,420,000		75,970 (3)	_		-		1,980,000		108,900 (3)	_		_
2030	0		0(1)	_		-		-		-		-		-	_		_
2031	-		-	_		-		-		-		-		-	_		_
2032	_		_	-		-		_		-		-		_	-		-
2033	_		_	-		-		_		-		-		_	-		-
2034	_		-	-		-		_		-		_		_	-		-
2035											_				 		
Totals	\$ 4,335,000	\$	484,919	\$14,450,000	\$ 5	5,573,605	\$	1,000,000	\$	27,500	\$	18,625,000	\$	7,934,668	\$ 2,770,000	\$	121,838

Fiscal	Series	s 200	8	Series 2	2007	(5)			Totals	
Year Ending	\$24,00	00,00	00	\$65,00	00,00	00		Total	Total	Total Debt
December 31	Principal		nterest	Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest (6)	Service
2017	\$ 1,125,000	\$	39,375	\$ 9,125,000	\$	228,125		\$ 24,920,000	\$ 6,162,979	\$ 31,082,979
2018	0		0 (4)	_		-		22,860,000	6,826,043	29,686,043
2019	0		0 (4)	_		-		24,615,000	6,673,441	31,288,441
2020	0		0 (4)	_		-		17,980,000	6,396,204	24,376,204
2021	0		0 (4)	_		-		17,860,000	5,752,664	23,612,664
2022	0		0 (4)	_		-		13,760,000	5,130,391	18,890,391
2023	0		0 (4)	_		_		14,275,000	4,524,691	18,799,691
2024	0		0 (4)	_		_	•••••	14,850,000	3,895,116	18,745,116
2025	0		0 (4)	_		-		15,500,000	3,179,736	18,679,736
2026	0		0 (4)	_		_		14,865,000	2,591,543	17,456,543
2027	0		0 (4)	_		-		15,470,000	1,985,313	17,455,313
2028	-		-	-		-		10,625,000	1,347,118	11,972,118
2029	_		_	_		-		11,010,000	914,845	11,924,845
2030	_		-	_		-		4,545,000	455,063	5,000,063
2031	_		_	_		_		3,985,000	330,588	4,315,588
2032	_		-	-		_		3,200,000	218,700	3,418,700
2033 2034	_		-	-		-		1,365,000	126,450	1,491,450
	_		_	_		_		1,405,000	85,500	1,490,500
2035		_						1,445,000	43,350	1,488,350
Totals	\$ 1,125,000	\$	39,375	\$ 9,125,000	\$	228,125		\$234,535,000	\$ 56,639,733	\$291,174,733

⁽¹⁾ Principal and interest was refunded by the 2017B Bonds.

⁽²⁾ Federally taxable (direct pay, 35% issuer subsidy, Build America Bonds). Does not reflect any federal interest subsidy payments.

⁽³⁾ Principal will be refunded on the Crossover Date (June 15, 2019) from moneys to be received from the 2016 GO Escrow Account and interest will cease to accrue

⁽⁴⁾ Principal and interest was refunded by the 2015A GO Bonds.

⁽⁵⁾ This bond issue is included in this table because final principal and interest payments were paid in Fiscal Year 2017.

⁽⁶⁾ Does not reflect any federal interest rate subsidy payments on the 2009 GO Bonds and the 2010 GO Bonds which were issued as Build America Bonds. Includes moneys received from the 2016 GO Escrow Account for payments on the 2016 GO Bonds (through June 15, 2019).

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue Bonds By Fiscal Year

Issued under the 2001 sales tax indenture (1)

Fiscal	Series	2017B	Series 20)17A (2)	Series	2014	Series 2012A		Series 2011 (4)
Year Ending	\$38,5	20,000	\$13,55	50,000	\$30,0	00,000	\$43,7	25,000	\$1,917,804	
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2017	\$ 0	\$ 574,318	\$ 0	\$ 110,988	\$ 1,010,000	\$ 1,099,056	\$ 3,760,000	\$ 1,743,925	\$ 105,000 (3) \$	30,949
2018	0	1,378,363	1,975,000	255,508	1,060,000	1,047,306	3,940,000	1,589,925	107,000 (3)	28,564
2019	0	1,378,363	2,000,000	230,045	1,115,000	992,931	4,110,000	1,408,375	110,000 (3)	26,123
2020	0	1,378,363	2,025,000	197,119	1,155,000	953,506	4,325,000	1,197,500	112,000 (3)	23,625
2021	0	1,378,363	2,075,000	157,939	1,195,000	912,081	4,540,000	975,875	115,000 (3)	21,071
2022	0	1,378,363	2,100,000	112,410	1,255,000	850,831	4,765,000	743,250	117,000 (3)	18,461
2023	0 1,020,000 2,300,000 2,400,000 2,525,000 2,625,000	1,378,363 1,352,863 1,298,613 1,209,863 1,086,738	2,175,000 1,200,000 - - -	60,548 16,680 - - -	1,320,000 1,390,000 1,460,000 1,535,000 1,605,000	786,456 718,706 647,456 572,581 502,106 436,606	5,015,000 5,295,000 4,345,000	498,750 241,000 54,313 - -	120,000 (3) 123,000 (3) 126,000 (3) 128,000 (3) 131,000 (3)	15,795 13,061 10,260 7,403 4,489
2029	2,675,000	914,619	_	_	1,730,000	377,259	_	_	-	-
2030	2,775,000	834,875	_	_	1,780,000	324,606	_	_	-	_
2031	2,850,000	750,500	-	_	1,835,000	270,381	_	-	_	_
2032	2,950,000	661,656	_	_	1,890,000	214,506	_	-	-	-
2033 2034	3,025,000 3,150,000	566,406 454,250	_ _		1,950,000 2,010,000	156,906 96,250			-	_
2035	3,275,000	325,750	_	_	2,075,000	32,422	_	_	_	_
2036	3,400,000	192,250	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-
2037	3,550,000	62,125								
Totals	\$ 38,520,000	\$ 19,543,174	\$13,550,000	\$ 1,141,235	\$ 29,040,000	\$ 10,991,956	\$40,095,000	\$ 8,452,913	\$ 1,428,000 \$	201,308

Issued under the 2001 sales tax indenture (1)

Fiscal	Series 2	2010D	Series	2010A		Totals	
Year Ending	\$33,020	0,000	\$8,85	5,000	Total	Total	Total Debt
December 31	Principal	Interest (8)	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest (9)	Service
2017	\$ 1,230,000	\$ 1,275,409	\$ 1,555,000	\$ 46,313	 \$ 7,660,000	\$ 4,880,956	\$ 12,540,956
2018	1,250,000	1,244,659	155,000	12,888	 8,487,000	5,557,211	14,044,211
2019	1,275,000	1,207,159	160,000	7,963	 8,770,000	5,250,958	14,020,958
2020	1,305,000	1,165,721	165,000	2,681	 9,087,000	4,918,515	14,005,515
2021	1,330,000	1,120,046	_	_	 9,255,000	4,565,375	13,820,375
2022	1,360,000 (5)	1,073,496	-	_	 9,597,000	4,176,811	13,773,811
2023	1,400,000 (5)	, ,	_	_	 10,030,000	3,759,008	13,789,008
2024	1,435,000 (5)		_	_	 10,463,000	3,305,406	13,768,406
2025	1,470,000 (5)	,	_	_	 9,701,000	2,916,338	12,617,338
2026	1,510,000	846,896	_	_	 5,573,000	2,636,743	8,209,743
2027	1,550,000	784,231	_	_	 5,811,000	2,377,564	8,188,564
2028	1,595,000	716,031	-	_	 6,024,000	2,142,320	8,166,320
2029 2030	1,640,000 1,695,000	642,661 564,761	_	_	 6,045,000 6,250,000	1,934,539 1,724,243	7,979,539 7,974,243
2031	1,745,000 (6)	,	_	_	 6,430,000	1,724,243	7,933,011
2032	1,805,000 (6)		_		 6,645,000	1,269,298	7,914,298
2032	1,805,000 (0)	393,133	_	_	 0,043,000	1,209,296	7,914,290
2033	1,865,000 (7)		_	-	 6,840,000	1,024,393	7,864,393
2034	1,930,000 (7)		_	_	 7,090,000	754,600	7,844,600
2035	1,995,000 (7)	103,740	_	_	 7,345,000	461,912	7,806,912
2036	_	-	_	_	 3,400,000	192,250	3,592,250
2037					 3,550,000	62,125	3,612,125
Totals	\$ 29,385,000	\$ 15,013,145	\$ 2,035,000	\$ 69,844	 \$154,053,000	\$ 55,413,574	\$ 209,466,574

⁽¹⁾ These bonds are issued on a parity basis under the 2001 sales tax indenture.

⁽²⁾ This bond is issued as a federally taxable bond.

⁽³⁾ Mandatory sinking fund principal payments from a \$1,917,804 2.25% term bond due February 1, 2028.

⁽⁴⁾ Private placement; issued as Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds.

⁽⁵⁾ Mandatory sinking fund principal payments from a \$5,665,000 4.00% term bond due November 1, 2025.

⁽⁶⁾ Mandatory sinking fund principal payments from a \$3,550,000 5.10% term bond due November 1, 2032.

⁽⁷⁾ Mandatory sinking fund principal payments from a \$5,790,000 5.20% term bond due November 1, 2035.

⁽⁸⁾ Federally taxable (direct pay, 35% federal interest subsidy, Build America Bonds). Does not reflect any federal interest subsidy payments.

⁽⁹⁾ Does not reflect any federal interest rate subsidy payments on the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds which were issued as Build America Bonds.

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds By Fiscal Year

Issued under the 2010 indenture

	Issued under the 2010 indenture									
Fiscal	Series 2	010B	Series 2	2010A		Totals				
Year Ending	\$57,633	5,000	,000 \$16,90		Total	Total	Total Debt			
December 31	Principal Interest (2)		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest (3)	Service			
2017	\$ 0	\$ 2,269,393	\$ 5,200,000	\$ 552,250	\$ 5,200,000	\$ 2,821,643	\$ 8,021,643			
2018	0	2,269,393	5,845,000	292,250	5,845,000	2,561,643	8,406,643			
2019	6,325,000	2,269,393	_	_	6,325,000	2,269,393	8,594,393			
2020	6,895,000	2,057,000	_	_	6,895,000	2,057,000	8,952,000			
2021	7,265,000	1,818,571	_	_	7,265,000	1,818,571	9,083,571			
2022	7,995,000	1,556,450	_	_	7,995,000	1,556,450	9,551,450			
2023	8,710,000 (1)	1,255,997	_	_	8,710,000	1,255,997	9,965,997			
2024	9,295,000 (1)	880,771	_	_	9,295,000	880,771	10,175,771			
2025	11,150,000 (1)	480,342			11,150,000	480,342	11,630,342			
Totals	\$57,635,000	\$14,857,310	\$11,045,000	\$ 844,500	\$68,680,000	\$15,701,810	\$84,381,810			

⁽¹⁾ Mandatory sinking fund principal payments from a \$29,155,000 4.308% term bond due August 15, 2025.

⁽²⁾ Federally taxable (direct pay, 35% issuer subsidy, Build America Bonds). Does not reflect any federal interest subsidy payments.

⁽³⁾ Does not reflect any federal interest rate subsidy payments on the 2010B Transportation Bonds which were issued as Build America Bonds.

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds By Fiscal Year

Issued under the 2014 Excise Indenture

Fiscal	Series 2017		Series	s 2014			Total		
Year Ending	\$23,92	25,000	\$38,60	00,000	Total	Total	Debt		
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Service		
2017	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,390,000	\$ 1,653,375	\$ 1,390,000	\$ 1,653,375	\$ 3,043,375		
2018	280,000	749,760	1,425,000	429,875	1,705,000	1,179,635	2,884,635		
2019	0	1,043,150	1,475,000	408,500	1,475,000	1,451,650	2,926,650		
2020	0	1,043,150	1,550,000	334,750	1,550,000	1,377,900	2,927,900		
2021	0	1,043,150	1,630,000	257,250	1,630,000	1,300,400	2,930,400		
2022	0	1,043,150	1,715,000	175,750	1,715,000	1,218,900	2,933,900		
2023	0	1,043,150	1,800,000	90,000	1,800,000	1,133,150	2,933,150		
2024	1,880,000	1,043,150	0	0 (1)	1,880,000	1,043,150	2,923,150		
2025	1,975,000	949,150	0	0 (1)		949,150	2,924,150		
2026	2,080,000	850,400	0	0 (1)	2,080,000	850,400	2,930,400		
2027	2,180,000	746,400	0	0 (1)	2,180,000	746,400	2,926,400		
2028	2,295,000	637,400	0	0 (1)	2,295,000	637,400	2,932,400		
2029	2,410,000	522,650	0	0 (1)		522,650	2,932,650		
2030	2,535,000	402,150	0	0 (1)		402,150	2,937,150		
2031	2,670,000	275,400	0	0 (1)		275,400	2,945,400		
2032	2,760,000	168,600	0	0 (1)		168,600	2,928,600		
2033	2,860,000	85,800	0	0 (1)	2,860,000	85,800	2,945,800		
Totals	\$ 23,925,000	\$ 11,646,610	\$10,985,000	\$ 3,349,500	\$34,910,000	\$14,996,110	\$49,906,110		

⁽¹⁾ Principal and interest was refunded by the 2017 Excise Tax Bonds.

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds By Fiscal Year

Issued under the 2017 TRCC Indenture								
Fiscal	Series	s 2017	Total					
Year Ending	\$44,23	30,000	Debt					
December 31	Principal	Interest	Service					
2017	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0					
2018	1,235,000	2,254,244	3,489,244					
2019	1,430,000	2,067,350	3,497,350					
2020	1,500,000	1,994,100	3,494,100					
2021	1,555,000	1,941,050	3,496,050					
2022	1,610,000	1,885,250	3,495,250					
2023	1,695,000	1,802,625	3,497,625					
2024	1,780,000	1,715,750	3,495,750					
2025	1,870,000	1,624,500	3,494,500					
2026	1,970,000	1,528,500	3,498,500					
2027	2,070,000	1,427,500	3,497,500					
2028	2,175,000	1,321,375	3,496,375					
2029	2,285,000	1,209,875	3,494,875					
2030	2,405,000	1,092,625	3,497,625					
2031	2,525,000	969,375	3,494,375					
2032	2,655,000	839,875	3,494,875					
2033	2,795,000	703,625	3,498,625					
2034	2,935,000	560,375	3,495,375					
2035	3,085,000	409,875	3,494,875					
2036	3,245,000	251,625	3,496,625					
2037	3,410,000	85,250	3,495,250					
Totals	\$44,230,000	\$ 25,684,744	\$69,914,744					

Future Issuance Of Debt; Current And Historical Tax And Revenue Anticipation Note Borrowing; Other Debt

Future Issuance of Debt. The County has approximately \$46.025 million of unissued general obligation bonds approved at a November 2016 bond election. The County anticipates the issuance of these unissued general obligation bonds in Fiscal Year 2018 or Fiscal Year 2019.

The Authority may issue approximately \$65 million of lease revenue bonds for construction of libraries in Fiscal Year 2018.

Current and Historical Tax and Revenue Anticipation Note Borrowing. The County has issued tax and revenue anticipation notes in the nine Fiscal Years as follows (for Fiscal Year 2008 the County did not issue tax and revenue anticipation notes):

Fiscal Year	<u>Series</u>	Amount	Date of Sale	Type of Sale	<u>Rating (2)</u>
2018 (1)	2018	\$55,000,000	July 10, 2018	Public offering	MIG 1
2017	2017	60,000,000	July 12, 2017	Public offering	MIG 1
2016	2016	47,000,000	August 11, 2016	Public offering	MIG 1
2015	2015	43,000,000	August 12, 2015	Public offering	MIG 1
2014	2014	65,000,000	July 30, 2014	Public offering	MIG 1
2013	2013	67,000,000	June 25, 2013	Public offering	MIG 1
2012	2012	50,000,000	June 26, 2012	Public offering	MIG 1
2011	2011	35,000,000	June 28, 2011	Public offering	MIG 1
2010	2010	45,000,000	July 20, 2010	Public offering	MIG 1
2009	2009	45,000,000	October 1, 2009	Public offering	Not rated

⁽¹⁾ For purposes of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum, the 2018 Notes will be considered issued and outstanding (which notes sell on July 10, 2018). Principal and interest on the 2018 Notes will be due on Thursday, December 27, 2018.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Other Debt. The County has several capital leases outstanding. As of Fiscal Year 2017, the present value of net minimum lease payments is \$529,329, with payments extending through Fiscal Year 2022. See "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017–Notes to the Basic Financial Statements–Note 9. Long–Term Liabilities–Section 9.6 Capital Lease Obligations" (CAFR page 69).

Salt Lake County NMTC, Inc., a blended component unit of the County, controls: (i) Wasatch View Solar, LLC, which company issued promissory notes in 2011 totaling \$6,720,000 (current balance outstanding \$5,039,400); (ii) Historical Capitol Theatre, LLC, which company issued promissory notes in 2013 totaling \$7,640,000 (current balance outstanding \$5,441,600); and (iii) SLCO Downtown Health Clinic, LLC, which company issued promissory notes in 2017 totaling \$13,636,512 (current balance outstanding \$7,262,900). The County also has outstanding a \$1,200,000 note for a three–year maintenance agreement. For a schedule showing future debt service requirements on these notes see "APPENDIX A—COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017–Notes to the Basic Financial Statements–Note 5. Receivables" (CAFR page 59) and "–Note 9. Long–Term Liabilities–Section 9.7 Notes Payable" (CAFR page 69).

The County also participates in several joint ventures for a city/county landfill, parks and a performing arts center. For a discussion of the County Fiscal Year 2017 joint ventures see "APPENDIX A—COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL

⁽²⁾ Moody's rating.

YEAR 2017-Notes to the Basic Financial Statements-Note 14. Joint Ventures and Undivided Interests" (CAFR page 81).

The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah

The Authority is a body politic and corporate, operating under the Local Building Authority Act. The Authority was created in 1992 for acquiring, constructing, improving or extending projects on behalf of the County pursuant to the predecessor to Local Building Authority Act.

The Authority's debt does not constitute legal debt within the meaning of any constitutional provision or statutory limitation of the County. The Authority has entered certain annual leases with the County for each project on an "all or none" basis. The leases may be terminated by the County in any year and payments by the County may be made only from moneys which are annually budgeted and appropriated by the County for such purpose.

In 2009, the Authority issued lease revenue bonds under a 2009 MBA Indenture (the "2009 MBA Indenture"), which bond proceeds were used for the acquisition, construction, improvements and equipping a public works building, libraries and senior centers (collectively, the "2009 Projects"). The Authority may, from time to time, issue additional bonds under the 2009 MBA Indenture. The Authority has leased the 2009 Projects to the County, pursuant to a 2009 MBA Master Lease (the "2009 MBA Master Lease"). All lease revenue bonds issued under the 2009 MBA Master Lease are cross—collateralized in that the Authority has granted to a trustee, for the benefit of the owners of all lease revenue bonds issued under the 2009 MBA Master Lease, a security interest in all the Authority's right, title and interest in the projects financed with the lease revenue bonds issued under the 2009 MBA Indenture.

The Authority has the following lease revenue bonds outstanding issued under the 2009 MBA Indenture:

		Original		Current
		Principal	Final	Principal
Series	Purpose	Amount	Maturity Date	Outstanding
2009B (1).	Public works/libraries/senior centers (BABs)	\$58,390,000	December 1, 2029	\$ <u>58,390,000</u>

⁽¹⁾ Rated "AA+" by Fitch; "Aa1" by Moody's; and "AA+" by S&P, as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum. The 2009B MBA Bonds are federally taxable, direct pay, 35% issuer subsidy, Build America Bonds.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Lease Revenue Bonds Of The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah By Fiscal Year

Issued under 2009 MBA indenture (1)

		Issueu un	uci 2007 Mibri in	dentare (1)	
Fiscal	Series 20	009B	Series 20	009A (5)	
Year Ending	\$58,390	,000	\$22,16	55,000	Total Debt
December 31	Principal	Interest (4)	Principal	Interest	Service (6)
2017	\$ 0	\$ 3,135,631	\$ 3,855,000	\$ 192,750	\$ 7,183,381
2018	4,050,000	3,135,631	_	_	7,185,631
2019	4,165,000	2,952,166	_	_	7,117,166
2020	4,300,000	2,757,244	_	_	7,057,244
2021	4,425,000	2,551,704	_	_	6,976,704
2022	4,570,000 (2)	2,335,764	_	_	6,905,764
2023	4,725,000 (2)	2,094,468	_	_	6,819,468
2024	4,895,000 (2)	1,844,988	_	_	6,739,988
2025	5,060,000 (3)	1,586,532	_	_	6,646,532
2026	5,235,000 (3)	1,292,040	_	_	6,527,040
2027	5,450,000 (3)	987,363	_	_	6,437,363
2028	5,650,000 (3)	670,173	_	_	6,320,173
2029	5,865,000 (3)	341,343			6,206,343
Totals	\$58,390,000	\$25,685,047	\$ 3,855,000	\$ 192,750	\$ 88,122,797

⁽¹⁾ These bonds were issued on a parity basis under the 2009 MBA indenture.

⁽²⁾ Mandatory sinking fund principal payments from a \$14,190,000 5.28% term bond due December 1, 2024.

⁽³⁾ Mandatory sinking fund principal payments from a \$27,260,000 5.82% term bond due December 1, 2029.

⁽⁴⁾ Federally taxable (direct pay, 35% issuer subsidy, Build America Bonds). Does not reflect any federal interest rate subsidy payments.

⁽⁵⁾ Does not reflect any federal interest rate subsidy payments on the Authority's 2009B Lease Revenue Bonds which were issued as Build America Bonds.

Overlapping And Underlying General Obligation Debt

	2018 Taxable	County's Portion of Tax-	County's Per-	Entity's General Obligation	County's Portion of
Taxing Entity	<u>Value (1)</u>	able Value	centage	Debt	G.O. Debt
Overlapping:					
State of Utah	\$285,143,901,035	\$109,705,203,345	38.5%	\$2,145,560,000	\$ 826,040,600
CUWCD (2)	167,911,022,606	109,705,203,345	65.3	206,900,000	<u>135,105,700</u>
Total overlapping					<u>961,146,300</u>
Underlying:					
School District:					
Granite	29,704,807,006	29,704,807,006	100.0	234,295,000	234,295,000
Salt Lake City	28,460,549,056	28,460,549,056	100.0	35,400,000	35,400,000
Jordan	23,703,084,199	23,703,084,199	100.0	124,920,000	124,920,000
Canyons	23,545,981,067	23,545,981,067	100.0	303,635,000	303,635,000
Murray	4,293,741,610	4,293,741,610	100.0	36,415,000	36,415,000
Salt Lake City	28,473,967,850	28,473,967,850	100.0	112,650,000	112,650,000
West Jordan City	7,672,205,658	7,672,205,658	100.0	4,785,000	4,785,000
Draper City (3)	6,260,442,508	6,021,962,649	96.2	3,260,000	3,136,120
Sandy Suburban					
Imp. District	4,284,956,191	4,284,956,191	100.0	6,473,000	6,473,000
Midvale City	2,698,404,428	2,698,404,428	100.0	770,000	770,000
Cottonwood Heights					
Parks and Rec	2,518,541,685	2,518,541,685	100.0	3,330,000	3,330,000
Magna Water District	1,456,396,326	1,456,396,326	100.0	19,250,000	<u>19,250,000</u>
Total underlying					<u>885,059,120</u>
Total overlapping and un	derlying general obli	gation debt			\$ <u>1,846,205,420</u>
Total overlapping general	l obligation debt (exc	luding the State) (4)			. \$135,105,700
Total <i>direct</i> general oblig					
Total <i>direct</i> and <i>overlapp</i>					
10tai aireci and overtupp	ing general oungation	in debt (excluding the	State)	•••••	ψ <u>υυ 1,41υ,100</u>

This table excludes any additional principal amounts attributable to unamortized original issue bond premium.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Debt Ratios Regarding General Obligation Debt

The following table sets forth the ratios of general obligation debt (excluding any additional principal amounts attributable to unamortized original issue bond premium) that is expected to be paid from taxes levied specifically for such debt and not from other revenues over the taxable value of property within the County, the estimated market value of such property and the population of the County. The State's general obligation debt is not included in the debt ratios because the State currently levies no property tax for payment of general obligation debt.

⁽¹⁾ Preliminary; subject to change. Taxable value used in this table excludes the taxable value used to determine uniform fees on tangible personal property and valuation on semiconductor manufacturing equipment. See "DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND—Financial Information Regarding Salt Lake County, Utah—Taxable, Fair Market And Market Value Of Property" below.

⁽²⁾ Central Utah Water Conservancy District ("CUWCD") outstanding general obligation bonds are limited ad valorem tax bonds. Certain portions of the principal of and interest on CUWCD's general obligation bonds are paid from revenues from the sale of water.

⁽³⁾ Includes portions of the city located in Utah County.

⁽⁴⁾ The State's general obligation debt is not included in overlapping debt because the State currently levies no property tax for payment of its general obligation bonds.

			To 2017
	To 2018	To 2018	Population
	Est. Taxable	Est. Market	Estimate Per
	<u>Value (1)</u>	<u>Value (2)</u>	<u>Capita (3)</u>
Direct general obligation debt	0.18%	0.13%	\$178
Direct and overlapping general obligation debt	0.31	0.21	297

⁽¹⁾ Based on an estimated 2018 Taxable Value of \$109,705,203,345, which value *excludes* the taxable value used to determine uniform fees on tangible personal property.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

See "Taxable, Fair Market And Market Value Of Property" below.

For a 10-year history of debt ratios of the County regarding general obligation bonds see "COMPRE-HENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017–Statistical Section–Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding" (CAFR page 180).

General Obligation Legal Debt Limit And Additional Debt Incurring Capacity

The general obligation indebtedness of the County is limited by State law to 2% of the fair market value of taxable property in the County (based on the last equalized property tax assessment roll). The debt limit and additional debt incurring capacity of the County shown below are based on the fair market value for 2017 and the calculated valuation from 2017 uniform fees, and are calculated as follows:

2017 "Fair Market Value"	\$142,777,797,770
2017 valuation from Uniform Fees (1)	<u>799,374,491</u>
2017 "Fair Market Value for Debt Incurring Capacity"	\$ <u>143,577,172,261</u>
"Fair Market Value for Debt Incurring Capacity" times 2% equals (the "Debt Limit")	\$2,871,543,445
Less: currently outstanding general obligation debt (net) (2)	<u>(218,780,328)</u>
Additional debt incurring capacity	\$ <u>2,652,763,117</u>

⁽¹⁾ For debt incurring capacity only, in computing the fair market value of taxable property in the County, the value of all motor vehicles and state—assessed commercial vehicles (which value is determined by dividing the uniform fee revenue by 1.5%) will be included as a part of the fair market value of the taxable property in the County.

(Source: Municipal Advisor.)

For a 10-year history of the County's general obligation legal debt margin see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017–Statistical Section–Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Years" (CAFR page 183).

Federal Funding Cuts

Pursuant to the Budget Control Act of 2011 (the "BCA"), cuts to federal programs necessary to reduce federal spending to levels specified in the BCA (known as "sequestration") were ordered in federal fiscal years ending September 30, 2013 through 2021, and were subsequently extended through September 30, 2024. These reductions include cuts to the subsidy payments to be made to issuers of Build America Bonds ("BABs") and various other federal expenditures.

⁽²⁾ Based on an estimated 2018 Market Value of \$158,624,030,903, which value *excludes* the taxable value used to determine uniform fees on tangible personal property.

⁽³⁾ Based on 2017 estimate of 1,135,649 by the U.S. Census Bureau.

⁽²⁾ For accounting purposes, the net unamortized bond premium was \$16,670,328 (as of December 31, 2017), and together with current outstanding direct general obligation debt of \$202,110,000, results in total outstanding net direct debt of \$218,780,328.

The County and the Authority is impacted by federal sequestration in Fiscal Year 2018 (as of the date of this Supplemental Continuing Disclosure Memorandum) with reductions in subsidy payments by: \$36,217 for lease revenue bonds; \$52,423 for transportation bonds; \$18,630 for general obligation bonds; and \$14,376 for sales tax bonds.

The County and the Authority anticipate that any future reductions of subsidy payments with respect to (i) the County's \$118,865,000 of outstanding BABs (\$18,625,000 of the outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009B (until the Crossover Date); \$14,450,000 of outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010B (until the Crossover Date); \$28,155,000 of outstanding Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D; and \$57,635,000 of outstanding Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B; (ii) the Authority's \$58,390,000 of outstanding BABs (\$58,390,000 of outstanding Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B); and (iii) reductions in other federal grants as a result of sequestration; would have no material impact on its operations or financial position. The County cannot predict whether Congress will act to avoid or extend sequestration in the future.

No Defaulted Obligations

The County has never failed to pay principal of and interest on any of its financial obligations when due.

Financial Information Regarding Salt Lake County

Financial Management

Reserves (unassigned fund balances). The County has a policy of maintaining minimum fund balance reserves or "rainy-day" funds. The County Council has adopted a financial policy to maintain a minimum level of certain components of fund balance in the General Fund and selected special revenue funds. These amounts are intended to provide fiscal stability when economic downturns or other unexpected events occur, to supply resources to satisfy certain current obligations, or to provide a leveling for self-insured risks. The policy requires the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund to be at least 10% of budgeted expenditures; the fund balances in the following special revenue funds are to be at least 5% of budgeted expenditures: TRCC, Municipal Services, Flood Control, State Tax Administration Levy, Library, Health, and Planetarium. Also, the County's policy is to commit resources for compensated absences in the funds at 15% of unpaid vacation leave and 40% of unpaid sick leave, and to accumulate an unrestricted net position in the Employee Service Reserve (Internal Service) Fund of at least 15% of medical and dental claims paid during the year for active employees plus \$300,000 for early retirement. If a fund balance component falls below the minimum target level because it has been used as dictated by current circumstances, the policy provides for actions to replenish the amount to the minimum target level. Generally, replenishment is to occur within the next budget cycle.

These budgetary unassigned fund balances for the indicated County's funds are summarized as follows:

	Minimum Annual		Ending B	Salance as o	f December	<u>r 31 (in \$1,0</u>	000)	
	2018 Budget	Budget						
Fund	Reserves	<u>2018 (1)</u>	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
County-wide (2)	\$38,098	\$56,713	82,059	\$74,426	\$70,096	\$63,598	\$59,977	\$43,074
% change (3)	_	(30.9)%	10.3%	6.2%	10.2%	6.0%	39.2%	(13.5)%
Unincorporated								
Municipal Services (4)	\$352	\$1,162	\$582	\$543	_	_	_	_
% change (3)	_	99.7%	7.2%	_	_	_	_	_
Library	\$2,240	\$7,318	\$11,063	\$12,681	\$9,764	\$8,336	\$6,312	\$4,683
% change (3)	_	(33.9)%	(12.8)%	29.8%	17.2%	32.1%	34.8%	(42.2)%
Municipal Services								
District (4)	_	_	_	\$6,161	\$7,366	\$11,543	\$9,231	\$11,434
% change (3)	_	_	_	(16.4)%	(36.2)%	25.0%	(19.3)%	(23.9)%

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal Years 2012 through 2017 unassigned ending fund balances includes budgetary under–expend. Budgetary under–expend is not included in the calculation of budgeted ending fund balances and consequently, actual ending fund balances have been consistently above the amount budgeted.

(Source: County Mayor's Office of Financial Administration.)

The unrestricted net positions for the County's proprietary funds are summarized as follows:

<u>-</u>	Ending Balance as of December 31 (in \$1,000)						
Fund	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		
Internal service funds (1)	\$30,720	\$28,533	\$29,277	\$28,160	\$27,488		
	7.7%	(2.5)%	4.0%	2.4%	28.5%		
Enterprise funds (2) (3) % change over previous year	(9,791)	\$525	\$772	\$975	\$1,135		
	(1,965.0)%	(32.0)%	(20.8)%	(14.1)%	(93.1)%		

⁽¹⁾ Includes fleet maintenance services, facilities management and employee medical and dental insurance and other benefits

(Source: County Mayor's Office of Financial Administration.)

⁽²⁾ Includes general fund, capital improvement, flood, health and planetarium unassigned fund balances. With the implementation of GASB Statement 54 in Fiscal Year 2011, unassigned fund balances are not reported in the CAFR for governmental funds other than the General Fund.

⁽³⁾ Percent change over previous year.

⁽⁴⁾ In 2016 the Municipal Services fund was split into two funds when the Municipal Services District was created. Approximately 40% of the residents in the unincorporated county chose to incorporate as the City of Millcreek, and approximately 51% incorporated into five metro townships, effective January 1, 2017. In Fiscal Year 2017, the Municipal Services District Fund (along with the metro townships) will no longer be included in the County's financial statements and the remaining Unincorporated Municipal Services Fund will only include the sales tax and other revenues levied by the remaining unincorporated county. The services previously provided by the County in the Municipal Services District and Unincorporated Municipal Services Fund, including: road construction and maintenance, planning and development, animal services, justice courts, etc. have been moved to the Public Works and Other Services Enterprise Fund in 2017.

⁽²⁾ Beginning in Fiscal Year 2017 the Enterprise Funds include Public Works and Other Services, a new fund created to provide various municipal services to the Greater Salt Lake Municipal Service District and other local government entities on a contract basis. Fiscal Years 2013 through 2016 includes only Golf Courses.

⁽³⁾ With the implementation of GASB Statement 75 in Fiscal Year 2017, Net OPEB obligations are reported as a liability in the CAFR, impacting the unrestricted net position. Beginning Balances for Fiscal Year 2017 were restated to include the Net OPEB obligation by \$(824) for the Golf Courses Fund and \$(3,452) for the Public Works and Other Services Fund.

Sources Of General Fund Revenues (excludes Other Governmental Funds)

Set forth below are brief descriptions of the various sources of revenues available to the County's general fund. The percentage of total General Fund revenues represented by each source is based on the County's audited Fiscal Year 2017 period (total general fund revenues were \$314,374,437).

Taxes and Fees. Approximately 71.7% (or \$225,300,297) of general fund revenues are from taxes (general property taxes approximately 47.4% (or \$148,933,482) and sales taxes approximately 21.5% (or \$67,492,769)); and approximately 2.8% (or \$8,874,046) of general fund revenues are from motor vehicles fees.

Interfund charges. Approximately 8.8% (or \$27,597,573) of general fund revenues are collected from interfund charges.

Charges for Services. Approximately 8.6% (or \$27,040,819) of general fund revenues are from charges for services.

Grants and Contributions. Approximately 7.7% (or \$24,214,054) of general fund revenues are from federal and State shared revenues.

Interest, rents, and other. Approximately 2.1% (or \$6,581,218) of general fund revenues are collected from interest, rents and other revenues.

Licenses and Permits. Less than 1% (or \$2,242,393) of general fund revenues are collected from licenses and permits.

Fines and Forfeitures—Less than 1% (or \$1,398,083) of general fund revenues are collected from fines and forfeitures.

(Source: Compiled by the Zions Public Finance, Inc. from the Fiscal Year 2017 CAFR.)

Financial Summaries

The summaries contained herein were extracted from the County's basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The summaries themselves are unaudited.

Statement of Net Position

(This summary has not been audited)

		1	As of December 31		
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Assets and deferred outflows of resources					
Assets					
Capital assets					
Buildings, improvements, equipment and other depreci-					
able assets, net of accumulated depreciation		\$ 698,935,304	\$ 692,205,280	\$ 696,929,708	\$ 683,459,157
Land, roads, and construction in progress	325,655,336	480,967,885	450,882,242	444,356,506	419,076,045
Cash and investments	222 920 001	276 429 206	270 214 762	211 100 664	206 260 250
Pooled cash and investments	322,829,991	276,438,296	270,214,762	211,190,664	206,360,250
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent	141,597,983	40,956,066	86,616,633	111,335,086	68,317,458
Other cash	33,570,391	34,570,899	7,634,910	7,626,180	7,717,543
Receivables	855,804	7,246,372	7,034,910	7,020,180	7,717,343
Taxes	68,911,294	69,208,046	67,301,138	66,418,753	33,809,135
Accounts	26,185,782	9,674,836	6,376,361	7,407,875	11,191,295
Notes	18,156,400	10,931,000	16,768,015	16,768,015	16,768,015
Grants and contributions	16,077,447	18,625,936	21,768,577	21,325,946	16,147,693
Revolving loans.	14,896,168	15,382,517	15,382,807	15,198,215	16,442,297
Interest, rents and other	5,316,057	4,439,555	3,428,501	2,902,391	2,318,836
Investment in joint ventures.	52,533,648	53,862,578	19,260,922	19,300,237	19,658,498
Inventories and prepaid items	12,084,059	11,020,337	4,299,619	1,083,137	3,349,222
Net pension asset	57,658	123,686	240,893	_	_
Total assets	1,703,046,345	1,732,383,313	1,662,380,660	1,621,842,713	1,504,615,444
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Related to pensions	81,483,550	70,677,125	35,085,123	_	_
Deferred charges on refundings	6,088,586	3,956,743	5,195,956	5,142,349	6,924,770
Related to OPEB	3,165,939	_	_	_	_
Total deferred outflows of resources	90,738,075	74,633,868	40,281,079	5,142,349	6,924,770
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1.702.784.420	\$1,907,017,191	\$1,702,661,739	\$ 1.626.085.062	\$ 1.511.540.214
Liabilities, deferred inflows or resources and net position	\$ 1,793,764,420	\$1,807,017,181	\$1,702,001,739	\$ 1,626,985,062	\$ 1,511,540,214
Liabilities, deferred inflows or resources and net position Liabilities					
Long_term liabilities					
Portion due or payable after one year	\$ 843,207,498	\$ 658,918,138	\$ 621,962,984	\$ 556,526,531	\$ 521,895,116
Portion due or payable within one year	54,422,648	62,434,530	57,219,478	58,357,485	59,978,218
Accrued expenses		58,666,852	48,932,065	49,253,806	16,768,711
Accounts payable	32,764,955	24,407,412	20,267,464	22,415,256	19,691,168
Unearned revenue.	16,671,846	14,987,163	13,599,056	9,408,824	10,240,705
Accrued interest	5,489,836	3,932,173	4,137,591	4,307,078	3,363,163
Performance deposits.	1,090,096	-			
Total liabilities	1,020,112,384	823,346,268	766,118,638	700,268,980	631,937,081
Deferred inflows of resources					
Related to pensions	20,141,761	14,805,256	12,876,263	_	_
Related to OPEB				_	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	27,154,440	14,805,256	12,876,263		
Net position					
Net invested in capital assets	613,984,485	824,845,685	767,048,988	787,571,901	732,109,596
Restricted for					
Transportation	75,544,465	32,618,598	40,027,888	_	_
Convention and tourism	24,426,515	18,880,236	21,031,792	9,937,344	12,744,415
Housing and human services	21,343,149	12,932,534	11,339,231	15,695,301	16,861,394
Capital improvements	17,779,699	14,671,614	21,167,339	16,768,886	45,010,969
Debt service	17,400,615	17,858,489	16,208,517	7,283,826	13,987,017
Infrastructure	7,153,644	16,544,459	14,796,288	11,928,925	10,963,594
Drug and vice enforcement	2,678,051	2,517,512	_	_	_
Redevelopment	2,269,401	1,714,145	_	_	3,275,164
Pet adoption:					
Nonexpendable	1,637,510	1,637,510	1,637,510	1,575,000	1,575,000
Expendable	71,182	53,022	38,174	89,905	23,239
Tort liability	1,632,102	3,410,355	3,513,308	_	_
Education and cultural	1,000,125	1,031,021	4,500,263	4,192,579	_
Other purposes	660,763	1,049,302	3,952,838	13,062,462	2,843,056
Law enforcement	_	7,400,985	8,260,644	8,429,310	7,210,125
Libraries	_	3,523,844	3,513,216	6,907,506	3,194,404
Tax administration.	_	-	2,315,289	6,070,082	3,808,490
Municipal services.	_	-	_	5,543,449	8,148,789
Health	=	-	-	-	2,422,775
Unrestricted	(41,064,110) (1)	8,176,346	4,315,553	31,659,606	15,425,106
Total net position	746,517,596	968,865,657	923,666,838	926,716,082	879,603,133
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and					
net position	\$ 1,793,784,420	\$1,807,017,181	\$1,702,661,739	\$ 1,626,985,062	\$ 1,511,540,214

⁽¹⁾ See "APPENDIX A—COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017–Management's Discussion and Analysis–Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole (Government–wide Financial Statements)" (CAFR page 20).

Statement of Activities (1)

(This summary has not been audited)

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets							
		Fiscal	Year Ended December	er 31				
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013			
Activities/Functions								
Governmental activities								
Public works (2)	\$ (173,202,993)	\$ (228,960,681)	\$ (207,142,430)	\$ (190,904,340)	\$ (22,620,442)			
Public safety and criminal justice	(170,057,746)	(189,215,238)	(180,743,484)	(178,487,689)	(169,935,985)			
Education, recreation, and cultural	(147,560,426)	(99,933,979)	(130,855,867)	(112,763,257)	(89,207,763)			
Social services	(56,290,076)	(54,042,782)	(54,178,575)	(52,698,682)	(32,670,339)			
Tax administration	(25,943,091)	(23,601,192)	(24,791,999)	(23,050,255)	(22,379,657)			
General government	(10,525,531)	(22,840,432)	(9,000,975)	(11,436,429)	(17,407,678)			
Interest on long-term debt	(18,969,183)	(18,403,107)	(18,131,396)	(19,563,162)	(17,536,413)			
Health and regulatory	(11,627,319)	(16,293,935)	(15,879,684)	(17,343,756)	(16,472,825)			
Total governmental activities	(614,176,365)	(653,291,346)	(640,724,410)	(606,247,570)	(388,231,102)			
Business-type activities								
Golf courses	(460,590)	(783,731)	28,902	(483,248)	(270,655)			
Public works and other services	87,730	_	_	_	_			
Total business–type activities	(372,860)	(783,731)	28,902	(483,248)	(270,655)			
Total County	(614,549,225)	(654,075,077)	(640,695,508)	(606,730,818)	(388,501,757)			
General revenues								
Taxes								
Property taxes	286,706,637	315,906,837	306,993,385	312,874,967	285,284,973			
Mass transit taxes (2)	199,526,003	187,510,192	220,261,590	170,518,643	_			
Sales taxes	142,284,090	145,660,199	135,738,373	129,273,417	124,009,064			
Transient room taxes	25,542,154	22,754,517	21,835,946	19,330,312	15,296,080			
Tax equivalent payments	16,104,615	17,762,105	17,270,313	15,876,965	17,244,769			
Cable television franchise taxes	46,282	1,144,872	1,045,224	1,011,176	1,010,817			
Total taxes	670,209,781	690,738,722	703,144,831	648,885,480	442,845,703			
Unrestricted investment earnings	10,087,732	6,415,175	5,488,704	4,958,287	4,095,326			
Special item (gain on cancellation of debt)	_	2,120,004	_	_	_			
Special item (disposal of Sanitation)	-	_	_	_	(23,938,734)			
Transfers-special item (contribution of capital								
assets to other governments)	(217,864,733) (3)	_	_	_	_			
Total general revenues and special	462,432,780	699,273,901	708,633,535	653,843,767	423,002,295			
Change in net position	(152,116,445)	45,198,824	67,938,027	47,112,949	34,500,538			
Net position–beginning (restated)	898,634,040 (3)	923,666,833	855,728,811 (4	879,603,133	845,102,595			
Net position–ending	\$ 746,517,595	\$ 968,865,657	\$ 923,666,838	\$ 926,716,082	\$ 879,603,133			

⁽¹⁾ This report is presented in summary format concerning the single item of "Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets" and is not intended to be complete.

⁽²⁾ Beginning in Fiscal Year 2014, the County began recording revenue and pass—thru expenses for mass transit taxes that are passed to Utah Transit Authority and Utah Department of Transportation (all tax revenues levied by a local government need to be recognized as tax revenues by that government regardless of how the income is distributed). The dollars had not previously been recorded due to the fact that the County actually never physically sees the cash as it is passed straight to the entities from the Utah State Tax Commission.

⁽³⁾ Restated as required for the adoption and implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 (includes reclassifications and restatement of \$50,140,863) and other capital assets transfers. See "APPENDIX A—COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017–Management's Discussion and Analysis–Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole (Government–wide Financial Statements)" (CAFR page 20).

⁽⁴⁾ Restated as required for the adoption and implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68

Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds

General Fund

(This summary has not been audited)

	Fiscal Year Ended December 31				
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Assets					
Cash and investments					
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 56,604,126	\$56,402,642	\$48,886,625	\$38,583,827	\$44,227,222
Restricted cash and investments	11,500,009	3,580,084	576,023	572,032	572,039
Other cash	226,880	228,830	227,010	221,160	513,010
Receivables					
Taxes	16,474,603	15,944,008	15,272,850	15,681,593	14,636,462
Accounts	7,241,315	1,046,258	765,632	1,337,307	1,377,674
Grants and contributions	3,974,309	2,788,315	2,625,890	3,177,373	806,102
Interest, rents and other	420,219	735,633	743,007	528,008	235,562
Due from other funds	9,976,580	10,135,525	9,438,774	15,920,875	6,302,798
Inventories and prepaid items	354,287	727,793	_	_	_
Total assets.	\$ 106,772,328	\$91,589,088	\$78,535,811	\$76,022,175	\$ 68,670,869
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	Φ 100,772,320	Ψ71,307,000	Ψ70,333,011	Ψ70,022,173	Ψ 00,070,002
Liabilities Liabilities					
Accrued expenditures	\$ 7,556,533	\$ 6,581,702	\$ 5,520,180	\$ 5,560,944	\$ 5,702,685
1	6,619,833	6,598,039	5,276,065	5,126,346	3,562,679
Accounts payable	2,465,422	2,131,377	2,106,271		1,665,563
	16,641,788	15,311,118		1,758,907	
Total liabilities	10,041,788	13,311,118	12,902,516	12,446,197	10,930,927
	2.540.162	2.745.015	2.757.701	4 5 47 977	4 220 101
Unavailable property tax revenue	3,540,163	3,745,015 3,745,015	3,756,791 3,756,791	4,547,877	4,328,181
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,540,163	3,743,013	3,730,791	4,547,877	4,328,181
Fund balances	£0.200.022	£1 207 99£	45 022 056	42 470 206	41 049 000
Unassigned	58,288,033	51,396,885	45,933,056	43,479,206	41,048,998
	4 905 402	5 746 072	2.070.192	2 (00 242	010 271
Contractual obligations	4,895,403	5,746,072	3,079,183	2,698,242	818,371
Compensated absences	2,207,431	2,100,976	2,087,210	2,050,139	1,987,412
Other purposes	75,855	75,855	75,855	75,855	- 740.440
Other postemployment benefits	_	_	_	749,440	749,440
Restricted for	11 700 000	2 000 000			
Housing and human services	11,500,000	3,000,000	-	-	-
Drug and vice enforcement	2,678,051	2,517,512	2,644,888	2,576,884	2,597,843
Other purposes	849,420	1,116,634	1,060,762	1,261,982	946,095
Debt service	_	580,084	576,023	572,032	572,039
Assigned to					
Governmental immunity and tax refunds	5,661,897	5,191,144	5,002,527	4,147,321	4,691,563
Other purposes	80,000	80,000	1,417,000	1,417,000	_
Nonspendable					
Inventories and prepaid items	354,287	727,793			
Total fund balances	86,590,377	72,532,955	61,876,504	59,028,101	53,411,761
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 106,772,328	\$91,589,088	\$78,535,811	\$76,022,175	\$68,670,869
resources and fulld datances	φ 100,772,328	φ71,J07,U0δ	φ / 0,535,011	φ / υ,υ ∠ ∠,1 / 3	φ 00,070,009

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—Governmental Funds

General Fund

(This summary has not been audited)

		Fiscal Year Ended December 31				
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Revenues						
Taxes						
Property taxes	\$148,933,482	\$146,029,887	\$132,567,294	\$131,773,918	\$129,363,841	
Sales taxes	67,492,769	63,144,412	60,564,180	57,842,532	55,015,352	
Tax equivalent payments	8,874,046	8,793,732	7,959,191	7,851,155	7,832,931	
Total taxes	225,300,297	217,968,031	201,090,665	197,467,605	192,212,124	
Interfund charges	27,597,573	27,426,956	26,652,033	25,537,593	23,917,911	
Charges for services	27,040,819	25,702,568	27,127,760	24,758,549	28,213,345	
Grants and contributions	24,214,054	22,172,998	19,583,321	19,433,181	13,066,785	
Interest, rents, and other	6,581,218	4,468,578	4,407,299	4,310,036	3,266,380	
Licenses and permits	2,242,393	2,280,316	1,705,946	1,543,014	1,612,610	
Fines and forfeitures	1,398,083	1,350,393	1,491,249	1,636,748	1,842,300	
Other					1,006,381	
Total revenues	314,374,437	301,369,840	282,058,273	274,686,726	265,137,836	
Expenditures						
Current						
Public safety and criminal justice	178,617,228	165,533,947	160,148,257	156,091,297	150,105,377	
Education, recreation, and cultural	49,874,593	48,085,284	47,872,417	46,732,794	46,149,555	
General government	42,674,443	43,495,243	38,794,511	37,735,324	37,158,157	
Social services.	13,403,814	15,538,597	11,897,180	12,016,867	1,055,215	
Debt service						
Interest and fiscal charges	1,549,725	881,175	769,311	972,641	1,148,906	
Principal retirement	1,038,642	1,113,199	483,626	587,367	573,185	
Capital outlay	121,248	182,269	239,827	238,896		
Total expenditures	287,279,693	274,829,714	260,205,129	254,375,186	236,190,395	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	27,094,744	26,540,126	21,853,144	20,311,540	28,947,441	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	24,395,554	17,003,656	15,687,010	16,770,250	14,596,578	
Proceeds from sale of capital leases and notes payable	16,932	997,466	_	53,000	_	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	13,326	641,500	15,304	161,260	446,591	
Transfers out	(37,463,134)	(34,526,297)	(34,707,055)	(31,679,710)	(35,472,181)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(13,037,322)	(15,883,675)	(19,004,741)	(14,695,200)	(20,429,012)	
Net change in fund balance	14,057,422	10,656,451	2,848,403	5,616,340	8,518,429	
Fund balance—beginning of year	72,532,955	61,876,504	59,028,101	53,411,761	44,893,332	
Fund balance—end of year	\$ 86,590,377	\$ 72,532,955	\$ 61,876,504	\$ 59,028,101	\$ 53,411,761	

For a 10-year financial history of various County funds see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINAN-CIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017-Statistical Section" at the indicated pages as set forth below.

- (i) see "Net Position by Component Last Ten Years" (CAFR page 160);
- (ii) see "Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years" (CAFR page 162);
- (iii) see "Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years" (CAFR page 166); and
- (iv) see "Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years" (CAFR page 168).

Historical Ad Valorem Tax Rates

			Property Tax I	Rate (Fiscal Ye	<u>ar)</u>	
	Maximum					
	Limit	2018*	2017	2016	2015	2014
General	.003200	.001457	.001578	.001667	.001662	.001743
Bond debt service (1)	none	.000292	.000330	.000365	.000503	.000608
Health	.000400	.000119	.000130	.000138	.000147	.000154
Capital improvements	none	.000059	.000064	.000068	.000073	.000077
Flood control fund	none	.000053	.000058	.000073	.000085	.000089
Recreation	.000040	.000028	.000040	.000040	.000040	.000040
Government immunity	.000100	.000017	.000019	.000020	.000021	.000022
Judgment levy (2)	.000100	<u>.000000</u>	.000019	.000000	.000000	.000000
Total County-wide levy		<u>.002025</u>	.002238	<u>.002371</u>	<u>.002531</u>	<u>.002733</u>
Tax administration (3)	.000500					
County assessing/collecting	none	.000225	.000244	.000257	.000276	.000290
Multicounty assess./collect	none	.000009	.000010	.000011	.000012	.000013
Reappraisal	none	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000	.000000
Total tax administration		.000234	<u>.000254</u>	<u>.000268</u>	.000288	<u>.000303</u>
Library (4)	.001000	<u>.000559</u>	<u>.000612</u>	<u>.000639</u>	<u>.000683</u>	.000715
Municipal Services (4)	none	.000052	.000065	.000068	.000073	.000077

^{*} Preliminary; subject to change.

(Source: Information taken from reports of the State Tax Commission. Compiled by the Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

For a 10-year history of the County's property tax rates see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINAN-CIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017–Statistical Section–Property Tax Rates–Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Years (Per \$1 of Assessed/Taxable Value" (CAFR page 172).

⁽¹⁾ Amount needed to pay current principal and interest on legally issued general obligation bonds is unlimited.

⁽²⁾ A "judgment levy" is levied for collecting additional revenues. The County has the legal right to levy a judgment levy in the succeeding tax year to make up for any tax revenue shortfall due to tax or revaluation judgment circumstances that the County had no control over.

⁽³⁾ The Tax Administration tax rate includes both a state—wide levy and a county option levy. The Tax Administration tax levy is a state—wide levy determined by the Utah State Auditor and the State Tax Commission, with a maximum levy ceiling of .000500 where the tax revenue is distributed. Utah law allows counties individually to levy above .000500 for certain authorized purposes.

⁽⁴⁾ Not county-wide.

Comparative County Ad Valorem Tax Rates

	Total County Tax Rate (Fiscal Year)							
<u>County (1)</u>	2018*	2017	2016	2015	2014			
Salt Lake	.002025	.002238	.002371	.002531	.002733			
Utah	.000732	.000779	.000834	.000870	.000916			
Davis	.001844	.001993	.001779	.001905	.001911			
Weber (2)	.002525	.002782	.002415	.002563	.002682			
Washington (2)	.000714	.000766	.000879	.000970	.001026			
Cache	.001755	.001865	.001915	.001910	.001926			
Tooele	.001644	.001650	.001628	.001476	.001577			
Box Elder	.001873	.001944	.002007	.002072	.002133			
Iron (2)	.001172	.001198	.001451	.001429	.001542			
Uintah (2)	.002453	.002440	.002453	.002093	.002122			

(Source: Reports of the State Tax Commission; compiled by Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Preliminary; subject to change.
 (1) Does not include the county and multicounty assessing and collecting tax administration tax rates. Counties ranked by population size (most populated to least populated; 29 total counties).

⁽²⁾ Excludes any "Library Fund" tax rate levied by a county.

Comparative Ad Valorem Total Property Tax Rates Within Salt Lake County

This table only reflects those municipal entities and property tax rates within the County, except as noted. *Preliminary Fiscal Year 2018 information is not available.*

	Total Tax Rate Within Taxing Area (Fiscal Year)								
Tax Levying Entity (1)	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013				
Canyons School District:									
Alta Town	.011899	.012177	.012807	.013323	.013703				
Cottonwood Heights City	.014273	.014675	.015549	.016280	.016880				
Draper City (3) (4)	.013399	.013808	.014604	.014620	.018580				
Midvale City	.014932	.015397	.015391	.016080	.016822				
Sandy City	.013581	.014020	.015000	.015386	.016052				
Granite School District:									
Holladay City	.012934	.012913	.013557	.014099	.014524				
Millcreek City (5)	.014910	_	_	_	_				
Murray City (3)	.013101	.013118	.013795	.014343	.014702				
Salt Lake City (3)	.015430	.014758	.015504	.016731	.017318				
South Salt Lake City	.013029	.013166	.013806	.014351	.014918				
Taylorsville City (3)	.015248	.015335	.016206	.016820	.016642				
West Jordan City (3)	.014354	.014451	.015239	.015830	.016517				
West Valley City	.017172	.016864	.017844	.018598	.019363				
Jordan School District:									
Bluffdale Town	.012412	.012523	.012573	.013082	.013877				
Draper City (3)	.012156	.012903	.013008	.013497	.014286				
Herriman City	.014832	.015460	.015667	.016289	.017194				
Murray City (3)	.011492	.012227	.012276	.012733	.013419				
Riverton City	.014506	.015118	.015306	.015905	.016776				
South Jordan City	.012596	.013294	.013389	.013916	.014839				
Taylorsville City (3)	.013383	.014173	.014317	.014847	.014853				
West Jordan City (3)	.013966	.014846	.015101	.015666	.016620				
Murray City School District:									
Murray City	.011626	.012056	.012961	.013384	.013811				
Salt Lake City School District:									
Salt Lake City	.016423	.016225	.017716	.019040	.019899				
Unincorporated areas (2):									
Canyons School District	.016202	.016492	.017425	.018213	.018861				
Granite School District	.016931	.016512	.017760	.018536	.019196				
Jordan School District	.015901	.016588	.016965	.017617	.018561				
Alpine School District (Utah County):									
Bluffdale City (3) (4)	.011003	.011088	.011515	.011856	.012323				
Draper City (3) (4)	.011318	.012075	.012583	.012253	.016499				
1 - 7 (-/ (/									

⁽¹⁾ These tax rates represent a taxing district within the city or town with the highest combined total tax rates of all overlapping taxing districts.

(Source: Information taken from reports of the State Tax Commission. Compiled by the Municipal Advisor.)

⁽²⁾ These tax rates represent a taxing district within the unincorporated areas within the County with the highest combined total tax rates of all overlapping taxing districts.

⁽³⁾ Portions of these cities boundaries are within two or more school district boundaries.

⁽⁴⁾ A portion of the city is also located in Utah County.

⁽⁵⁾ Incorporated January 1, 2017.

Taxable, Fair Market And Market Value Of Property

Calendar Year	Taxable Value (2)	% Change Over Prior Year	Fair Market/ Market Value (3)	% Change Over Prior Year
2018 (1)	\$ 109,700,853,636	11.1	\$ 158,619,681,194	11.1
2017	98,779,809,378	7.9	142,777,797,770	8.4
2016	91,575,146,555	9.2	131,752,566,867	9.2
2015	83,895,301,386	6.5	120,668,826,969	6.7
2014	78,785,241,578	7.4	113,137,127,178	7.6

⁽¹⁾ Preliminary; subject to change. Fair Market/Market Value calculated by the Municipal Advisor.

(Source: Information taken from reports of the State Tax Commission. Compiled by the Municipal Advisor.)

Historical Summaries Of Taxable Values Of Property

			Cale	endar Year		
	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
	Taxable	% of	Taxable	Taxable	Taxable	Taxable
Set by State Tax Commission	Value*	T.V.	Value	Value	Value	Value
(centrally assessed):			 			
Total centrally assessed	\$ 7,601,946,841	6.9 %	\$ 6,532,121,534	\$ 6,820,452,484	\$ 6,562,693,770	\$ 6,140,850,749
Set by County Assessor						
(locally assessed):						
Real property (land and buildings):						
Primary residential	59,736,917,333	54.5	53,722,558,352	49,051,447,423	44,889,418,627	41,928,225,384
Secondary residential	2,350,000,000	2.1	2,231,338,750	2,207,497,950	2,078,592,050	1,987,825,500
Commercial and industrial	33,500,000,000	30.5	29,785,995,430	27,257,908,650	24,597,260,000	23,009,014,970
FAA (greenbelt)	60,000,000	0.1	55,748,590	943,210	1,469,710	1,501,510
Unimproved non FAA (vacant)	220,000	0.0	216,900	58,767,020	54,939,390	66,267,900
Agricultural	6,000,000	0.0	6,060,360	6,581,580	 6,482,690	5,971,930
Total real property	95,653,137,333	87.2	85,801,918,382	78,583,145,833	 71,628,162,467	66,998,807,194
Personal property:						
Primary mobile homes	52,760,794	0.0	52,760,794	54,288,514	56,001,530	57,412,571
Secondary mobile homes	8,637,487	0.0	8,637,487	8,384,050	8,309,300	8,395,144
Other business	6,384,371,181	5.8	6,384,371,181	6,108,875,674	5,640,134,319	5,579,775,920
SCME	2,959,593	0.0	2,959,593	7,417,474	 23,061,681	33,293,627
Total personal property	6,448,729,055	5.9	6,448,729,055	6,178,965,712	5,727,506,830	5,678,877,262
Total locally assessed	102,101,866,388	93.1	92,250,647,437	84,762,111,545	77,355,669,297	72,677,684,456
Total taxable value	\$ 109,703,813,229	100.0 %	\$ 98,782,768,971	\$ 91,582,564,029	\$ 83,918,363,067	\$ 78,818,535,205
Total taxable value (1)	\$ 109,700,853,636		\$ 98,779,809,378	\$ 91,575,146,555	\$ 83,895,301,386	\$ 78,785,241,578

^{*} Preliminary; subject to change.

(Source: Information taken from reports of the State Tax Commission. Compiled by the Municipal Advisor.)

⁽²⁾ Taxable valuation includes redevelopment agency valuation but excludes semi-conductor manufacturing equipment ("SCME"). The estimated redevelopment agency valuation for Calendar Year 2018 was approximately \$7.4 billion; for Calendar Year 2017 was approximately \$8 billion; for Calendar Year 2016 was approximately \$7.6 billion; for Calendar Year 2015 was approximately \$6.7 billion; and for Calendar Year 2014 was approximately \$5.6 billion.

⁽³⁾ Estimated fair market values were calculated by dividing the taxable value of primary residential property by 55%, which eliminates the 45% exemption on primary residential property granted under the Property Tax Act. Does not include market valuation for SCME.

⁽¹⁾ Not including taxable valuation associated with SCME.

For a 10-year history of the County's taxable and fair market valuation see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017–Statistical Section–Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years" (CAFR page 171).

Tax Collection Record

The presentation of the tax collection record includes the following funds: General, Bond Debt Service, Flood Control, Tort Liability, Recreation, Capital Improvements and Health Services. Ad valorem property taxes are due on November 30th of each year. *Excludes Tax Administration, Library Fund and Municipal Services Fund.*

					(3) Deliq.,		% of	% of
					Personal		Current	Total
Tax	(1)	(2)			Property	(4)	Collec-	Collec-
Year	Total	Trea-		Current	and Miscel-	Total	tions to	tions to
End	Taxes	surer's	Net Taxes	Col-	leous Col-	Col-	Net Taxes	Net Taxes
12/31	Levied	Relief	Assessed	lections	lections	lections	Assessed	Assessed
2017	\$222,326,924	\$1,278,934	\$221,047,990	\$217,424,142	\$7,678,222	\$225,102,364	98.4%	101.8%
2016	218,815,761	1,216,013	217,599,748	213,302,980	7,569,573	220,872,553	98.0	101.5
2015	213,491,306	1,195,646	212,295,660	207,665,612	8,121,168	215,786,780	97.8	101.6
2014	216,240,295	1,183,910	215,056,385	210,856,674	8,608,074	219,464,748	98.0	102.0
2013	193,023,818	1,145,332	191,878,486	190,395,845	8,049,677	198,445,522	99.2	103.4

⁽¹⁾ Excludes redevelopment agencies valuation.

(Source: Information taken from reports of the State Tax Commission, compiled by the Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Additional Information. For a five-year history of the County's presentation of property tax levies and collections see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017–Statistical Section–Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Five Years" (CAFR page 177).

Some Of The Largest Taxpayers

Final information for the larger taxpayers for Fiscal Year 2018 (Calendar Year 2018) is currently not available. The County's single largest property tax payer in Fiscal Year 2017 (Calendar Year 2017) was Rio Tinto/Kennecott Utah Copper/Explorations/Minerals, a large mining and land development company. The company comprised approximately 2.8% of the County's total taxable valuation for Fiscal Year 2017. The top 10 largest property tax payers comprised approximately 8.1% of the County's total taxable valuation for Fiscal Year 2017.

For a list of the County's 10 largest property tax payers for Fiscal Year 2017 and Fiscal Year 2008 see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017–Statistical Section–Principal Property Taxpayers" (CAFR page 174).

⁽²⁾ Treasurer's Relief includes abatements established by statute to low–income, elderly and for hardship situations. These Treasurer's Relief items are levied against the property, but are never collected and paid to the entity.

⁽³⁾ Delinquent Collections include interest, sales of real and personal property, and miscellaneous delinquent collections.

⁽⁴⁾ In addition to the Total Collections indicated above, the County also collected uniform fees (fees–in–lieu payments) for the funds as indicated in the preceding paragraph, for tax year 2017 of \$11,990,617; for tax year 2016 of \$11,928,361; for tax year 2015 of \$11,538,044; for tax year 2014 of \$11,707,037; and for tax year 2013 of \$11,630,339; from tax equivalent property associated with motor vehicles, watercraft, recreational vehicles, and all other tangible personal property required to be registered with the State.

Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2017
See "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAFFOR FISCAL YEAR 2017" (page 72).
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DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO LEASE REVENUE BONDS ISSUED BY THE AUTHORITY (CUSIP®795681)

\$58,390,000

Municipal Building Authority of Salt Lake County, Utah Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B

(Federally Taxable-Direct Pay-Build America Bonds)

Bonds dated and issued on: December 29, 2009

Background Information. The \$58,390,000, Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B (Federally Taxable–Direct Pay–Build America Bonds) (the "2009B MBA Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale on December 8, 2009 to Wachovia Bank, National Association, Charlotte, North Carolina1 and Merrill Lynch & Co., New York, New York, as Co–Managers; at a "true interest rate" of 3.59% (assuming federal interest subsidy payment). Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2009B MBA Bonds are issued as fully–registered bonds in book–entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2009B MBA Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2009B MBA Bonds (interest payable June 1 and December 1 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Trustee and Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Make—Whole Redemption of the 2009B MBA Bonds. The 2009B MBA Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the Authority, in whole or in part in integral multiples of \$5,000, on any Business Day at a redemption price (the "Make—Whole Redemption Price") equal to the greater of (i) 100% of the principal amount of the 2009B MBA Bonds to be redeemed or (ii) the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the 2009B MBA Bonds to be redeemed, not including any portion of those payments of interest accrued and unpaid as of the date on which the 2009B MBA Bonds are to be redeemed on a semiannual basis, assuming a 360—day year consisting of 12, 30—day months, at the Treasury Rate plus 25 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest on the 2009B MBA Bonds to be redeemed on the redemption date.

Extraordinary Optional Redemption of the 2009B MBA Bonds. The 2009B MBA Bonds are subject to extraordinary optional redemption in the event of damage to, or destruction or condemnation of, the 2009 Projects.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$58,390,000 Original issue amount: \$58,390,000

Dated: December 29, 2009 Due: December 1, as shown below

\$16,940,000 Serial Bonds

			Original
Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest
December 1	795681	Amount	Rate
2018	GG4	\$4,050,000	4.53%
2019	GH2	4,165,000	4.68
2020	GJ8	4,300,000	4.78
2021	GK5	4,425,000	4.88

\$14,190,000 5.28% Term Bond due December 1, 2024 (CUSIP®795681 GL3)

\$27,260,000 5.82% Term Bond due December 1, 2029 (CUSIP®795681 GM1)

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption on the 2009B MBA Bonds. The 2009B MBA Bonds maturing on December 1, 2024 and December 1, 2029, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on the dates and in the principal amounts as set forth below:

Mandatory Sinking Fund	Sinking Fund
Redemption Date	Requirements
December 1, 2022	\$ 4,570,000
December 1, 2023	4,725,000
December 1, 2024 (stated maturity)	<u>4,895,000</u>
Total	\$ <u>14,190,000</u>
December 1, 2025	\$ 5,060,000
December 1, 2026	5,235,000
December 1, 2027	5,450,000
December 1, 2028	5,650,000
December 1, 2029 (stated maturity)	<u>5,865,000</u>
Total	\$ <u>27,260,000</u>

Additional Disclosure Information

For further disclosure information on the Authority's lease revenue bonds see the following sections:

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CUSIP®795676)

Debt Structure Of Salt Lake County, Utah (page 14);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding General Obligation Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 17);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Sales Tax Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 19);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Improvement District Bonds By Fiscal Year (none; bonds have been retired);

Future Issuance Of Debt; Historical Tax And Revenue Anticipation Note Borrowing; Other Debt (page 23);

The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah (page 24);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Lease Revenue Bonds Of The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah By Fiscal Year (page 25);

Overlapping And Underlying General Obligation Debt (page 26);

Debt Ratios Regarding General Obligation Debt (page 26);

No Defaulted Obligations (page 28);

Financial Summaries (page 30);

Historical Ad Valorem Tax Rates (page 35);

Comparative County Ad Valorem Tax Rates (page 36);

Taxable, Fair Market and Market Value Of Property (page 38);

Tax Collections Record (page 39); and

Some Of The Largest Taxpayers (page 39).

Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2017

See "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017" (page 72).

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO SALES TAX REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®795685)

1.

\$38,520,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2017B

Bonds dated and issued on March 1, 2017

Background Information. The \$38,520,000, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2017B (the "2017B Sales Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to electronic competitive bidding held via the Parity® electronic bidding system on February 15, 2017 to Robert W. Baird & Co., Inc., Milwaukee, Wisconsin at a "true interest rate" of 3.24%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2017B Sales Tax Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2017B Sales Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2017B Sales Tax Bonds (interest payable February 1 and August 1 of each year) are payable by ZB, National Association, dba as Zions Bank, Corporate Trust Department, Salt Lake City, Utah ("Zions Bank"), as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Redemption Provisions. The 2017B Sales Tax Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2028, will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on February 1, 2027, and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and at random within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2017B Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$38,520,000 Original issue amount: \$38,520,000

Dated: March 1, 2017 Due: February 1, as shown below

			Original				Original
Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest	Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest
February 1	795685	Amount	Rate	February 1	795685	Amount	Rate
2024	FQ4	\$1,020,000	5.00 %	2031	FX9	\$2,850,000	3.00 %
2025	FR2	2,300,000	2.50	2032	FY7	2,950,000	3.125
2026	FS0	2,400,000	5.00	2033	FZ4	3,025,000	3.25
2027	FT8	2,525,000	5.00	2034	GA8	3,150,000	4.00
2028	FU5	2,625,000	2.70	2035	GB6	3,275,000	4.00
2029	FV3	2,675,000	2.85	2036	GC4	3,400,000	4.00
2030	FW1	2,775,000	3.00	2037	GD2	3,550,000	3.50

\$13,550,000

Salt Lake County, Utah

Federally Taxable Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A

Bonds dated and issued on March 1, 2017

Background Information. The \$13,550,000, Federally Taxable Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A (the "2017A Sales Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to electronic competitive bidding held via the Parity® electronic bidding system on February 15, 2017 to Raymond James & Associates, Inc., Memphis, Tennessee at a "true interest rate" of 2.27%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2017A Sales Tax Bonds are fully–registered bonds in book–entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2017A Sales Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2017A Sales Tax Bonds (interest payable February 1 and August 1 of each year) are payable by Zions Bank, as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

No Optional Redemption. The 2017A Sales Tax Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$11,575,000 Original issue amount: \$13,550,000

Dated: March 1, 2017 Due: February 1, as shown below

Due February 1	CUSIP® 795685	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due February 1	CUSIP® 795685	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2019 2020 2021	FJ0 FK7 FL5	\$2,000,000 2,025,000 2,075,000	1.46% 1.81 2.01	2022 2023 2024	FN1	\$2,100,000 2,175,000 1,200,000	2.35% 2.50 2.78

3.

\$30,000,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2014

Bonds dated and issued on December 23, 2014

Background Information. The \$30,000,000, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 (the "2014 Sales Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to electronic competitive bidding held via the Parity® electronic bidding system on December 11, 2014 to Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, New York, New York, at a "true interest rate" of 2.87%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2014 Sales Tax Bonds are issued as fully–registered bonds in book–entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2014 Sales Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2014 Sales Tax Bonds (interest payable February 1 and August 1 of each year) are payable by Zions Bank, as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Redemption Provisions. The 2014 Sales Tax Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2025, will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on August 1, 2024 and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and

at random within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2014 Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$26,970,000 Original issue amount: \$30,000,000

Due: February 1, as shown below

Dated: December 23, 2014

Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Original Interest	Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Original Interest
February 1	795685	Amount	Rate	February 1	795685	Amount	Rate
2019	EQ5	\$1,115,000	5.00%	2028	EZ5	\$1,670,000	4.00 %
2020	ER3	1,155,000	2.00	2029	FA9	1,730,000	3.00
2021	ES1	1,195,000	5.00	2030	FB7	1,780,000	3.00
2022	ET9	1,255,000	5.00	2031	FC5	1,835,000	3.00
2023	EU6	1,320,000	5.00	2032	FD3	1,890,000	3.00
2024	EV4	1,390,000	5.00	2033	FE1	1,950,000	3.00
2025	EW2	1,460,000	5.00	2034	FF8	2,010,000	3.125
2026	EX0	1,535,000	5.00	2035	FG6	2,075,000	3.125
2027	EY8	1,605,000	4.00				

4.

\$43,725,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A

Bonds dated and issued on June 20, 2012

Background Information. The \$43,725,000, Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A (the "2012A Sales Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to electronic competitive bidding held via the Parity® electronic bidding system on June 7, 2012 to Citigroup Global Markets Inc., New York, New York, at a "true interest rate" of 2.13%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2012A Sales Tax Bonds are fully–registered bonds in book–entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2012A Sales Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2012A Sales Tax Bonds (interest payable February 1 and August 1 of each year) are payable by Zions Bank, as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Redemption Provisions. The 2012A Sales Tax Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2023, are subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on February 1, 2022 and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and at random within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2012A Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Current principal outstanding: \$32,395,000 Original issue amount: \$43,725,000

Dated: June 20, 2012 Due: February 1, as shown below

Due February 1	CUSIP® 795685	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due February 1	CUSIP® 795685	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2019	EE2	\$4,110,000	5.00%	2023	EJ1	\$5,015,000	5.00%
2020	EF9	4,325,000	5.00	2024	EK8	5,295,000	5.00
2021	EG7	4,540,000	5.00	2025	EL6	4,345,000	2.50
2022	EH5	4,765,000	5.00				

5.

\$33,020,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010D (Federally Taxable–Direct Pay–Build America Bonds)

Bonds dated and issued on November 9, 2010

Background Information. The \$33,020,000, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds (Federally Taxable–Direct Pay–Build America Bonds), Series 2010D (the "2010D Sales Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to electronic competitive bidding held via the Parity® electronic bidding system on October 19, 2010 to Robert W. Baird & Co, Incorporated, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, at a "true interest rate" of 2.93% (assuming federal interest subsidy payments). Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2010D Sales Tax Bonds are fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds (interest payable May 1 and November 1 of each year) are payable by Zions Bank, as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Redemption Provisions. The 2010D Sales Tax Bonds maturing on or after November 1, 2021, will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on May 1, 2021 and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and at random within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Extraordinary Event Optional Redemption. The 2010D Sales Tax Bonds will be subject to redemption prior to their maturity at the option of the County, in whole or in part in integral multiples of \$5,000 upon the occurrence of an Extraordinary Event (as herein defined), at a redemption price (the "Extraordinary Event Optional Redemption Price") equal to the greater of (i) 100% of the principal amount of the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed; or (ii) the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed, not including any portion of those payments of interest accrued and unpaid as of the date on which the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds are to be redeemed on a semi–annual basis, assuming a 360–day year consisting of 12, 30–day months, at the Treasury Rate, plus 50 basis points; plus, in each case, accrued interest on the 2010D Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed to the redemption date.

Current principal outstanding: \$28,155,000 Original issue amount: \$33,020,000

Dated: November 9, 2010 Due: November 1, as shown below

\$13,150,000 Serial Bonds

			Original				Original
Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest	Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest
November 1	795685	Amount	Rate	November 1	795685	Amount	Rate
_							
2018	DL7	\$1,250,000	3.00%	2027	DS2	\$1,550,000	4.40 %
2019	DM5	1,275,000	3.25	2028	DT0	1,595,000	4.60
2020	DN3	1,305,000	3.50	2029	DU7	1,640,000	4.75
2021	DP8	1,330,000	3.50	2030	DV5	1,695,000	4.875
2026	DR4	1,510,000	4.15				

\$5,665,000 4.00% Term Bond due November 1, 2025 (CUSIP®795685 DQ6)

\$3,550,000 5.10% Term Bond due November 1, 2032 (CUSIP®795685 DW3)

\$5,790,000 5.20% Term Bond due November 1, 2035 (CUSIP®795685 DX1)

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption. The 2010D Sales Tax Bonds maturing on November 1, 2025, November 1, 2032 and November 1, 2035 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption, but without premium, on the dates and in the principal amounts as follows:

Mandatory Sinking Fund	Sinking Fund
Redemption Date	Requirements
November 1, 2022	\$1,360,000
November 1, 2023	1,400,000
November 1, 2024	1,435,000
November 1, 2025 (final maturity)	<u>1,470,000</u>
Total	\$ <u>5,665,000</u>
November 1, 2031	\$1,745,000
November 1, 2032 (final maturity)	<u>1,805,000</u>
Total	\$ <u>3,550,000</u>
November 1, 2033	\$1,865,000
November 1, 2034	1,930,000
November 1, 2035 (final maturity)	<u>1,995,000</u>
Total	\$ <u>5,790,000</u>

\$8,855,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A

Bonds dated and issued on August 25, 2010

Background Information. The \$8,855,000, Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A (the "2010A Sales Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale on August 10, 2010 to Piper Jaffray, Portland, Oregon, at a "true interest rate" of 1.61%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2010A Sales Tax Bonds are fully–registered bonds in book–entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2010A Sales Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2010A Sales Tax Bonds (interest payable February 1 and August 1 of each year) are payable by Zions Bank, as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

No Redemption Provisions. The 2010A Sales Tax Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$325,000 Original issue amount: \$8,855,000

Dated: August 25, 2010 Due: February 1, as shown below

			Original
Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest
February 1	795685	Amount	Rate
2019	DB9	\$160,000	3.25%
2020	DC7	165,000	3.25

Not Bank Qualified Obligations. The 2010A Sales Tax Bonds were not designated as "qualified tax—exempt obligations" pursuant to the small issuer exception provided by Section 265(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, relating to the deductibility of certain financial institutions' interest expense allocable to tax—exempt interest.

Historical Collections Of Sales Tax Revenues

Historical County Option Sales and Use Tax Collection

The following table shows the amount of pledged taxes collected and received by the County for the past 10 Fiscal Years. The County's county option sales and use tax collection began in January 1998, the first year allowable by law.

Fiscal Year	Sales Tax	% Increase (Decrease)
Ended December 31	Revenue	from Prior Year
2017	\$60,470,489	6.9%
2016	56,560,414	4.3
2015	54,252,676	4.6
2014	51,862,908	5.2
2013	49,311,368	3.5
2012	47,665,968	7.0
2011	44,533,898	7.1
2010	41,590,792	0.4
2009	41,432,977	(11.0)
2008	46,532,140	(5.7)

(Source: The County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports.)

Historical Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Debt Service Coverage

The following table shows the debt service requirements for the Sales Tax Bonds, the historical Pledged Taxes and the historical debt service coverage for the relevant Fiscal Year with respect to such Sales Tax Bonds.

E' I	Total Outstanding		Debt
Fiscal Year Ending	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	Dladaad	Service
•		Pledged	Cover-
December 31	Debt Service (1)	Taxes	age (2)
2002	\$ 516,347	\$ 35,243,096	68.3 X
2003	1,508,194	34,897,033	23.1
2004	1,506,950	37,565,625	24.9
2005	2,059,571	40,857,601	19.8
2006	6,875,795	48,123,004	7.0
2007	6,861,150	50,851,250	7.4
2008	6,877,075	46,532,140	6.8
2009	6,866,638	41,432,977	6.0
2010	6,857,313	41,590,792	6.1
2011	8,894,397	44,533,898	5.0
2012	8,216,822	47,665,968	5.8
2013	9,530,808	49,311,368	5.2
2014	9,497,363	51,862,908	5.5
2015	10,199,197	54,252,676	5.3
2016	11,880,941	56,560,414	4.8
2017	12,540,956	60,470,489	4.8
2018	14,044,211		_
2019	14,020,958	_	_
2020	14,005,515	_	_
2021	13,820,375	_	_
2022	13,773,811	_	_
2023	13,789,008	_	_
2024	13,768,406	_	_
2025	12,617,338	_	_
2026	8,209,743	_	_
2027	8,188,564	_	_
2028	8,166,320	_	_
2029	7,979,539		
2030	7,974,243		
2031	7,933,011	_	_
2032	7,914,298	_	_
		_	_
2033	7,864,393	_	_
2034	7,844,600	_	_
2035	7,806,912	_	_
2036	3,592,250	_	_
2037	3,612,125	_	_
	_		

⁽¹⁾ Portions of these bonds are issued as federally taxable, 35% issuer subsidy, "Build America Bonds." Does not include 35% federal interest subsidy payments.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

⁽²⁾ Multiple of which Pledged Taxes exceed Total Debt Service.

Additional Disclosure Information

For further disclosure information on the County's sales tax revenue bonds see the following sections:

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CUSIP®795676)

Debt Structure Of Salt Lake County, Utah (page 14);

Outstanding General Obligation Bonded Indebtedness (page 14);

Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue Bonded Indebtedness (page 15);

Outstanding Assessment District Bonded Indebtedness (none; bonds have been retired);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding General Obligation Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 17);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Sales Tax Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 19);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Assessment District By Fiscal Year (bonds have been retired);

Future Issuance Of Debt; Historical Tax And Revenue Anticipation Note Borrowing; Other Debt (page 23);

The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah (page 24);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Lease Revenue Bonds Of The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah By Fiscal Year (page 25);

Overlapping And Underlying General Obligation Debt (page 26);

Debt Ratios Regarding General Obligation Debt (page 26);

General Obligation Legal Debt Limit And Additional Debt Incurring Capacity (page 27);

No Defaulted Obligations (page 28);

Financial Information Regarding Salt Lake County, Utah (page 28);

Financial Summaries (page 30);

Taxable, Fair Market and Market Value Of Property (page 38); and

Historical Summaries Of Taxable Value Of Property (page 38).

Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2017

See "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017" (page 72).

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO TRANSPORTATION TAX REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®79569T)

1.

\$57,635,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Federally Taxable Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B (Issuer Subsidy–Build America Bonds)

Bonds dated and issued on October 7, 2010

Background Information. The \$57,635,000, Federally Taxable Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B (the "2010B Transportation Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale on September 28, 2010 to Morgan Stanley, New York, New York and Wells Fargo Securities, New York, New York, as Co–Managers; at a "true interest rate" of 2.64% (assuming federal interest subsidy payment). Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds are issued as fully-registered bonds in book-entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds (interest payable February 15 and August 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Optional Redemption (Make–Whole). The 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the County, in whole or in part in integral multiples of \$5,000, on any Business Day at a redemption price equal to the greater of (i) 100% of the principal amount of the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds s to be redeemed or (ii) the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds to be redeemed, not including any portion of those payments of interest accrued and unpaid as of the date on which the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds are to be redeemed, discounted to the date on which the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds are to be redeemed on a semi–annual basis, assuming a 360–day year consisting of 12, 30–day months, at the Treasury Rate plus 0.15% for those 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds maturing on August 15, 2020, Treasury Rate plus 0.20% for those 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds maturing on August 15, 2021 and August 15, 2022, and Treasury Rate plus 0.30% for those 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds maturing on August 15, 2025, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest on the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds to be redeemed on the redemption date.

Extraordinary Event Optional Redemption. The 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds are also subject to redemption prior to their maturity at the option of the County, in whole or in part in integral multiples of \$5,000 upon the occurrence of an Extraordinary Event , at a redemption price equal to the greater of (i) 100% of the principal amount of the 2010B Bonds to be redeemed; or (ii) the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the 2010B Bonds to be redeemed, not including any portion of those payments of interest accrued and unpaid as of the date on which the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds are to be redeemed, discounted to the date on which the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds are to be redeemed on a semi–annual basis, assuming a 360–day year consisting of 12, 30–day months, at the Treasury Rate plus 0.90% for those 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds maturing on August 15, 2019, and Treasury Rate plus 1.00% for all other 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds except those 2010B Bonds maturing on August 15, 2019; plus, in each case, accrued interest on the 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds to be redeemed to the redemption date.

Current principal outstanding: \$57,635,000 Original issue amount: \$57,635,000

Dated: October 7, 2010 Due: August 15, as shown below

\$28,480,000 Serial Bonds

Due August 15	CUSIP® 79569T	Principal Amount	Interest Rate
2019	AA1	\$6,325,000	3.358%
2020	AB9	6,895,000	3.458
2021	AC7	7,265,000	3.608
2022	AD5	7,995,000	3.758

\$29,155,000 4.308% Term Bond due August 15, 2025

(CUSIP®79569T AE3) Average life: 13.939 years

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption. The 2010B Transportation Tax Bonds maturing on August 15, 2025 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption, but without premium, on the dates and in the principal amounts as follows:

Mandatory Sinking Fund	Sinking Fund
Redemption Date	Requirements
August 15, 2023	\$ 8,710,000
August 15, 2024	9,295,000
August 15, 2025 (final maturity date)	<u>11,150,000</u>
Total	\$ <u>29,155,000</u>

2.

\$16,905,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A Bonds dated and issued on October 7, 2010

Background Information. The \$16,905,000, Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A (the "2010A Transportation Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale on September 28, 2010 to Morgan Stanley, New York, New York and Wells Fargo Securities, New York, New York, as Co–Managers; at a "true interest rate" of 1.96%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2010A Transportation Tax Bonds are fully–registered bonds in book–entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2010A Transportation Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2010A Transportation Tax Bonds (interest payable February 15 and August 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Redemption Provisions. The 2010A Transportation Tax Bonds **are** not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$5,845,000 Original issue amount: \$16,905,000

Dated: October 7, 2010 Due: August 15, as shown below

			Original
Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Interest
August 15	79569T	Amount	Rate
2018	AK9	\$5,845,000	5.00%

Historical Collections Of Highway Fund Revenues

The following table shows the amount of Highway Fund Revenues since the County began collecting transportation sales taxes in Fiscal Year 2002.

	Highway Fund Revenues							
	County Option Transportation	County Transportation Option Public Preservation			Total	% Change		
Fiscal Year	Tax (2217	Transit Tax	Fee		Highway	From Prior		
Ended June 30	Tax)	(2214 Tax)	(Registration)	Interest	Revenues	Year		
Historical:						#		
2002	\$ 11,706,221	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$11,706,221	_		
2003	9,791,797	_	_	180,947	9,972,744	(14.8)		
2004	8,831,233	_	_	851,315	9,682,549	(2.9)		
2005	10,476,368	_	_	633,091	11,109,459	14.7		
2006	11,817,674	_	_	1,025,281	12,842,955	15.6		
2007	10,281,818	_	20,502	1,146,430	11,448,750	(10.9)		
2008	10,090,124	14,378,680	5,642,936	563,738	30,675,479	167.9		
2009	8,529,883	10,649,558	3,987,036	(1) 1,541,841	24,708,318	(19.5)		
2010	7,939,965	9,887,442	3,958,491	364,916	22,150,814	(10.4)		
2011	8,209,938	10,284,585	3,968,785	96,503	22,559,811	1.8		
2012	8,904,684	11,158,133	4,038,929	(81,993)	24,019,753	6.5		
2013	9,541,714	11,935,159	4,107,350	40,504	25,624,727	6.7		
2014	9,790,107	12,132,944	4,237,578	72,631	26,233,260	9.2		
2015	10,298,062	12,884,001	4,332,163	75,511	27,589,737	14.9		
2016	10,801,369	13,496,271	4,511,149	133,096	28,941,885	20.5		
2017	11,309,668	14,127,821	4,672,251	254,417	30,364,157	18.5		

⁽¹⁾ Decrease in revenue is from registration fee changed from \$7 to \$5. The current fee is \$10, which is the maximum amount allowable under current law.

(Source: From reports of the Utah Department of Transportation.)

Historical Transportation Bonds Debt Service Coverage

The following table shows the debt service requirement for the Transportation Bonds, the historical Highway Fund Revenues, transfers of Highway Fund Revenues to the County Sinking Fund pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperative Agreement, and the debt service coverage of Highway Fund Revenues for the relevant Fiscal Year with respect to the Transportation Bonds.

	Highwa	ay Fund	Transportation		
Fiscal		Transfers to		Debt	
Year Ending	Highway Fund	County Sink-	Debt	Service	
June 30 (1)	Revenues (2)	ing Fund	Service (3)	Coverage (4)	
Historical:					
2002	\$ 11,706,221	\$ -	\$ 0	_	
2003	9,972,744	_	0	_	
2004	9,682,549	_	0	_	
2005	11,109,459	_	0	_	
2006	12,842,955	_	0	_	
2007	11,448,750	_	0	_	
2008	30,675,479	_	0	_	
2009	24,708,318	_	0	_	
2010	22,150,814	_	0	_	
2011	22,559,811	_	0	_	
2012	24,019,753	8,979,720	4,489,860	2.0	X
2013	25,624,727	6,570,186	3,285,093	2.0	
2014	26,233,260	6,166,186	3,083,093	2.0	
2015	27,589,737	6,166,186	3,083,093	2.0	
2016	28,941,885	7,449,986	3,724,993	2.0	
2017	30,364,157	15,288,536	7,644,268	2.0	
2018	_		7,891,643	_	
2019	_		8,260,518	_	
2020	_		8,488,197	_	
2021	_		8,832,785	_	
2022	_		8,952,510	_	
2023	_		9,401,223	_	
2024	_		9,778,384	_	
2025	_		9,975,556	_	
2026	_		11,390,171	_	
Totals			\$ 108,281,387		

⁽¹⁾ This table is based on a Fiscal Year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

⁽²⁾ See "Historical Collections Of Pledged Highway Fund Revenues" above.

⁽³⁾ Payments based on a Fiscal Year beginning July 1 and ending June 30. Does not include federal interest subsidy of 35%. The majority of these bonds are issued as federally taxable, 35% interest subsidy, "Build America Bonds."

⁽⁴⁾ Multiple of which annual amounts transferred to the County Sinking Fund exceeds annual debt service on the Transportation Bonds. Rate covenant requirement is 2.0 times annual debt service.

Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Vear 2017

Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2017
See "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTA FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017" (page 72).
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DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO EXCISE TAX ROAD REVENUE BONDS (CUSIP®79567T)

1.

\$23,925,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Excise Tax Road Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017

Bonds dated and issued on November 29, 2017

Background Information. The \$23,925,000, Excise Tax Road Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 (the "2017 Excise Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale to BofA Merrill Lynch, New York, New York, on October 26, 2017, at a "true interest rate" of 2.61%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2017 Excise Bonds are fully–registered bonds in book–entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2017 Excise Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2017 Excise Bonds (interest payable on February 15 and August 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, initially DTC.

Optional Redemption. The 2017 Excise Bonds maturing on or after August 15, 2028, will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on August 15, 2027, and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and at random within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2017 Excise Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$23,925,000 Original issue amount: \$23,925,000

Dated: November 29, 2017 Due: August 15, as shown below

Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Original Interest	Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Original Interest
August 15	79567T	Amount	Rate	August 15	79567T	Amount	Rate
2018	AW5	\$ 280,000	4.00%	2028	BB0	\$2,295,000	5.00%
				2029	BC8	2,410,000	5.00
2024	AX3	1,880,000	5.00	2030	BD6	2,535,000	5.00
2025	AY1	1,975,000	5.00	2031	BE4	2,670,000	4.00
2026	AZ8	2,080,000	5.00	2032	BF1	2,760,000	3.00
2027	BA2	2,180,000	5.00	2033	BG9	2,860,000	3.00

\$38,600,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds, Series 2014

Bonds dated and issued on January 7, 2014

Background Information. The \$38,600,000, Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 (the "2014 Excise Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale to J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, New York, New York, on December 17, 2013, at a "true interest rate" of 3.64%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2014 Excise Bonds are fully–registered bonds in book–entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2014 Excise Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2014 Excise Bonds (interest payable on February 15 and August 15 of each year) are payable by BONY, as Paying Agent, to the registered owners thereof, initially DTC.

Optional Redemption. The 2014 Excise Bonds maturing on or before August 15, 2023, are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The 2014 Excise Bonds maturing on and after August 15, 2024, were refunded by the 2017 Excise Bonds.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$9,595,000 Original issue amount: \$38,600,000

Dated: January 7, 2014 Due: August 15, as shown below

Due August 15	CUSIP® 79567T	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate	Due August 15	CUSIP® 79567T	Principal Amount	Original Interest Rate
2018	AE5 AF2 AG0 AH8 AJ4 AK1 AL9 AM7	\$1,425,000 1,475,000 1,550,000 1,630,000 1,715,000 1,800,000 1,895,000 1,990,000	1.50% 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00	2026	AN5 AP0 AQ8 AR6 AS4 AT2 AU9 AV7	\$2,095,000 2,200,000 2,315,000 2,430,000 2,555,000 2,690,000 2,810,000 2,940,000	5.00% 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 4.00 5.00

(strikethrough) These bonds have been refunded by the 2017 Excise Bonds.

Pledged Uniform Fees

The County has historically distributed revenues from Uniform Fees as follows:

	Fiscal Year (ending December 31)					
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Total county–wide Uniform Fees	\$73,084,514	\$70,597,840	\$67,664,260	\$64,705,147	\$63,936,026	
Uniform Fees allocated to County–wide funds	\$13,351,483	\$13,276,654	\$12,850,945	\$13,004,964	\$12,909,067	
Uniform Fees allocated to other County funds	2,476,459	4,010,682	3,883,019	3,857,931	3,851,012	
Uniform Fees distributed to County	\$15,827,942	\$17,287,336	\$16,733,964	\$16,862,895	\$16,760,079	
County's % portion of total county-						
wide Uniform Fees	21.7%	24.5%	24.7%	26.1%	26.2%	
Allocated to County-wide funds:						
General Fund (1)	\$ 8,556,307	\$ 8,386,579	\$ 7,576,542	\$ 7,466,288	\$ 7,457,219	
General Obligation Bonds debt service	1,768,054	1,836,293	2,293,021	2,604,420	2,549,338	
Tax Administration	1,360,865	1,348,292	1,312,902	1,297,927	1,278,728	
Health	696,506	694,270	670,127	659,672	657,632	
Flood Control	310,749	367,259	387,489	381,239	381,589	
Capital Improvements	342,895	342,104	332,784	329,836	328,816	
Recreation (Planetarium)	214,310	201,238	182,348	171,343	162,378	
Government Immunity	101,797	100,619	95,732	94,239	93,367	
Total Uniform Fees County-wide funds	\$13,351,483	\$13,276,654	\$12,850,945	\$13,004,964	\$12,909,067	
% change from prior year	0.6	3.3	(1.2)	0.7	14.3	
Pledged Uniform Fees (1)	\$ 8,556,307	\$ 8,386,579	\$ 7,576,542	\$ 7,466,288	\$ 7,457,219	
% change from prior year	2.0	10.7	1.5	0.1	13.8	

⁽¹⁾ Uniform Fee revenues allocated to the General Fund will be pledged to the payment of the 2014 Excise Tax Bonds.

(Source: The County's CAFR, compiled by Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Pledged Preservation Fees

			2010	
	Highw	ay Fund	Transport-	Remaining
Fiscal	Highway	Transfers to	ation Bonds	Highway Fund
Year Ending	Fund Rev-	2010 County	Total Debt	Amounts
June 30 (1)	enues (2)	Sinking Fund	Service (3)	Available (4)
Historical:				
2002	\$11,706,221	_	_	_
2003	9,972,744	_	_	_
2004	9,682,549	_	_	_
2005	11,109,459	_	_	_
2006	12,842,955	_	_	_
2007	11,448,750	_	_	_
2008	30,675,479	_	_	_
2009	24,708,318	_	_	_
2010	22,150,814	_	_	_
2011	22,559,811	_	_	_
2012	24,019,753	\$ 8,979,720	\$ 4,489,860	_
2013	25,624,727	6,570,186	3,285,093	_
2014	26,233,260	6,166,186	3,083,093	\$ 23,150,167
2015	27,589,737	6,166,186	3,083,093	24,506,644
2016	28,941,885	7,449,986	3,724,993	25,216,892
2017	30,364,157	15,288,536	7,644,268	22,719,889
2018			7,891,643	
2019			8,260,518	
2020			8,488,197	
2021			8,832,785	
2022			8,952,510	
2023			9,401,223	
2024			9,778,384	
2025			9,975,556	
2026			11,390,171	
Totals			\$108,281,387	

⁽¹⁾ This table is based on the State's fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30.

(Source: From reports of the Utah Department of Transportation.)

⁽²⁾ Historical revenues include interest earnings or losses on interest earnings. Source: UDOT.

⁽³⁾ Payments based on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30. The total debt service has not been reduced by the amount expected to be paid from a federal interest subsidy of 35% on the 2010 Transportation Bonds, which were issued as Build America Bonds.

⁽⁴⁾ Remaining amount in the Highway Fund available to UDOT for the transfer of the Pledged Preservation Fees to the County and other legally available uses determined by UDOT.

The table below shows a history of Preservation Fee revenues collected by the State for the last five fiscal years ending June 30 and what the amount of Pledged Preservation Fees would have been for those years. Final Fiscal Year 2018 information is not available.

Preservation Fee Revenues

		Pledged Preser-
		vation Fees
Preservation	Pledged	% Change From
Fees	<u>Preservation Fees</u>	Prior Period
\$9,344,502	\$4,672,251	3.6%
9,022,298	4,511,149	4.4
8,665,156	4,332,578	2.2
8,475,156	4,237,578	3.2
8,214,700	4,107,350	1.7
	Fees \$9,344,502 9,022,298 8,665,156 8,475,156	Fees Preservation Fees \$9,344,502 \$4,672,251 9,022,298 4,511,149 8,665,156 4,332,578 8,475,156 4,237,578

(Source: Utah Department of Transportation.)

Historical Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds Debt Service Coverage

Pledged Excise Taxes

		Pleag	ed Excise Taxe	es		
			Pledged			
		P	reservation	Total		Debt
Fiscal	Pledged		Fees	Pledged	2014 Bonds	Service
Year Ending	Uniform	(Tı	ransfer from	Excise	Total Debt	Cover-
June 30 (1)	Fees	Hig	hway Fund)	Taxes	Service	age (2)
			_			
2014	\$7,466,288	\$	4,237,578	\$11,703,866	\$ 0	_
2015	7,576,542		4,332,163	11,908,705	3,012,678	4.0
2016	8,386,579		4,511,149	12,897,728	3,016,125	4.3
2017	8,556,307		4,672,251	13,228,558	3,015,075	4.4
2018					3,015,575	
2019					3,012,088	
2020					3,014,525	
2021					3,013,900	
2022					3,014,400	
2023					3,015,775	
2024					3,012,900	
2025					3,015,525	
2026					3,013,400	
2027					3,016,275	
2028					3,013,900	
2029					3,016,025	
2030					3,012,400	
2031					3,012,775	
2032					3,016,650	
2033					3,013,200	
2034					3,013,500	<u>-</u>
Totals					\$60,286,691	_

⁽¹⁾ This table is based on the State's fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

⁽²⁾ Multiple of which annual amounts of Pledged Excise Taxes exceeds annual debt service on the 2014 Excise Tax Bonds.

Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Vear 2017

Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2017
See "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAIFOR FISCAL YEAR 2017" (page 72).
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DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO SALES TAX REVENUE (TRCC) BONDS (CUSIP®79560Q)

\$44,230,000 Salt Lake County, Utah Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds, Series 2017

Bonds dated and issued on July 11, 2017

Background Information. The \$44,230,000, Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds, Series 2017 (the "2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds") were awarded pursuant to a negotiated sale on June 22, 2017 to Wells Fargo Securities, New York, New York, at a "true interest rate" of 2.93%. Zions Public Finance, Inc., Salt Lake City, Utah, acted as Municipal Advisor.

The 2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds are fully–registered bonds in book–entry only form, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC and DTC is currently acting as securities depository for the 2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds. Principal of and interest on the 2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds (interest payable February 1 and August 1 of each year) are payable by Zions Bank, as Paying Agent and Trustee, to the registered owners thereof, currently DTC.

Redemption Provisions. The 2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2028, will be subject to optional redemption at the option of the County on February 1, 2027, and on any date thereafter prior to maturity, in whole or in part, from such maturities or parts thereof as may be selected by the County, and at random within each maturity if less than the full amount of any maturity is to be redeemed, upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

Current Maturity Schedule.

Current principal outstanding: \$42,995,000 Original issue amount: \$44,230,000

Dated: July 11, 2017 Due: February 1, as shown below

Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Original Interest	Due	CUSIP®	Principal	Original Interest
February 1	79560Q	Amount	Rate	February 1	79560Q	Amount	Rate
2019	CK2	\$1,430,000	5.00%	2029	CV8	\$2,285,000	5.00%
2020	CL0	1,500,000	5.00	2030	CW6	2,405,000	5.00
2021	CM8	1,555,000	2.00	2031	CX4	2,525,000	5.00
2022	CN6	1,610,000	5.00	2032	CY2	2,655,000	5.00
2023	CP1	1,695,000	5.00	2033	CZ9	2,795,000	5.00
2024	CQ9	1,780,000	5.00	2034	DA3	2,935,000	5.00
2025	CR7	1,870,000	5.00	2035	DB1	3,085,000	5.00
2026	CS5	1,970,000	5.00	2036	DC9	3,245,000	5.00
2027	CT3	2,070,000	5.00	2037	DD7	3,410,000	5.00
2028	CU0	2,175,000	5.00				

Historical Collections Of Pledged Taxes (for TRCC)

	3% Motor \ Leasing		4% Motor Leasing		1% Restar Sales T			0.5% Tour Room Sale	Total Collections				
Fiscal Year Ended December 31	Amount	% change from prior year	Amount	% change from prior year	Amount	% change from prior year	Amount	Sk	Required if Promotion Expense nder TRCC Act	Total Available Amount	% change from prior year	Amount (1)	% change from prior year
2017	\$6,238,664	7.6	\$8,318,219	7.6	\$ 23,827,058	4.8	\$2,688,648	\$	(450,000)	\$2,238,648	12.3	\$ 40,622,589	6.3
2016	5,798,645	5.1	7,731,527	5.1	22,726,604	4.9	2,395,212		(450,000)	1,945,212	4.2	38,201,988	5.0
2015	5,514,736	6.0	7,352,981	6.0	21,663,728	8.6	2,298,520		(450,000)	1,848,520	13.0	36,379,965	8.1
2014	5,204,219	14.4	6,938,959	14.4	19,940,283	7.3	2,034,770		(450,000)	1,584,770	9.4	33,668,231	10.0
2013	4,547,181	0.8	6,062,908	0.8	18,575,417	6.2	1,859,706		(450,000)	1,409,706	6.3	30,595,212	4.4
2012	4,508,943	(0.5)	6,011,924	(0.5)	17,493,773	5.1	1,749,409		(450,000)	1,299,409	5.0	29,314,049	3.1
2011	4,530,887	9.9	6,041,183	9.9	16,642,854	7.4	1,665,416		(450,000)	1,215,416	9.9	28,430,340	8.6
2010	4,122,763	5.8	5,497,017	5.8	15,491,348	3.2	1,514,717		(450,000)	1,064,717	3.2	26,175,845	4.2
2009	3,896,401	(6.7)	5,195,201	(6.7)	15,015,281	(5.2)	1,468,344		(450,000)	1,018,344	(16.0)	25,125,227	(6.5)
2008	4,176,769	(8.1)	5,569,025	(8.1)	15,839,168	(0.1)	1,747,315		(450,000)	1,297,315	(3.0)	26,882,277	(3.3)

⁽¹⁾ These total collection amounts will not balance to the County's TRCC Fund accounting in the CAFR due to the subtraction of \$450,000 for ski industry promotion expenses.

(Source: The County.)

Historical Debt Service Coverage (TRCC Bonds)

Fiscal Year Ending December 31	2017 TRCC Bonds Debt Service	Pledged Taxes (1)	Debt Service Cover- age (2)
2016	\$ 0	\$38,201,988	– X
2017	0	40,622,589	_
2018	3,489,244		
2019	3,497,350		
2020	3,494,100		
2021	3,496,050		
2022	3,495,250		
2023	3,497,625		
2024	3,495,750		
2025	3,494,500		
2026	3,498,500		
2027	3,497,500		
2028	3,496,375		
2029	3,494,875		
2030	3,497,625		
2031	3,494,375		
2032	3,494,875		
2033	3,498,625		
2034	3,495,375		
2035	3,494,875		
2036	3,496,625		
2037	3,495,250		
Totals	\$69,914,744		

- (1) Based on the County's Pledged Taxes for each Fiscal Year (which amount excludes \$450,000 of Pledged Taxes required for ski promotion). There is no assurance that Pledged Taxes in each year will equal or exceed such amount.
- (2) Multiple by which Pledged Taxes exceed Total Debt Service on the TRCC Bonds.

(Source: Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Five Year Financial Summaries Of The TRCC Special Revenue Fund

Salt Lake County

Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds—Major Special Revenue Funds

Tourism, Recreation, Cultural and Convention (TRCC)

(This summary has not been audited)

	As of December 31							
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013			
Assets								
Cash and investments								
Pooled cash and investments	\$38,447,312	\$29,226,013	\$24,016,711	\$21,189,301	\$12,313,278			
Other cash	307,755	740,515	568,619	740,909	558,477			
Restricted cash and investments	195,919	246,058	6,819,091	6,854,869	19,540			
Receivables								
Taxes	8,857,776	8,779,069	5,694,041	5,346,965	4,866,469			
Notes (1)	5,451,900	5,489,400	5,039,400	5,039,400	_			
Accounts	1,223,180	1,541,242	1,146,226	1,026,441	698,684			
Interest, rents and other	72,351	254,741	167,455	124,936	132,276			
Inventories and prepaid items	43,089	25,610	39,154	25,854	5,273			
Total assets	\$54,599,282	\$46,302,648	\$43,490,697	\$40,348,675	\$18,593,997			
Liabilities								
Unearned revenue	\$ 3,759,425	\$ 3,732,088	\$ 3,008,685	\$ 2,476,594	\$ 2,098,251			
Accrued expenditures	3,069,965	2,411,973	2,256,704	1,850,321	1,713,545			
Accounts payable	1,986,086	1,527,642	1,371,958	1,518,455	2,088,744			
Total liabilities	8,815,476	7,671,703	6,637,347	5,845,370	5,900,540			
Fund balances								
Restricted for:								
Convention and tourism	27,052,448	21,072,969	14,877,737	6,368,548	9,888,623			
Debt service	959	2,443	6,527,077	20,461	19,540			
Assigned to								
Convention and tourism	9,788,940	10,711,836	6,163,356	18,994,238	2,209,148			
Nonspendable								
Note receivable (1)	5,039,400	5,039,400	5,039,400	5,039,400	_			
Inventories and prepaid items	43,089	25,610	39,154	25,854	5,273			
Committed to								
Contractual obligations	3,164,381	1,726,464	4,154,004	3,975,613	493,652			
Other purposes	650,270	_	_	_	_			
Compensated absences	44,319	52,223	52,622	47,848	45,878			
Other postemployment benefits				31,343	31,343			
Total fund balance	45,783,806	38,630,945	36,853,350	34,503,305	12,693,457			
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$54,599,282	\$46,302,648	\$43,490,697	\$40,348,675	\$18,593,997			

⁽¹⁾ For a discussion regarding this note see "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017–Notes to the Basic Financial Statements–Note 5. Receivables" (CAFR page 60).

(Source: Information extracted from the County's audited financial statements by Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Salt Lake County

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds—Major Special Revenue Funds

Tourism, Recreation, Cultural and Convention (TRCC)

(This summary has not been audited)

		Fiscal '	Year Ended Decem	ber 31	
	2017	2016 (1)	2015	2014	2013
Revenues					
Taxes					
Sales taxes	\$ 38,383,941	\$ 36,256,776	\$ 34,531,445	\$ 32,083,460	\$ 29,185,505
Transient room taxes	25,542,154	(3) 22,754,517 (4) 2,298,520	2,034,770	1,859,706
Total taxes	63,926,095	59,011,293	36,829,965	34,118,230	31,045,211
Interest, rents, and concessions	22,465,117	19,807,684	19,404,018	18,750,679	15,020,904
Grants and contributions	515,849	2,044,122	348,588	100,000	25,544
Licenses and permits	181,717	231,147	253,610	319,486	241,173
Charges for services	_	36	_	_	_
Other					768
Total revenues	87,088,778	81,094,282	56,836,181	53,288,395	46,333,600
Expenditures					
Current					
Education, recreation, and cultural	56,464,957	65,143,708	38,178,537	31,888,840	23,584,969
Debt service (2)					
Principal retirement	2,949,543	2,855,002	2,779,543	2,645,161	2,540,856
Interest	1,392,053	1,505,733	1,674,167	1,796,143	1,844,154
Total expenditures	60,806,553	69,504,443	42,632,247	36,330,144	27,969,979
Excess of revenues over expenditures	26,282,225	11,589,839	14,203,934	16,958,251	18,363,621
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	6,060,270	3,000,000	7,744,351	15,958,522	6,578,172
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	800	540	_	_	40,000
Sales and excise tax revenue bonds issued	_	_	_	6,500,000	_
Transfers out	(25,190,434)	(19,882,238)	(19,987,282)	(17,606,925)	(23,996,745)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(19,129,364)	(16,881,698)	(12,242,931)	4,851,597	(17,378,573)
Net change in fund balance	7,152,861	(5,291,859)	1,961,003	21,809,848	985,048
Fund balance—beginning of year (as restated)	38,630,945	43,922,804	34,892,347	12,693,457	11,708,409
Fund balance—end of year	\$ 45,783,806	\$ 38,630,945	\$ 36,853,350	\$ 34,503,305	\$ 12,693,457

- (1) Beginning in Fiscal Year 2016, the increase in total revenues, total expenditures and fund balances is the result of the County moving the Visitor Promotion Special Revenue Fund into the TRCC Fund (visitor promotions were reported separately as a nonmajor fund in prior years).
- (2) In June 2012, the County issued the 2012A Sales Tax Bonds, which bonds are secured by a 2001 Indenture and secured by a sales tax pledge of the County's 0.25% County Option Sales and Use Tax. The 2012A Sales Tax Bonds refunded sales tax bonds previously issued by the County in Fiscal Years 2004 and 2005 (and which original bond proceeds were used for convention facilities and other TRCC related projects). Historically the County has used Pledged TRCC Taxes to pay for certain amounts of principal and interest on the 2012A Sales Tax Bonds. With the issuance of the 2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds, the County will first pay from Pledged Taxes the debt service on the 2017 TRCC Sales Tax Bonds and then will use the remaining moneys for other legally eligible purposes, which may include future contributions to pay portions of debt service on the 2012A Sales Tax Bonds.
- (3) The amount of the 0.5% Tourism Room Sales Tax that is considered part of the Pledged Revenues from these total Transit Room Taxes for Fiscal Year 2017 is \$2,238,648 (total tax revenues of \$2,688,648 less ski promotion expense of \$450,000).
- (4) The amount of the 0.5% Tourism Room Sales Tax that is considered part of the Pledged Revenues from these total Transit Room Taxes for Fiscal Year 2016 is \$1,945,212 (total tax revenues of \$2,395,212 less ski promotion expense of \$450,000).

(Source: Information extracted from the County's audited financial statements by Zions Public Finance, Inc.)

Additional Disclosure Information

For further disclosure information on the County sales tax revenue (TRCC) bonds see the following sections:

DISCLOSURE SPECIFIC TO GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CUSIP®795676)

Debt Structure Of Salt Lake County, Utah (page 14);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding General Obligation Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 17);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Sales Tax Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 19);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Transportation Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 20);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Excise Tax Road Revenue Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 21);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Sales Tax Revenue (TRCC) Bonds By Fiscal Year (page 22);

Future Issuance Of Debt; Historical Tax And Revenue Anticipation Note Borrowing; Other Debt (page 23);

The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah (page 24);

Debt Service Schedule Of Outstanding Lease Revenue Bonds Of The Municipal Building Authority Of Salt Lake County, Utah By Fiscal Year (page 25);

Overlapping And Underlying General Obligation Debt (page 26);

Debt Ratios Regarding General Obligation Debt (page 26);

General Obligation Legal Debt Limit And Additional Debt Incurring Capacity (page 27);

Financial Information Regarding Salt Lake County, Utah (page 28);

Financial Summaries (page 30);

Taxable, Fair Market And Market Value Of Property (page 38); and

Historical Summaries Of Taxable Values Of Property (page 38).

Audited Financial Information For Fiscal Year 2017

See "COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017" (page 72).

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COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017

Included with this supplement is the County's comprehensive annual financial report for Fiscal Year 2017.

The Fiscal Year 2017 comprehensive annual financial report and other historical financial reports may be found on the internet at http://auditor.utah.gov/accountability/financial-reports-of-local-governments/ and at the County's website at http://www.slco.org.

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Salt Lake County, Utah Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



For The Year Ended December 31, 2017



SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Prepared by:

Salt Lake County Mayor's Financial Administration

Published: June 29, 2018

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June 29, 2018

To the Honorable County Council, Honorable Mayor, and Citizens of Salt Lake County, Utah:

State law requires that every general purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Squire & Company, PC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on Salt Lake County's (the County's) financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

An audit to verify the County's compliance with requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), has been performed. A separate federal compliance audit report has been issued in conjunction with the independent audit; the federal compliance audit report contains the results of the federal compliance audit and required schedules. Also, an audit to verify the County's compliance with state requirements as specified in the *State Compliance Audit Guide* has been performed and a report with required schedules has been issued.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the County and our Government

The County is the most populous county in Utah. The 2017 County population of 1,135,649 represents approximately 37% of Utah's population. The Salt Lake City and County area, often referred to as "the crossroads of the west", is the largest metropolitan area between Phoenix and the Canadian border, north to south, and between Denver and California, east to west. The Salt Lake area received worldwide attention as host of the 2002 Olympic Winter Games.

The County is structured as a mayor-council form of government, where the elected Mayor serves as the County executive. There are nine part-time Council members, three voted at-large to staggered six-year terms, and six are elected by district with staggered four-year terms. The Mayor's term is four years. There are eight other elected officials, who have independent authority defined by statute, whose terms are also four years: Assessor, Auditor, Clerk, District Attorney, Recorder, Sheriff, Surveyor, and Treasurer. The County is empowered to levy a property tax on real and personal property located within its boundaries. The property tax system is administered by the Council, Assessor, Auditor, District Attorney, Recorder, Surveyor, and Treasurer. As depicted on the organizational chart following this letter, the Mayor's area of responsibility is organized into major departments and offices.

The County provides a diversified range of services, which include the following: 1) human services such as mental health, public health, substance abuse, aging, criminal justice, and youth; 2) public works services such as flood control, emergency services, and solid waste management (through a joint venture with Salt Lake City); 3) community services such as educational, recreation and economic development, including the Salt Palace and Mountain America convention centers and the Equestrian Park and Event Center, centers for the arts (including the new George S. and Dolores Doré Eccles Theatre through a joint venture with Salt Lake City), visitor promotion, parks and recreation, golf courses, and the

planetarium; 4) property tax assessing and collecting, auditing, surveying, recording, marriage licenses, passports, criminal justice services, and ordinance enactment and enforcement; and 5) administrative services that include internal services such as human resources, purchasing, accounting, budgeting, information services, facilities services, fleet, etc. Library services are county-wide except for those taxing areas within the cities of Salt Lake and Murray, who maintain their own library systems. Fire services are provided by contract through the Unified Fire Authority (UFA), which started July 1, 2004. Law enforcement services are provided by contract through the Unified Police Department (UPD), which started January 1, 2010. Sanitation services are provided by contract through Wasatch Front Waste and Recycling District, which started January 1, 2013. The Greater Salt Lake Municipal Services District (MSD) began January 1, 2016 and is a separate legal entity for which the County Council served as the board during 2016 and was included in the County's report during that year. Beginning in 2017, the MSD's board is made up of 6 members; one from each Metro Township and one representative from the County and is reported as a separate reporting entity in 2017. The MSD contracts with the County to provide its citizens animal, planning and development, business licenses, street lighting, traffic engineering, and highway services.

Also, the Municipal Building Authority, Redevelopment Agency, and the Salt Lake County NMTC, Inc., are separate legal entities for which the County is financially accountable, so they are included in this report. See Notes 1.1 through 1.5 to the basic financial statements for more information regarding the reporting entity.

County Budget Process

Within the County budget process many critical planning decisions are made. The Mayor, as the statutory budget officer, is responsible for revenue projections and the preparation of a proposed budget. The Mayor submits the proposed budget to the Council, which makes appropriation decisions and adopts a budget on or before December 31 preceding the calendar year.

The budget is prepared by fund, organization, and appropriation unit. Appropriation units are related categories of expenditures which are grouped together within each organization. Generally, organization budgets include these appropriation unit categories: salaries, wages and employee benefits; materials, supplies, and services; overhead costs; capital outlay; and debt service. While budgets are adopted at the organization by the Council, transfers between appropriation units also require Council approval.

The budget is reopened in June and December to consider necessary adjustments. Final tax rates are adopted at the conclusion of the June budget and tax rate setting process. Budget-to-actual comparisons are presented for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund in the basic financial statements. Budget-to-actual comparisons for all governmental funds are found in the supplementary information section of this report.

Financial Condition of the County and Other Information to Assist in Assessing Economic Condition

Local economy: The County is the business and financial center for most of the major businesses and industries in the state. In 2017 the County, consisting of 37% of the state's population, produced almost 45% of the state's taxable sales and accounted for 54% of the state's wages and salaries, making it the economic hub of the state economy. Major employers in the County are spread across economic sectors, including: mining, manufacturing, transportation, medical services, technology, communications, financial, government and non-profit services. The County's widely developed and diverse economic sectors led to the State's third place economic diversity ranking in the country during 2016.

In the first quarter of 2018, job growth in the Salt Lake Metro Area grew faster than competitive metropolitan areas like Los Angeles, Phoenix and Denver. As of May 2018, the County posted job gains of 3 percent. The following economic sectors in the Salt Lake Metro Area increased employment faster than 3%: natural resources, mining and construction (10.4%); transportation, warehousing and utilities (6.5%); educational and health services (3.6%); and leisure and hospitality (5.8%).

Due to strong job growth, relatively low interest rates and a favorable business climate, new residential construction permit values rose almost 37% during the first four months of 2018. Housing prices continue to be strong as demand outstrips supply, bidding prices up in the Salt Lake Metro Area by 9.8% in the first quarter of 2018. Taxable sales in the County rose 6.6% in 2017 and are expected to rise between 4.5% and 6% in 2018. During the first quarter of 2018, the County taxable sales increased 7.2%.

The County's taxable sales increased faster than the sum of population and inflation growth in six out of the last seven years. Overall, the County's economic outlook is favorable, driven by a relatively high job growth of 3% and a low

unemployment rate of 3%. These compare favorably to a national job growth rate of 1.6% and a national unemployment rate of 3.8% as of May 2018.

Long-term financial planning: To enhance long-term planning and prudent financial management, the County has implemented significant financial management policies and practices. The most significant of these includes the following: 1) financial goals and policies approved by the Council, which address key financial operations in these areas: operating and capital budgeting, debt issuance, revenues, minimum reserves, investments, accounting, financial reporting, and auditing; 2) a county-wide cost allocation plan; 3) a long-range budget and planning process which projects revenues, budgets and minimum fund balances three years into the future; 4) use of a debt review committee, which reviews all forms of debt requests, provides analysis, and forwards its recommendations, if appropriate, to the Mayor and the Council; and 5) a five-year facilities master plan.

Relevant financial policies: The County Council has adopted a financial policy, which is included in the financial goals and policies mentioned above, to maintain a minimum level of fund balance in the General Fund (unassigned fund balance of at least 10% of the budgeted expenditures) and selected special revenue funds (total fund balances of at least 5% of budgeted expenditures). The County's policy also establishes minimum reserves for certain employee benefit obligations. The Council considers the minimum fund balance policy when evaluating the potential financial impact of new programs, projects, etc. The County is in compliance with its financial goals and policies. These policies and the long-term financial planning tools referred to above have made a significant contribution to the County's excellent bond rating and overall financial condition. These financial management policies and related practices enabled the County to adjust effectively to economic downturns while still maintaining relatively favorable fund balances.

Major initiatives: Mayor Ben McAdams advances an "Opportunity Agenda" as the 2017 directive that guides the county's priorities. The Mayor and County Council crafted and approved a conservative 2017 budget that is structurally balanced and supports a strong belief in efficient government and accountability to the taxpayer. At the same time, the budget prioritizes the Mayor's objectives that wherever existing county government functions don't reflect the world we now live in, we will change.

Priorities in 2017 included:

- Expanding earlier work with the Global Cities Initiative to produce an Export Market Plan. A major grant of \$200,000 from JPMorgan Chase will assist small and medium-sized businesses to reach their export potential. Next steps include strategies to attract and leverage foreign direct investment.
- Building on our vision for a Mountain View Economic Development Commission to pursue significant economic development from north to south along the west bench. It will maximize job opportunities for residents and grow our tax base to help fund schools.
- Maintaining triple A financial ratings on county bonds.
- Partnering with state and city officials, businesses, nonprofits and law enforcement to enhance public safety in the area around the emergency shelter in downtown Salt Lake. The County contributed to a \$67 million effort to provide additional jail beds, law enforcement, behavioral health treatment beds and public health response.
- Moving homeless families out of the downtown emergency shelter and providing more appropriate temporary housing for children experiencing homelessness.
- Continuing implementation of Collective Impact Action Plan to minimize and prevent homelessness, including supporting the architectural design of three proposed homeless resource centers for construction in 2018.
- Securing Justice Reinvestment Initiative grant funding to expand access to specialty drug court as an alternative to jail for individuals arrested for crimes associated with mental illness or substance abuse disorders.
- Joining the national legal fight against opioid makers in response to Utah's public health crisis of overdose deaths from highly-addictive opioid pain pills.
- Opening new District Attorney offices in the rapidly-growing southwest part of the county, making it easier for residents to access public safety services.

- Boosting economic development in newly-incorporated metro townships, including a \$1.9 million road-paving project in Kearns to enhance business park expansion.
- Designing a new \$40 million Mid-Valley Performing Arts Center.
- Successfully marketing the tourism, convention and recreation industries including a new partnership with the Society of Independent Show Organizers to pursue tradeshow producers.
- Ground breaking on annex building next to Olympic Oval in Kearns, which will include meeting and office space for this Olympic venue and training facility and the Kearns Metro Council.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the *Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting* to the County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. This is the 31st consecutive year that the County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The County's bond rating remains one of the strongest in the world, with all three major rating agencies giving Salt Lake County the highest possible rating of AAA on its underlying General Obligation debt, effectively placing it in the top 1% of all counties in terms of creditworthiness.

Salt Lake County Animal Services received the National Association of Counties Achievement Award for innovative programs in the category of public health for the Free Feline Fix program and the Pets for Life Award given by PetSmart Charities and the Humane Society of the United States for services that are provided to homeless and low-income pet owners. Animal Services Officer, Melanie Bennett also received Animal Control Officer of the Year from the National Animal Control Association.

Salt Lake County Health Department received the USDA's Loving Support Gold Award for their WIC Breastfeeding Peer Counseling Program, recognizing breastfeeding initiation rate increase from 86% in 2013 to 89% today.

Salt Lake County received the Silver Award from the International Economic Development Council (IEDC) for best Public- Private Partnership for the George S. and Dolores Eccles Theater/Regent Street Project.

We express sincere appreciation to all those who are involved in the independent audit process and who contribute to the preparation and publishing of this report. We also greatly appreciate the professional service and assistance rendered by our independent auditors, Squire & Company, PC.

Respectfully submitted,

Darrin Casper Chief Financial Officer Shanell Beecher, CPA Director of Accounting



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Salt Lake County Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2016

Christophe P. Morrill

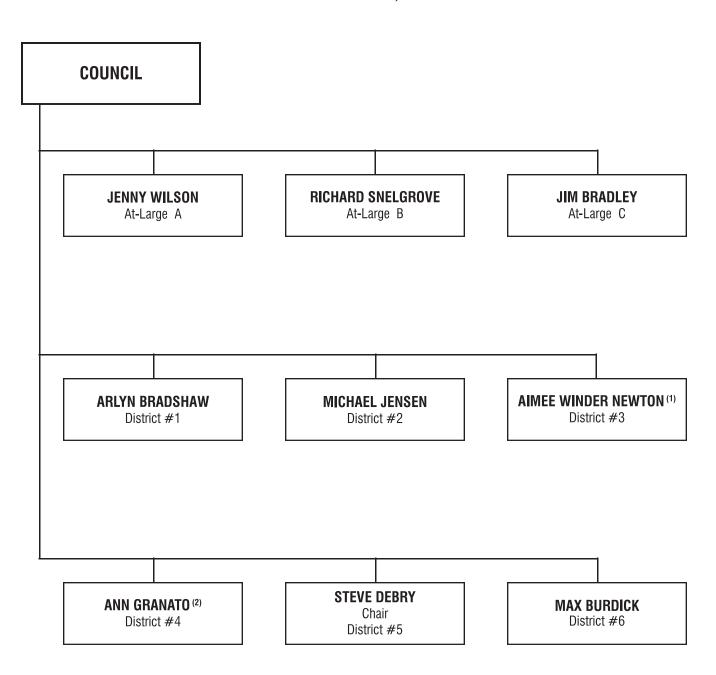
Executive Director/CEO

MAYOR BEN MCADAMS

Deputy Mayor of Finance &	Deputy Mayor of County Services	Deputy Mayor of Operations	Deputy Mayor of Community &
Administration (CFO)	(CAO)	(00)	External Attairs
Darrin Casper	Erin Litvack	Rick Graham	Karen Hale
Office of Finance	Executive Assistant: Michelle Hicks	Dept. Public Works & Municipal	Mayor's Administration
-Budget: Director: Rod Kitchens	Associate Deputy Mayor: Kim Barnett	Services	Executive Assistant to Mayor: Stephanie
-Accounting: Director: Shanell	Internal Comm. Director: Angie Pitt	Director: Scott Baird	Withers
Beecher		-PW Operations & Street Lights	Office Manager: Andrea Valverde
-Finance & Payroll: Director: Greg	Human Resources Division	-PW Engineering	Office Coordinator: Sherri Trujillo
Folta	Director: Michael Ongkiko	-Landfill/Recycle	Communications
	Associate Director: Nilsa Carter	-Planning & Zoning	Communications Director: Alyson
Dept. Administrative Services		-Animal Services	Heyrend
Director: Megan Hillyard	Dept. Community Services	-Flood Control Engineering	Senior Advisor on Policy &
-Data & Innovation: Director: Javaid	Director: Holly Yocom	-Fleet	Communications: Michelle Schmitt
Γα	Assoc. Director: Robin Chalhoub		
-Records & Archives: Manager:	-Center for the Arts/Eccles Theater	Community, Development &	Community Outreach &
Maren Slaugh	-Zoo, Arts & Parks	Engagement Services	Engagement
-Contracts & Procurement: Jason	-Clark Planetarium		Outreach Manager: Tiffany Clason
Yocom	-Parks & Recreation/Golf	Emergency Services	Community Liaison: Anna Vukin-Chow
-Facilities: Rory Payne	-Equestrian Park	Assistant Director: Jackie Nicholl	Constituent Affairs: Destiny Garcia
-IS / IT: Director: Zach Posner	-Library		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
-Real Estate: Manager: Derrick	-Children's Museum	Fiscal Services	
Sorensen		Fiscal Manager: Jared Steffey	Director: Noella Sudbury
-Addressing: Manager: Teresa Curtis	Dept. Human Services		Frogram Manager: Lana Darron
	Director: Karen Crompton		Management Analyst: Lucker
	Assoc. Director: Christopher Otto		Samuelsen
	-Health Department		Business Intelligence Data Analyst:
	-Aging & Adult Services		Tanling Shi
	-Youth Services		Legislative Affairs
	-Criminal Justice Services		Director & Senior Advisor: Justin
	-Behavioral Health Services		Stewart
	-USU Extension Services		Office of Diversity & Inclusion
	-Indigent Defense		Director: Emma Houston
	Dept. Regional Transportation,		Office for New Americans &
	Housing & Economic Dev.		Refugees
	Director: Carlton Christensen		Director: 7ee Xico
	-Convention & Visitor Sales &		Mayor's Initiatives & Special
	Marketing		<u>Projects</u>
	-Salt Palace Convention Center		Director: Shaleane Gee
	-Mountain America Exposition Center		Policy Analyst: Valerie Walton
	-Regional Transportation & Planning		Management Analyst: Annie Dayton
	-Housing & Community Development		
	-ronollic Developineni		

SALT LAKE COUNTY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

As of June 15, 2018

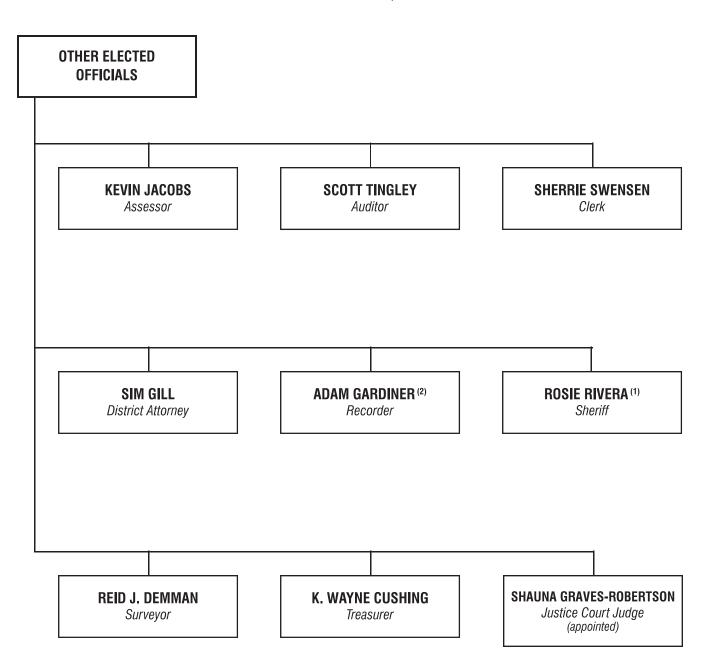


⁽¹⁾ Aimee Winder Newton was elected Council Chair January 9, 2018.

⁽²⁾ Ann Granato was appointed by the Democratic Party and sworn in on June 5, 2018.

SALT LAKE COUNTY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

As of June 15, 2018



⁽¹⁾ Rosie Rivera was appointed by the Democratic Party and sworn in on August 15, 2017.

⁽²⁾ Adam Gardiner was appointed by the Republican Party and sworn in on August 18, 2017.

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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor Ben McAdams and Members of the County Council Salt Lake County, Utah

Report on the Basic Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Salt Lake County, Utah (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Basic Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Salt Lake County, Utah as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and the major special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Notes 11 and 21 to the basic financial statements, in 2017, the County adopted Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans* and Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the information about infrastructure assets reported using the modified approach, the schedule of funding progress—other postemployment benefit plan, the schedules of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)—Utah Retirement Systems, the schedules of County contributions—Utah Retirement Systems, the schedule of changes in the County's net OPEB obligation and related ratios—other post employment benefit plan, the schedule of County contributions—other post employment benefit plan, and the related notes to the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the required supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the introductory and statistical sections, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and

reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 29, 2018 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Orem, Utah June 29, 2018

Again & Company, PC

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Salt Lake County, Utah Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

The following narrative is presented to facilitate a better understanding of the financial position of Salt Lake County, Utah (the County) and the results of its operations as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017. Since this MD&A is designed primarily to focus on the current year, we encourage those reviewing it to also read the transmittal letter and the basic financial statements, particularly the notes to the basic financial statements. This will help the reader to attain a broader understanding of the County's finances. For simplification, numbers are generally rounded to the nearest one-hundred thousand dollars and, due to rounding, may vary somewhat from certain numbers shown in the body of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The County's total net position (the amount by which assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) as of December 31, 2017 was \$746.5 million. Net position decreased by \$222.4 million showing a deterioration from 2016. The largest components of this decrease include a restatement of beginning balances of \$50.2 million resulting from implementing new financial and reporting standards related to the County's other postemployment benefit plan, and \$217.9 million in contributions of unincorporated County capital assets to other governments resulting from the incorporations referenced below. These decreases in net position are offset by strong revenue growth in the County.
- Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area (SLVLESA) and Greater Salt Lake Municipal Services District (MSD) are no longer blended component units of the County in 2017. This is due to board changes that resulted in Salt Lake County no longer having both a majority governing board and operational control in either entity. Additionally, as a result of the November 2016 general election, 91.7% of the unincorporated County population was incorporated into Millcreek City and five metro townships (Copperton, Emigration Canyon, Kearns, Magna, and White City) on January 1, 2017.
- Notwithstanding the decline in the County's net position due to the reclassifications and restatement, the County's fund balances significantly improved. Total fund balances in the governmental funds increased in 2017 by 39.0% to \$481.3 million.
- Taxes comprise the largest source of revenue for the County. Despite every tax stream showing an increase in revenues in 2017, overall tax revenues decreased by \$20.7 million, or 3.0%, compared to the prior year due to the changes in the County's reporting entity referenced above. A continuing improvement in the economy and increasing occupancy rates resulted in strong increases in sales and transient room tax collections.
- The County issued two refunding bonds during 2017. The first was a general obligation refunding of \$29.3 million to refund portions of the 2011A and 2013 general obligation bonds, saving \$1.6 million in interest costs over the life of the bonds. The second was \$23.9 million in excise tax road revenue bonds to refund a portion of the 2014 excise tax road bonds, saving \$1.8 million in interest costs over the life of the bonds.
- Three new bond issues also occurred during 2017. Sales tax bonds of \$52.1 million were issued to finance the construction of a new downtown health clinic and complete the financing of the two new District Attorney offices. A portion of these bonds were issued taxable to facilitate a new markets tax credit transaction that provided needed capital for the health clinic project. General obligation bonds of \$39.1 million were issued to finance the acquisition, construction and improvement of parks and recreation facilities. The bonds were the first tranche of \$90.0 million of bonds authorized by a special bond election held for that purpose on November 8, 2016. Tourism, recreation, cultural and convention sales tax bonds totaling \$44.2 million were also issued in 2017 to finance the acquisition and construction of a new mid-valley performing arts center and a new parks operations center.
- In 2017, SLCo Downtown Health Clinic, LLC, which is controlled by Salt Lake County, NMTC, Inc., a blended
 component unit of the County, was created and issued \$11.2 million in promissory notes to begin construction on the
 downtown health building.
- As directed by Senate Bill 277 in 2017, the County received a one-time \$46.9 million contribution from the State of Utah to fund eligible transportation-related projects.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial section of this report includes five parts: 1) the independent auditor's report; 2) management's discussion and analysis; 3) the basic financial statements and related note disclosures; 4) required supplementary information; and 5)

supplementary information. Two distinct ways of presenting financial information are found within the basic financial statements: 1) the government-wide financial statements, and 2) the fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are also an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements, the required supplementary information contains narrative about 1) the County's infrastructure (roads), 2) multi-year actuarial information regarding the County's other postemployment benefit plan, and 3) the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability for benefits provided through pension plans administered by Utah Retirement Systems, and contributions to those plans. Thereafter, the supplementary information contains additional fund data, such as combining schedules and individual fund budget-to-actual comparisons. The supplementary information also includes a property tax collection and disbursement schedule.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements provide a view of County finances as a whole, similar to a non-governmental or for-profit entity. They consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

The *statement of net position* shows the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources offset by the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference being reported as *net position*. This number (and the related change in net position from year to year) is an important financial measurement to enable understanding of the financial position of the County and whether financial position improves or declines each year. To evaluate the County's overall economic condition, however, the reader needs to consider other important factors such as the economic outlook, stability of and control over revenue sources, and the condition of and plan to maintain capital assets. An analysis of economic condition can assist in determining whether the County's current financial position will improve or decline in the future.

The *statement of activities* shows how the County's net position changed as a result of its operations during the most recent fiscal year. To understand the basis of how these numbers are determined, it is important to note that changes in net position are reported whenever an event occurs that requires revenue or expense to be recognized (the accrual basis of accounting), regardless of when the related cash is received or disbursed. For example, tax revenues are reported when the taxes are legally due, even though they may not be collected for some time after that date; and an obligation to pay benefits to employees is reported as an expense as the employee provides services, even though the obligation may not be paid until later.

There are two distinct types of activities reflected in the government-wide statements. *Governmental activities* are supported primarily by taxes, and grants and contributions. *Business-type activities* are activities where all costs (or at least a significant portion of costs) are intended to be recovered through user fees and charges.

As reported by the County, governmental activities are comprised of these functions, which include the following distinct County departments:

- General Government—Council; Mayor Administration; Mayor's Financial Administration; Clerk; Election Clerk; Auditor; Recorder; Surveyor; Information Services; Contracts and Procurement; Human Resources; Records Management and Archives; Printing; Facilities Management; Addressing; and General Fund Statutory and General.
- Public Safety and Criminal Justice—District Attorney; County Jail; Sheriff Court Services and Security; Sheriff
 Investigation and Support; Sheriff Law Enforcement; Criminal Justice Services; Emergency Services; Indigent Legal
 Services; and Governmental Immunity.
- Social Services—Youth Services; Behavioral Health Services; Aging and Adult Services; Transportation, Housing and Economic Development; Grant Programs Statutory and General; and Revolving Loan Programs.
- Education, Recreation and Cultural—USU Extension Services; Parks; Recreation; Visitor Promotion; Zoo, Arts and Parks Programs; Libraries; Wheeler Farm; Millcreek Canyon; Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) which includes Calvin L. Rampton Salt Palace Convention Center, Mountain America Exposition Center, Equestrian Park and Events Center, and Center for the Arts; Planetarium; Visitor Promotion Contract; Visitor Promotion County Expenditures; and Open Space.
- *Health and Regulatory*—Health Department.
- Public Works—Flood Control Engineering; Flood Control Projects; Redevelopment Agency; and Transportation Preservation.
- *Tax Administration*—Assessor; Treasurer; Tax Administration Statutory and General; also the tax administration functions in the following offices: Council, Auditor, Recorder, District Attorney, and Surveyor.

Business-type activities include Golf Courses, Street Lighting, Animal Services, Road Projects and Maintenance, Public Works Engineering, Justice Courts, and Planning and Development Services.

Fund financial statements: As is common in other state or local government entities, the County uses *funds* to account for separate activities and to help demonstrate compliance with financially related legal requirements, such as budgetary compliance and the restricted use of certain revenue sources. A fund is a set of closely related accounts used to maintain control over financial resources which have been segregated for specific activities or purposes. All funds are categorized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary funds, which are explained below.

• Governmental Funds—The financial statements for governmental funds illustrate essentially the same services and functions consolidated in governmental activities as shown in the government-wide statements. However, the accounting and reporting for governmental funds is determined with a different approach. At the fund level, the focus is on changes in near-term spendable resources and the balance available to spend at the end of the fiscal year, rather than on long-term net position. To facilitate understanding, a reconciliation between the two types of statements is presented immediately following each of the governmental fund statements.

The General Fund is the primary operating governmental fund of the County. Including the General Fund, there are thirty-three governmental funds included in this report. Five of the thirty-three funds are considered major funds: General Fund, Grants Programs Fund, Transportation Preservation Fund, TRCC Fund, and General Government Debt Service Fund. A summary of the other funds is combined into one column for nonmajor governmental funds. The composition of the nonmajor funds is shown in combining statements later in the report under the supplementary information section. The County is required to adopt an annual budget showing appropriations for all governmental funds. To demonstrate legal compliance, statements comparing budget-to-actual numbers for the General Fund and major special revenue funds are included in the basic financial statements. Budget-to-actual schedules for all governmental funds are included in the supplementary information.

- *Proprietary Funds*—Proprietary funds include the same functions and services as listed above under *business-type* activities shown in the government-wide statements. Additionally, the proprietary fund statements include the internal service funds and more detailed information. Proprietary funds are categorized as either *enterprise* or *internal service*.
 - Enterprise funds are used to report business-type activities, just as is done at the government-wide level. The County reports two enterprise funds: the Golf Courses Fund and the Public Works and Other Services Fund.
 - Internal service funds provide services to other County funds on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County reports three internal service funds in 2017: Fleet Management (to provide vehicles for County use), Facilities Services (to provide maintenance and related services for County buildings and to provide telecommunication services), and Employee Service Reserve (to account for employee benefit programs). Because these internal service activities benefit primarily governmental functions (rather than business-type functions), they have been included in the government-wide statements under governmental activities. Combining statements for the individual internal service funds are shown later in the report under the supplementary information section.
- Fiduciary Funds—Fiduciary funds are those used to account for resources, which (although held by the County) are for the benefit of other entities or individuals. Since these are resources which cannot be used for County programs, they are not included in the government-wide statements. In general, the accounting approach for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds. The County reports an Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund (OPEB) and six agency funds. The most significant agency fund is the Treasurer's Tax Collection Agency Fund.

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole (Government-wide Financial Statements)

As of December 31, 2017, the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$746.5 million (net position); \$614.0 million, or 82.3% of this amount, is represented by the *investment in capital assets*, net of debt still outstanding related to the acquisition of those assets. These assets (long-term assets which are not readily convertible to liquid assets) are not considered to be available for future spending. Further, even though the presentation here shows capital assets net of related debt, it should be understood that the repayment of this debt does not come from the capital assets themselves, but comes from other resources.

In 2017, the County implemented new accounting and reporting standards for its other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan resulting in a restatement of net position in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. In compliance with these new standards, the County now recognizes a liability for the unfunded obligation of the plan. The effect of the restatement was a decrease of net position of \$45.8 million for governmental activities and \$4.3 million for business-type

activities. The County established an OPEB Trust fund in 2015 to assist funding the obligation. At the end of 2017 the net OPEB obligation (including related deferrals) is \$104.9 million

SALT LAKE COUNTY'S Net Position December 31, 2017 and 2016

(in millions of dollars)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					Total						
	2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016		Change 2017-201		
Current and other assets	\$	701.4	\$	550.4	\$	11.6	\$	2.1	\$	713.0	\$	552.5	\$	160.5	
Capital assets		945.6		1,146.0		44.2		33.9		989.8	-	1,179.9		(190.1)	
Total assets		1,647.0		1,696.4		55.8		36.0		1,702.8		1,732.4		(29.6)	
Total deferred outflows of resources		84.6		74.0		6.1		0.7		90.7		74.7		16.0	
Other liabilities		118.1		101.6		4.4		0.4		122.5		102.0		20.5	
Long-term liabilities outstanding		876.1		719.6		21.5		1.7		897.6		721.3		176.3	
Total liabilities		994.2		821.2		25.9		2.1		1,020.1		823.3		196.8	
Total deferred inflows of resources		18.7		14.7		1.5		0.1		20.2		14.8		5.4	
Net position:															
Net investment in capital assets		570.6		790.9		43.4		34.0		614.0		824.9		(210.9)	
Restricted		173.1		135.8		0.5		-		173.6		135.8		37.8	
Unrestricted		(31.3)		7.7		(9.8)		0.5		(41.1)		8.2		(49.3)	
Total net position	\$	712.4	\$	934.4	\$	34.1	\$	34.5	\$	746.5	\$	968.9	\$	(222.4)	

The County's reporting entity also underwent some significant changes resulting in a reclassification of beginning balances in 2017. As a result of the November 2016 general election, five metro townships and one city were incorporated from unincorporated Salt Lake County. The Greater Salt Lake Municipal Services District (MSD), a blended component unit of the County in 2016 due to its governing board make up and County management's operational responsibility, elected a new board made up of the chairs from each metro township and one member of the Salt Lake County Council. Consequently it is reported as a separate reporting entity in 2017. Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area (SLVLESA) also received a new board in 2017, resulting in SLVLESA no longer being reported as a blended component unit of Salt Lake County. The final change related to the reporting entity was the creation of a new enterprise fund, Public Works and Other Services, which shifted road projects and maintenance, animal services, justice courts, planning and development, township services, and public works engineering organizations out of governmental activities and into business-type activities. These services are provided to the MSD and other municipal customers.

The result of the OPEB restatement and the creation of the new enterprise fund are shown on the face of the financial statements as a restatement of beginning net position and are detailed in Note 21 to the financial statements. The other categories of net position are *restricted* and *unrestricted*. Restricted funds of \$170.6 million are reported to comply with provisions in contracts and agreements with outside entities which dictate that these amounts must be used for specific purposes, to comply with bond covenants, or to comply with other legal requirements. The last category is unrestricted, and any positive balances in this category would be available to meet general, ongoing financial obligations.

Unrestricted net position at the end of 2017 was negative \$31.3 million for governmental activities and negative \$9.8 million for business-type activities due to the reporting of the full obligation related to the County's other postemployment benefit plan and the County's proportionate share of the Utah State Retirement net pension liability. The County's combined net position changed during 2017, decreasing by \$222.4 million to \$746.5 million. Additional reasons for this overall decrease are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

SALT LAKE COUNTY'S Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

(in millions of dollars)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total	
							Change
_	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017-2016
Revenues:							
Program revenues:	A 06.	0 1042		.	4 142 0		.
Charges for services	\$ 96.7	\$ 104.3	\$ 46.1	\$ 6.7	\$ 142.8	\$ 111.0	\$ 31.8
Operating grants and contributions	162.4	156.5	0.2	-	162.6	156.5	6.1
Capital grants and contributions	46.9	32.7	-	-	46.9	32.7	14.2
General revenues:	2067	2150			2067	215.0	(20.2)
Property taxes	286.7	315.9	-	-	286.7	315.9	(29.2)
Sales taxes	142.3	145.7	-	-	142.3	145.7	(3.4)
Transient room taxes	25.5	22.8	-	-	25.5	22.8	2.7
Mass transit taxes	199.5	187.5	-	-	199.5	187.5	12.0
Tax equivalent payments	16.1	17.8	-	-	16.1	17.8	(1.7)
Cable television taxes	-	1.1	-	-	-	1.1	(1.1)
Investment earnings	10.1	6.4			10.1	6.4	3.7
Total revenues	986.2	990.7	46.3	6.7	1,032.5	997.4	35.1
Expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	37.5	44.3	-	-	37.5	44.3	(6.8)
Public safety and criminal justice	189.6	208.2	-	-	189.6	208.2	(18.6)
Social services	179.5	168.4	-	-	179.5	168.4	11.1
Educational, recreational, and cultural	198.5	183.8	-	-	198.5	183.8	14.7
Health and regulatory	39.5	49.7	-	-	39.5	49.7	(10.2)
Public works	230.4	250.2	-	-	230.4	250.2	(19.8)
Tax administration	26.1	23.8	-	-	26.1	23.8	2.3
Interest on long-term debt	19.0	18.4	-	-	19.0	18.4	0.6
Business-type activities:							
Golf courses	-	-	7.6	7.4	7.6	7.4	0.2
Public works and other services			39.0		39.0		39.0
Total expenses	920.1	946.8	46.6	7.4	966.7	954.2	12.5
Changes in net position before							
transfers	66.1	43.9	(0.3)	(0.7)	65.8	43.2	22.6
Transfers	1.2	-	(1.2)	-	-	-	-
Special item	(217.9)	2.1	-	-	(217.9)	2.1	(220.0)
Changes in net position	(150.6)	46.0	(1.5)	(0.7)	(152.1)	45.3	(197.4)
Net position, beginning	914.3	888.4	34.5	35.2	948.8	923.6	25.2
Reclassifications and restatement	(51.3)		1.1		(50.2)		(50.2)
Net position, ending	\$ 712.4	\$ 934.4	\$ 34.1	\$ 34.5	\$ 746.5	\$ 968.9	\$ (222.4)

Governmental activities: During 2017, although both revenues and under-expend were up across County governmental funds, changes in net position from the current year's activities resulted in a decrease of \$150.6 million for an ending balance of \$712.4 million. The decrease was largely due to the \$217.9 million contribution of capital assets to five metro townships and one city from unincorporated County. Revenues for the County's governmental activities decreased by \$4.5 million, or 0.5%, while total expenses decreased by \$26.7 million, or 2.8%.

Taxes comprise the largest source of revenue for the County; \$670.1 million was recognized from all tax sources, which is 68.0% of total revenues for governmental activities. Despite every tax stream showing an increase in revenues in 2017, overall tax revenues decreased by \$20.7 million, or 3.0%, as compared to the prior year due to 2017 being the first year that

the Greater Salt Lake Municipal Services District and the Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Services Area were no longer blended component units of the County.

- Combined property taxes and tax equivalent payments decreased by \$30.9 million, or 9.1%, compared to 2016. Although property tax collections were up across all County tax funds in 2017, the net decrease is attributable to a change in the board make up of SLVLESA, causing it to no longer be a blended component unit of the County in 2017. Property tax and tax equivalent payments of \$32.4 million during 2016 were from SLVLESA. Property taxes include \$17.4 million of incremental taxes (taxes levied by the County for other governments) which the County first started to report in 2014.
- Combined sales taxes and transient room taxes decreased by \$0.7 million, or 0.4%, compared to 2016. The decrease is due to the incorporation of five metro townships (Copperton, Emigration Canyon, Kearns, Magna and White City) and one city (Millcreek) in 2017 from the unincorporated County. These entities began receiving sales taxes in 2017. The net impact of that decrease and the overall increase in sales taxes due to a growing economy resulted in a \$3.4 million decrease in sales tax revenue. Transient room taxes increased \$2.7 million in 2017 due to growing occupancy and average daily room rates of hotels across the County. Transient room taxes include \$3.4 million of taxes levied for another government for the purpose of servicing debt related to a soccer stadium project.
- Mass transit taxes increased by \$12.0 million, or 6.4%, compared to 2016. This increase mirrors the increase in sales tax (exclusive of the incorporation of the six new entities mentioned above) and speaks to an economy still experiencing a large amount of growth. Mass transit taxes include \$190.1 million of taxes levied by the County and collected by the state of Utah that are forwarded directly to the Utah Transit Authority and the Utah Department of Transportation. These taxes were reported for the first time by the County in 2014.
- Grants and contributions increased by \$20.1 million, or 10.6%, compared to 2016. The increase in contributions relative to 2016 was primarily the net result of a decrease in 2017 from a one-time 2016 contribution of \$27.4 million in land that resulted from the exercise of a land-lease purchase option, and an increased contribution in 2017 of \$46.9 million from the State of Utah to be used for eligible transportation projects across the County.
- Charges for services decreased in 2017 by \$7.6 million, or 7.3%, which is due to the creation of our Public Works and Other Services Enterprise fund in 2017. This resulted in the revenue for public works engineering, planning and development, road maintenance, animal services, township services, and justice courts organizations being reclassified from governmental activities to business-type activities.

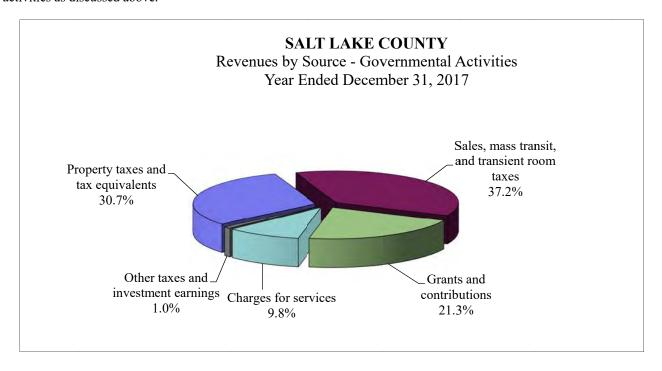
As shown in the statement of activities, program revenues totaled \$306.0 million, or 33.3%, of expenses, compared to 31.0% in 2016. This increase in program revenues is primarily a result of increases in grants and contributions and mass transit taxes as noted above.

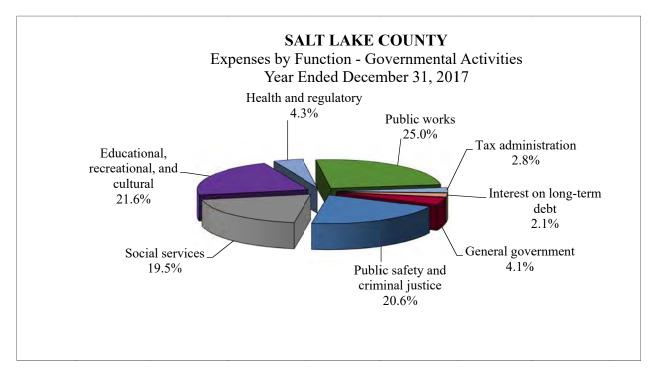
Overall expenses in 2017 for governmental activities decreased by \$26.7 million, or 2.8%, compared to 2016.

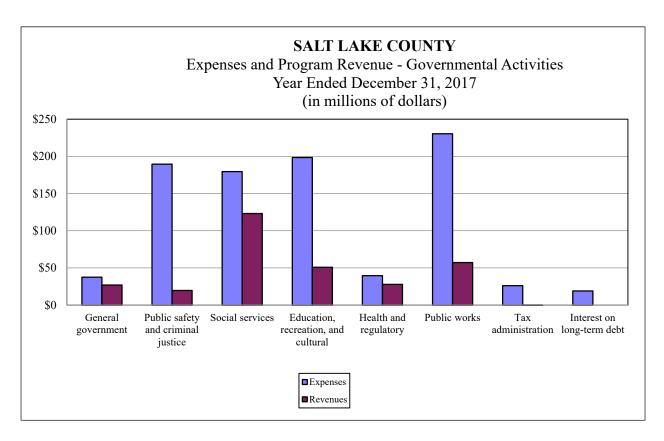
- Public safety expenses decreased by \$18.6 million. This net decrease is due to discontinuance of the Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area as a blended component unit, which accounted for \$33.2 million in expenditures in 2016 in this category, and the \$14.2 million increase in 2017 across the rest of the public safety organizations in the County including: \$7.7 million in jail operations, \$2.2 million in the district attorney's office and \$1.7 million in governmental immunity. Those increases are largely due to Operation Rio Grande, a collaboration between state and local governments to restore public safety and order in the Rio Grande area in downtown Salt Lake City, and additional health staff in the jail.
- Social services expenses increased by \$11.1 million in 2017. This is largely due to program expenses related to increased funding from Medicaid of \$4.5 million; a new federal grant for opioid treatment of \$0.9 million, and new state grant funds of \$3.5 million for behavioral health and criminal justice services due to Operation Rio Grande.
- Educational, recreational and cultural expenses increased by \$14.7 million in 2017, with \$9.4 million more being spent on park bond projects compared to 2016, partly due to the new issuance of the 2017 parks general obligation bond. In addition, over \$6 million in new spending occurred on TRCC-related capital maintenance projects attributable to the 2017 issuance of the TRCC sales tax revenue bond.
- Health and regulatory expenses decreased \$10.2 million in 2017 due to the animal service and planning and development organizations moving from governmental activities to business-type activities in 2017 with the creation of the Public Works and Other Services Enterprise Fund. Animal services and planning and development accounted for \$5.3 million and \$5.0 million, respectively, of health and regulatory services in 2016.

• Public works expenses decreased by \$19.8 million in 2017. This decrease is largely attributable to road maintenance and projects, engineering, and township service organizations moving to the Public Works and Other Services Enterprise Fund. Spending on these services was \$27.0 million in 2016. That decrease was offset by a \$12.0 million increase in mass transit taxes passed through to the Utah Transit Authority and the Utah Department of Transportation and an additional decrease of \$7.3 million in the spending on transportation projects from the one-time receipt of \$40 million from the State of Utah's County of the First Class Highway Fund in 2015.

The following charts depict those revenue sources and expenses, with related program revenues, for governmental activities as discussed above.







Business-type activities:

During 2017, changes in net position from the current year's activities decreased by \$1.5 million to an ending balance of \$34.1 million. Revenues for the County's business-type activities increased by \$39.6 million, while total expenses and transfers out increased by \$40.4 million. The increase in both revenues and expenses/transfers out was primarily due to the creation of the Public Works and Other Services Enterprise Fund in 2017, and were \$39.1 million and \$40.2 million, respectively. These organizations were previously a part of a special revenue fund and funded by sales tax and state grant revenue but were reclassified to contract revenue and expenses of the enterprise fund. This was due to the creation of the Greater Salt Lake Municipal Services District (presented as a blended component unit of the County's in 2016 and a separate reporting entity in 2017) and the incorporation of five metro townships and one city from previously unincorporated Salt Lake County.

To the extent feasible, the County establishes user fees and charges for its business-type activities at a level to recover the full cost of operations, including replacement of capital assets, and to meet other long-term financial needs.

Financial Analysis of Salt Lake County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with the Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Counties (*Utah Code*, Title 17, Chapter 36).

Governmental funds: The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and the constraints placed on fund balance resources. As the County completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$481.3 million, \$135.0 million higher than last year. The primary reasons for the change in governmental fund balances mirror those highlighted in the analysis of governmental activities. In addition, certain information regarding fund balances should be noted:

• The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the County. As of December 31, 2017, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$58.6 million. This amount represents 17.5% of the General Fund's total budgeted expenditures. For budgeting and financial management purposes, and to help maintain the County's triple-A bond rating, the County has adopted *Financial Goals and Policies* which specify that a percentage of the unassigned General Fund fund balance is considered to be a minimum reserve. This amount is calculated as 10% of General Fund budgeted

expenditures and is \$33.4 million for 2017. The December 31, 2017 General Fund unassigned fund balance exceeds the minimum reserve by \$25.2 million.

- The 2017 fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$14.1 million or 19.4%. This was primarily due to higher than projected revenues in both property and sales taxes due to a continually growing economy and high property tax collection rates. The General Fund also saw increases in fund balance as a result of a higher than anticipated underspend. Significant areas include jail operations of \$2.3 million mostly due to open jail staff positions not filled due to the shortage of law enforcement officers across the Wasatch Front, and \$1.0 million set aside to address employee compression in 2017 that will be carried forward and paid in 2018.
- The Grant Programs fund's revenues increased \$9.0 million; primarily from the receipt of additional state and federal grant funds. Medicaid dollars were up \$4.5 million; a new federal grant for Opioid treatment of \$0.9 million, and new state grant funds of \$3.5 million for Operation Rio Grande, a collaboration between state and local governments to restore public safety and order in the Rio Grande area in downtown Salt Lake City. Expenditures were up \$8.8 million as a direct reflection of the increased revenues and the associated programs. Although the reoccurring net transfer from the General Fund decreased \$0.9 million as compared to 2016, the fund still saw a \$1.8 million increase to fund balance in 2017.
- The ending fund balance in the Transportation Preservation Fund increased \$43.0 million; from \$32.6 million in 2016 to \$75.6 million in 2017. The large increase is due to a one-time receipt of \$46.9 million from the State of Utah to be spent on allowable transportation related projects that outpaced the spending of other available funds, including the \$40 million transfer from the County of the First Class Highway Fund in 2015. The fund balance is held to meet debt service requirements and for transportation preservation projects.
- The ending fund balance for the Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) Fund increased \$7.2 million in 2017. Sales and transient room taxes, which are the main source of revenue for this fund, increased \$2.1 million and \$2.7 million, respectively, during 2017 due to a continual upward climb in the economy, high occupancy rates and high room rates. Expenditures in the TRCC fund were down \$8.7 million as compared to 2016, due largely to the purchase of land under the Calvin L. Rampton Salt Palace for \$6.6 million and \$1.9 million in capital maintenance recreation projects completed in 2016. This fund balance is primarily limited to tourism, recreation, convention, and culture.
- The ending fund balance in the General Government Debt Service Fund decreased from \$49.4 million in 2016 to \$46.9 million in 2017. Property tax revenues were down compared to 2016 by \$1.3 million due to an intentional adjustment to the tax rate. The General Government Debt Service tax levy is annually adjusted in line with Utah State Code to cover the debt service payments of the County each year. Adjustments are made to match revenues to authorized expenditures.

Proprietary funds: The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, but also include the internal service funds, and in more detail.

The unrestricted net position of the County's enterprise funds totaled negative \$9.8 million at the end of 2017. This deficit is due to the net pension liability and net OPEB obligation in the enterprise funds. The amount of unrestricted net position in internal service funds at year-end was \$30.7 million, which is a \$2.2 million increase as compared to 2016 year end. As of December 31, 2017, the enterprise and internal service funds unrestricted net positions were:

Enterprise Fund	Amount			
Golf Courses Public Works	\$ (749,077) (9,042,256)			
	\$ (9,791,333)			
Internal Service Funds	Amount			
Fleet Management Facilities Services Employee Service Reserve	\$ 20,219,533 (1,430,588) 11,931,104			
	\$ 30,720,049			

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For 2017, actual revenues of \$331.1 million (on a budgetary basis) were 0.7% lower than the final budgeted revenues. Current year property tax revenues and tax equivalent payments were 1.4% over budget and sales tax revenues were over budget by 2.1%. The property tax revenue positive variance is attributable to a collection rate that was higher than the five-year average used in the budget, a smaller than expected allocation of tax increment revenue to redevelopment agencies and a combination of other favorable variances in the actual components of distribution relative to budget. Actual grants and contribution revenue was 17.7% less than the final budget. Normally, grants and contribution revenue is budgeted at amounts awarded whereas actual revenues are recognized when services are performed.

The final adopted expenditure budget for the General Fund was \$334.3 million in 2017, which represents an \$18.4 million, or 5.8%, increase in comparison with the original 2017 adopted budget. The largest portions of the increase are in the general government function attributable to an increase for the Pay For Success program addressing homelessness and criminal justice, an increase for municipal and local district election contracts, and in the public safety and criminal justice function attributable to expanded jail programs.

Actual expenditures on a budgetary basis were \$305.0 million which was approximately \$29.3 million, or 8.8%, less than the final adopted budget. This variance is primarily attributable to "budgetary under-expend". County agencies typically do not expend their entire budget. For example, when an employee resigns or retires, recruitment and selection of a new employee often occurs weeks after the position becomes vacant. The resulting savings for the period a position is vacant has the effect of reducing expenditures. Savings generated in this fashion were increased beginning in 2015 by a policy decision to deny requests to shift savings in personnel costs to other sectors of budgets. Another component of the under-expend in 2017 is attributable to initially budgeting for the Pay For Success transfers as expenditures. After further consideration of the substance of the transactions, it was decided to instead transfer the funds to a separate escrow account and commit the related fund balance. The expenditures will materialize upon the project meeting the required success measures to trigger liability and the related payout from the County.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The County's investment in capital assets totaled \$989.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation) as of December 31, 2017. This investment in capital assets includes land; infrastructure (including roads, bridges, and flood control); construction in progress (CIP); buildings; improvements other than buildings; leasehold improvements; and furniture, fixtures, and equipment (including internally developed software). Capital asset investment decreased in 2017 by \$184.8 million.

SALT LAKE COUNTY'S Capital Assets December 31, 2017 and 2016

(net of accumulated depreciation, in millions of dollars)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total							
		2017		2016	2	2017	2	016		2017		2016		hange 17-2016
Land	\$	200.4	\$	261.5	\$	11.5	\$	11.8	\$	211.9	\$	273.3	\$	(61.4)
Infrastructure (roads)		18.2		126.1		-		-		18.2		126.1		(107.9)
Construction in progress		95.5		77.8		-		0.1		95.5		77.9		17.6
Buildings		489.3		497.6		12.3		10.5		501.6		508.1		(6.5)
Improvements other than buildings		70.2		71.4		18.6		18.8		88.8		90.2		(1.4)
Leasehold improvements		6.6		7.4		0.1		0.1		6.7		7.5		(0.8)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		43.8		44.7		1.7		1.6		45.5		46.3		(0.8)
Infrastructure (bridges, flood control)		21.6		45.2		-				21.6		45.2		(23.6)
Total	\$	945.6	\$	1,131.7	\$	44.2	\$	42.9	\$	989.8	\$	1,174.6	\$	(184.8)

Major capital asset events during 2017 included the following:

• Contributions of land to Millcreek City and five metro townships due to the 2017 incorporations totaled \$33.5 million and \$31.0 million, respectively. Acquisition of land during 2017 included \$1.9 million for the Kearns Library and \$2.3 million for the Downtown Health Clinic.

- Decreases in infrastructure for roads was due to contributing \$66.1 million to the metro townships and \$41.6 million to Millcreek City.
- Construction projects underway as of December 31, 2017 included the District Attorney and Public Health buildings as well as improvements to various parks, county facilities, software development, and infrastructure with construction costs of \$95.5 million to date.
- New buildings completed and placed into service during the year totaled \$15.0 million, which included \$9.2 million for the West Jordan District Attorney Building, and \$5.2 million for the West Jordan Public Health Building. The decrease of \$6.5 million in buildings in 2017 is the net effect of the additions mentioned above and depreciation of \$23.2 million.
- Infrastructure for flood control and bridges decreased in 2017 due to a \$15.2 million contribution to Salt Lake City for the Millcreek Fire Flow, \$12.9 million in contributions to Millcreek City, and \$3.9 million in contributions to the metro townships.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

The County has adopted an allowable alternative to reporting depreciation for its road network. Under this alternative method, referred to as the "modified approach", the County must maintain an asset management system and demonstrate that its highways and roads are approximately being preserved at or above condition levels established by County policy. Infrastructure assets accounted for under the modified approach are not depreciated, and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed.

The County manages its road network using the County Pavement Management System. This system uses a measurement scale that considers the condition of the roads as denoted by a Pavement Condition Index (PCI), ranging from 0 to 100. A road is considered to be in "very good" condition when its PCI rating is between 94 and 100, in "good" condition when its PCI rating is between 64 and 75, in "poor" condition when its PCI rating is between 41 and 63, and in "very poor" condition when its PCI rating is 40 or below.

It is the County's policy to maintain approximately 30% of its road network at a category level of "good" or "very good" (PCI rating of 76 or above) and allow no more than 20% at a category level of "very poor" (PCI rating of 40 or below). In order to achieve a complete condition assessment of all County roads within a period of three years, condition assessments are performed on approximately one-third of the roads annually. The most recent condition assessment, completed in 2017, shows that 43% of the County's roads were in "good" or better condition, compared to 44% in 2016 and 49% in 2015. Additionally, 11% of the roads assessed in 2017 were in "very poor" condition, compared to 8% in 2016, and 7% in 2015.

In 2017, the County spent approximately \$1.1 million to maintain and preserve its roads, which was 55% of what the County estimated would be needed. In 2016 and 2015, 65% and 83%, respectively, were spent of what the County anticipated would be needed. See also the Required Supplementary Information section (RSI) for additional modified approach information.

Long-term debt: As of December 31, 2017, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$593.0 million (net of unamortized premiums). The increase from 2016 is attributable to the net effect of 5 new bond issues totaling \$211.7 million and the \$103.2 million reduction in outstanding principal from debt service payments, premium amortization and two refunding issues. Of the \$593.0 million, \$226.3 million is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the property owners within the County, payable from property tax revenue, and \$366.7 million is debt payable from sales and other tax revenues.

The remainder of the County's long-term debt is comprised of capital leases and notes payable, made up primarily of \$25.4 million owed to the Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City as an investment in the Utah Performing Arts Center and \$25.5 million related to three new market tax credit transactions, \$11.2 million of which is new in 2017 issued by SLCo Downtown Health Clinic, LLC. The County's total debt increased by \$118.3 million, or 22.5%, during 2017.

The new bond issues consisted of \$53.8 million in sales tax bonds (\$13.5 million of taxable bonds issued, series A, and \$38.2 million plus \$1.7 million in premiums of nontaxable, series B, bonds); \$45.8 million in general obligation bonds (\$39.1 million of bonds issued plus \$3.9 million in premiums) for the acquisition and construction of parks and recreation facilities; \$52.9 million of tourism, recreation, cultural and convention (TRCC) sales tax revenue bonds (\$44.2 million of bonds issued plus \$8.7 million in premiums) for the acquisition and construction of a new mid-valley performing arts center

and a new parks operations center; \$31.3 million in general obligation refunding bonds (\$29.3 million in bonds issues plus \$1.9 million in premiums) to partially refund the 2011A and 2013 general obligation bonds; and \$27.8 million in excise tax road revenue refunding bonds (\$23.9 million in bonds issued and \$3.9 million in premium) to partially refund the 2014 excise tax road revenue bonds.

General obligation indebtedness is limited by Utah law to 2% of the fair value of the taxable property in the County. With the fair value of taxable property in the County at \$143.0 billion as of December 31, 2017, the resulting debt limit is \$2.9 billion. At the close of the year, the County had \$226.3 million outstanding principal balance of general obligation debt, net of unamortized bond premiums, putting outstanding debt as of December 31, 2017 at 7.9% of the debt limit allowed by law.

Due to the transfer of some organizations from a special revenue fund to the Public Works and Other Services Enterprise Fund, as previously mentioned, the 2016 outstanding debt balances on the table below reflect the reclassification described in Note 21 to the financial statements.

SALT LAKE COUNTY'S Outstanding Debt December 31, 2017 and 2016

(net of unamortized bond premiums and discounts, in millions of dollars)

	Go	vernmen	tal A	ctivities	Bus	iness-ty	pe Ac	tivities	Total			
		2017		2016	2	017	2	016	2017		2016	hange 17-2016
General obligation bonds	\$	226.3	\$	206.1	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 226.3	\$	206.1	\$ 20.2
Special assessment bonds		-		-		-		-	-		-	-
Sales tax revenue bonds		204.0		106.6		0.9		0.9	204.9		107.5	97.4
Lease revenue bonds		57.3		61.2		2.0		2.1	59.3		63.3	(4.0)
Transportation and excise tax												
revenue bonds		102.5		107.7		-		-	102.5		107.7	(5.2)
Obligations under capital leases		0.5		0.7		-		-	0.5		0.7	(0.2)
Notes payable		51.4		41.3		-		-	51.4		41.3	10.1
Total	\$	642.0	\$	523.6	\$	2.9	\$	3.0	\$ 644.9	\$	526.6	\$ 118.3

Additional information on the County's outstanding debt can be found in Note 9 to the basic financial statements.

The County enjoys a triple-A rating on general obligation bonds from the major bond-rating agencies: Moody's Investor Services, Standard and Poor's, and Fitch Ratings. Among the County's highest priorities is to maintain the best possible bond rating. The County is extremely pleased to be numbered among the very few triple-A rated counties in the nation. Such a rating allows the County to borrow money at a lower interest rate than most governments, which translates into substantial interest savings each year for County taxpayers.

Other Factors for Consideration: Economic Factors; 2018 Budget; and Property Tax Rates

Economic factors: The County continues to be the hub of the state economy and the home of major businesses and industries in the state of Utah. In 2017, Salt Lake County comprised 37% of the state's population, 45% of the taxable sales, and 54% of the total wages and salaries in the state. Major employers in the County are spread across economic sectors, including mining, manufacturing, transportation, medical services, technology, communications, financial, government and non-profit services. Salt Lake County's widely developed economic sectors are one of the reasons that the state of Utah's diversity index was ranked 3rd in the country in 2016. Currently, Salt Lake Metro's 3.0 percent job growth is faster than the U.S. average of 1.6% in the following sectors: natural resources, mining and construction (10.4%); transportation, warehousing and utilities (6.5%); leisure and hospitality (5.8%); educational and health services (3.6%); manufacturing (2.9%); and professional and business services (2.9%).

The best indicator of the County's consumer demand is wages and salaries, which rose 5.7% to \$34.6 billion in 2017. Depending on sources, Salt Lake County's job growth will increase 3% in 2018. With average wages rising from 2.5% to 3.2%, total wages and salaries in the County should grow 6% in 2018. State economists are predicting Utah wages to grow 6.3% in 2018.

County taxable sales rose 2.8%, 4.3%, 5.8%, 4.6% and 6.6% respectively, between 2013 and 2017. Strong business

investment purchases along with near 10% growth in retail durables goods during the final quarter drove a 7.4% increase in the second half of 2017. Early indications are that taxable sales rose 8% in the first four months of 2018.

2018 budget: These economic factors were considered in preparing the 2018 adjusted County budget. Budgeted revenues in the adjusted General Fund budget are \$347.4 million and budgeted expenditures are \$347.3 million. In addition, the General Fund budget includes a recurring fund balance transfer to the Grant Programs Fund of \$30.1 million. There are \$2.7 million in fund balance transfers to debt service funds to finance scheduled debt service payments for senior centers and the Millcreek Recreation Center. Construction of the senior and recreation centers was financed from lease revenue bonds issued by the County in 2009. In addition, a total of \$1.1 million in transfers to the Health and Tax Administration funds are planned to offset some compensation costs and to maintain their structural balance. Other fund balance transfers out of the General Fund total \$1.4 million. Transfers to the General Fund from other funds are expected to total \$35.3 million in 2018.

The 2018 adjusted budget includes appropriations for \$29.7 million for debt service payments for outstanding general obligation bonded debt, \$7.2 million for debt service payments for lease revenue bonded debt, \$11.3 million for debt service payments on transportation and excise tax revenue bonds and \$17.5 million for debt service payments on sales tax revenue bonds issued by the County.

The County has budgeted for several projects funded through bonds and other sources in 2018. Several of these projects have carried over from the prior year. The most significant projects include:

- \$69.7 million for parks and recreation facilities and improvements,
- \$70.7 million for five new libraries, and other library improvements,
- \$35.3 million for a mid-valley regional cultural center,
- \$21.0 million for other tourism, recreation, cultural and convention (TRCC) related projects,
- \$14.9 million for public works engineering, design and related improvements,
- \$4.9 million for construction of a new parks and public works operations center building,
- \$4.1 million towards new district attorney office buildings, and
- \$3.0 million for construction of a new health department building.

The County also continues to focus on capital maintenance and has budgeted for an additional \$18.2 million for the maintenance of facilities, flood control, and other capital improvements.

Property tax rates: For 2018, the Council has adopted certified tax rates for county-wide funds that receive property tax revenues. Generally, the certified tax rate is the rate necessary to generate the same property tax revenue that was budgeted the prior year plus an adjustment for new growth.

Part of the Clark Planetarium tax rate was shifted to the General Fund tax rate. The General Fund tax rate was increased above its certified tax rate and is fully offset by the rate adjustment in the Clark Planetarium Fund. The tax rate that was adopted for the General Government Debt Service Fund is the rate calculated to provide the necessary revenue to make the required debt service payments for general obligation bonds issued by the County, plus an additional amount for debt service payments on sales tax revenue bonds also issued by the County for Salt Palace improvements. For those areas of the County served by the County library system, the Council adopted the certified rate for the Library Fund. The Council adopted the certified tax rate in the Municipal Services Fund for tort liability levied on property located in the unincorporated areas of the County.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Darrin Casper, Salt Lake County Chief Financial Officer, at 2001 S State Street, N4-200, Salt Lake City, UT 84190 or (385) 468-7075 or DCasper@slco.org.

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Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Cash and investments:			
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 314,762,495	\$ 8,067,496	\$ 322,829,991
Restricted cash and investments	141,580,676	17,307	141,597,983
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent	33,570,391	72.500	33,570,391
Other cash Receivables:	783,304	72,500	855,804
Taxes	68,911,294		68,911,294
Grants and contributions	16,075,946	1,501	16,077,447
Accounts	22,880,713	3,305,069	26,185,782
Revolving loans	14,896,168	3,303,007	14,896,168
Notes	18,156,400	_	18,156,400
Interest, rents, and other	5,159,157	156,900	5,316,057
Inventories and prepaid items	12,084,059	-	12,084,059
Net pension asset	53,502	4,156	57,658
Investment in joint ventures	52,533,648	-,150	52,533,648
Capital assets:	22,223,010		22,233,010
Land, roads, and construction in progress	314,158,684	11,496,652	325,655,336
Buildings, improvements, equipment, and other depreciable	,,	,,	,,
assets, net of accumulated depreciation	631,583,544	32,734,783	664,318,327
Total assets	1,647,189,981	55,856,364	1,703,046,345
	77 7	, ,	y y y
Deferred outflows of resources:	C 000 50 C		6 000 506
Deferred charges on refundings	6,088,586	- 072 070	6,088,586
Related to pensions	75,610,471	5,873,079	81,483,550
Related to OPEB	2,903,555	262,384	3,165,939
Total deferred outflows of resources	84,602,612	6,135,463	90,738,075
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	32,007,720	757,235	32,764,955
Accrued expenses	63,931,150	2,534,355	66,465,505
Performance deposits	-	1,090,096	1,090,096
Accrued interest	5,465,503	24,333	5,489,836
Unearned revenue	16,671,846	-	16,671,846
Long-term liabilities:			
Portion due or payable within one year	53,431,373	991,275	54,422,648
Portion due or payable after one year	822,703,413	20,504,085	843,207,498
Total liabilities	994,211,005	25,901,379	1,020,112,384
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Related to pensions	18,690,007	1,451,754	20,141,761
Related to OPEB	6,431,489	581,190	7,012,679
Total deferred inflows of resources	25,121,496	2,032,944	27,154,440
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	570,613,047	43,371,438	613,984,485
Restricted for:			, ,
Transportation	75,544,465	-	75,544,465
Convention and tourism	24,426,515	-	24,426,515
Housing and human services	21,343,149	-	21,343,149
Capital improvements	17,779,699	-	17,779,699
Debt service	17,400,615	-	17,400,615
Infrastructure	7,153,644	-	7,153,644
Drug and vice enforcement	2,678,051	-	2,678,051
Redevelopment	2,269,401	-	2,269,401
Tort liability	1,632,102	-	1,632,102
Education and cultural	1,000,125	-	1,000,125
Pet adoption:			
Expendable	71,182	-	71,182
Nonexpendable	1,637,510	-	1,637,510
Other purposes	183,364	477,399	660,763
Unrestricted	(31,272,777)	(9,791,333)	(41,064,110)
Total net position	\$ 712,460,092	\$ 34,057,504	\$ 746,517,596

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2017

		I	Program Revenue	S			
Activities / Functions	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) R Governmental Activities	evenue and Chang Business-type Activities	ges in Net Position Total
Governmental activities: General government Public safety and criminal justice Social services Education, recreation, and cultural Health and regulatory Public works Tax administration Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	\$ 37,494,286 189,653,779 179,513,419 198,475,325 39,470,368 230,381,745 26,150,614 18,969,183 920,108,718	\$ 22,386,203 7,384,378 2,958,804 47,573,450 12,806,167 3,516,315 7,523 - 96,632,840	\$ 4,560,396 12,211,655 120,264,539 3,341,049 15,036,882 6,786,845 200,000 - 162,401,366	\$ 22,156 - - 400 - 46,875,592 - - 46,898,148	\$ (10,525,531) (170,057,746) (56,290,076) (147,560,426) (11,627,319) (173,202,993) (25,943,091) (18,969,183) (614,176,364)		\$ (10,525,531) (170,057,746) (56,290,076) (147,560,426) (11,627,319) (173,202,993) (25,943,091) (18,969,183) (614,176,364)
Business-type activities: Golf courses Public works and other services	7,577,696 39,046,957	7,117,106 38,885,594	249,093	<u>-</u>		\$ (460,590) 87,730	(460,590) 87,730
Total business-type activities	46,624,653	46,002,700	249,093			(372,860)	(372,860)
Total County	\$ 966,733,371	\$ 142,635,540	\$ 162,650,459	\$ 46,898,148	(614,176,364)	(372,860)	(614,549,224)
	Cable televi Total taxe	om taxes taxes ent payments sion franchise taxes	5		286,706,637 142,284,090 25,542,154 199,526,003 16,104,615 46,282 670,209,781 10,054,305	33,427	286,706,637 142,284,090 25,542,154 199,526,003 16,104,615 46,282 670,209,781 10,087,732
	-	ontribution of cap			1,225,708 (217,864,733)	(1,225,708)	(217,864,733)
	C	eral revenue, transfe	ers, and special iter	n	463,625,061	(1,192,281)	462,432,780
	Change in net Net position - b				(150,551,303) 914,307,516	(1,565,141) 34,467,387	(152,116,444) 948,774,903
	•	eginning is and restatement			(51,296,121)	1,155,258	(50,140,863)
	Net position - e				\$ 712,460,092	\$ 34,057,504	\$ 746,517,596
		0					

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

		Mois	or Special Revenue	Funde	Major Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor	Total	
		Grant	Transportation	Fullus	General	Governmental	Governmental	
	General	Programs	Preservation	TRCC	Government	Funds	Funds	
Assets:								
Cash and investments:								
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 56,604,126	\$ 5,054,896	\$ 75,252,238	\$ 38,447,312	\$ 13,118,282	\$ 78,308,931	\$ 266,785,785	
Restricted cash and investments	11,500,009	157	12,512	195,919	44,555	129,811,694	141,564,846	
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent	-	-	-	-	33,570,391	-	33,570,391	
Other cash	226,880	18,050	-	307,755	-	120,030	672,715	
Receivables:								
Taxes	16,474,603	-	35,362,794	8,857,776	905,699	7,310,422	68,911,294	
Grants and contributions	3,974,309	8,768,757	-	-	-	3,332,880	16,075,946	
Accounts	7,241,315	11,599,398	1,268,341	1,223,180	-	393,040	21,725,274	
Revolving loans	-	14,896,168	-	-	-	-	14,896,168	
Notes	-	-	-	5,451,900	-	12,704,500	18,156,400	
Interest, rents, and other	420,219	141,979	-	72,351	103,142	1,168,853	1,906,544	
Due from other funds	9,976,580	-	-	-	-	-	9,976,580	
Inventories and prepaid items	354,287	10,032,982		43,089		146,275	10,576,633	
Total assets	\$ 106,772,328	\$ 50,512,387	\$ 111,895,885	\$ 54,599,282	\$ 47,742,069	\$ 233,296,625	\$ 604,818,576	
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 6,619,833	\$ 2,408,896	\$ 979,406	\$ 1,986,086	\$ -	\$ 16,640,265	\$ 28,634,486	
Accrued expenditures	7,556,533	7,825,332	35,359,502	3,069,965	-	8,005,640	61,816,972	
Due to other funds	-	7,590,974	-	-	_	2,385,597	9,976,571	
Unearned revenue	2,465,422	10,074,255	-	3,759,425	-	372,744	16,671,846	
Total liabilities	16,641,788	27,899,457	36,338,908	8,815,476		27,404,246	117,099,875	
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable property tax revenue	3,540,163				807,356	2,114,463	6,461,982	
Unavailable special assessment revenue	3,340,103	-	-	-	-	4,561		
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,540,163				807,356	2,119,024	4,561 6,466,543	
Total deferred liftlows of resources	3,340,103	-	-	-	807,330	2,119,024	0,400,543	
Fund balances: Nonspendable:								
Revolving loans	-	14,896,168	_	_	_	_	14,896,168	
Notes receivable	_	14,020,100	_	5,039,400	_	12,704,500	17,743,900	
Inventories and prepaid items	354,287	_	_	43,089	_	146,275	543,651	
Endowment - pet adoption	55 1,207	_	_	-	_	1,637,510	1,637,510	
Restricted for:						-,0,00	-,,	
Drug and vice enforcement	2,678,051	-	-	-	-	-	2,678,051	
Debt service	· · · · -	157	12,512	959	46,934,713	14,895,277	61,843,618	
Housing and human services	11,500,000	5,018,259	-	-	-	2,809,003	19,327,262	
Transportation	-	-	75,544,465	-	-	-	75,544,465	
Convention and tourism	-	-	-	27,052,448	-	-	27,052,448	
Municipal services	-	-	-	-	-	174,584	174,584	
Tort liability	-	-	-	-	-	1,632,102	1,632,102	
Capital improvements	-	-	-	-	-	130,922,376	130,922,376	
Infrastructure	-	-	-	-	-	7,153,644	7,153,644	
Libraries	-	-	-	-	-	11,264,529	11,264,529	
Tax administration	-	-	-	-	-	5,378,883	5,378,883	
Health	-	-	-	-	-	9,153,964	9,153,964	
Education and cultural	-	-	-	-	-	2,342,859	2,342,859	
Redevelopment	-	-	-	-	-	2,269,401	2,269,401	
Other purposes	849,420	67,412	-	-	-	75,342	992,174	
Committed to:								
Contractual obligations	4,895,403	486,042	-	3,164,381	-		8,545,826	
Compensated absences	2,207,431	332,061	-	44,319	-	1,213,106	3,796,917	
Other purposes	75,855	150,000	-	650,270	-	-	876,125	
Assigned to:	5.661.007						5 ((1 007	
Governmental immunity and tax refunds	5,661,897	-	-	0.700.040	-	-	5,661,897	
Convention and tourism		1 ((2 921	-	9,788,940	-	-	9,788,940	
Other purposes Unassigned	80,000 58,288,033	1,662,831	-	-	-	-	1,742,831 58,288,033	
Total fund balances	86,590,377	22.612.030	75,556,977	45,783,806	46,934,713	203,773,355		
	00,390,377	22,612,930	13,330,911	45,765,600	40,734,/13	203,773,333	481,252,158	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 106,772,328	\$ 50,512,387	\$ 111,895,885	\$ 54,599,282	\$ 47,742,069	\$ 233,296,625	\$ 604,818,576	

Total net position - governmental activities

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

	\$ 481,252,158					
se:						
n the funds.						
\$ 200,416,045 18,214,599 95,528,040 480,636,428 70,136,224 6,609,703 21,711,109 21,566,606	914,818,754					
	52,533,648					
	51,585					
Some of the County's property taxes and special assessments will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.						
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included with governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net position of internal service funds is:						
(226,285,328) (195,659,804) (57,318,670) (102,476,532) 6,088,586 (5,394,540) (529,329) (51,142,147) (3,000,000) (17,806,228) (105,974,072) 72,901,325 (18,020,339) (87,933,526) 2,800,112 (6,202,360)	(795,952,852)					
i f	18,214,599 95,528,040 480,636,428 70,136,224 6,609,703 21,711,109 21,566,606 funds. India. India.					

\$ 712,460,092

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Major Special Revenue Funds			Major Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor	Total
		Grant	Transportation		General	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Programs	Preservation	TRCC	Government	Funds	Funds
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$ 148,933,482	\$ 17,420,959	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,231,166	\$ 90,974,065	\$ 287,559,672
Sales taxes	67,492,769	-	-	38,383,941	-	36,407,380	142,284,090
Transient room taxes	-	-	-	25,542,154	-	-	25,542,154
Mass transit taxes		-	199,526,003	-		-	199,526,003
Tax equivalent payments	8,874,046	-	-	-	1,723,681	5,506,888	16,104,615
Cable television franchise taxes						46,282	46,282
Total taxes	225,300,297	17,420,959	199,526,003	63,926,095	31,954,847	132,934,615	671,062,816
Licenses and permits	2,242,393	-	-	181,717	-	10,283,662	12,707,772
Fines and forfeitures	1,398,083	350	-	-	-	1,364,381	2,762,814
Grants and contributions	24,214,054	113,699,165	47,515,766	515,849	-	23,330,743	209,275,577
Charges for services	27,040,819	685,668	-	-	-	7,181,930	34,908,417
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	2,591	2,591
Interest, rents, and other	6,581,218	535,033	695,987	22,465,117	926,098	5,470,026	36,673,479
Interfund charges	27,597,573	1,478,054	-	-	-	841,008	29,916,635
Total revenues	314,374,437	133,819,229	247,737,756	87,088,778	32,880,945	181,408,956	997,310,101
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	42,674,443	-	-	-	-	-	42,674,443
Public safety and criminal justice	178,617,228	-	-	-	-	2,096,436	180,713,664
Social services	13,403,814	161,535,662	-	-	-	402	174,939,878
Education, recreation, and cultural	49,874,593	-	-	56,464,957	-	65,557,110	171,896,660
Health and regulatory	-	-	-	-	-	40,005,760	40,005,760
Public works	-	-	196,721,252	-	-	27,523,486	224,244,738
Tax administration	-	-	-	-	-	27,570,778	27,570,778
Capital outlay	121,248	-	-	-	-	75,123,151	75,244,399
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	1,038,642	20,422	1,390,000	2,949,543	24,920,000	12,591,808	42,910,415
Interest	1,549,725	71,176	1,653,375	1,392,053	7,425,776	8,040,713	20,132,818
Bond issuance costs	-	-	186,681	-	220,551	1,288,860	1,696,092
Other charges						17,212	17,212
Total expenditures	287,279,693	161,627,260	199,951,308	60,806,553	32,566,327	259,815,716	1,002,046,857
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	27,094,744	(27,808,031)	47,786,448	26,282,225	314,618	(78,406,760)	(4,736,756)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	13,326	11,550	-	800	-	658	26,334
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	23,925,000	-	29,345,000	-	53,270,000
Premium on refunding bonds issued	-	-	3,922,147	-	1,939,303	-	5,861,450
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	(27,660,466)	-	(31,063,753)	-	(58,724,219)
Bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	135,425,000	135,425,000
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	17,103,283	17,103,283
Proceeds from capital leases and notes payable	16,932	-	-	-	-	11,212,500	11,229,432
Transfers in	24,395,554	29,872,000	-	6,060,270	-	28,523,918	88,851,742
Transfers out	(37,463,134)	(291,015)	(5,036,725)	(25,190,434)	(3,000,000)	(17,226,069)	(88,207,377)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(13,037,322)	29,592,535	(4,850,044)	(19,129,364)	(2,779,450)	175,039,290	164,835,645
Net change in fund balances	14,057,422	1,784,504	42,936,404	7,152,861	(2,464,832)	96,632,530	160,098,889
Fund balances - beginning	72,532,955	20,828,426	32,620,573	38,630,945	49,399,545	115,597,237	329,609,681
Reclassifications	-	,,	,,		-	(8,456,412)	(8,456,412)
Fund balances - ending	\$ 86,590,377	\$ 22,612,930	\$ 75,556,977	\$ 45,783,806	\$ 46,934,713		
r unu baiances - enuing	φ 00,390,377	\$ 22,612,930	\$ 75,556,977	\$ 45,783,806	\$ 46,934,713	\$ 203,773,355	\$ 481,252,158

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 160,098,889

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, capital assets are capitalized and depreciated over their useful lives. Contributions of capital assets to other governments decrease net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not current financial resources.

Capital outlay	\$ 65,772,951
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(26,334)
Contribution of capital assets to other governments	(217,864,733)
Depreciation expense	(31,865,799) (183,983,915)

Certain revenues (property taxes and special assessments) that are collected several months after the County's fiscal year end are not considered as available revenues in the governmental funds and are, instead, counted as deferred inflows of resources. They are however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities in the year for which they are levied.

(855, 154)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds by issuing debt which increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Refunding bonds issued	(53,270,000)	
Premiums on refunding bonds issued	(5,861,450)	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	58,724,219	
Bonds issued	(135,425,000)	
Premiums on bonds issued	(17,103,283)	
Accrued interest	(1,524,509)	
Proceeds from capital leases and notes payable	(11,229,432)	
Principal retirement of bonds, notes, and obligations under capital leases	42,910,415	
Amortization of bond premiums and discounts	4,691,885	
Amortization of deferred amounts on refundings	(1,071,152)	(119,158,307)

In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses for compensated absences (unpaid vacation and sick leave), pension benefits, other postemployment benefits (OPEB), and other long-term obligations are recorded as costs are incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, these obligations are recorded when they mature or when they are paid. Changes in these obligations during the year are reflected in expense as follows:

Compensated absence expense	(653,198)
Pension expense	(4,243,488)
OPEB expense	(3,880,008)
Claims and judgments expense	200,000 (8,576,694

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

2,136,752

In the statement of activities, distributions received from joint ventures are reported as decreases in the governmental funds' equity interest in the joint ventures. Also, the net revenue (expense) of joint ventures is reported with governmental activities.

(212,874)

Change in net position - governmental activities

\$ (150,551,303)

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual on a Budgetary		Variance with		
		Original		Final	-	Basis		inal Budget	
Revenues: Taxes:	Φ.	147 022 000	•	147,020,057	Ф.	140 022 402	Φ.	1 005 425	
Property taxes Sales taxes Tax equivalent payments	\$	147,022,980 64,996,500 8,538,672	\$	147,038,057 66,114,700 8,538,672	\$	148,933,482 67,492,769 8,874,046	\$	1,895,425 1,378,069 335,374	
Total taxes Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Grants and contributions Charges for services Interest, rents, and other Interfund charges Total revenues		220,558,152 1,825,000 1,650,600 23,587,206 25,235,521 5,781,173 42,044,648 320,682,300		221,691,429 1,870,000 1,350,600 29,430,005 27,522,183 5,781,173 45,825,585 333,470,975		225,300,297 2,242,393 1,398,083 24,214,054 27,040,819 6,581,218 44,300,195 331,077,059		3,608,868 372,393 47,483 (5,215,951) (481,364) 800,045 (1,525,390) (2,393,916)	
Expenditures: Current:									
General government Public safety and criminal justice Social services Education, recreation, and cultural Capital outlay		63,606,265 183,384,651 16,464,922 50,256,695 474,702		71,976,826 190,291,056 18,206,256 51,336,985 308,230		57,817,691 180,627,484 13,902,591 50,143,961 121,248		14,159,135 9,663,572 4,303,665 1,193,024 186,982	
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest		826,628 854,891		826,628 1,372,938		856,466 1,549,725		(29,838) (176,787)	
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		315,868,754 4,813,546		334,318,919 (847,944)		305,019,166 26,057,893		29,299,753 26,905,837	
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Proceeds from capital leases and notes payable Transfers in Transfers out		- - 19,408,686 (39,020,534)		16,932 26,909,910 (39,079,134)		13,326 16,932 26,011,554 (39,079,134)		13,326 - (898,356)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(19,611,848)		(12,152,292)		(13,037,322)		(885,030)	
Net change in fund balance Fund balances - beginning Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		(14,798,302) 48,247,000		(13,000,236) 57,443,357		13,020,571 66,811,030 1,887,520		26,020,807 9,367,673 1,887,520	
Fund balances - ending	\$	33,448,698	\$	44,443,121	\$	81,719,121	\$	37,276,000	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Grant Programs Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual on a Budgetary		Variance With	
		Original		Final		Basis		nal Budget
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	20,577,951	\$	20,577,951	\$	17,420,959	\$	(3,156,992)
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		350		350
Grants and contributions		112,683,095		119,294,313		113,699,165		(5,595,148)
Charges for services		777,235		654,235		685,668		31,433
Interest, rents, and other		406,069		418,020		535,033		117,013
Interfund charges		1,067,529		1,081,177		1,478,054		396,877
Total revenues		135,511,879		142,025,696		133,819,229		(8,206,467)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Social services		165,390,126		171,934,470		161,368,659		10,565,811
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		20,422		20,422		20,422		-
Interest		71,176		71,176		71,176		
Total expenditures		165,481,724		172,026,068		161,460,257		10,565,811
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(29,969,845)		(30,000,372)		(27,641,028)		2,359,344
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		11,550		11,550
Transfers in		30,702,000		29,872,000		29,872,000		-
Transfers out		-		(900,000)		(291,015)		608,985
Total other financing sources (uses)		30,702,000		28,972,000		29,592,535		620,535
Net change in fund balances		732,155		(1,028,372)		1,951,507		2,979,879
Fund balances - beginning		3,311,000		2,727,946		20,150,679		17,422,733
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year				=		355		355
Fund balances - ending	\$	4,043,155	\$	1,699,574	\$	22,102,541	\$	20,402,967

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Transportation Preservation Fund Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual on a Budgetary	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	
Revenues: Mass transit taxes Grants and contributions Interest, rents, and other	\$ 175,285,000 - 53,100	\$ 204,675,300 47,000,000 53,100	\$ 199,526,003 47,515,766 695,987	\$ (5,149,297) 515,766 642,887	
Total revenues	175,338,100	251,728,400	247,737,756	(3,990,644)	
Expenditures: Current: Public works Debt service:	206,483,966	272,964,597	199,755,120	73,209,477	
Principal retirement	1,390,000	1,390,000	1,390,000	-	
Interest	1,653,876	1,653,876	1,653,375	501	
Total expenditures	209,527,842	276,008,473	202,798,495	73,209,978	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(34,189,742)	(24,280,073)	44,939,261	69,219,334	
Other financing sources (uses): Refunding bonds issued Premium on refunding bonds issued Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers out	- - - (116,280)	23,925,000 3,922,148 (27,660,466) (5,258,401)	23,925,000 3,922,147 (27,660,466) (5,036,725)	(1) - 221,676	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(116,280)	(5,071,719)	(4,850,044)	221,675	
Net change in fund balances	(34,306,022)	(29,351,792)	40,089,217	69,441,009	
Fund balances - beginning Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year	36,677,749	32,385,051	32,385,051 48,611	48,611	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,371,727	\$ 3,033,259	\$ 72,522,879	\$ 69,489,620	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual on a Budgetary		Variance With		
		Original	 Final		Basis		inal Budget
Revenues:			 				
Sales taxes	\$	36,400,000	\$ 37,800,000	\$	38,383,941	\$	583,941
Transient room taxes		22,753,000	25,025,370		25,542,154		516,784
Licenses and permits		175,019	175,019		181,717		6,698
Grants and contributions		-	250,000		515,849		265,849
Interest, rents, and other		16,292,437	 18,704,040		22,171,564		3,467,524
Total revenues		75,620,456	81,954,429		86,795,225		4,840,796
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Education, recreation, and cultural		61,474,727	67,519,304		57,942,301		9,577,003
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		198,185	198,185		2,949,543		(2,751,358)
Interest		1,308,325	1,308,325		1,321,963		(13,638)
Other charges		4,500	 4,500				4,500
Total expenditures		62,985,737	 69,030,314		62,213,807		6,816,507
Excess of revenues over expenditures		12,634,719	12,924,115		24,581,418		11,657,303
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	-		800		800
Transfers in		14,706,597	18,153,846		18,153,846		-
Transfers out		(34,297,031)	 (37,284,010)		(37,284,010)		<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		(19,590,434)	 (19,130,164)		(19,129,364)		800
Net change in fund balances		(6,955,715)	(6,206,049)		5,452,054		11,658,103
Fund balances - beginning		14,483,000	19,064,987		36,924,052		17,859,065
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year			 		194,879		194,879
Fund balances - ending	\$	7,527,285	\$ 12,858,938	\$	42,570,985	\$	29,712,047

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2017

	C-If	Public Works		Internal Service	
	Golf Courses	and Other Services	Total	Funds	
Assets:		50111005			
Current assets:					
Cash and investments:	e 1.550.062	e (516522	e 0.007.400	© 47.076.710	
Pooled cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 1,550,963	\$ 6,516,533 17,307	\$ 8,067,496 17,307	\$ 47,976,710 15,830	
Other cash	61,000	11,500	72,500	110,589	
Receivables:	,	,	7-,	,	
Grants and contributions	-	1,501	1,501	-	
Accounts	1,744	3,303,325	3,305,069	1,155,439	
Interest, rents, and other	-	156,900	156,900	631,273	
Inventories and prepaid items				1,507,426	
Total current assets	1,613,707	10,007,066	11,620,773	51,397,267	
Noncurrent assets: Net pension asset	582	3,574	4 156	1,917	
Capital assets:	382	3,374	4,156	1,917	
Land	10,610,655	885,997	11,496,652	-	
Buildings	7,914,050	11,098,077	19,012,127	10,073,605	
Improvements other than buildings	26,333,356	1,415,150	27,748,506	737,665	
Leasehold improvements	736,793	-	736,793	-	
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Accumulated depreciation	5,994,371	2,451,479	8,445,850	44,626,155	
Net capital assets	(18,116,705) 33,472,520	(5,091,788) 10,758,915	(23,208,493) 44,231,435	(24,513,951) 30,923,474	
Total noncurrent assets	33,473,102	10,762,489	44,235,591	30,925,391	
Total assets	35,086,809	20,769,555	55,856,364	82,322,658	
Deferred outflows of resources: Related to pensions	822,598	5,050,481	5,873,079	2,709,146	
Related to OPEB	39,653	222,731	262,384	103,443	
Total deferred outflows of resources	862,251	5,273,212	6,135,463	2,812,589	
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities: Accounts payable	110,111	647,124	757,235	3,373,234	
Accrued expenses	61,291	2,473,064	2,534,355	2,114,178	
Performance deposits	-	1,090,096	1,090,096	-	
Accrued interest	-	24,333	24,333	70,963	
Due to other funds	-	-	-	9	
Sales tax revenue bonds payable	-	28,692	28,692	371,564	
Lease revenue bonds payable Notes payable	-	136,758	136,758	228,406	
Compensated absences payable	146,003	679,823	825,826	341,853	
Claims and judgments payable				4,679,794	
Total current liabilities	317,405	5,079,890	5,397,295	11,180,001	
Noncurrent liabilities: Sales tax revenue bonds payable	_	831,305	831,305	7,997,533	
Lease revenue bonds payable	-	1,866,394	1,866,394	1,991,333	
Compensated absences payable	146,002	679,822	825,824	341,853	
Claims and judgments payable	-	-	-	4,155,699	
Net pension liability	1,204,802	7,397,089	8,601,891	3,967,897	
Net OPEB obligation	1,266,239	7,112,431	8,378,670	3,303,211	
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,617,043	17,887,041	20,504,084	19,766,193	
Total liabilities	2,934,448	22,966,931	25,901,379	30,946,194	
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Related to pensions	203,336	1,248,418	1,451,754	669,668	
Related to OPEB	87,833	493,357	581,190	229,129	
Total deferred inflows of resources	291,169	1,741,775	2,032,944	898,797	
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	33,472,520	9,898,918	43,371,438	22,570,207	
Restricted for animal services	-	477,399	477,399	-	
Unrestricted	(749,077)	(9,042,256)	(9,791,333)	30,720,049	
Total net position	\$ 32,723,443	\$ 1,334,061	\$ 34,057,504	\$ 53,290,256	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Golf Courses	Public Works and Other Services	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 4,438,534	\$ 36,294,738	\$ 40,733,272	\$ 9,405,592
Interfund charges	-	2,590,856	2,590,856	32,283,943
Health and life insurance premiums				39,411,351
Total operating revenues	4,438,534	38,885,594	43,324,128	81,100,886
Operating expenses:				
Salaries, wages, and benefits	3,649,883	19,792,637	23,442,520	10,789,570
Materials, supplies, and services	2,802,291	16,387,592	19,189,883	61,726,384
Capital purchases	-	-	-	13,745
Indirect costs	399,248	3,553,623	3,952,871	2,982,014
Depreciation	767,320	316,070	1,083,390	3,633,303
Total operating expenses	7,618,742	40,049,922	47,668,664	79,145,016
Operating income (loss)	(3,180,208)	(1,164,328)	(4,344,536)	1,955,870
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Interest, rents, and other	2,260,525	451,474	2,711,999	1,232,017
Grants and contributions	-	249,093	249,093	23,937
Interest expense and other charges	-	(245,453)	(245,453)	(394,490)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		46,591	46,591	(19,052)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,260,525	501,705	2,762,230	842,412
Income (loss) before transfers	(919,683)	(662,623)	(1,582,306)	2,798,282
Transfers in	-	227,221	227,221	993
Transfers out		(210,056)	(210,056)	(662,523)
Change in net position	(919,683)	(645,458)	(1,565,141)	2,136,752
Net position - beginning	34,467,387	-	34,467,387	52,770,894
Reclassifications and restatement	(824,261)	1,979,519	1,155,258	(1,617,390)
Net position - ending	\$ 32,723,443	\$ 1,334,061	\$ 34,057,504	\$ 53,290,256

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Enterprise Funds Public Works Golf and Other			Internal Service		
		Courses		Services	 Total	 Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Receipts for interfund services provided Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Intergovernmental payments	\$	4,438,667 - (3,024,553) (3,476,699) (399,248)	\$	34,456,017 2,590,856 (15,196,026) (18,254,989) (3,553,623)	\$ 38,894,684 2,590,856 (18,220,579) (21,731,688) (3,952,871)	\$ 39,411,351 41,774,408 (61,163,314) (11,130,271) (2,989,888)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(2,461,833)		42,235	(2,419,598)	5,902,286
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Principal paid on notes payable Receipts from grantors and other nonoperating revenues Transfers in Transfers out		- - - -		251,387 227,221 (210,056)	251,387 227,221 (210,056)	 (221,775) 23,937 993 (662,523)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		-		268,552	268,552	(859,368)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Payments for acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Proceeds from sale of capital assets Interest paid on capital debt		(297,916) - - -		(2,144,448) (143,444) 46,591 (221,120)	(2,442,364) (143,444) 46,591 (221,120)	 (1,958,077) (365,619) 325,410 (392,577)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(297,916)		(2,462,421)	(2,760,337)	(2,390,863)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest, rents, and other receipts		2,260,525		451,474	 2,711,999	1,232,017
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(499,224)		(1,700,160)	(2,199,384)	3,884,072
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		2,111,187		8,245,500	10,356,687	44,219,057
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	1,611,963	\$	6,545,340	\$ 8,157,303	\$ 48,103,129
Displayed on the statement of net position as: Pooled cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Other cash	\$	1,550,963 - 61,000	\$	6,516,533 17,307 11,500	8,067,496 17,307 72,500	\$ 47,976,710 15,830 110,589
	\$	1,611,963	\$	6,545,340	\$ 8,157,303	\$ 48,103,129
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	(3,180,208)	\$	(1,164,328)	(4,344,536)	\$ 1,955,870
Depreciation expense Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		767,320		316,070	1,083,390	3,633,303
Accounts receivable Other receivables Inventories and prepaid items Accounts payable Accrued expenses		133 - - (222,262) 14,199		(1,681,821) (156,900) - 214,609	(1,681,688) (156,900) - (7,653) 1,618,530	241,481 (156,608) (474,760) 1,051,575
Performance deposits Due to other funds		14,199 - -		1,604,331 976,957	976,957 -	871,030 - (7,874)
Compensated absences payable Claims and judgments payable Net pension asset, net pension liability, and related		15,076		(63,686)	(48,610)	(3,312) (1,599,371)
deferrals Net OPEB obligation and related deferrals		88,073 55,836		(316,635) 313,638	 (228,562) 369,474	 245,289 145,663
Total adjustments		718,375		1,206,563	 1,924,938	 3,946,416
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(2,461,833)	\$	42,235	\$ (2,419,598)	\$ 5,902,286
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: None	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position December 31, 2017

	T	OPEB rust Fund	_A	gency Funds
Assets:				
Pooled cash and investments	\$	322,410	\$	105,060,125
Investments, at fair value:				
U.S. Treasury obligations		273,960		_
Corporate bonds		2,088,488		-
U.S. agency issues		1,355,227		-
Equity mutual funds		1,397,638		
Total investments		5,115,313		-
Reinsurance receivable		29,973		
Total assets		5,467,696		105,060,125
Liabilities:				
Benefits payable		44,773		-
Due to other governments and others		<u>-</u>		105,060,125
Total liabilities		44,773		105,060,125
Net position:				
Restricted for other postemployment benefits	\$	5,422,923	\$	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2017

	OPEB Trust Fun	
Additions:		
Employer contributions	\$	3,526,404
Investment income:		
Net increase in fair value of investments		50,092
Interest		90,150
Net investment income		140,242
Total additions		3,666,646
Deductions:		
Benefit payments		3,246,028
Administrative expense		204,086
Total deductions		3,450,114
Net increase in net position		216,532
Net position restricted for other postemployment benefits - beginning		5,206,391
Net position restricted for other postemployment benefits - ending	\$	5,422,923

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1.1 Services and Form of Government—Salt Lake County, Utah (the County) operates under a Council-Executive (Mayor) form of government. The County provides the following services: health and human services, education and cultural services, recreational services, public safety and criminal justice services, social services, libraries, and Countywide services, such as those provided by elected officials (including assessing and collecting of property taxes).
- 1.2 Reporting Entity—The accompanying financial statements include the County, which is a political subdivision with corporate powers created under Utah state law, and all of its component units, collectively referred to as the financial reporting entity. The governing body is comprised of the Council (legislative powers) and the Mayor (executive powers). Eight other elected officials have certain statutory powers specific to their duties. These include the Assessor, Auditor, Clerk, District Attorney, Recorder, Sheriff, Surveyor, and Treasurer.
- 1.3 Component Units—Component units are entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Each of the County's component units are reported as blended component units. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds (or combined with the balances and transactions of a fund) of the County.

The blended component units of the County are as follows:

- Salt Lake County Municipal Building Authority (MBA)—MBA is a blended component unit because the governing board is substantially the same as the County and County management has operational responsibility for this component unit. MBA is reported within the capital projects and debt service funds of the County.
- Salt Lake County Redevelopment Agency (RDA)—RDA is a blended component unit because the governing board is substantially the same as the County and County management has operational responsibility for this component unit. RDA is reported as a special revenue fund.
- Salt Lake County NMTC, Inc. (NMTC)—NMTC is a blended component unit because NMTC exclusively benefits
 the County. NMTC is reported within the TRCC Special Revenue Fund and various nonmajor governmental funds
 of the County.
- 1.4 Joint Ventures and Undivided Interests—The County is an equal partner with Salt Lake City in Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste Management Facility (the City/County Landfill), a joint venture. The purpose of this joint venture is to provide solid waste management and disposal services (see Note 14.1). The County provides operational, accounting, and other services for the City/County Landfill.

The County is also an equal partner with Salt Lake City in the Sugar House Park Authority. The purpose of this joint venture is to maintain and improve land used as a public park (see Note 14.2).

The County is a 25% partner and Salt Lake City/Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City is a 75% partner in Utah Performing Arts Center Agency (UPACA), a joint venture. The purpose of this joint venture is to provide for the acquisition, construction, ownership, operation, maintenance, and improvement of the Eccles Theater in downtown Salt Lake City (see Note 14.3). The County provides operational, accounting, and other services for UPACA.

The County's investments in the joint ventures are reported as a single line item in the government-wide statement of net position; changes in the County's investment in the City/County Landfill are reported in the government-wide statement of activities (under the public works function of governmental activities); changes in the County's investments in Sugar House Park Authority and UPACA are reported in the government-wide statement of activities (under the education, recreation, and cultural function of governmental activities).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

The County has undivided interests with Salt Lake City in improvements financed by general obligation bonds issued by the County. The County reports its portion of assets, liabilities, expenditures/expenses, and revenues that are associated with the joint operations (see Notes 14.4 and 14.5).

- 1.5 Related Organizations—The County appoints certain members of the boards of trustees for Salt Lake County Housing Authority, Salt Lake Valley Fire Service Area (SLVFSA), Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area (SLVLESA), Unified Police Department (UPD), Wasatch Front Waste and Recycling District, Greater Salt Lake Municipal Services District (MSD), and Solitude Improvement District. The County Mayor is the executive of the MSD. Involvement of the County in the remaining aforementioned entities is limited to trustee appointments. These entities are independent of the County.
- **1.6 Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**—While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the County's enterprise funds.

1.6.1 Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely mostly on fees and charges to external customers for support. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Expenses are those that are identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues (such as tax equivalent payments, which are unrestricted fees imposed by the state on motor vehicles and other property) are reported instead as general revenues.

1.6.2 Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The remaining governmental funds are combined into a single column and reported as other (nonmajor) funds. Internal service funds are aggregated and reported in a single column on the proprietary fund financial statements.

1.7 Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation—The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as economic resources or current financial resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

1.7.1 Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied net of relief and refunds. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

The use of financial resources to acquire general capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of general long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term debt of the County are reported as a reduction of the related liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than an expenditure.

1.7.2 Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. An exception to this policy is expenditure-driven grant revenues, which generally are considered to be available if the eligible expenditures have been made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, other post employment benefits, and pension benefits are recorded only when payment is due or contributions are made. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Revolving loans and notes receivable are reported as receivables offset by nonspendable fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Property taxes receivable is recorded when levied. Property taxes which have not been collected within 60 days of yearend, and therefore do not meet the available criterion, are reported as deferred inflows of resources until collected. Tax accounts are adjusted for relief and refunds as they occur.

Sales taxes, transient room taxes, and mass transit taxes are considered measurable and recognized as revenue when received by merchants and will be remitted to the County in time to be used to pay current obligations. Grant revenue is recognized when qualified expenditures are incurred and a contractual claim exists with the grantor agency. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund—The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund and accounts for all activities not
 accounted for by other funds of the County. The principal source of revenue for this fund is property taxes.
- Grant Programs Fund—This special revenue fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of programs that are funded primarily from restricted federal and state grants.
- *Transportation Preservation Fund*—This special revenue fund is used to account for restricted local option highway construction and transportation corridor preservation fee revenue and related expenditures.
- Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) Fund—This special revenue fund is used to account for sales and transient room taxes that are restricted to expenditure for the purpose of promoting tourism, recreation, cultural, and convention programs within the County.
- General Government Debt Service Fund—This debt service fund accounts for property taxes levied for the payment of principal and interest of general obligation bonds.

The County's nonmajor governmental funds include other special revenue funds, capital projects funds, a permanent fund, and other debt service funds. The nonmajor special revenue funds account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The nonmajor capital projects funds are used to account for

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital projects other than those financed by proprietary funds. The permanent fund accounts for an endowment. The Nonmajor debt service funds account for resources used for the payment of interest and principal on long-term bonded obligations of governmental funds.

1.7.3 Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary funds include enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds report activities that are predominately funded by fees charged to external users for goods or services. Internal service funds are used to account for the goods and services provided by one fund to other funds of the County, rather than to the general public. The financial statements of the proprietary funds are reported similar to the government-wide financial statements in that they both use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of enterprise funds and internal service funds are fees (charges to customers and other funds for sales and services). Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

- Golf Courses Fund—The Golf Courses Fund is used to account for the activities of County-owned golf courses.
- Public Works and Other Services Fund—The Public Works and Other Services Fund is used to account for road
 maintenance and construction, planning and development, engineering, animal, township, and justice court services
 provided by contract to other government entities.

All of the internal service funds are aggregated into a single column and are reported on the proprietary fund statements. Internal service funds account for fleet management, facility, and risk management services (including claims for workers' compensation and employee health care) provided to other County organizations on a cost-reimbursement basis.

1.7.4 Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Additionally, the County reports the following fiduciary funds:

- Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust Fund—The OPEB Trust Fund accounts for the activities of a single employer defined benefit plan, which accumulates resources for postemployment health care and life insurance benefits to all eligible employees who retire from the County. The financial statements of the OPEB Trust Fund are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.
- Agency Funds—Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County as a custodian for other
 governments, private organizations, or individuals. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of
 accounting but, due to their custodial nature (assets equal liabilities), do not present results of operations or have a
 measurement focus. Agency funds include monies received on behalf of individuals involved in the criminal justice
 process, the collection of property and other taxes for other governments, deposits held for outside parties related to
 construction and development costs, and monies held for the City/County Landfill, UPACA, and MSD.
- 1.8 Interfund and Intrafund Transactions—Interfund transactions represent transactions between different funds within the County. Intrafund transactions represent charges between departments within the same fund. For financial reporting purposes, except for statements reported on the budgetary basis (as discussed in the next section), intrafund transactions have been eliminated in order to avoid overstating fund revenues and expenditures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

In general, interfund activity, including internal service fund transactions, has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements in an effort to minimize the doubling-up of revenues and expenses resulting from such transactions. Interfund services provided and used between different functional categories, however, have not been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements so as not to distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the various functions concerned.

For management, cost-control, and grant-related purposes, two cost allocation plans are prepared each year which allocate indirect costs to County cost centers (organizations). Indirect costs charged to grants are in accordance with Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) Uniform Guidance. Indirect costs are defined as costs incurred by "central services" for a common or joint purpose benefiting more than one cost center, and that cannot be directly charged to the cost center specifically benefited in a cost effective manner. Indirect costs allocated include charges for services provided by the Council, the Mayor's Administration, Mayor's Financial Administration, the Auditor, the District Attorney, Real Estate, Information Services, Purchasing, Human Resources, Governmental Immunity, and Records Management.

Because indirect costs represent central services being provided, rather than a reimbursement of expenses, these interfund transactions are reflected as interfund revenue to the fund providing the services and expenditures/expenses to the fund receiving the services. In cases where the providing and receiving organizations are within the same fund, such transactions are recorded as intrafund revenue and expenditures/expenses. Indirect costs, like most interfund and intrafund transactions, have been eliminated from program revenues in the government-wide statement of activities.

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities are reported at the net amount in the government-wide statement of activities. Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated from the government-wide statement of net position.

- 1.9 Budgetary (Non-GAAP) Basis—The basis of budgeting is the same as the basis required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) except for the following: 1) intrafund revenues and expenditures are included in the budgetary basis but are eliminated for GAAP, 2) encumbrances (commitments for unperformed contracts or services) are treated as expenditures in the year the encumbrance is established using the budgetary basis, but are not included under GAAP, and 3) certain transactions with component units are not included in the budgetary basis but are included under GAAP. The GAAP basis is used for all of the basic financial statements except the statements that include a comparison of actual to budgeted amounts. In these instances, the statements are marked budgetary basis. A reconciliation to the respective GAAP basis fund balance is presented in Note 15 to the basic financial statements for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund.
- 1.10 Budgets and Budgetary Accounting—The County has legally adopted budgets for governmental and proprietary funds. Although state law requires that annual budgets be adopted for governmental and proprietary funds, only governmental funds are required to report budgetary data. The County's procedures for establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements are as follows:
- 1.10.1 The County follows statutory guidelines regarding budgetary matters listed in various titles of the *Utah Code*. Specific duties of the Mayor, who is the statutory "Budget Officer", and specific requirements of the budget and appropriation process are contained in the Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Counties, Title 17-36 of the *Utah Code*.
- 1.10.2 The Mayor, subject to review by the County's revenue committee, is responsible for revenue projections. The Mayor is also responsible for the preparation of a "proposed" budget. The Mayor submits the proposed budget to the County Council which makes appropriation decisions and adopts a budget on or before December 31 preceding the calendar year. Once the budget is adopted by the Council, the Mayor has "item veto" authority. Budget items vetoed by the Mayor may be overridden by the Council.
- 1.10.3 Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments and to comply with legal requirements. For 2017, the budget was adopted, by a resolution of the County Council, on December 6, 2016. The budget included proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

- 1.10.4 The budget is organized by fund, organization, and appropriation unit. Appropriation units are groups of expenditures within an organization. Management is authorized to reallocate funds within an appropriation unit. Transfers of appropriations between organizations, certain appropriation units, and funds require the approval of the Council. Common organizations are combined into functions for reporting purposes. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditure may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the function level
- 1.10.5 Appropriations may be reduced by resolution of the Council with five days notice to the affected organization. Budget appropriations may be increased at any regular meeting of the Council, provided that such action is published in a newspaper five days prior to the official action. Legally, only increases in General Fund appropriations require a full public hearing besides the public notice mentioned.
- 1.10.6 Budgets for the General, special revenue, and capital projects funds are adopted on a budgetary basis. No difference exists between the GAAP basis and budgetary basis for the debt service funds. Budgetary comparisons presented in this report are on this budgetary basis. Final budgeted amounts include amendments by the Council. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end for all budgeted funds. Encumbered appropriations at year end are reported on the balance sheet as fund balance restrictions or commitments. Although already reported as expenditures for budgetary purposes in the year they are established, encumbrances remain outstanding until they are either recognized as expenditures in conformity with GAAP or canceled.
- 1.11 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments—Cash and investment management in the County is administered by the County Treasurer in accordance with the State Money Management Act, Title 51-7 of the Utah Code (see Note 3). The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Income from the investment of pooled cash is allocated based upon each fund's portion of the pool. Restricted cash consists of that portion of pooled cash that is restricted for a specific use due to constraints imposed by external parties or enabling legislation, or is cash held in trust in compliance with bond covenants, terms, and conditions. "Other cash" is bank deposits that are separately held in individual funds.

Investments are recorded at fair value based upon quoted market prices at December 31, 2017, except where there is no significant difference between cost and fair value. The difference between the purchase price and fair value, when significant, is recorded as interest revenue.

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, each fund's allocated portion of "pooled cash and investments" is considered to be cash and cash equivalents, since this amount is immediately available for use by the fund. Investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition are also considered cash equivalents.

1.12 Inventories and Prepaid Items—Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method and consist of expendable supplies and merchandise. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are reported as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures or expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

1.13 Capital Assets—Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment (including intangible assets and computer software); infrastructure (roads, bridges, and flood control); and construction in progress. These assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements in the relevant column on the statement of net position under governmental or business-type activities. Proprietary fund capital assets are also reported in the appropriate fund statements. Capital assets acquired by governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. The capitalization threshold is defined to be assets that cost at least \$5,000 for personal property; \$100,000 for buildings; \$50,000 for intangible assets, internally-generated computer software, and improvements other than buildings; and \$500,000 for flood control. The County capitalizes costs related to new construction, major replacements, and improvements that

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

increase the capacity and/or efficiency of roads. Bridges over 20 feet in length are also capitalized. Assets purchased or constructed are generally recorded at cost. If precise cost is not available (as is the case with certain infrastructure), the capital asset is recorded at estimated acquisition cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

When constructing capital assets, interest expense incurred relating to governmental activities is not capitalized. Interest on assets being readied for service in proprietary funds is capitalized. During 2017, the proprietary funds had no significant interest costs related to capital projects.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations for proprietary funds and is charged to the various functional expenses or business-type activities in the government-wide statement of activities. Accumulated depreciation is reported on proprietary fund and government-wide statements of net position. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	5-50 years
Improvements	5-25 years
Equipment and intangible assets	2-15 years
Infrastructure, depreciable (bridges and flood control)	30-45 years

The County has adopted an allowable alternative to reporting depreciation for its roads network. Under this alternative method, referred to as the "modified approach," the County must maintain an asset management system and demonstrate that its roads are approximately being preserved at or above condition levels established by County policy. Infrastructure assets accounted for under the modified approach are not depreciated, and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed.

- **1.14** Unearned Revenue—In each of the financial statements, unearned revenue is recorded when cash or other assets are received prior to when a claim to those resources is obtained.
- **1.15** Long-term Debt—In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable unamortized bond premiums.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond-related transactions during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

- 1.16 Pensions—For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Utah Retirement Systems (URS) and additions to/deductions from URS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the URS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. URS plan investments are reported at fair value.
- 1.17 Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)—For purposes of measuring the net OPEB obligation, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's OPEB plan and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. OPEB plan investments are reported at fair value.
- 1.18 Compensated Absences—The County permits employees to accumulate earned, but unused, vacation and sick leave benefits while they are working for the County. When an employee terminates or retires, the County pays that employee 100% of his or her accrued vacation leave. When an employee retires, in addition to the vacation payout, the

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

County also pays that employee 25% of his or her accrued sick leave. Accrued vacation and sick leave are recorded in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements as a liability. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. Also, the liability recorded for sick leave is based on the sick leave attributable to current employees eligible to retire and those employees projected to retire in the future.

1.19 Deferred Outflows of Resources—In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has the following sources that qualify for reporting in this category in the statement of net position:

- Deferred charge on refunding—results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its
 reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding
 debt
- Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions—includes 1) difference between expected and actual experience, 2) changes of assumptions in the measurement of the net pension liability (asset), 3) net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, 4) changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and 5) County contributions subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2016.
- Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB—includes 1) changes in assumptions and other inputs and 2) net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments.

1.20 Deferred Inflows of Resources—In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The following items only arise under a modified accrual basis of accounting and are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet; these items are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available:

- *Unavailable property tax revenue*—consists of uncollected, delinquent property taxes.
- Unavailable special assessment revenue—consists of uncollected special assessments.

The following sources are reported in the statement of net position:

- Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions—includes 1) differences between expected and actual experience, 2) changes of assumptions in the measurement of the net pension liability (asset), 3) net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and 4) changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions.
- Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB—includes differences between expected and actual experience.

1.21 Net Position/Fund Balances—The residual of all other elements presented in a statement of net position is net position on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements and the residual of all other elements presented in a balance sheet on the governmental fund financial statements is fund balance.

Net position is divided into three components: net investment in capital assets (capital assets net of related debt less unspent bond proceeds), restricted, and unrestricted. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints are placed upon it by external parties or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on a hierarchy that shows, from highest to lowest, the level or form of constraints on fund balance resources and the extent to which the County is bound to honor them. The County first determines and reports nonspendable balances, then restricted, then committed, and so forth.

Fund balance classifications are summarized as follows:

- Nonspendable—This category includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either 1) not in spendable form or 2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Fund balance amounts related to inventories and prepaid items, revolving loans, notes receivable, and endowments (net of related liabilities) are classified as nonspendable.
- Restricted—This category includes net fund resources that are subject to external constraints that have been placed on the use of the resources either 1) imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments (such as specific tax levies) or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed—This category includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes established by formal
 action of the County Council. Fund balance commitments can only be removed or changed by the same type of
 action (for example, resolution) of the County Council. This classification also includes contractual obligations to
 the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual
 requirements.
- Assigned—This category includes fund balance amounts that the County intends to be used for a specific purpose
 but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent is expressed by approval of the County Council or the Mayor.
 The County has assigned fund resources that are to be used for governmental immunity and tax refunds,
 conventions and tourism, and other purposes.
- *Unassigned*—Residual balances in the General Fund are classified as unassigned. Also, if a governmental fund other than the General Fund has a nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balance in excess of total fund balance, the difference is reported as negative unassigned fund balance.
- 1.22 Net Position Flow Assumption—Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted tax revenue and restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to generally consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.
- 1.23 Fund Balance Flow Assumption—Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to generally consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last. An exception to this policy occurs when certain grant expenditures are financed with County funds; in this case unrestricted resources are used before recording grant-related revenues.
- 1.24 Minimum Fund Balance Policies—The County Council has adopted a financial policy to maintain a minimum level of certain components of fund balance in the General Fund and selected special revenue funds. These amounts are intended to provide fiscal stability when economic downturns or other unexpected events occur, to supply resources to satisfy certain current obligations, or to provide a leveling for self-insured risks. The policy requires the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund to be at least 10% of budgeted expenditures; the fund balances in the following special

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

revenue funds are to be at least 5% of budgeted expenditures: TRCC, Unincorporated Municipal Services, Flood Control, State Tax Administration Levy, Library, Health, and Planetarium. Also, the County's policy is to commit resources for compensated absences in the funds at 15% of unpaid vacation leave and 40% of unpaid sick leave, and to accumulate an unrestricted net position in the Employee Service Reserve (Internal Service) Fund of at least 15% of medical and dental claims paid during the year for active employees plus \$300,000 for early retirement. If a fund balance component falls below the minimum target level because it has been used as dictated by current circumstances, the policy provides for actions to replenish the amount to the minimum target level. Generally, replenishment is to occur within the next budget cycle.

2. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The County and the OPEB Trust Fund have the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2017:

- U.S. Treasury obligations and agency issues are valued using matrix pricing based on quoted prices for comparable investments (Level 2 inputs).
- Corporate bonds are valued using matrix pricing based on quoted prices for comparable bonds (Level 2 inputs).
- The Public Treasurers' Investment Fund is valued at the County's position in the PTIF multiplied by the published fair value factor (Level 2 inputs).
- Equity mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

3.1 Cash and Investment Pool—It is the County's policy to follow the requirements of the State Money Management Act (*Utah Code*, Title 51, Chapter 7) (the Act) in handling its depository and investment transactions. The Act creates a State Money Management Council (the Council), a five-member body, appointed by the Governor of the State, which exercises oversight of public deposits and investments.

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is used by all funds. Each major fund's portion of this pool, and the aggregate portion of the pool relating to nonmajor funds and internal service funds, is displayed on the balance sheet for governmental funds and the statement of net position for proprietary funds, respectively, as "pooled cash and investments." Total nonfiduciary cash and investments is also reflected on the government-wide statement of net position. The fiduciary funds' portion is found on the statement of fiduciary net position. Income from the investment of the pooled cash and investments is allocated based on each fund's average daily balance in the pool. In addition, cash is separately held by several funds.

3.2 Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions—The Act requires the depositing of public funds only in a "qualified depository" or a "permitted depository". A "qualified depository" is a Utah depository institution which complies with capital ratios and public deposit limits established by rule of the Council and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions for deposit of public funds. A "permitted depository" is an out-of-state financial institution that meets quality criteria established by rule of the Council. All County deposits are held in qualified or permitted depositories.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

3.2.1 Custodial Credit Risk of Deposits

In the case of deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's deposit policy for custodial credit risk is to comply with the Act. At December 31, 2017, the County's bank balance was \$41.7 million with \$41.0 million of that amount being exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and not collateralized. Utah state law does not require uninsured deposits to be collateralized.

3.3 *Investments*—Investments are recorded at fair value.

The Act also defines the types of securities allowed as appropriate investments for the County and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions are to be conducted through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with the issuer of the securities. The Act authorizes the County to invest in the State of Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (the PTIF), certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. agency issues, high-grade commercial paper, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, corporate bonds, money market mutual funds, and obligations of governmental entities within the state of Utah. All County investments comply with the Act.

At December 31, 2017, the County and the OPEB Trust Fund have the following investments:

		Co	unty		rust Fund	
Investment Type	Fair Value		Average Maturity (Years)	F	air Value	Average Maturity (Years)
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	35,067,907	1.40	\$	273,960	0.92
Corporate bonds		37,256,732	1.68		2,088,488	1.34
U.S. agency issues		22,958,262	3.01		1,355,227	3.32
Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF)		448,398,232	0.14		-	
Equity mutual funds					1,397,638	n/a
Total investments	\$	543,681,133		\$	5,115,313	
Portfolio weighted average maturity			0.45			1.48

The PTIF is a voluntary governmental external investment pool available to state and local government public treasurers in Utah. The PTIF is sponsored by the Utah State Treasurer to improve investment efficiency and yield. The PTIF invests primarily in corporate bonds, commercial paper, money market mutual funds, and certificates of deposit as permitted by the Act. The PTIF contains no withdrawal restrictions other than timely notice of intent to withdraw an amount greater than \$10 million. Investment activity of the Utah State Treasurer in the management of the PTIF is reviewed monthly by the Council and is audited by the Utah State Auditor. Monies invested in this fund are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the state of Utah and are subject to the same market risks as any similar investment in money market funds. The fair value of the position in the PTIF is basically the same as the value of the pool shares.

3.3.1 Interest Rate Risk of Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's policy for managing interest rate risk is to comply with the Act. Section 11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances to 270 days or less and investments in fixed rate negotiable deposits and fixed rate corporate obligations to 365 days or less. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

3.3.2 Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County follows the Act as its policy for reducing exposure to investment credit risk. At December 31, 2017, the County's investment in the PTIF was not rated. The County's investments in corporate bonds was rated AA+ to BBB+ by Standards & Poor's and A1 to Baa1 by Moody's Investor Service. The County's investments in U.S. agency issues was rated AA+ by Standards & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investor Service.

3.3.3 Custodial Credit Risk of Investment

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counter party, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County complies with the custody requirements of the Act and Rules of the Council. Investment securities are required to be held by the public treasurer, in safekeeping by a bank or trust company, or in a book-entry-only record maintained by a securities depository, in the federal book entry system or in the book-entry records of the issuer of the security in the name of the public entity. The County's investment securities are held in a qualified depository certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as adhering to the rules of the Council or in the book-entry records of the issuer of the security.

3.3.4 Concentration of Credit Risk of Investments

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an entity's investment in a single issuer. The County's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Council. Rule 17 of the Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5% and 10% depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio. The Council limitations do not apply to securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies. The County complies with the concentration limits of Rule 17.

3.4 Total Cash and Investments—Total cash and investments at December 31, 2017 consist of the following:

Investments	\$ 548,796,446
Cash deposits	60,555,569
Total cash and investments	\$ 609,352,015

Total cash and investments reported in the financial statements at December 31, 2017 are summarized as follows:

Pooled cash and investments	\$ 322,829,991
Restricted cash and investments	141,597,983
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent	33,570,391
Other cash	855,804
Cash and investments—government-wide statement of net position	498,854,169
Cash and investments—statement of fiduciary net position (OPEB Trust Fund)	5,437,723
Pooled cash and investments—statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities (agency funds)	105,060,125
Total cash and investments	\$ 609,352,017

3.5 Restricted Cash and Investments—Proceeds from bonded debt issues (limited by bond covenants, terms, and conditions) and funds restricted by constraints imposed by external parties or enabling legislation are classified as restricted assets. Restricted cash and investments consist of the following at December 31, 2017:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

Restricted cash and investments:	
General obligation bond funds for park projects	\$ 6,893,800
Transportation sales and excise tax revenue bond funds for construction	392,720
Municipal Building Authority lease revenue bond funds for debt service	5,759,000
Note payable funds for construction, debt service, and administration	13,877,045
Sales tax revenue bond funds for construction	103,112,589
Funds held for pay-for-success projects	11,500,000
Other funds for issuance costs and debt service	 62,831
Total	\$ 141,597,985
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent:	-
General obligation crossover refunding bonds for debt service	\$ 33,570,391

4. PROPERTY AND OTHER TAXES

In accordance with state law, the County assesses, bills, collects, and distributes property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within its boundaries, including the County itself and other governments: cities, school districts, and special districts. Uncollected taxes, including delinquent amounts, are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through foreclosure. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful tax accounts is considered necessary. Property taxes are assessed and become a lien against the property at January 1 in the year in which due. The property tax valuation notice is sent in July, but it is not a billing. Property owners are billed in October with a payment due date of November 30. Tax collections for other governments are recorded in the Treasurer's Tax Collection Agency Fund until disbursed.

In addition to various taxes the County levies for its own purposes, the County levies taxes for other governments; those taxes are forwarded to those other governments as the taxes are collected. Taxes levied by the County in 2017 for other governments are recorded as revenue with an equivalent amount of expenditure as follows:

- \$190.1 million of mass transit taxes (*local option sales taxes*) collected by the state of Utah and forwarded directly to the Utah Transit Authority and the Utah Department of Transportation; recorded in the County's Transportation Preservation Fund for the purposes of transportation preservation.
- \$17.4 million of incremental taxes recorded in the Grant Programs Fund and forwarded to various redevelopment agencies within the County for the purposes of financing urban renewal, economic development, and community development projects by earmarking property tax revenue from increases in assessed values within the project areas.
- \$3.4 million of transient room tax recorded in the nonmajor governmental funds and passed through to the Redevelopment Agency of Sandy City for the purpose of servicing debt related to a soccer stadium project.
- \$1.9 million of motor vehicle fees recorded in Transportation Preservation Special Revenue Fund and passed through to Utah Transit Authority for transportation preservation.
- \$1.0 million of property taxes recorded in nonmajor governmental funds and passed through to the state of Utah for multi-county assessing and collecting.

5. RECEIVABLES

All significant balances are expected to be collected and, therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

Accounts receivable at December 31, 2017 consist of the following:

	 Taxes	Grants and ontributions	 Accounts		Revolving Loans	1	Notes Receivable	erest, Rents, and Other
Governmental activities:								
General Fund	\$ 16,474,603	\$ 3,974,309	\$ 7,241,315	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 420,219
Grant Programs Fund	-	8,768,757	11,599,398		14,896,168		-	141,979
Transportation Preservation Fund	35,362,794	-	1,268,341		-		-	-
TRCC Fund	8,857,776	-	1,223,180		-		5,451,900	72,351
General Government Debt Service Fund	905,699	-	-		-		-	103,142
Nonmajor governmental funds	7,310,422	3,332,880	393,040		-		12,704,500	1,168,855
Internal service funds	-	-	1,155,439		-		-	631,273
Due from joint ventures	 -	 -	-	_	-		-	2,621,340
Total governmental activity								
receivables	\$ 68,911,294	\$ 16,075,946	\$ 22,880,713	\$	14,896,168	\$	18,156,400	\$ 5,159,159
Business-type activities:								
Golf Courses Fund	-	-	1,744		-		-	-
Public Works and Other Services Fund	 -	 1,501	3,303,325		_		-	156,900
Total business-type activity								
receivables	\$ 	\$ 1,501	\$ 3,305,069	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 156,900
Fiduciary funds:								
OPEB Trust Fund	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 29,973

Approximately \$13.1 million of the revolving loans and \$18.1 million of the notes receivable are not anticipated to be collected within the next year.

In 2011, the County accepted a promissory note secured by a pledge agreement associated with financing the construction of solar panels at the Salt Palace Convention Center in Salt Lake City, Utah. The note proceeds and debt service payments are reported in the TRCC Special Revenue Fund. In 2013, the County accepted a promissory note secured by a pledge agreement associated with financing building improvements for the historical Capitol Theatre in Salt Lake City, Utah. The note proceeds and debt service payments are reported in the Capitol Theatre Capital Projects Fund. In 2017, the County accepted a promissory note secured by a pledge agreement associated with financing a portion of the construction of the Salt Lake County Downtown Health Clinic. The note proceeds and debt service payments are reported in the MBA Public Health Center Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund. These notes receivable secure, in part, notes payable related to these construction projects (see Note 9.7).

In 2012, the County entered into an interlocal cooperation agreement with the City of Holladay. The County issued a \$450,000 interest-free loan to the City of Holladay to assist in providing convention meeting room space. County funding for the loan is provided from transient room tax revenue. The City of Holladay agrees to secure the loan with a pledge of its municipal transient room tax levy and other taxes.

These notes, including interest, will be collected as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

Year Ending Salt Palace Solar Panels December 31, Principal Interest		Historical Ca	apitol Theatre	Downtown H	Iealth Clinic	Holladay-Visitor Promotion			
		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2018	\$ -	\$ 70,002	\$ -	\$ 54,416	\$ -	\$ 99,601	\$ 37,500	\$ -	
2019	356,377	70,002	-	54,416	-	99,601	37,500	-	
2020	361,327	52,915	-	54,416	-	99,601	37,500	-	
2021	366,346	51,034	192,669	54,416	-	99,601	37,500	-	
2022	371,435	49,136	194,596	52,489	-	99,601	37,500	-	
2023 - 2027	1,936,019	216,547	1,002,561	232,865	652,429	437,107	225,000	-	
2028 - 2032	1,647,896	137,131	1,053,703	181,725	1,148,410	422,200	-	-	
2033 - 2037	-	-	1,107,452	127,975	1,229,344	341,266	-	-	
2038 - 2042	-	-	1,163,943	71,483	1,315,983	254,627	-	-	
2043 - 2047	-	-	726,676	14,582	1,408,726	161,884	-	-	
2048 - 2052		-		_	1,508,008	62,602			
	\$ 5,039,400	\$ 646,767	\$ 5,441,600	\$ 898,783	\$ 7,262,900	\$ 2,177,691	\$ 412,500	\$ -	

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses at December 31, 2017 consist of the following:

	Accounts Payable			Accrued Expenses							
		Vendors	S	alaries and Benefits		ocal Option Sales Tax	Ret	ainage, Other		Total	
Governmental activities:											
General Fund	\$	6,619,833	\$	6,191,488	\$	-	\$	1,365,045	\$	7,556,533	
Grant Programs Fund		2,408,896		887,305		-		6,938,027		7,825,332	
Transportation Preservation Fund		979,406		-		35,359,502		-		35,359,502	
TRCC Fund		1,986,086		563,762		-		2,506,203		3,069,965	
Nonmajor governmental funds		16,640,265		2,774,750		-		5,230,890		8,005,640	
Internal service funds		3,373,234		2,035,929		-		78,249		2,114,178	
Total governmental activity payables	\$	32,007,720	\$	12,453,234	\$	35,359,502	\$	16,118,414	\$	63,931,150	
Business-type activities:											
Golf Courses Fund	\$	110,111	\$	60,521	\$	-	\$	770		61,291	
Public Works and Other Services Fund		647,124		683,204		-		1,789,860		2,473,064	
Total business-type activity											
receivables	\$	757,235	\$	743,725	\$		\$	1,790,630	\$	2,534,355	
Fiduciary funds:											
OPEB Trust Fund	\$	44,773	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2017 consist of the following:

Due to General Fund from:	
Grant Programs	\$ 7,590,974
Nonmajor governmental funds	2,385,597
Internal service funds	 9
Total due to General Fund from other funds	\$ 9,976,580

Interfund balances result mainly from the time lags between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur; 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system; and 3) payments between funds are made. Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated from the government-wide statement of net position.

8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending		
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance		
Governmental activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 261,581,368	\$ 5,115,881	\$ (66,281,204)	\$ 200,416,045		
Infrastructure (roads)	126,153,499	161,366	(108,100,266)	18,214,599		
Construction in progress	77,798,666	59,534,961	(41,805,587)	95,528,040		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	465,533,533	64,812,208	(216,187,057)	314,158,684		
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings	890,914,055	14,977,395	(679,261)	905,212,189		
Improvements other than buildings	113,295,228	9,157,312	(8,576,783)	113,875,757		
Leasehold improvements	16,470,309	-	(2,067,768)	14,402,541		
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	103,378,452	7,011,170	(10,082,715)	100,306,907		
Infrastructure (bridges and flood control)	68,683,403	4,603	(33,391,566)	35,296,440		
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,192,741,447	31,150,480	(54,798,093)	1,169,093,834		
Accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	(393,334,585)	(22,769,345)	233,725	(415,870,205)		
Improvements other than buildings	(41,914,442)	(3,791,152)	2,053,616	(43,651,978)		
Leasehold improvements	(9,053,294)	(715,339)	1,975,795	(7,792,838)		
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	(58,696,106)	(7,463,774)	9,694,445	(56,465,435)		
Infrastructure (bridges and flood control)	(23,543,495)	(912,730)	10,726,391	(13,729,834)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(526,541,922)	(35,652,340)	24,683,972	(537,510,290)		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	666,199,525	(4,501,860)	(30,114,121)	631,583,544		
Total governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 1,131,733,058	\$ 60,310,348	\$ (246,301,178)	\$ 945,742,228		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Beginning Balance			Additions	I	Deletions	Ending Balance	
Business-type activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	11,769,447	\$	110	\$	(272,905)	\$	11,496,652
Construction in progress	131,102					(131,102)		-
Total capital assets not being depreciated		11,900,549		110		(404,007)		11,496,652
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		16,761,770		2,250,357		-		19,012,127
Improvements other than buildings		27,475,711		272,795		-		27,748,506
Leasehold improvements		736,793		-		-		736,793
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		8,144,916		361,189		(60,255)		8,445,850
Total capital assets being depreciated		53,119,190		2,884,341		(60,255)		55,943,276
Accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(6,251,337)		(446,031)		-		(6,697,368)
Improvements other than buildings		(8,727,765)		(398,508)		-		(9,126,273)
Leasehold improvements		(602,862)		(22,165)		-		(625,027)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		(6,549,165)		(270,915)		60,255		(6,759,825)
Total accumulated depreciation		(22,131,129)		(1,137,619)		60,255		(23,208,493)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		30,988,061		1,746,722		-		32,734,783
Total business-type activity capital assets, net	\$	42,888,610	\$	1,746,832	\$	(404,007)	\$	44,231,435

Depreciation expense is charged to functions of the County as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 2,974,400
Public safety and criminal justice	4,669,625
Social services	540,172
Education, recreation, and cultural	21,925,636
Health and regulatory	584,223
Public works	939,460
Tax administration	232,283
Depreciation on capital assets of the County's internal service funds charged to the	
various functions based on their usage of the assets	3,786,541
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 35,652,340
Business-type activities:	
Golf courses	\$ 784,903
Public works and other services	352,716
Total depreciation expense - busniess-type activities	\$ 1,137,619

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of transactions affecting long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance		Oue Within One Year
Governmental activities:						
General obligation bonds Unamortized premiums	\$ 194,540,000 11,583,714	\$ 68,470,000 8,652,495	\$ (53,395,000) (3,565,881)	\$ 209,615,000 16,670,328	\$	22,860,000
Net general obligation bonds	206,123,714	77,122,495	(56,960,881)	226,285,328		22,860,000
Sales tax revenue bonds Unamortized premiums	101,170,963 5,391,416	96,300,000 10,390,091	(7,658,050) (1,565,519)	189,812,913 14,215,988		9,693,308
Net sales tax revenue bonds	106,562,379	106,690,091	(9,223,569)	204,028,901		9,693,308
Lease revenue bonds (Municipal Building Authority) Unamortized premiums	60,143,139 1,058,383	-	(3,724,826) (158,026)	56,418,313 900,357		3,913,242
Net lease revenue bonds	61,201,522	-	(3,882,852)	57,318,670		3,913,242
Transportation and excise tax revenue bonds Unamortized premiums	 103,585,000 4,083,068	 23,925,000 3,922,147	 (30,510,000) (2,528,683)	 97,000,000 5,476,532	-	7,550,000
Net transportation tax revenue bonds	107,668,068	27,847,147	(33,038,683)	102,476,532		7,550,000
Obligations under capital leases Notes payable Compensated absences Claims and judgments payable Net pension liability Net OPEB obligation	720,288 41,294,359 18,145,481 13,634,864 100,540,125 92,158,228	16,932 11,212,500 17,728,950 42,257,015 41,646,093 3,219,918	(207,891) (1,136,306) (17,044,786) (44,056,386) (31,444,813) (2,659,216)	 529,329 51,370,553 18,829,645 11,835,493 110,741,405 92,718,930		- 9,414,823 - - -
Total governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$ 748,049,028	\$ 327,741,141	\$ (199,655,383)	\$ 876,134,786	\$	53,431,373
Business-type activities: Sales tax revenue bonds Unamortized premiums Net sales tax revenue bonds	\$ 812,037 55,707 867,744	\$ - - -	\$ (1,950) (5,797) (7,747)	\$ 810,087 49,910 859,997	\$	28,692
Lease revenue bonds (Municipal Building Authority) Unamortized premiums	2,101,861 36,988	<u>-</u>	 (130,174) (5,523)	 1,971,687 31,465		136,758
Net lease revenue bonds	2,138,849	-	(135,697)	2,003,152		136,758
Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB obligation	1,700,260 9,010,665 8,328,002	1,482,776 3,234,880 290,971	(1,531,386) (3,643,654) (240,303)	1,651,650 8,601,891 8,378,670		825,825 - -
Total business-type activity long-term liabilities	\$ 22,045,520	\$ 5,008,627	\$ (5,558,787)	\$ 21,495,360	\$	991,275

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the fund to which the employee is assigned. Claims and judgments are generally liquidated by the General and Employee Service Reserve (Internal Service) Funds. The net pension liability and the net OPEB obligation are liquidated by the fund where participating retirees worked, primarily the General Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

9.1 Debt Service Requirements of Bonds—Debt service requirements of bonds (long-term debt) at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

					(Governmental A	ctivitie	s - Bonds				
Years Ending		General Obligation				Sales Ta	x Reve	nue	Lease Revenue			
December 31	Principal			Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2018	\$	22,860,000	\$	8,130,644	\$	9,693,308	\$	7,783,108	\$	3,913,242	\$	3,029,749
2019		24,615,000		7,325,740		10,169,819		7,291,431		4,024,358		2,852,479
2020		17,980,000		6,396,202		10,555,737		6,886,807		4,154,800		2,664,139
2021		17,860,000		5,752,665		10,777,654		6,481,737		4,275,579		2,465,539
2022		13,760,000		5,130,390		11,173,030		6,039,034		4,415,682		2,256,891
2023 - 2027		74,960,000		16,176,394		50,723,904		22,991,477		24,508,486		7,541,823
2028 - 2032		33,365,000		3,266,313		43,136,667		13,951,420		11,126,166		977,362
2033 - 2037		4,215,000		255,300		43,582,794		4,499,662		-		-
Total	\$	209,615,000	\$	52,433,648	\$	189,812,913	\$	75,924,676	\$	56,418,313	\$	21,787,982

			Governmental A	ctiviti	ies - Bonds		
Years Ending	Transp and	l Excise	e Tax		Total - A	All Bo	nds
December 31	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2018	\$ 7,550,000	\$	3,741,279	\$	44,016,550	\$	22,684,780
2019	7,800,000		3,721,044		46,609,177		21,190,694
2020	8,445,000		3,434,900		41,135,537		19,382,048
2021	8,895,000		3,118,970		41,808,233		17,818,911
2022	9,710,000		2,775,350		39,058,712		16,201,665
2023 - 2027	39,070,000		7,339,360		189,262,390		54,049,054
2028 - 2032	12,670,000		2,006,200		100,297,833		20,201,295
2033 - 2037	 2,860,000		85,800		50,657,794		4,840,762
Total	\$ 97,000,000	\$	26,222,903	\$	552,846,226	\$	176,369,209

					B	usiness-Type A	ctivities	- Bonds					
Years Ending		Sales Tax Revenue				Lease Revenue				Total - All Bonds			
December 31	Principal			Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2018	\$	28,692	\$	28,348	\$	136,758	\$	105,883	\$	165,450	\$	134,231	
2019		30,181		26,877		140,642		99,687		170,823		126,564	
2020		31,263		25,809		145,200		93,105		176,463		118,914	
2021		32,346		24,688		149,421		86,165		181,767		110,853	
2022		33,970		23,030		154,318		78,873		188,288		101,903	
2023 - 2027		239,096		102,456		856,514		263,569		1,095,610		366,025	
2028 - 2032		302,333		55,115		388,834		34,156		691,167		89,271	
2033 - 2034		112,206		6,367		-		-		112,206		6,367	
Total	\$	810,087	\$	292,690	\$	1,971,687	\$	761,438	\$	2,781,774	\$	1,054,128	

9.2 General Obligation Bonds—The County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund general obligation bonds and lease revenue bonds. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the taxpayers of the County. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year with maturities that range from 5 to 20 years. The County is subject to a statutory limitation, by the

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

state of Utah, of bonded general obligation indebtedness of 2.0% of the fair market value of taxable property. The limit for the County at December 31, 2017 is \$2,859.1 million, providing a debt margin of \$2,632.8 million. General obligation issues outstanding at December 31, 2017 consist of the following:

Series	Purpose Original Amount Open Space II Tracy Avigry I	Remaining Interest Rates to Maturity	Final Maturity Date	_	Current Outstanding Balance	
2009A	Open Space II, Tracy Aviary I	\$ 11,375,000	3.00%	2018	\$	1,405,000
2009B	Open Space II, Tracy Aviary I	18,625,000	4.40 - 5.50% *	2029		18,625,000
2010B	Hogle Zoo I	14,450,000	4.00 - 5.35% *	2029		14,450,000
2011A	Utah Museum of Natural History, Tracy Aviary II	25,000,000	3.00%	2019		2,935,000
2011B	Children's Museum, Old Mill, Salt Palace Renovation	10,645,000	4.00%	2018		1,285,000
2012A	Tracy Aviary, Hogle Zoo	14,600,000	2.00 - 2.75%	2031		10,800,000
2012B	Salt Palace, Old Mill, Salt Palace II, South Mountain, South Towne, Emergency Operation	38,165,000	1.20 - 1.95%	2021		23,210,000
2013	Parks	25,000,000	5.00%	2023		6,400,000
2015A	Open Space I	13,925,000	3.00 - 5.00%	2027		13,735,000
2015B	Open Space, Natural Habitat, Parks, Trails	22,000,000	2.00 - 5.00%	2035		20,415,000
2016	Crossover Advance Refunding of 2009B and 2010B Series Bonds	27,885,000	4.00 - 5.00%	2029		27,885,000
2017	Recreation	39,125,000	5.00%	2027		39,125,000
2017B	Utah Museum of Natural History, Tracy Aviary II, Parks	29,345,000	2.00 - 5.00%	2032	\$	29,345,000 209,615,000

^{*} Actual interest rates. Does not include 32.69% federal interest rate subsidy on the 2009B and 2010B Build America Bonds.

In October 2016, the County issued \$27.9 million in 2016 general obligation refunding bonds (with a premium of \$7.1 million) to purchase securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for future debt service payments of the refunding bonds until June 15, 2019 (the crossover date) and to refund in advance \$18.6 million of 2009B general obligation bonds and \$13.4 million of 2010B general obligation bonds (refunded bonds) on the crossover date. The County will continue to service the refunded bonds until the crossover date. On the crossover date, the refunded bonds will be defeased and the County will begin to pay the debt service on the 2016 general obligation refunding bonds. Both the refunded bonds and the refunding bonds as well as the resources held in escrow (cash and investments with fiscal agent) are recorded by the County until the crossover date.

The crossover advance refunding was undertaken to reduce debt service payments by \$2.5 million and resulted in an economic gain of \$2.2 million.

In October 2017, the County issued \$29.3 million in 2017B general obligation refunding bonds (with a premium of \$1.9 million) to purchase securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for future debt service payments of \$13.1 million of 2011A general obligation bonds and \$15.4 million of 2013 general obligation bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1.4 million. This amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources and will be amortized over the remaining life of the debt issued, which is the same life as the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next fifteen years by \$2.0 million and resulted in an economic gain of \$1.6 million.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

9.3 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds—The County issues sales tax revenue bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, and expansion of major capital facilities. These bonds are not considered general obligations of the County, but are special limited obligations secured by and payable solely from the County's pledged sales tax receipts.

Sales tax revenue issues outstanding at December 31, 2017 consist of the following:

Series	Purpose	Ori	ginal Amount	Remaining Interest Rates to Maturity	Final Maturity Date	Current Outstanding Balance		
2010A,B	Planetarium, Midvale Storm Drain	\$	8,855,000	3.00 - 3.25%	2020	\$	480,000	
2010D	District Attorney, Fleet, and Public Health Land and Buildings		33,020,000	3.00 - 5.20% *	2035		28,155,000	
2011	Solar Projects at Salt Palace		1,917,804	2.25%	2028		1,323,000	
2012A	Salt Palace Expansion 3, Phases I and II, South Towne Parking, Recreation Projects		43,725,000	2.50 - 5.00%	2025		36,335,000	
2014	District Attorney, Fleet, Public Health, Senior Center, Parks and Public Works Operations Center, Salt Palace Land		30,000,000	3.00 - 5.00%	2035		28,030,000	
2017								
	Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC)		44,230,000	2.00 - 5.00%	2037		44,230,000	
2017A	Health Building (NMTC Leveraged Loan)		13,550,000	1.10 - 2.78%	2024		13,550,000	
2017B	Health and District Attorney Buildings, Other Capital Improvements		38,520,000	2.50 - 5.00	2037	\$	38,520,000 190,623,000	
			Governmen	tal activities		\$	189,812,913	
		Business-type activities					810,087	
						\$	190,623,000	

^{*} Actual interest rates. Does not include 32.69% federal interest rate subsidy on the 2010D Build America Bonds.

The County has pledged future county option sales and use tax revenues (pledged sales tax revenues) to repay the \$146.4 million in sales tax revenue bonds (exclusive of the \$44.2 million in TRCC bonds). Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 15% of pledged sales tax revenues. The total principal and interest remaining (net of federal interest subsidies) to be paid on the bonds is \$266.8 million. Principal and interest paid (net of federal interest subsidies) for the current year and pledged sales tax revenues received were \$12.1 million and \$60.5 million, respectively.

Payments on the 2017 TRCC sales tax bonds begin in 2018. After a statutorily required set aside of \$450,000 for ski resorts, total car rental, restaurant and transient room sales taxes are pledged for these bonds. Those pledged revenues totaled \$60.0 million in 2017.

9.4 Lease Revenue Bonds—Lease revenue bonds are issued by the Salt Lake County Municipal Building Authority (MBA), a blended component unit of the County. These bonds are not considered general obligations of the County, but are special limited obligations payable from the lease revenues derived from the assets acquired or constructed with bond proceeds or other County appropriations.

Bond covenants require a reserve fund in the amount of \$5.2 million to be used only for the payment of principal and interest on the lease revenue bonds. The County maintains and classifies these reserves as restricted cash accounts in the respective funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

Lease revenue issues at December 31, 2017 consist of the following:

Series	Purpose	Original Amount	Remaining Interest Rates to Maturity	Final Maturity Date	Current Outstanding Balance
2009B	Public Works Administration, Libraries, Senior Centers	\$ 58,390,000	4.53 - 5.82% *	2029	\$ 58,390,000
			ntal activities pe activities		\$ 56,418,313 1,971,687 \$ 58,390,000

^{*} Actual interest rates. Does not include 32.69% federal interest rate subsidy on the 2009B Build America Bonds.

9.5 Transportation and Excise Tax Revenue Bonds—Transportation and excise tax revenue issues outstanding at December 31, 2017 consist of the following:

Series	Purpose	 Original Amount	Remaining Interest Rates to Maturity	Final Maturity Date	0	Current utstanding Balance
2010A	State Roads (Transportation Tax)	\$ 16,905,000	5.00%	2018	\$	5,845,000
2010B	State Roads (Transportation Tax)	57,635,000	3.36 - 4.31% *	2025		57,635,000
2014	Transportation Preservation (Excise Tax)	38,600,000	1.50 - 5.00%	2023		9,595,000
2017	Transportation Preservation (Excise Tax)	23,925,000	3.00 - 5.00%	2033		23,925,000
					\$	97,000,000

^{*} Actual interest rates. Does not include 32.69% federal interest rate subsidy on the 2010B Build America Bonds.

9.5.1 Transportation Tax Revenue Bonds

The County has pledged future county option transit and transportation sales tax and transportation preservation fee revenues (pledged transportation tax revenues) to repay the \$63.5 million in transportation tax revenue bonds. Annual principal and interest payments (net of federal interest subsidies) on the bonds are expected to require all of pledged transportation tax revenues. The total principal and interest remaining (net of federal interest subsidies) to be paid on the bonds is \$72.2 million. Principal and interest paid (net of federal interest subsidies) for the current year and pledged transportation tax revenues received were \$7.3 million and \$7.3 million, respectively.

These bonds were issued pursuant to an interlocal cooperation agreement with the state of Utah. The transportation tax revenues are sales taxes and fees collected within the County by the state of Utah. The bonds do not constitute a general obligation of the County, and are not obligations of the state of Utah.

9.5.2 Excise Tax Revenue Bonds

The County has pledged future transportation preservation fees (pledged excise tax revenue) to repay \$33.5 million in excise tax revenue bonds. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 64% of pledged excise tax revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$46.9 million. Principal and interest paid for the current year and pledged excise tax revenues received were \$3.0 million and \$4.7 million, respectively.

If necessary, the County has also pledged the portion of future uniform fees (tax equivalent payments) allocated to the General Fund to repay the excise tax revenue bonds. Future uniform fees, however, have not been included in the pledged excise tax revenue amounts disclosed herein.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

In November 2017, the County issued \$23.9 million in 2017 excise tax road revenue refunding bonds (with a premium of \$3.9 million) to purchase securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for future debt service payments of \$23.9 million of 2014 excise tax road revenue bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1.8 million. This amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources and will be amortized over the remaining life of the debt issued, which is the same life as the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next sixteen years by \$2.2 million and resulted in an economic gain of \$1.8 million.

9.6 Capital Lease Obligations—The County entered into several lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment capitalized at \$0.9 million (or \$1.1 million less \$0.2 million of accumulated depreciation). The equipment has an average estimated useful life of 23 years. This year, \$65,633 is included in depreciation expense for facilities and equipment financed under capital lease obligations. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception dates of the leases.

Future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Years Ending December 31,	Salt Palace HVAC	Salt Palace Lighting	Elections Systems	Copy Machines	Totals
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	\$ 61,968 61,968 61,968 61,968 15,492	\$ 31,213 31,213 31,213 31,213 7,803	\$ 12,250 - - - -	\$ 54,328 54,327 54,327 5,348	\$ 159,759 147,508 147,508 98,529 23,295
Amounts representing interest	263,363	132,655	12,250 (1,650)	168,330 (18,012)	576,598 (47,270)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 245,003	\$ 123,408	\$ 10,600	\$ 150,318	\$ 529,329

9.7 Notes Payable—Salt Lake County NMTC, Inc., a blended component unit of the County, controls Wasatch View Solar, LLC. Wasatch View Solar, LLC issued promissory notes in 2011 totaling \$6.7 million.

Salt Lake County NMTC, Inc., a blended component unit of the County, controls Historical Capitol Theatre, LLC. Historical Capitol Theatre, LLC issued promissory notes in 2013 totaling \$7.6 million.

Salt Lake County NMTC, Inc., a blended component unit of the County, controls Downtown Health Clinic, LLC. Downtown Health Clinic, LLC issued promissory notes in 2017 totaling \$11.2 million.

These notes payable are secured, in part, by promissory notes receivable (see Note 5).

In 2016, the County issued a \$1.2 million note payable to finance a three-year maintenance agreement on communications equipment, of which \$0.4 million was paid in 2017.

In consideration for its investment in UPACA (see Note 14.3), the County committed to allocate tax increment revenues to the Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City from 2015 to 2040, estimated at \$1,720,000 per year. The present value of the commitment at inception discounted at 3.8% was \$27.5 million.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

The following is a schedule of future debt service requirements on the notes:

Years Ending	Wasatch	View Solar	Capitol	Theatre	Downtown Health Clinic		Maintenance	e Agreement	Eccles Theater (UPACA)		
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2018	\$ 105,000	\$ 69,941	\$ -	\$ 55,008	\$ -	\$ 112,125	\$ 416,029	\$ 12,439	\$ 760,054	\$ 959,946	
2019	419,748	68,995	-	55,008	-	112,125	-	-	788,799	931,201	
2020	424,126	64,616	-	55,008	-	112,125	-	-	818,631	901,369	
2021	428,550	60,192	229,064	55,008	-	112,125	-	-	849,592	870,408	
2022	433,020	55,723	230,713	53,359	-	112,125	-	-	881,723	838,277	
2023 - 2027	2,233,794	209,920	1,178,725	241,636	1,591,130	531,473	-	-	4,934,768	3,665,232	
2028 - 2032	2,675,762	82,593	1,221,774	198,588	1,780,562	445,811	-	-	5,941,236	2,658,764	
2033 - 2037	-	-	1,266,396	153,965	1,871,390	414,679	-	-	7,152,976	1,447,024	
2038 - 2042	-	-	1,312,650	107,713	1,966,848	-	-	-	3,254,245	185,755	
2043 - 2047	-	-	1,360,588	59,773	2,067,178	-	-	-	-	-	
2048 - 2052			840,090	12,124	1,935,392						
	\$ 6,720,000	\$ 611,980	\$ 7,640,000	\$ 1,047,190	\$ 11,212,500	\$ 1,952,588	\$ 416,029	\$ 12,439	\$ 25,382,024	\$ 12,457,976	

9.8 Claims and Judgments Payable—The County records a liability for claims or judgments when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The Employee Service Reserve (Internal Service) Fund is used to report employee medical and dental insurance and worker's compensation and industrial medical activities (see Note 12). The General Fund reports legal claim activities.

The liability for claims and judgments at December 31, 2017 totals \$11.8 million, of which \$4.9 million is expected to be paid within one year.

Changes in the balance of claims and judgments payable during the past two years are as follows:

	Medical I	nsurance	Dental Ir	isurance	Worker's Compensation and Industrial Medical		Legal (Claims
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Beginning balance	\$ 3,774,324	\$ 3,596,847	\$ 244,636	\$ 239,439	\$6,415,904	\$6,024,927	\$3,200,000	\$2,910,000
Claims incurred and adjusted	38,322,239	37,437,822	2,825,273	2,658,628	731,583	1,762,110	377,920	1,083,040
Claims paid	(39,066,470)	(37,260,345)	(2,805,441)	(2,653,431)	(1,606,555)	(1,371,133)	(577,920)	(793,040)
Ending balance	\$ 3,030,093	\$ 3,774,324	\$ 264,468	\$ 244,636	\$5,540,932	\$6,415,904	\$3,000,000	\$3,200,000

9.9 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes—On July 12, 2017, the County issued tax and revenue anticipation notes (series 2017) in the amount of \$60.0 million. The notes were repaid December 28, 2017. Net interest cost after considering reoffering premium received and interest expense paid was \$44,169 based on an average coupon rate of 2.00%. The purpose of the notes was to pay current and necessary expenditures of the County.

10. STATE RETIREMENT PLANS

10.1 Description of Plans—Eligible employees of the County are provided with the following plans through the Utah Retirement Systems (the URS) administered by the URS:

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (multiple-employer, cost-sharing retirement systems):

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

- Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System (Tier 1 Noncontributory System)
- Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 1 Contributory System)
- Public Safety Retirement System (Tier 1 Public Safety System)
- Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Contributory System)
- Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Safety System)
- Tier 2 Public Employees Hybrid Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Hybrid Contributory System)

Defined Contribution Plans (individual account plans):

- 401(k) Plan [includes the Tier 2 Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan (Tier 2 Defined Contribution Plan)]
- 457 Plan and other individual plans

County employees qualify for membership in the public employees systems if 1) employment normally requires an average of 20 or more hours per week and the employee receives benefits normally provided by the County as approved by the Utah State Retirement Board or 2) the employee is an appointed officer whose position is full time as certified by the County. An employee qualifies for membership in the public safety systems if employment normally requires an average of 2,080 hours of employment per year in a recognized public safety department.

Title 49 of the *Utah Code* grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Utah State Retirement Board, whose members are appointed by the Governor. The URS (a component unit of the State of Utah) issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.urs.org.

The Tier 2 systems became effective July 1, 2011. All eligible employees beginning on or after July 1, 2011, who have no previous service credit with any of the systems, are members of the Tier 2 systems.

10.2 Benefits Provided—The URS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to participants in the defined benefit pension plans.

Retirement benefits are determined from 1.25% to 2.50% of the employee's highest 3 or 5 years of compensation times the employee's years of service depending on the pension plan; benefits are subject to cost-of-living adjustments up to 2.50% or 4.00%, limited to the actual Consumer Price Index increase for the year. Employees are eligible to retire based on years of service and age.

Defined contribution plans are available as supplemental plans to the basic retirement benefits of the defined benefit pension plans and as a primary retirement plan for some Tier 2 participants. Participants in the defined contribution plans are fully vested in employer and employee contributions at the time the contributions are made, except Tier 2 required contributions and associated earnings are vested during the first four years of employment. If an employee terminates prior to the vesting period, employer contributions and associated earnings for that employee are subject to forfeiture. Forfeitures are used to cover a portion of the plan's administrative expenses paid by participants. Benefits depend on amounts contributed to the plans plus investment earnings. Individual accounts are provided for each employee and are available at termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

10.3 Contributions—As a condition of participation in the plans, employers and/or employees are required to contribute certain percentages of salary and wages as authorized by statute and specified by the Utah State Retirement Board. Contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions (where applicable), is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, County required contribution rates for the plans were as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Defined Benefit Plans Rates					
	County Contribution	Amortization of UAAL *	Paid by County for Employee	County Rates for 401(k) Plan	Totals	
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	11.86%	6.61%	-	-	18.47%	
Tier 1 Contributory System	6.09%	8.37%	6.00%	-	20.46%	
Tier 1 Noncontributory Public Safety System	22.29%	11.75%	-	-	34.04%	
Tier 1 Contributory Public Safety System	11.00%	11.75%	12.29%	-	35.04%	
Tier 2 Contributory System **	8.50%	6.61%	-	1.58%	16.69%	
Tier 2 Public Safety System **	10.82%	11.75%	-	1.26%	23.83%	
Tier 2 Defined Contribution Plans: **						
Local Government	0.08%	6.61%	-	10.00%	16.69%	
Public Safety	0.08%	11.75%	-	12.00%	23.83%	

^{*} The County is required to contribute additional amounts based on covered employee payroll to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of the Tier 1 plans.

Employees can make contributions to defined contribution plans, up to applicable plan and Internal Revenue Code limits.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, County and employee contributions to the plans were as follows:

	County	Employee
	Contributions *	Contributions
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	\$ 20,449,046	\$ -
Tier 1 Contributory System	226,318	-
Tier 1 Public Safety System	7,142,832	-
Tier 2 Contributory System *	4,964,337	-
Tier 2 Public Safety System *	1,644,854	-
Tier 2 Defined Contribution Plans: *		
Local Government	602,820	-
Public Safety	77,988	-
401(k) Plan	2,433,173	5,969,260
457 Plan and other individual plans	-	2,580,215

^{*} Required contributions from Tier 2 plans to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Tier 1 plans are reported as contributions to the Tier 2 plans.

10.4 Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions—At December 31, 2017, the County reported an asset of \$0.1 million and a liability of \$119.3 million for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) for the following plans:

^{**} County contribution includes 0.08% of covered-employee payroll of the Tier 2 plans for death benefits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Net Po	ension Asset	1	Net Pension Liability		
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	\$	-	\$	86,273,032		
Tier 1 Contributory System		-		2,686,083		
Tier 1 Public Safety System		-		30,008,297		
Tier 2 Contributory System		-		375,884		
Tier 2 Public Safety System		57,658		-		
Total	\$	57,658	\$	119,343,296		

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016, rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) is equal to the ratio of the County's actual contribution compared to the total of all employer contributions during the plan year. The following presents the County's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability (asset) at December 31, 2016 and the change in its proportion since the prior measurement date of December 31, 2015 for each plan:

	Proportionate Snare			
	2016	Change		
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	13.4356046%	-0.4521252%		
Tier 1 Contributory System	8.1865077%	2.3551591%		
Tier 1 Public Safety System	14.7876850%	-0.2122596%		
Tier 2 Contributory System	3.3696656%	0.1975922%		
Tier 2 Public Safety System	6.6422289%	-1.3494211%		

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$27.3 million for the defined benefit pension plans and pension expense of \$4.4 million for the defined contribution plans. At December 31, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plans from the following sources:

Outflows	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
\$ 1,916,568	\$	5,115,171	
17,152,297		3,895,370	
26,935,982		7,918,331	
370,508		3,212,889	
35,108,195		-	
\$ 81,483,550	\$	20,141,761	
01	17,152,297 26,935,982 370,508 35,108,195	Outflows of Resources \$ 1,916,568	

The \$35.1 million reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2016 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ending December 31, 2018. The other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plans will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

Years Ending December 31,	(1	Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
2018	\$	7,585,766
2019		8,380,079
2020		10,750,125
2021		(744,599)
2022		20,735
Thereafter		241,488

10.5 Actuarial Assumptions—The total pension liability (asset) in the January 1, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60%

Salary increases 3.35% to 10.35%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.20%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 mortality tables or were developed from actual experience, based on gender, occupation, and age, as appropriate, with adjustments for future improvement in mortality based on Scale AA, a model developed by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended December 31, 2013. Changes of assumptions that affected measurement of the total pension liability (asset) since the prior measurement date include adjustments for inflation, salary increases, payroll growth, post retirement mortality, preretirement mortality, and certain demographics to more closely reflect actual experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class and is applied consistently to each defined benefit pension plan. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity securities	40%	7.06%
Debt securities	20%	0.80%
Real assets	13%	5.10%
Private equity	9%	11.30%
Absolute return	18%	3.15%
Cash and cash equivalents	0%	0.00%
Total	100%	5.23%

The 7.20% assumed investment rate of return is comprised of an inflation rate of 2.60% and a real return of 4.60% that is net of investment expense.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

10.6 Discount Rate—The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined and certified by the Utah State Retirement Board. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset). The discount rate was not changed from the prior measurement date.

10.7 Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate—The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease (6.20%)	Discount Rate (7.20%)		1% Increase (8.20%)	
County's proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability:						
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	\$	178,700,669	\$	86,273,032	\$	9,147,210
Tier 1 Contributory System		6,466,329		2,686,083		(498,388)
Tier 1 Public Safety System		62,410,458		30,008,297		3,669,767
Tier 2 Contributory System		2,558,514		375,884		(1,284,552)
Tier 2 Public Safety System		403,396		(57,658)		(411,968)
Total	\$	250,539,366	\$	119,285,638	\$	10,622,069

10.8 Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

10.9 Payables to the Pension Plans—At December 31, 2017, the County reported payables of \$1.4 million for contributions to defined benefit pension plans and \$0.3 million for contributions to defined contribution plans.

10.10 Changes Expected to Have a Significant Effect on the Measurement of the Net Pension Liability—In conjunctions with the January 1, 2017 valuation, the actuary of the URS recommended some changes to adopted assumptions. Some of the changes were to decrease the earnings assumptions from 7.20% to 6.95%, decrease the inflation assumption from 2.60% to 2.50%, and decrease the payroll growth assumption and wage inflation by 0.10%. The effect of these changes on the County's net pension liability and related accounts (although not available) is expected to be significant and will be reported in the County's 2018 financial statements.

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

11.1 Plan Description and Benefits Provided—In addition to the pension plan benefits described in Note 10, the County provides postemployment health care (medical and dental) and life insurance benefits, through a single employer defined benefit plan, to all employees who retire from the County and qualify to retire from the URS. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by County policy, and can be amended at any time. The plan does not issue a separate report.

11.2 Employees Covered by Benefit Terms—At December 31, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1,118
Active employees	2,288
	<u> </u>
Total	3,406

Plan benefits are closed to employees hired after January 1, 2013.

11.3 Contributions—Effective January 1, 2015, the County began to use an employee benefit trust to accumulate and invest assets necessary to finance future benefit payments. Expected contributions are based on projected benefit payments and expenses becoming due (pay-as-you-go financing), with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined annually by the County Council. For 2017, the County's average contribution rate was 2.9% of covered-employee payroll. The County covers from zero to 80% (based on years of service) of the cost of a single premium. Contributions to the plan are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund where the retirees worked.

11.4 Net OPEB Obligation—The County's net OPEB obligation was measured as of December 31, 2017 and the total OPEB obligation used to calculate the net OPEB obligation was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

11.5 Actuarial Assumptions—The total OPEB obligation in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.25%

Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation

Discount rate 5.0%

Healthcare cost trend rates 9.0% for 2018, decreasing per year to an ultimate rate of 5.0% for 2026

and later years

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2017 Total Data Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2017, a model developed by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the Utah Retirement Systems for the five-year period ended December 31, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense) are developed for each major asset class. These expected future real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting them based on the target asset allocation percentage. The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Vanguard Total Stock Market Index Fund		
Investor Shares (VTSMX)	34%	8.60%
Vanguard Total International Stock Index		
Fund Investor Shares (VGTSX)	16%	5.13%
Corporate bonds	20%	2.53%
Government bonds	10%	2.07%
Certificates of deposit	10%	2.61%
U.S. agency mortgage backed securities	10%	3.20%
Total	100%	5.04%

11.6 Discount Rate—The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB obligation was 5.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that County contributions will be equal to projected benefit payments and expense becoming due, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the County Council. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB obligation.

11.7 Changes in the Net OPEB Obligation—

	Total OPEB Obligation		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net OPEB Obligation	
Balances at December 31, 2016	\$ 105,692,624	\$	5,206,391	\$	100,486,233	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	3,680,429		-		3,680,429	
Interest	5,199,279		-		5,199,279	
Changes of benefit terms	-		-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(8,181,459)		-		(8,181,459)	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	3,579,764		-		3,579,764	
Benefit payments	(3,450,114)		(3,450,114)		-	
Employer contributions	-		3,526,404		(3,526,404)	
Member contributions	-		-		-	
Net investment income	-		140,242		(140,242)	
Trust administrative expenses						
Net changes	 827,899		216,532		611,367	
Balances at December 31, 2017	\$ 106,520,523	\$	5,422,923	\$	101,097,600	

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB obligation

5.1%

11.8 Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Obligation to Changes in the Discount Rate—The following presents the net OPEB obligation of the County, as well as what the County's net OPEB obligation would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.0%) than the current discount rate:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

	1	% Decrease (4.0%)	D	iscount Rate (5.0%)	1	1% Increase (6.0%)
Net OPEB obligation	\$	117,610,480	\$	101,097,600	\$	87,742,477

11.9 Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Obligation to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates—The following presents the net OPEB obligation of the County, as well as what the County's net OPEB obligation would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (8.0% decreasing to 4.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (10.0% decreasing to 6.0%) than current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost Trend	
	% Decrease (8.0% lecreasing to 4.0%)	Rates (9.0% decreasing to 5.0%)	% Increase (10.0% decreasing to 6.0%)
Net OPEB obligation	\$ 86,511,808	\$ 101,097,600	\$ 119,507,535

11.10 OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB—For the year ended December 31, 2017, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$8.0 million. At December 31, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	C	Deterred Outflows of Resources]	Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	3,068,369	\$	7,012,679				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		97,570						
	\$	3,165,939	\$	7,012,679				

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	(I	red Outflows nflows) of Resources
2018	\$	(632,992)
2019		(632,992)
2020		(632,992)
2021		(632,994)
2022		(657,385)
Thereafter		(657,385)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

12.1 Property Insurance—The County carries an all-risk commercial property policy with various deductibles including: \$100,000 per occurrence for general property losses, \$20,000 boiler and machinery, and \$10,000 for contractor's equipment. Other deductibles apply for specific losses such as earthquake and flooding. The policy carries a total loss limit of \$500,000,000 per occurrence with sub-limits for earth movement and flood of \$100,000,000 per occurrence. There were no settlements in excess of insurance coverage in any of the three prior years.

12.2 Self Insurance—The County is self-insured for worker's compensation; however, the State of Utah Labor Commission requires the County to purchase excess worker's compensation coverage. The County retains \$750,000 per occurrence. Worker's compensation claims are managed by risk management staff and paid from the Employee Service Reserve (Internal Service) Fund. There were no settlements in excess of insurance coverage in any of the three prior years.

The County retains general liability for its operations and facilities. SMG, contract managers of the Salt Palace and Mountain America convention centers and the Equestrian Park, provide general liability insurance for their operations including the maintenance of these facilities; however, the County is still responsible for liability resulting from building design issues. The General Fund pays self-insured claims for general liability, automobile coverage, certain property exposures, and employee indemnification.

The County is self-insured for employee and retiree medical and dental and uses third-party administrators to manage these benefits. Specific and aggregate stop loss coverage on the medical plan is provided to limit the ultimate exposure of the County. A liability for employee medical and dental claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR) is recorded at the end of each year. The medical IBNR is equal to six weeks of claims using a trailing twelve-month average. The dental IBNR is equal for five weeks of claims using a trailing twelve-month average. The liability for retiree medical and dental benefits is included in the County OPEB plan (see Note 11). Current employee medical and dental benefits are paid from the Employee Service Reserve (Internal Service) Fund; this fund is used by the County to consolidate and account for these benefits. The Employee Service Reserve Fund receives funds to cover claim costs by charging departments insurance premiums through payroll or by charging departments a monthly assessment. Retiree medical and dental benefits are paid from the OPEB trust fund. The OPEB trust fund receives contributions from charging County departments a monthly assessment.

Changes in the County's estimated self-insurance claims liability are summarized in Note 9.8.

12.3 Legal Contingent Liability Claims—The County records a liability for claims or judgments when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In addition to the liability disclosed in Note 9.8 for claims or judgments, the County and certain of its officials are defendants in a variety of legal actions involving matters of contract, property, tort, taxation, and civil rights totaling approximately \$8.3 million plus attorneys' fees and interest in some cases. The County is vigorously contesting all of these matters, but as of this date it is not possible to determine the outcome of these proceedings. The resolution of these matters is not expected to have a significant adverse effect on the County's financial position.

Changes in the County's estimated legal contingent liability claims liability are summarized in Note 9.8.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

13. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

13.1 Construction Encumbrances—The County has several construction projects in progress at December 31, 2017; completed costs for projects under construction totaled \$95.5 million at that date. The projects include improvements to the Capitol Theatre, adult detention center, various parks and recreation projects, infrastructure projects, and various software development projects. Construction projects in progress include the parks/public works operations building, district attorney building, and public health building. At December 31, 2017, the County's commitments with contractors total \$27.4 million. These construction commitments have been recorded as encumbrances for budgetary purposes. Although encumbrances and the related appropriation lapse at the end of the year, these commitments will be honored in the next year.

Construction commitments are financed with unspent bond proceeds and other fund balance resources that are either restricted or committed.

13.2 Encumbrances—As discussed in Notes 1.09 and 1.10, encumbrances accounting is utilized to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At December 31, 2017, the amount of encumbrances (excluding construction commitments) expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year totaled \$20.5 million.

Encumbrances will be financed with fund balance resources that are either restricted or committed. Encumbrances remain outstanding until they are either recognized as expenditures in conformity with GAAP or canceled.

13.3 Pay for Success Commitments—In December 2016, the County entered into a pay-for-success contract for criminal justice and homelessness initiatives. Pay-for-success contracting allows the County to commit to measurably improving outcomes for at-risk populations in the County by 1) implementing performance-based contracting that shifts performance risk for social programs to the private sector, 2) building capacity for local non-profit service providers, 3) holding service providers more accountable using data-driven performance evaluation, and 4) creating mechanisms which allow the County to discontinue inefficient service programs.

Initial funding for the initiatives is from private investments, grants, and donations. The County can become obligated for successful outcomes at a maximum of \$6.0 million for the criminal justice program and \$5.6 million for the homelessness program. Outcomes are measured by comparing program participants against a control group. Measurement of success will begin after pilot periods which run thorough 2017. Thereafter, measurements will be made every six months. As target outcomes are achieved, the County will transfer agreed-upon amounts to an escrow account. The majority of transfers to the escrow account are to be made after the fourth and sixth years of the programs. Disbursements from the escrow account will be paid to investors at the end of each program.

The County will record expenditures in the governmental funds as payments to the escrow account as they become due. For the government-wide financial statements, liabilities and related expenses will be recorded based on success measurements and the likelihood payments to the escrow account will eventually be required.

13.4 Total Commitments—Total construction and other commitments at December 31, 2017 consist of the following:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Construction Encumbrances		En	Other cumbrances	•	r Success nitments	Total Commitments		
Governmental activities:									
General Fund	\$	375,645	\$	4,519,758	\$	-	\$	4,895,403	
Grants Programs Fund		-		486,041		-		486,041	
Transportation Preservation Fund		-		3,034,098		-		3,034,098	
TRCC Fund		459,743		2,704,639		-		3,164,382	
Nonmajor governmental funds		26,594,933		9,588,817		-		36,183,750	
Internal service funds		-		128,874		-		128,874	
Total	\$	27,430,321	\$	20,462,227	\$	-	\$	47,892,548	
Business-type activities:									
Golf Courses Fund	\$	-	\$	221,748	\$	-	\$	221,748	
Public Works Fund		_		347,464		-		347,464	
	\$	_	\$	569,212	\$	-	\$	569,212	

13.5 Operating Lease Obligations—The County leases office facilities and other public purpose buildings under a variety of month-to-month and long-term leases. All long-term leases include either an early-termination clause or nonfunding cancellation clause to comply with state statutes. The County finances existing lease contracts in the normal course of adopting the budget. Total costs for these leases were approximately \$3.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2017.

The future minimum lease payments at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Years Ending	
December 31,	
2018	\$ 1,770,463
2019	918,322
2020	337,950
2021	213,896
2022	197,301
Thereafter	376,558

14. JOINT VENTURES AND UNDIVIDED INTERESTS

14.1 City/County Landfill—The County is an equal partner of Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste Management Facility, also known as the City/County Landfill with Salt Lake City Corporation. The joint venture was created to provide solid waste management and disposal services. The County's equity interest in the net resources of the City/County Landfill at December 31, 2017 is \$20.7 million. Such interest is reported in the governmental activities statement of net position as investment in joint ventures; earnings are reported as program revenue on the statement of activities. Distributions received from the City/County Landfill are reported as revenue in the General Fund.

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City/County Landfill place a final cover on its landfill sites and perform maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for a minimum of thirty years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill sites, an expense provision and related liability are recognized based on the future closure and postclosure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill sites no longer accept waste. The estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs is \$10.1 million at December 31, 2017, which is based on 27.4% usage (portion filled) of the City/County Landfill. It will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of approximately \$26.7 million as the remaining

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

estimated capacity is filled. The estimate is based on an engineering study completed during 2006; total capacity was revised in 2016 to reflect increased allowable height and slope and new technology. The City/County Landfill is expected to be filled to capacity in the year 2082. A current-year expense provision in the amount of \$0.5 million was recorded in 2017. Actual costs may differ due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

In November 1996, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) issued final regulations regarding financial assurance provisions for local government owners and operators of municipal solid waste landfills. The regulations allow compliance with financial assurance requirements by meeting a financial test or by alternate methods. The financial test method is available only to local governments who can demonstrate that they are capable of meeting their financial obligations relating to their landfills and is sometimes referred to as "self-insurance." The alternate methods generally involve third-party financial instruments such as trust funds, letters of credit, or insurance policies.

The financial assurance requirement is the estimated total current costs of closure and postclosure care of \$36.7 million at December 31, 2017. Although the County and Salt Lake City satisfy the financial test coverage and the financial assurance requirement (therefore, an alternate method is not necessary), the City/County Landfill makes annual contributions to a separate account to finance the estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs. At December 31, 2017, the City/County Landfill had invested \$10.1 million in the State of Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund.

The owners are required to submit documentation of financial assurance to the Utah Department of Environmental Quality demonstrating that they meet the financial test at the close of each fiscal year. In the event the owners no longer meet the requirements of the financial test, they shall, within 210 days following the close of their fiscal years, obtain alternative financial assurance for total current costs of landfill closure and postclosure care that exceed 43% of the owners' total annual revenue.

A 2009 Interlocal Cooperation Agreement (replacing earlier agreements) establishes a "Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste Management Council" (Management Council). The Management Council consists of five members: one member designated by the Salt Lake County Mayor; one member designated by the Salt Lake City Mayor; one designated by the Salt Lake County Council of Governments; one member of the Salt Lake Valley Board of Health or the Director of Health or designee; and one member with technical expertise in the field of solid waste management.

The Management Council makes recommendations to the governing bodies of Salt Lake City and the County, which have equal power to review, ratify, modify, or veto any actions submitted by the Management Council. A few of these recommendations include appointing an Executive Director who is responsible for City/County Landfill operations (the City does not have equal power regarding this), approve construction and expansion projects, and approve an annual budget.

The Management Council has developed a master plan designed to comply with environmental standards established by federal, state, and local governments. In connection with this plan, the Management Council has established user fees at a level sufficient to cover all operating costs, including required closure and postclosure care costs.

Summary financial information for the City/County Landfill for 2017 is as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste Management Facility

Summary Financial Information
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Pooled cash and investments Accounts receivable Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 34,039,125 1,116,269 19,870,737
Total assets	55,026,131
Closure and post closure care liability Accounts payable and accrued expenses	10,070,713 3,610,156
Total liabilities	13,680,869
Total net position	\$ 41,345,262
Landfill fee revenue Other operating revenues Closure and postclosure care expense Other operating expenses Nonoperating revenue (expense)	\$ 13,292,136 888,762 (531,986) (12,735,951) 488,651
Net income	\$ 1,401,612
Distributions to owners	\$ (1,751,238)

Audited financial statements for the City/County Landfill may be obtained from Salt Lake County Public Works, 2001 South State Street, Room N4100, Salt Lake City, Utah 84190.

14.2 Sugar House Park Authority—The County has a fifty percent ownership interest in the Sugar House Park Authority, a joint venture with Salt Lake City Corporation created in 1957 for the purpose of maintaining and improving land used as a public park. The County's investment in the Sugar House Park Authority at December 31, 2017 totaled \$0.9 million, which has been included in governmental activity investment in joint ventures in the government-wide statement of net position; \$0.8 million of the investment is related to capital assets.

The 113 acre regional park is a popular site for many City and County residents due to its convenient location and relative expanse. The Sugar House Park Authority is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of nine members: one appointed by the City; one appointed by the County; and seven members appointed jointly by the City and County mayors with consent from their respective Councils. Currently, the City provides water needed to maintain the park for a fee. Further, the Sugar House Park Authority has contracted with the County to provide maintenance services. In 2017, the Sugar House Park Authority paid the County \$0.4 million for such services.

A five-year contract was signed between the Sugar House Park Authority and the County in May 2012. Under the contract, the County is responsible for daily management, operation, and maintenance of the park.

Revenues to operate the park are generated primarily from equal contributions from Salt Lake City and the County. Contributions from the County totaled \$0.2 million during the year ended December 31, 2017. Other revenues include reservation fees, various park programs, and interest earnings. Audited financial statements for the Sugar House Park Authority may be obtained from Sugar House Park Authority, 3383 South 300 East, Salt Lake City, Utah 84108-2244, or by calling 801-483-5473.

14.3 UPACA (Eccles Theater)—The County is a 25% partner and Salt Lake City/Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City (City/RDA) is a 75% partner of Utah Performing Arts Center Agency (UPACA). UPACA was created to own and manage the George S. and Dolores Doré Eccles Theater (Eccles Theater) which hosts national touring Broadway,

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

concerts, comedy, and other entertainment events, as well as local performances and community events. An operating agreement between UPACA, the County, and the City/RDA was signed in March 2013 assigning the County with the responsibility for the operation and management of the Eccles Theater through December 31, 2041. Eccles Theater opened its doors on October 21, 2016. The County's equity interest in the net position of UPACA at December 31, 2017 is \$5.6 million (net of the County's obligation to the City/RDA of \$25.4 million). The County's equity interest is reported in the governmental activities statement of net position as investment in joint ventures; earnings are reported as program revenue on the statement of activities. Distributions received from UPACA are reported as revenue in the TRCC Special Revenue Fund.

UPACA is governed by a board of trustees consisting of nine members: three representatives from and appointed by the County's governing body and six representatives from and appointed by the City/RDA's governing bodies. Each representative has one vote. Terms continue until a successor is appointed.

Net operating income will be distributed annually to the owners in amounts as outlined in organizational agreements after required contributions are made to an operations and capital reserve accounts. The County is responsible for any operating deficits.

Starting in 2015 and continuing through 2040, the County has agreed to allocate incremental taxes to the City/RDA to be used for debt service of bonds the City/RDA issued to finance the construction of the Eccles Theater. The balance due to the City/RDA is \$25.4 million at December 31, 2017 (see Note 9.7).

Summary financial information for UPACA for 2017 is as follows:

Utah Performing Arts Center Agency

Summary Financial Information

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Pooled cash and investments	\$	5,932,925							
Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses	Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses 475,								
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		126,037,793							
Total assets		132,446,560							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		5,230,666							
Payable to Salt Lake County		338,947							
Total liabilities		5,569,613							
Total net position	\$ 126,876,947								
Charges for services	\$	5,547,744							
Contributions and other revenues		512,771							
Operating expenses		(3,456,134)							
Interest expense		(9,738)							
Depreciation		(2,418,601)							
Net income	\$	176,042							
Distributions to owners	\$	(1,358,748)							

Audited financial statements for UPACA may be obtained from Salt Lake County Center for the Arts, 50 West 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84101.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

14.4 Tracy Aviary—The County entered into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement on September 28, 2009 with Salt Lake City in connection with improvements to Tracy Aviary located on land owned by Salt Lake City within Salt Lake City's Liberty Park. The voters in the County approved the issuance of general obligation bonds to finance those improvements. The County has a 40% undivided interest in improvements financed by the bonds. When the bonds are paid in full, the County will convey its interest in the improvements to Salt Lake City. Improvements financed by the bonds total \$19.6 million; general obligation bonds outstanding and assigned to this agreement are \$13.1 million at December 31, 2017.

14.5 Hogle Zoo—The County entered into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement on March 2, 2010 with Salt Lake City in connection with improvements to Hogle Zoo located on land owned by Salt Lake City. The voters in the County approved the issuance of general obligation bonds to finance those improvements. The County has a 40% undivided interest in improvements financed by the bonds. When the bonds are paid in full, the County will convey its interest in the improvements to Salt Lake City. Improvements financed by the bonds total \$33.0 million; general obligation bonds outstanding and assigned to this agreement are \$22.6 million at December 31, 2017.

15. BUDGETARY TO GAAP REPORTING RECONCILIATION

The accompanying schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances—budget and actual—budgetary basis include comparisons of the legally adopted budgets (original and final) with actual data on a budgetary basis for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund. Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present the financial statements in conformity with GAAP, the following reconciliation shows the adjustments necessary at December 31, 2017 to convert from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis statements in the General Fund and each major special revenue fund:

	G	eneral Fund	Pr	Grant ograms Fund		ransportation Preservation Fund	TRCC Fund
Revenues:							
Actual total revenues (budgetary basis)	\$	331,077,059	\$	133,819,229	\$	247,737,756	\$ 86,795,225
Differences - Budget to GAAP:							
Intrafund revenues are budgetary revenues but							
are not revenues for GAAP		(16,702,622)		-		-	-
Reclassify transactions with component units					(293,553
Total revenues as reported on the Statement							
of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in							
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (GAAP)	\$	314,374,437	\$	133,819,229	\$	247,737,756	\$ 87,088,778
Expenditures:							
Actual total expenditures (budgetary basis)	\$	305,019,166	\$	161,460,257	\$	202,798,495	\$ 62,213,807
Differences - Budget to GAAP:							
Intrafund expenditures are budgetary expenditures							
but are not expenditures for GAAP		(16,702,622)		-		-	-
Prior year encumbrances paid in 2016 were							
budgetary expenditures for the prior year but							
are current expenditures for GAAP		2,061,481		252,663		182,308	1,321,889
Encumbrances new in 2017 are budgetary							
expenditures but are not expenditures for GAAP		(3,098,332)		(85,660)		(3,029,495)	(3,000,913)
Reclassify transactions with component units							 271,770
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement							
of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in							
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (GAAP)	\$	287,279,693	\$	161,627,260	\$	199,951,308	\$ 60,806,553

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

16. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following table provides a reconciliation of all interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2017:

							Tr	ansfers Out							
					M	ajor Funds					_				
				S	pecial	Revenue Fun	ds		D	ebt Service	_	Nonmajor			
	Gen	ieral		Grant	Tra	nsportation				General	G	overnmental	Pr	oprietary	
	Fu	ınd	P	rograms	Pr	eservation		TRCC	G	overnment		Funds		Funds	 Totals
Transfers in:															
General Fund	\$	-	\$	291,015	\$	113,575	\$	18,482,250	\$	-	\$	5,276,928	\$	231,786	\$ 24,395,554
Grant Programs Fund	29,	872,000		-		-		-		-		-		-	29,872,000
TRCC Fund		650,270		-		-		-		3,000,000		2,410,000		-	6,060,270
Nonmajor governmental funds	6,	737,864		-		4,923,150		6,708,184		-		9,513,927		640,793	28,523,918
Internal service funds		-		-		-		-		-		993		-	993
Public Works and Other															
Services Enterprise Fund		203,000					_					24,221			 227,221
Totals	\$ 37,	463,134	\$	291,015	\$	5,036,725	\$	25,190,434	\$	3,000,000	\$	17,226,069	\$	872,579	\$ 89,079,956

Transfers from the General Fund to the Grant Programs Fund reflect property tax funding of grant programs. Transfers from the General Fund to the TRCC Fund are for the Cultural Core initiative related to fine arts programs. Transfers from the General Fund to nonmajor governmental funds are to finance capital projects including senior centers and recreation centers as well as subsidies for debt service, tax administration, open space, and ZAP administration. Transfers from the General Fund to the Public Works and Other Services Fund relate to flood control projects.

Transfers from the Grant Programs Fund to the General Fund are for community housing development.

Transfers from the Transportation Preservation Fund to the General Fund are for costs associated with planning mangers and engineers. Transfers from the Transportation Preservation Fund to nonmajor governmental funds are for state legislative general obligation bond pass through and the Camp Kearns project.

Transfers from the TRCC Fund to the General Fund are to finance parks and recreation projects and open space maintenance. Transfers from the TRCC fund to nonmajor governmental funds are for debt service, ZAP administration, the purchase of open space and to finance planetarium capital projects.

Transfers from the General Government Debt Service Fund to the TRCC Fund are for debt service on the Salt Palace Convention Center.

Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to the General Fund move redevelopment revenue and fund information technology projects. Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to the TRCC Fund are for capital projects and debt service. Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to other nonmajor governmental funds primarily relate to debt service and capital projects. Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to internal service funds are for debt service. Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to the Public Works and Other Services Fund are for community development and animal services.

Transfers from proprietary funds to the General Fund are for employee payroll costs. Transfers from proprietary funds to nonmajor governmental funds are for capital projects at the government center.

17. CONDUIT DEBT

The County has issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The County is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

At December 31, 2017, sixteen series of industrial revenue bonds were outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable for the fifteen series issued after July 1, 1995 was \$298.9 million. The aggregate principal amount payable for the single series issued prior to July 1, 1995 could not be determined; however, their original issue amounts totaled \$1.5 million.

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Salt Lake Valley Fire Service Area (SLVFSA), an entity related to the County, has a contractual agreement with the Unified Fire Authority to provide fire protection and paramedic services in the unincorporated County area. For 2017, \$5.3 million was paid to the Unified Fire Authority for fire protection, paramedic services, and various other obligations.

The County has a contractual agreement with Unified Police Department (UPD) to provide law enforcement services in the unincorporated County area. The County Sheriff is the executive officer of UPD. For 2017, the County paid UPD \$15.3 law enforcement related services. The Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area (SLVLESA), an entity related to the County, provides property tax revenue for UPD. For 2017, the County had no material transactions with SLVLESA.

The Wasatch Front Waste and Recycling District (WFWRD), an entity related to the County, has a contractual agreement with the County to provide sanitation services in the unincorporated County area. For 2017, the County paid WFWRD \$0.4 million.

The Greater Salt Lake Municipal Services District (MSD), an entity related to the County, has a statutory obligation to provide public works services to the unincorporated county area. For 2017, the County passed to the MSD \$19.8 million of sales tax, road monies, and other levied fees. The MSD contracts with Salt Lake County Public Works to provide public works and other services to MSD customers. For 2017, MSD paid the County \$24.3 million. The Salt Lake County Mayor serves as Executive of the MSD and an elected member of the Salt Lake County Council also serves on the MSD Board of Trustees.

19. ENDOWMENT

During 2010, the County Animal Services Division received \$1.6 million from the Ronald N. Boyce and Coral Darlene Boyce Trust to be used to establish the Ronald N. Boyce and Coral Darlene Boyce Pet Adoption Endowment Fund. Under the terms of the endowment, and consistent with state statutes, net realized earnings will be used exclusively to support the Division's pet adoption programs using an income-only model. At December 31, 2017, accumulated available net realized earnings on investments were \$71,182 (reported as the expendable portion of net position restricted for pet adoption).

20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County will issue tax and revenue anticipation notes (series 2018) totaling \$55.0 million in July 2018 to be used to pay current and necessary expenditures of the County. The notes will mature before December 31, 2018.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017

21. RECLASSIFICATIONS AND RESTATEMENT

The County reclassified and restated beginning fund balance/net position to account for changes to the reporting entity and the implementation of new accounting standards. The effect of the reclassifications and restatement are summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Net position/fund balance at December 31, 2016, as originally stated	\$ 934,398,270	\$ 34,467,387	\$ 132,289,243		
Component unit reporting:					
Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area no longer reported as a component unit:					
Current assets and current liabilities	(6,065,483)	-	(6,065,483)		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	(1,734,945)	-	-		
Obligation under capital lease	1,870,000	-	-		
Greater Salt Lake Municipal Services District no longer reported as a component unit:					
Current assets and current liabilities	(10,626,523)	-	(10,626,523)		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	(3,533,803)				
Remaining net position/fund balance at December 31, 2016	914,307,516	34,467,387	115,597,237		
Reclassifications:					
Transfers of account balances related to special revenue funds to Public Works					
enterprise fund:					
Current assets and current liabilities	(8,456,412)	8,456,412	(8,456,412)		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	(8,946,686)	8,930,537	-		
Sales tax revenue bonds, net of unamortized premiums	867,744	(867,744)	-		
Lease revenue bonds, net of unamortized premiums	2,138,849	(2,138,849)	-		
Compensated absence liability	1,423,331	(1,423,331)	-		
Net pension liability	7,994,252	(7,994,252)	-		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	(5,157,523)	5,157,523	-		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	1,080,384	(1,080,384)	-		
Net pension asset	(9,026)	9,026	-		
Net OPEB obligation	3,617,059	(3,617,059)	-		
Restatement:					
Implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB):					
Related to governmental funds	(43,847,003)	(4,276,621)	-		
Related to internal service funds	(1,617,390)	-	-		
Related to investment in joint ventures	(383,700)				
Net restatement and reclassifications	(51,296,121)	1,155,258	(8,456,412)		
Net position/fund balance at December 31, 2016, as reclassified and restated	\$ 863,011,395	\$ 35,622,645	\$ 107,140,825		

Information About Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2017

As provided by generally accepted accounting standards, the County has adopted an alternative method for reporting costs associated with certain infrastructure assets. Under this alternative method, referred to as the "modified approach", infrastructure assets are not depreciated, and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed. The County capitalizes costs related to new construction, major replacements, and improvements that increase the capacity and/or efficiency of infrastructure assets reported under the modified approach.

In order to utilize the modified approach, the County is required to:

- Maintain an asset management system that includes an up-to-date inventory of eligible infrastructure assets.
- Perform and document replicable condition assessments of the eligible infrastructure assets and summarize the results using a measurement scale.
- Estimate each year the annual amount to maintain and preserve the eligible infrastructure assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the County.
- Document that the infrastructure assets are being preserved approximately at, or above the condition level established by the County.

Roads

The County applies the modified approach only to the 150 lane-miles of roads that are owned by the County and maintained by its public works department. The goal of the County in conjunction with adopting the modified approach is to develop and provide a cost effective pavement maintenance and rehabilitation program that preserves the County's investment in its road network and enhances public transportation and safety.

Measurement Scale

The condition of road pavement is measured using the County Pavement Management System. This system uses a measurement scale that considers the condition of the highways and roads as denoted by a Pavement Condition Index (PCI), ranging from 0 to 100. The PCI is used to classify roads into categories as follows:

Category	PCI Rating Range	Description
Very Good	94 – 100	New or nearly new pavement which provides a very smooth ride and is mainly free of distress. (No maintenance work needed.)
Good	76 – 93	Pavement which provides an adequate ride, and exhibits few, if any, visible signs of distress. (Minor maintenance may be needed.)
Fair	64 – 75	Surface defects in this category such as cracking, rutting, and raveling are affecting the ride of the user. (Major maintenance is likely needed.)
Poor	41 – 63	These roadways have deteriorated to such an extent that they are in need of resurfacing, and the ride is noticeably rough. (Structural improvements, in addition to major maintenance, are likely needed.)
Very Poor	0 – 40	Pavement in this category is severely deteriorated, and the ride quality is unacceptable. (Complete road reconstruction is likely needed.)

Information About Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2017

Established Condition Level

It is the County's policy to maintain approximately 30% of its roads/highways at or above the "good" condition level, and approximately no more than 20% at a "very poor" condition. Condition assessments are performed by geographic district within the network on approximately one-third of the roads/highways each year, in order to achieve a complete condition assessment at least every three years.

Assessed Conditions

The following table reports the percentage of pavement meeting the "very good" and "good" condition ratings, as well as those falling into the "very poor" category, as assessed in 2017, 2016, and 2015.

Category	2017	2016	2015	
Very good/good	43%	44%	49%	
Very poor	11%	8%	7%	

The following table represents the County's estimated amounts needed to maintain and preserve its road network at or above its established condition levels, as well as the amounts actually spent on road maintenance and preservation, for each of the past five reporting periods (in millions of dollars).

	2017		2016		2015		2014		2013	
Estimated spending	\$	1.1	\$	4.6	\$	4.6	\$	4.3	\$	4.2
Actual spending		0.6		3.0		3.8		4.0		3.2

Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Utah Retirement Systems Last Three Plan Years

	2016	2015	2014
Tier 1 Noncontributory System:			
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	13.4356046%	13.8877298%	14.1567049%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 86,273,032	\$ 78,583,530	\$ 61,471,740
County's covered payroll	\$ 113,182,903	\$ 116,216,143	\$ 119,964,817
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)			, ,
as a percentage of its covered payroll	76.2%	67.6%	51.2%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension			
liability	87.3%	87.8%	90.2%
Tier 1 Contributory System:			
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	8.1865070%	5.8313486%	5.3045538%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,686,083	\$ 4,098,589	\$ 1,530,064
County's covered payroll	\$ 1,964,260	\$ 2,484,667	\$ 2,840,292
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)			
as a percentage of its covered payroll	136.7%	165.0%	53.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension			
liability	92.9%	85.7%	94.0%
Tier 1 Public Safety System:			
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	14.7876850%	14.9999446%	15.5055808%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 30,008,297	\$ 26,868,670	\$ 19,499,555
County's covered payroll	\$ 21,478,736	\$ 21,737,676	\$ 22,499,845
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)			
as a percentage of its covered payroll	139.7%	123.6%	86.7%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension			
liability	86.5%	87.1%	90.5%
Tier 2 Contributory System:			
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	3.3696656%	3.1720734%	3.0626107%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 375,884	\$ (6,925)	\$ (92,811)
County's covered payroll	\$ 27,633,961	\$ 20,568,049	\$ 15,026,091
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)			
as a percentage of its covered payroll	1.4%	0.0%	-0.6%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension			
liability	95.1%	100.2%	103.5%
Tier 2 Public Safety System:			
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	6.6422289%	7.9916500%	10.0100932%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (57,658)	\$ (116,761)	\$ (148,082)
County's covered payroll	\$ 5,487,946	\$ 4,755,514	\$ 4,137,324
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)			
as a percentage of its covered payroll	-1.1%	-2.5%	-3.6%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension			
liability	103.6%	110.7%	120.5%

Schedules of County Contributions Utah Retirement Systems Last Three Years

		2017		2016		2015
Tier 1 Noncontributory System: Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$	20,449,046	\$	20,602,559	\$	21,143,793
contribution	\$	(20,449,046)	\$	(20,602,559)	\$	(21,143,793)
Contribution deficiency (excess) County's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	112,119,686	\$	113,165,466 18.2%	\$	116,216,143 18.2%
Tier 1 Contributory System: Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	226,318	\$	284,033	\$	359,105
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(226,318)	\$	(284,033)	\$	(359,105)
County's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	1,565,130 14.5%	\$	1,964,260 14.5%	\$	2,484,667 14.5%
Tier 1 Public Safety System: Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	7,142,832 (7,142,832)	\$	6,998,614 (6,998,614)	\$	7,107,303 (7,107,303)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
County's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	22,062,628 32.4%	\$	21,475,740 32.6%	\$	21,737,676 32.7%
Tier 2 Contributory System: Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	4,964,337 (4,964,337)	\$	4,129,579 (4,129,579)	\$	3,059,414 (3,059,414)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
County's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	33,177,594 15.0%	\$	27,701,643 14.9%	\$	20,568,049 14.9%
Tier 2 Public Safety System: Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	1,644,854 (1,644,854)	\$	1,234,740 (1,234,740)	\$	1,065,802
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
County's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	7,326,050 22.5%	\$	5,501,570 22.4%	\$	4,755,514 22.4%
Tier 2 Defined Contribution Plan - Local Government: Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	602,820 (602,820)	\$	522,082 (522,082)	\$	342,690 (342,690)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(002,820)	\$	- (322,062)	\$	(342,090)
County's covered payroll	\$	9,009,082	\$	7,584,310	\$	5,071,888
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		6.7%		6.9%		6.8%
Tier 2 Defined Contribution Plan - Public Safety: Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$	77,988	\$	74,413	\$	47,803
contribution	_	(77,988)	Φ.	(74,413)	<u> </u>	(47,803)
Contribution deficiency (excess) County's covered payroll	<u>\$</u>	664,058	\$	632,050	\$	405,174
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	J.	11.7%	Φ	11.8%	Φ	11.8%

Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Obligation and Related Ratios Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

Last Plan Year

	 2017
Total OPEB Obligation: Service cost Interest	\$ 3,680,429 5,199,279
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	 (8,181,459) 3,579,764 (3,450,114)
Net change in total OPEB obligation Total OPEB obligation - beginning	 827,899 105,692,624
Total OPEB obligation - ending (a)	\$ 106,520,523
Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Trust administrative expense	\$ 3,526,404 140,242 (3,450,114)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	216,532
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	 5,206,391 5,422,923
County's net OPEB obligation - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 101,097,600
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB obligation	5.1%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 123,802,045
County's net OPEB obligation as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	81.7%

This schedule only presents information for the 2017 measurement period of the plan; prior-year information is not available.

Schedule of County Contributions Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

Last Plan Year

	_	2017
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	7,848,147 3,532,512
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	4,315,635
Covered-employee payroll	\$	123,802,045
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		2.9%

This schedule only presents information for the 2017 measurement period of the plan; prior-year information is not available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended December 31, 2017

- A. Schedules of the County's Proportional Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)-Utah Retirement Systems These schedules only present information for the 2014 and subsequent measurement periods of the plans; prior-year information is not available.
- **B.** Schedules of County Contributions—Utah Retirement Systems These schedules only present information for the County's 2015 and subsequent reporting periods; prior-year information is not available. Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll may be different than the Utah State Retirement Board certified rate due to rounding or other administrative issues. Required contributions from Tier 2 plans to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Tier 1 plans are reported as contributions to the Tier 2 plans.
- **C. Changes in Assumptions-Utah Retirement Systems** Amounts reported in plan year 2016 reflect the following assumption changes adopted from the January 1, 2016 valuation:
 - The assumed investment return decreased from 7.50% to 7.20%.
 - The assumed inflation rate decreased from 2.75% to 2.60%.
 - Both the payroll growth and wage inflation assumptions decreased by 0.15%.

Amounts reported in plan year 2015 reflect the following assumption changes adopted from the January 1, 2015 valuation:

- The wage inflation assumption for all employee groups was decreased from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- The rate of salary increases assumption for most groups was modified.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- The post retirement mortality assumption showed an improvement.
- Minor adjustments to the preretirement mortality assumption were made.
- Certain demographic assumptions were changed that generally resulted in 1) an increase in members anticipated to terminate employment prior to retirement, 2) a slight decrease in members expected to become disabled, and 3) a slight increase in the expected age of retirement.
- D. Schedules of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Obligation and Related Ratios-Other Postemployment Benefit Plan These schedules only present information for the 2017 measurement period of the plan; prior-year information is not available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended December 31, 2017

- **E.** Schedules of County Contributions-Other Postemployment Benefit Plan This schedule only presents information for the 2017 measurement period of the plan; prior-year information is not available.
- **F.** Significant Methods, Assumptions, and Other Inputs-Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Information used to measure the total OPEB obligation at December 31, 2017 are summarized as follows:

Valuation date:

Actuarial determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, 2017.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Amortization period 30 years
Asset valuation Fair value
Inflation 3.25%

Healthcare cost trend rates 9.0% initial, decreasing 0.5% per year to an ulimate rate of 5.0%

Salary increases 3.25%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 5.0% Average retiremnet age 62.0

Mortality SOA RPH-2017 total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational

using Scale MP-2017

Experience study:

Actuarial assumptions are currently based on the most recent actuarial valuation for the Utah Retirement Systems for the five-year period ended December 31, 2013.

Major Governmental Funds

- General Fund—The General Fund is used to account for all activities not accounted for by other funds of the County. The principal source of revenue for this fund is property and sales taxes.
- Grant Programs Special Revenue Fund—This special revenue fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of those organizations which are funded primarily from grants.
- Transportation Preservation Special Revenue Fund—This special revenue fund accounts for local option highway construction and transportation corridor preservation fee revenue and related expenditures.
- Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) Special Revenue Fund—This special revenue fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of TRCC activities.
- General Government Debt Service Fund— This debt service fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

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Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis General Fund

Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		20)17		2016
		d Amounts	Actual on a Budgetary	Variance with	Actual on a Budgetary
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	Basis
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 147,022,980	\$ 147,038,057	\$ 148,933,482	\$ 1,895,425	\$ 146,029,887
Sales taxes	64,996,500	66,114,700	67,492,769	1,378,069	63,144,412
Tax equivalent payments	8,538,672	8,538,672	8,874,046	335,374	8,793,732
Total taxes	220,558,152	221,691,429	225,300,297	3,608,868	217,968,031
Licenses and permits	1,825,000	1,870,000	2,242,393	372,393	2,280,316
Fines and forfeitures	1,650,600	1,350,600	1,398,083	47,483	1,350,393
Grants and contributions	23,587,206	29,430,005	24,214,054	(5,215,951)	22,172,998
Charges for services	25,235,521	27,522,183	27,040,819	(481,364)	25,702,568
Interest, rents, and other	5,781,173	5,781,173	6,581,218	800,045	4,468,578
Interfund charges	42,044,648	45,825,585	44,300,195	(1,525,390)	42,417,453
Total revenues	320,682,300	333,470,975	331,077,059	(2,393,916)	316,360,337
Expenditures:					
General government: Council					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	2,344,456	2,349,724	2,263,698	86,026	2,238,317
Materials, supplies, and services	281,409	274,609	199,999	74,610	235,763
Capital outlay		6,800	6,800	-	-
Other	30,000	30,000	· -	30,000	1,515
	2,655,865	2,661,133	2,470,497	190,636	2,475,595
Marray administration					
Mayor-administration Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	4,530,073	5,336,613	4,813,904	522,709	4,101,253
Materials, supplies, and services	4,330,073	729,087	666,934	62,153	794,158
Capital outlay	-	10,000	9,995	5	7,74,136
Capital outlay	5,024,477	6,075,700	5,490,833	584,867	4,895,411
Mayor's financial administration					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	4,012,940	4,028,636	3,898,927	129,709	3,772,266
Materials, supplies, and services	472,526	465,426	310,016	155,410	322,499
Capital outlay		7,100	6,450	650	-
. ,	4,485,466	4,501,162	4,215,393	285,769	4,094,765
Clerk					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,316,186	1,302,964	1,164,904	138,060	1,070,010
Materials, supplies, and services	199,825	199,825	186,436	13,389	197,753
Indirect costs	415,696	330,807	330,807	-	415,696
	1,931,707	1,833,596	1,682,147	151,449	1,683,459
Election clerk					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,446,022	1,612,886	1,547,754	65,132	1,580,911
Materials, supplies, and services	934,306	2,611,806	1,790,695	821,111	2,823,523
Indirect costs	431,185	466,107	466,107	· -	431,185
Capital outlay		50,000	49,750	250	292,609
	2,811,513	4,740,799	3,854,306	886,493	5,128,228
Auditor					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,756,603	1,730,787	1,468,864	261,923	1,447,504
Materials, supplies, and services	185,675	185,675	176,728	8,947 270,870	178,980
	1,942,278	1,916,462	1,645,592	2/0,8/0	1,626,484
Recorder					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,459,991	1,487,443	1,463,511	23,932	1,444,207
Materials, supplies, and services	226,441	246,441	222,708	23,733	218,313
Indirect costs	1,641,795	2,035,050	2,035,050	-	1,641,795
Capital outlay	20,000 3,348,227	3,768,934	3,721,269	47,665	3,304,315
	3,340,227	5,700,734	3,741,409	47,003	3,304,313

(Continued)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Continued) General Fund

Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		20	017		2016
	Pudrotos		Actual on a	Variance with	Actual on a
	Original	l Amounts Final	Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	Budgetary Basis
Expenditures (Continued):					
General government (continued):					
Surveyor Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	\$ 2,061,330	\$ 2,063,514	\$ 1,917,006	\$ 146,508	\$ 1,880,929
Materials, supplies, and services	250,858	271,858	260,781	11,077	241,302
Indirect costs	177,746	265,135	265,135	-	177,746
Capital outlay	· -	-	-	-	7,237
	2,489,934	2,600,507	2,442,922	157,585	2,307,214
Information services					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	12,925,260	12,410,937	11,268,309	1,142,628	11,471,115
Materials, supplies, and services	5,752,204	6,191,026	6,109,095	81,931	6,193,206
Indirect costs	153,283	-	-	-	153,283
Capital outlay	1,285,700	1,285,700	1,179,979	105,721	1,467,768
	20,116,447	19,887,663	18,557,383	1,330,280	19,285,372
Contracts and procurement					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,028,405	1,034,693	973,265	61,428	986,963
Materials, supplies, and services	114,288	114,288	103,075	11,213	101,187
	1,142,693	1,148,981	1,076,340	72,641	1,088,150
Human resources					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	2,757,925	2,787,616	2,545,171	242,445	2,601,223
Materials, supplies, and services Capital outlay	633,252	633,252	624,161	9,091	538,599
Capitai outiay	3,391,177	3,420,868	3,169,332	251,536	3,139,822
Facilities management					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	407,235	128,583	122,710	5,873	286,148
Materials, supplies, and services	235,588	132,547	118,505	14,042	139,897
Indirect costs	343,179	120,456	120,456	14,042	343,179
man cot costs	986,002	381,586	361,671	19,915	769,224
Statutory and general					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,044,947	1,044,947	-	1,044,947	_
Materials, supplies, and services	11,624,052	16,048,052	7,328,406	8,719,646	6,595,193
Indirect costs	602,980	466,146	466,146	-	602,980
Capital outlay		-	-	-	190,444
Other	8,500	8,500	-	8,500	-
	13,280,479	17,567,645	7,794,552	9,773,093	7,388,617
Real estate					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	-	279,420	251,773	27,647	-
Materials, supplies, and services	-	163,041	106,895	56,146	-
Capital outlay		40,000		40,000	
	-	482,461	358,668	123,793	-
Records management and archives					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	-	368,650	366,758	1,892	-
Materials, supplies, and services	-	91,855 460,505	88,059 454,817	3,796 5,688	
A11 :					
Addressing Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	-	353,927	349,192	4,735	-
Materials, supplies, and services	-	27,510	25,390	2,120	_
Indirect costs	-	147,387	147,387	-,	_
		528,824	521,969	6,855	
Total general government	63,606,265	71,976,826	57,817,691	14,159,135	57,186,656
Public safety and criminal justice:					
District attorney					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	26,551,061	26,889,293	26,176,784	712,509	24,319,208
Materials, supplies, and services	4,147,386	4,212,572	4,057,503	155,069	4,745,229
Indirect costs	1,397,586	1,786,940	1,786,940	-	1,397,586
Capital outlay		16,932	16,932		206,945
	32,096,033	32,905,737	32,038,159	867,578	30,668,968
					(Continued)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Continued) General Fund

Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		20	017		2016
	Pudgatad	l Amounts	Actual on a Budgetary	Variance with	Actual on a Budgetary
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	Basis
vnanditures (Continued)					
xpenditures (Continued): Public safety and criminal justice (continued):					
County jail					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	\$ 62,707,834	\$ 63,578,181	\$ 61,687,922	\$ 1,890,259	\$ 57,307,12
Materials, supplies, and services	10,813,924	14,225,189	12,099,125	2,126,064	9,197,09
Indirect costs	3,003,166	3,688,505	3,688,505	-	3,003,16
Indigent/in-custody costs	6,968,827	6,968,827	6,040,186	928,641	5,726,43
Capital outlay	98,000	104,000	102,994	1,006	369,22
Other	150,000 83,741,751	150,000 88,714,702	83,618,732	150,000 5,095,970	75,603,04
	03,741,731	00,714,702	63,016,732	3,073,770	75,005,0-
Sheriff - court services and security					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	10,528,037	10,769,922	10,511,925	257,997	9,928,37
Materials, supplies, and services	547,655	574,855	541,811	33,044	563,53
Indirect costs	562,656 11,638,348	415,839 11,760,616	415,839 11,469,575	291,041	562,65 11,054,56
	11,038,348	11,/00,010	11,409,575	291,041	11,034,30
Sheriff - investigation and support					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,713,172	1,640,198	1,533,725	106,473	1,551,4
Materials, supplies, and services	15,927,357	15,999,853	15,684,819	315,034	15,328,29
Indirect costs	603,481	596,512	596,512	2000	603,48
Capital outlay	12,000	12,000	9,140 17,824,196	2,860	11,00
	18,256,010	18,248,563	17,824,196	424,367	17,494,23
Criminal justice services					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	9,783,391	9,837,314	8,960,027	877,287	8,678,4
Materials, supplies, and services	1,746,997	1,717,415	1,540,254	177,161	2,339,8
Indirect costs	648,027	695,710	695,710	-	648,02
Capital outlay	12,178,415	12,250,439	11,195,991	1,054,448	11,666,27
Criminal justice advisory council					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits		252,483	231,466	21,017	
Materials, supplies, and services		175,465	48,374	127,091	_
Indirect costs	_	6,747	6,747	-	-
	-	434,695	286,587	148,108	-
Emergency services					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	-	273,456	260,921	12,535	_
Materials, supplies, and services	2,116,153	2,238,625	2,193,314	45,311	1,961,82
Indirect costs	70,304	92,645	92,645	-	70,30
	2,186,457	2,604,726	2,546,880	57,846	2,032,12
Indigent legal services					
Materials, supplies, and services	100,000	-	-	-	43,79
Indirect costs	500,756	538,631	538,631	_	500,75
Indigent/in-custody costs	19,345,193	19,491,259	19,439,664	51,595	18,495,32
	19,945,949	20,029,890	19,978,295	51,595	19,039,87
Governmental Immunity					
Materials, supplies, and services	3,341,688	3,341,688	1,669,069	1,672,619	1,594,02
Total public safety and criminal justice	183,384,651	190,291,056	180,627,484	9,663,572	169,153,11
Social services:					
Office of Regional Development					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	4,208,144	3,343,920	3,119,155	224,765	3,887,9
Materials, supplies, and services	10,471,983	12,953,383	9,339,683	3,613,700	10,691,9
Indirect costs	845,070	1,443,753	1,443,753	-	845,0
Capital outlay	190,000	190,000	-	190,000	146,6
Other	749,725	275,200	12.002.501	275,200	15.501.5
Total social services	16,464,922	18,206,256	13,902,591	4,303,665	15,571,64
					(Continue

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Continued) General Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		20)17		2016
			Actual on a		Actual on a
		l Amounts	Budgetary	Variance with	Budgetary
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	Basis
Expenditures (Continued):					
Education, recreation, and cultural:					
Parks	0.000.050	¢ 0.570.901	0 1/2 71/	¢ 417.175	e 0.010.242
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits Materials, supplies, and services	\$ 9,626,859 4,837,294	\$ 9,579,891 5,364,344	\$ 9,162,716 5,207,047	\$ 417,175 157,297	\$ 8,019,243 4,721,151
Indirect costs	1,246,044	1,158,088	1,158,088	-	1,246,044
	15,710,197	16,102,323	15,527,851	574,472	13,986,438
Recreation					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	19,094,897	19,180,781	19,089,808	90,973	19,083,624
Materials, supplies, and services	11,944,129	12,313,378	11,873,905	439,473	12,039,720
Indirect costs	2,154,222	2,367,298	2,367,298	-	2,154,222
	33,193,248	33,861,457	33,331,011	530,446	33,277,566
Millcreek canyon					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	50,800	50,800	40,499	10,301	43,113
Materials, supplies, and services	529,793	556,580	509,577	47,003	508,690
Indirect costs	19,407	17,620	17,620		19,407
	600,000	625,000	567,696	57,304	571,210
Extension services					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	7,068	3,660	3,660	-	7,068
Materials, supplies, and services Indirect costs	695,480	695,480	664,678	30,802	686,662
Indirect costs	50,702 753,250	49,065 748,205	49,065 717,403	30,802	50,702 744,432
Total education, recreation, and cultural	50,256,695	51,336,985	50,143,961	1,193,024	48,579,646
Capital outlay:					
Materials, supplies, and services	-	101,655	105,546	(3,891)	4,241
Indirect costs	178,028	15,797	15,702	95	178,028
Capital outlay	296,674	190,778		190,778	-
Total capital outlay	474,702	308,230	121,248	186,982	182,269
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	826,628	826,628	856,466	(29,838)	1,113,199
Interest	854,891	1,372,938	1,549,725	(176,787)	881,175
Total debt service	1,681,519	2,199,566	2,406,191	(206,625)	1,994,374
Total expenditures Excess of revenues over expenditures	315,868,754 4,813,546	334,318,919 (847,944)	305,019,166 26,057,893	29,299,753 26,905,837	292,667,705 23,692,632
Excess of feverides over experientaries	4,613,340	(847,544)	20,037,893	20,903,837	23,092,032
Other financing sources (uses):			12 226	12.226	(41.500
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	16 022	13,326	13,326	641,500
Proceeds from capital leases and notes payable Transfers in	19,408,686	16,932 26,909,910	16,932 26,011,554	(898,356)	997,466 18 163 656
Transfers out	(39,020,534)	(39,079,134)	(39,079,134)	(070,330)	18,163,656 (35,686,297)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(19,611,848)	(12,152,292)	(13,037,322)	(885,030)	(15,883,675)
Net change in fund balances	(14,798,302)	(13,000,236)	13,020,571	26,020,807	7,808,957
Fund balances - beginning	48,247,000	57,443,357	66,811,030	9,367,673	58,797,322
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		<u> </u>	1,887,520	1,887,520	204,751
Fund balances - ending	\$ 33,448,698	\$ 44,443,121	\$ 81,719,121	\$ 37,276,000	\$ 66,811,030

(Concluded)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Grant Programs Special Revenue Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		20	017		2016
			Actual on a		Actual on a
	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget	Budgetary Basis
	Original	Filiai	Dasis	Final Budget	Dasis
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 20,577,951	\$ 20,577,951	\$ 17,420,959	\$ (3,156,992)	\$ 16,866,234
Fines and forfeitures Grants and contributions	112,683,095	119,294,313	350 113,699,165	350 (5,595,148)	2,408 105,975,954
Charges for services	777,235	654,235	685,668	31,433	664,240
Interests, rents, and other	406,069	418,020	535,033	117,013	362,625
Interfund charges	1,067,529	1,081,177	1,478,054	396,877	970,033
Total revenues	135,511,879	142,025,696	133,819,229	(8,206,467)	124,841,494
Expenditures: Social services:					
Youth services					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	10,859,864	10,919,816	10,064,606	855,210	9,893,763
Materials, supplies, and services	1,347,643	1,351,305	1,136,554	214,751	1,618,434
Indirect costs	766,161	901,512	901,512	-	766,161
Capital outlay	12,973,668	11,648	11,648	1,069,961	12,278,358
P. Lacian I. and Constant	12,5 / 5,000	13,101,201	12,111,020	1,002,201	12,270,330
Behavioral health services Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	2,294,918	2,358,073	2,083,352	274,721	1,927,563
Materials, supplies, and services	108,386,023	113,606,119	109,407,084	4,199,035	102,149,956
Indirect costs	787,689	942,533	942,533	-	787,689
Capital outlay	200,000	200,000	56,480	143,520	190,790
1	111,668,630	117,106,725	112,489,449	4,617,276	105,055,998
Autor construct					
Aging services	11,222,527	11,295,406	10,731,804	563,602	10,814,795
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits Materials, supplies, and services	7,007,773	7,190,142	6,565,839	624,303	6,737,908
Indirect costs	1,327,311	1,317,726	1,317,726	024,303	1,327,311
Capital outlay	11,750	28,750	24,769	3,981	7,000
cup.m. cumay	19,569,361	19,832,024	18,640,138	1,191,886	18,887,014
Revolving loan programs					
Materials, supplies, and services	450,000	881,892	701,794	180,098	262,087
	450,000	881,892	701,794	180,098	262,087
EPA revolving loans					
Materials, supplies, and services	-	200,000	918	199,082	-
Statutory and general					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	150,516	150,516	-	150,516	-
Indirect costs	150,516	1,081	1,081	150,516	
Dadardamant access		,,,,,,,	,		
Redevelopment agency Materials, supplies, and services	20,577,951	20,577,951	17,420,959	3,156,992	16,866,235
Total social services	165,390,126	171,934,470	161,368,659	10,565,811	153,349,692
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	20,422	20,422	20,422	-	20,173
Interest	71,176	71,176	71,176		71,580
Total debt service	91,598	91,598	91,598		91,753
Total expenditures	165,481,724	172,026,068	161,460,257	10,565,811	153,441,445
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(29,969,845)	(30,000,372)	(27,641,028)	2,359,344	(28,599,951)
Other financing sources:					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	11,550	11,550	4,798
Transfers in	30,702,000	29,872,000	29,872,000	-	30,363,400
Transfers out		(900,000)	(291,015)	608,985	
Total other financing sources	30,702,000	28,972,000	29,592,535	620,535	30,368,198
Net change in fund balances	732,155	(1,028,372)	1,951,507	2,979,879	1,768,247
Fund balances - beginning	3,311,000	2,727,946	20,150,679	17,422,733	18,380,309
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year			355	355	2,123
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,043,155	\$ 1,699,574	\$ 22,102,541	\$ 20,402,967	\$ 20,150,679

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Transportation Preservation Fund

Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		20	017		2016	
		Amounts	Actual on a Budgetary	Variance With	Actual on a Budgetary	
Revenues: Mass transit taxes	Original \$ 175,285,000	Final \$ 204,675,300	Basis \$ 199,526,003	Final Budget \$ (5,149,297)	Basis \$ 187,510,192	
Grants and contributions Interest, rents, and other	53,100	47,000,000 53,100	47,515,766 695,987	515,766 642,887	330,416	
Total revenues	175,338,100	251,728,400	247,737,756	(3,990,644)	187,840,608	
Expenditures:						
Public works:						
Transportation preservation Materials, supplies, and services	15,000	201,682	174,169	27,513	-	
Transportation preservation project						
Materials, supplies, and services	3,111,344	2,624,048	462,509	2,161,539	223,498	
	3,111,344	2,624,048	462,509	2,161,539	223,498	
Local optional sales taxes for transportation preservation Materials, supplies, and services	168,870,000	198,260,300	192,021,378	6,238,922	180,160,166	
Corridor preservation projects						
Materials, supplies, and services	3,795,244	3,677,141	1,035,742	2,641,399	3,231,032	
County of the first class highway projects Materials, supplies, and services	30,692,378	25,901,426	6,061,322	19,840,104	8,370,219	
State GO bond pass-thru: Materials, supplies, and services		42,300,000		42,300,000		
Total public works	206,483,966	272,964,597	199,755,120	73,209,477	191,984,915	
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	1,390,000	1,390,000	1,390,000	-	1,335,000	
Interest	1,653,876	1,653,876	1,653,375	501	1,706,775	
Total debt service	3,043,876	3,043,876	3,043,375	501	3,041,775	
Total expenditures	209,527,842	276,008,473	202,798,495	73,209,978	195,026,690	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(34,189,742)	(24,280,073)	44,939,261	69,219,334	(7,186,082)	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Refunding bonds issued	-	23,925,000	23,925,000	- (1)	-	
Premium on refunding bonds issued Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	3,922,148 (27,660,466)	3,922,147 (27,660,466)	(1)	-	
Transfers out	(116,280)	(5,258,401)	(5,036,725)	221,676		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(116,280)	(5,071,719)	(4,850,044)	221,675		
Net change in fund balances	(34,306,022)	(29,351,792)	40,089,217	69,441,009	(7,186,082)	
Fund balances - beginning	36,677,749	32,385,051	32,385,051	- 	39,571,133	
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year			48,611	48,611		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,371,727	\$ 3,033,259	\$ 72,522,879	\$ 69,489,620	\$ 32,385,051	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) Special Revenue Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		20)17		2016	
			Actual on a		Actual on a	
		l Amounts	Budgetary	Variance With	Budgetary	
Revenues:	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Basis	Final Budget	Basis	
Taxes:						
Sales taxes	\$ 36,400,000	\$ 37,800,000	\$ 38,383,941	\$ 583,941	\$ 36,256,776	
Transient room taxes	22,753,000	25,025,370	25,542,154	516,784	22,754,517	
Total taxes	59,153,000	62,825,370	63,926,095	1,100,725	59,011,293	
Licenses and permits	175,019	175,019	181,717	6,698	231,147	
Grants and contributions	-	250,000	515,849	265,849	2,044,122	
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	36	
Interest, rents, and other	16,292,437	18,704,040	22,171,564	3,467,524	19,522,231	
Total revenues	75,620,456	81,954,429	86,795,225	4,840,796	80,808,829	
Expenditures:						
Education, recreation, and cultural:						
Tourism, recreation, and cultural convention (TRCC)	11 007 111	11 610 460	12 072 611	(1 262 142)	0.721.050	
Materials, supplies, and services Indirect costs	11,007,111 202,720	11,610,469 227,882	12,972,611 227,882	(1,362,142)	8,721,950 202,720	
Capital outlay	2,263,512	4,116,921	155,376	3,961,545	1,294,755	
cup.m. cum,	13,473,343	15,955,272	13,355,869	2,599,403	10,219,425	
Center for the Arts						
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	3,602,540	3,592,568	3,516,909	75,659	3,698,452	
Materials, supplies, and services	3,429,010	4,340,805	3,187,087	1,153,718	5,071,633	
Indirect costs	683,295	696,004	696,004 220,479	(71.405)	683,295	
Capital outlay	150,462 7,865,307	149,074 8,778,451	7,620,479	(71,405) 1,157,972	9,760,029	
Rampton Salt Palace Convention Center						
Materials, supplies, and services	15,130,354	15,667,443	14,278,954	1,388,489	13,892,020	
Indirect costs	613,858	732,221	732,221	-	613,858	
Capital outlay	150,000	667,026	472,165	194,861	6,795,507	
Debt service	2,770,000	2,770,000	3,850	2,766,150	3,850	
	18,664,212	19,836,690	15,487,190	4,349,500	21,305,235	
South Towne Exposition Center						
Materials, supplies, and services	4,312,440	4,834,938	4,574,201	260,737	4,232,963	
Indirect costs Capital outlay	180,575	157,048	157,048	20,225	180,575	
Capital outlay	<u>50,000</u> 4,543,015	50,000	29,775 4,761,024	280,962	40,329	
Equestrian Park and Event Center						
Materials, supplies, and services	2,074,549	1,908,749	1,767,747	141,002	2,005,917	
Indirect costs	67,994	74,095	74,095	-	67,994	
Capital outlay	2,142,543	186,779 2,169,623	176,559 2,018,401	10,220 151,222	16,500 2,090,411	
Dodge	2,112,010	2,207,020	2,010,101	101,000	=, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Parks	99 020	92 470	20.094	52 206	310,137	
Materials, supplies, and services Indirect costs	88,020 11,980	82,470 17,530	30,084 17,530	52,386	11,980	
Capital outlay	250,000	250,000	298,822	(48,822)	270,399	
	350,000	350,000	346,436	3,564	592,516	
Visitor promotion - contract						
Materials, supplies, and services	9,581,860	9,581,860	9,581,860	-	9,842,346	
Indirect costs	208,894	266,256	266,256		208,894	
	9,790,754	9,848,116	9,848,116	-	10,051,240	
					(Continued)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Continued) Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention (TRCC) Special Revenue Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		2016			
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual on a Budgetary	Variance With	Actual on a Budgetary
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	Basis
Expenditures (Continued):					
Visitor promotion - County					
Capital outlay	\$ 3,887,357	\$ 4,774,727	\$ 3,818,808	\$ 955,919	\$ 3,531,956
Debt service	8,196	14,439	14,439		8,196
	3,895,553	4,789,166	3,833,247	955,919	3,540,152
Recreation					
Materials, supplies, and services	724,342	725,301	573,244	152,057	662,491
Indirect costs	25,658	24,699	24,699	-	25,658
Capital outlay			73,596	(73,596)	31,685
	750,000	750,000	671,539	78,461	719,834
Total education, recreation, and cultural	61,474,727	67,519,304	57,942,301	9,577,003	62,732,709
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	198,185	198,185	2,949,543	(2,751,358)	2,855,002
Interest	1,308,325	1,308,325	1,321,963	(13,638)	1,435,643
Other charges	4,500	4,500		4,500	
Total debt service	1,511,010	1,511,010	4,271,506	(2,760,496)	4,290,645
Total expenditures	62,985,737	69,030,314	62,213,807	6,816,507	67,023,354
Excess of revenues over expenditures	12,634,719	12,924,115	24,581,418	11,657,303	13,785,475
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	800	800	540
Transfers in	14,706,597	18,153,846	18,153,846	-	14,570,714
Transfers out	(34,297,031)	(37,284,010)	(37,284,010)		(31,452,952)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(19,590,434)	(19,130,164)	(19,129,364)	800	(16,881,698)
Net change in fund balances	(6,955,715)	(6,206,049)	5,452,054	11,658,103	(3,096,223)
Fund balances - beginning	14,483,000	19,064,987	36,924,052	17,859,065	39,770,468
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year			194,879	194,879	249,807
Fund balances - ending	\$ 7,527,285	\$ 12,858,938	\$ 42,570,985	\$ 29,712,047	\$ 36,924,052

(Concluded)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis General Government Debt Service Fund

Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

	2017										
		Budget A	A mou	ints		Actual on a Budgetary	Va	riance With		Ctual on a Budgetary	
	Ori	Original			Basis			nal Budget	-	Basis	
Revenues:	.						-				
Taxes:											
Property taxes		122,832	\$	30,054,444	\$	30,231,166	\$	176,722	\$	31,435,084	
Tax equivalent payments	1	840,018		1,687,800		1,723,681		35,881		1,902,298	
Total taxes	32	962,850		31,742,244		31,954,847		212,603		33,337,382	
Interest, rents, and other		557,394		858,232		926,098		67,866		749,182	
Total revenues	33	520,244		32,600,476		32,880,945		280,469		34,086,564	
Expenditures:											
Debt service:											
Principal retirement		920,000		24,920,000		24,920,000		-		23,850,001	
Interest	5	600,244		7,854,844		7,467,581		387,263		6,596,741	
Other charges				217,559		178,746		38,813		206,972	
Total expenditures - debt service	30	520,244		32,992,403		32,566,327		426,076		30,653,714	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3	,000,000		(391,927)		314,618		706,545		3,432,850	
Other financing sources (uses):											
Refunding bonds issued		-		29,345,000		29,345,000		-		27,885,000	
Premium on refunding bonds issued		-		1,939,304		1,939,303		1		7,076,160	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent				(31,069,745)		(31,063,753)		(5,992)		-	
Transfers out	(3	(000,000)		(3,000,000)		(3,000,000)				(3,000,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3	(000,000)		(2,785,441)		(2,779,450)		(5,991)		31,961,160	
Net change in fund balances		-		(3,177,368)		(2,464,832)		700,554		35,394,010	
Fund balances - beginning	14	213,000		15,802,488		49,399,547		33,597,059		14,005,537	
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year						(2)		(2)			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 14	213,000	\$	12,625,120	\$	46,934,713	\$	34,297,611	\$	49,399,547	

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds:

- Unincorporated Municipal Services Special Revenue Fund—This special revenue fund is used to account for monies received by the County for the purpose of providing municipal type services for the unincorporated areas of the County.
- Flood Control Special Revenue Fund—to account for revenues and expenditures related to flood control within the County.
- Open Space Special Revenue Fund—to account for the acquisition and preservation of open space, natural habitat, parks and community trails.
- Zoos, Arts, and Parks (ZAP) Special Revenue Fund—to account for the revenues and expenditures relating to the local option recreation sales tax authorized under Title 59, Chapter 12, Section 703 of the *Utah Code*.
- Housing Programs Special Revenue Fund—to account for revenues and expenditures used exclusively to assist with affordable and special needs for housing in the County.
- State Tax Administration Levy Special Revenue Fund—to account for taxes levied to cover expenditures related to assessing, collecting, and distributing property tax.
- Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund—to account for revenues and expenditures of the Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake County, a blended component unit of the County.
- Library Special Revenue Fund—to account for taxes levied for the purpose of operating County libraries.
- Health Special Revenue Fund—to account for monies used to provide health services by the Department of Health.
- Planetarium Special Revenue Fund—to account for revenues and expenditures of the Clark Planetarium.

Capital Projects Funds:

- Excise Road Revenue Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund—to account for maintenance, improvements, and additions related to enforcement of state motor vehicle and traffic laws.
- Recreation Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund—to account for the cost of acquisition and construction of new recreation facilities.
- Park Bond Capital Projects Fund—to account for the cost of acquisition and improvement of open space, natural habitat, parks, and community trails.
- District Attorney Facilities Construction Capital Projects Fund—to account for the cost of acquisition and construction of a new building for the District Attorney.
- PeopleSoft Implementation Capital Projects Fund—to account for the cost of implementation for the County's new enterprise resource planning (ERP) system.
- Work Order Project Capital Projects Fund—to account for the cost of implementation for the County's new work order system.
- Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund—to account for taxes levied and expenditures for the acquisition of capital-type improvements.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)

Capital Projects Funds (Continued):

- Municipal Building Authority Public Health Center Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund—to account for the cost of constructing a new Public Health Center.
- Midvale Senior Center Capital Projects Fund—to account for the cost of acquisition and construction of a new senior center.
- Parks and Public Works Operations Center Capital Projects Fund—to account for the cost of construction of a new Parks and Public Works Operations Center
- Capitol Theatre Capital Projects Fund—to account for the construction and renovation costs of the Capitol Theatre and Ballet West project.
- TRCC Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund—to account for the acquisition and construction of a new mid-valley performing arts center and a new parks operations center.
- Parks and Recreation Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund—to account for the acquisition, construction and improvement of parks and recreation facilities.

Permanent Fund:

• Boyce Pet Adoption Endowment Permanent Fund—to account for an endowment established to assist in pet adoptions.

Debt Service Funds:

- Millcreek Fireflow Special Improvement District Debt Service Fund—to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of special assessment bond principal and interest.
- Municipal Building Authority Debt Service Fund—to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, Municipal Building Authority lease revenue bond principal and interest.
- State Transportation Debt Service Fund—to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, state transportation debt principal and interest.
- 2014 Sales Tax Revenue Bond Debt Service Fund—to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, 2014 sales tax revenue bond principal and interest.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

						Special Rev	venue	Funds				
	Uni	incorporated				•						State Tax
	1	Municipal	Flood Control			Open	7	Zoos, Arts,		Housing	Administratio	
		Services				Space		and Parks]	Programs		Levy
Assets:										<u> </u>		
Cash and investments:												
Pooled cash and investments	\$	1,902,701	\$	7,629,494	\$	1,202,548	\$	3,985,998	\$	1,989,224	\$	7,702,988
Restricted cash and investments		· -		10		· -		-		-		-
Other cash		-		-		-		-		-		51,300
Receivables:												
Taxes		1,155,955		159,146		-		3,113,375		-		633,991
Grants and contributions		679,326		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts		15,330		-		-		-		-		1,543
Notes		-		110 144		-		-		910.770		2 420
Interest, rents, and other Inventories and prepaid items		77		110,144		-		-		819,779		2,429
• •												
Total assets	\$	3,753,389	\$	7,898,794	\$	1,202,548	\$	7,099,373	\$	2,809,003	\$	8,392,251
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	1,864,668	\$	551,087	\$	275,178	\$	3,424,349	\$	-	\$	1,556,992
Accrued expenditures		32,476		122,033		1,807		2,011,023		-		654,136
Due to other funds		40,779		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		1,937,923		673,120		276,985		5,435,372		-		2,211,128
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable property tax revenue		8,780		141,810		_		_		_		566,590
Unavailable special assessment revenue		-		-		_		_		_		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		8,780		141,810			-		-	-		566,590
F 11.1												
Fund balances:												
Nonspendable:												
Notes receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Inventories and prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-		-
Endowment - pet adoption Restricted for:		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service				10				387,388				
Housing and human services		-		10		-		367,366		2,809,003		-
Municipal services		174,584		-		_		-		2,809,003		-
Tort liability		1,632,102				_		_		_		
Capital improvements		1,032,102				923,050		_				
Infrastructure		_		7,051,957		723,030		_		_		_
Libraries		_		-		_		_		_		_
Tax administration		_		_		_		_		_		5,378,883
Health		_		_		_		_		_		-
Education and cultural		_		_		_		1,275,282		_		_
Redevelopment		_		_		_		-		_		_
Other purposes		_		_		_		_		_		-
Committed to:												
Compensated absences				31,897		2,513		1,331		-		235,650
Total fund balances		1,806,686		7,083,864		925,563		1,664,001		2,809,003		5,614,533
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	3,753,389	\$	7,898,794	\$	1,202,548	\$	7,099,373	\$	2,809,003	\$	8,392,251

Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

				Special Rev	enu	e Funds				Capital Pro	jects Funds Recreation		
	Da	Redevelopment								enue Bond	Г		
	Rec	-									Bond		
		Agency		Library		Health	P	anetarium	F	Projects		Projects	
Assets:													
Cash and investments:	_						_		_		_		
Pooled cash and investments	\$	1,598,632	\$	13,947,660	\$	9,550,198	\$	971,227	\$	101,902	\$	1,720,859	
Restricted cash and investments		-		-		997		-		-		-	
Other cash		-		8,630		34,900		25,200		-		-	
Receivables: Taxes		677 411		097 125		226 004		06 271					
Grants and contributions		677,411		987,135		326,094 2,037,537		96,371 485,500		-		-	
Accounts		_		4,241		308,967		54,021		_		-	
Notes		_		-,271		500,707		54,021		_		_	
Interest, rents, and other		2,886		4,551		112,270		_		2,935		_	
Inventories and prepaid items		-,		-		-		146,275		-,		_	
* *	•	2,278,929	•	14.052.217	•	12,370,963	\$		•	104,837	•	1 720 950	
Total assets	3	2,278,929	2	14,952,217	\$	12,3 /0,963	<u>\$</u>	1,778,594	\$	104,837	\$	1,720,859	
Liabilities:													
Accounts payable	\$	2,886	\$	1,441,688	\$	932,738	\$	278,140	\$	3,150	\$	_	
Accrued expenditures	-	6,642	-	888,746	-	1,212,322	-	142,140	*	-	-	_	
Due to other funds		-		-		-				_		_	
Unearned revenue		-		-		351,538		21,206		-		-	
Total liabilities	_	9,528		2,330,434		2,496,598		441,486		3,150		-	
Deferred inflows of resources:													
Unavailable property tax revenue		_		878,110		290,217		85,712		_			
Unavailable special assessment revenue		_		-		270,217		-					
•						200 215							
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		878,110		290,217		85,712		-		-	
Fund balances:													
Nonspendable:													
Notes receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Inventories and prepaid items		-		-		-		146,275		-		-	
Endowment - pet adoption		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Restricted for:													
Debt service		-		-		997		-		-		-	
Housing and human services		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Municipal services		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Tort liability		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Capital improvements		-		-		-		-				1,720,859	
Infrastructure		-		- -		-		-		101,687		-	
Libraries		-		11,264,529		-		-		-		-	
Tax administration		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Health		-		-		9,153,964		-		-		-	
Education and cultural		-		-		-		1,067,577		-		-	
Redevelopment		2,269,401		-		- 4.160		-		-		-	
Other purposes		-		-		4,160		-		-		-	
Committed to:				470 144		425 027		27 544					
Compensated absences		2 260 401		479,144	_	425,027 9,584,148		37,544		101,687		1 720 950	
Total liabilities deferred inflavor of		2,269,401		11,743,673	_	9,384,148		1,251,396		101,08/		1,720,859	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	2,278,929	\$	14,952,217	\$	12,370,963	\$	1,778,594	\$	104,837	\$	1,720,859	

Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

					Capital Proje	ects F	unds			
		District Attorney								MBA Public
	Park Bond		Facilities	PeopleSoft		W	ork Order		Capital	Health Center
	Projects		Construction	Imp	lementation		Project	Im	provements	Bond Projects
Assets:										
Cash and investments:										
Pooled cash and investments	\$ -	\$		\$	199,680	\$	351,901	\$	9,589,312	\$ 601,172
Restricted cash and investments	6,893,80	0	12,935,772		-		-		-	13,562,752
Other cash Receivables:	-		-		-		-		-	-
Taxes	_		_		_		_		160,944	_
Grants and contributions	_		_		_		-		130,517	_
Accounts	-		1,549		-		-		-	7,389
Notes	-		-		-		-		-	7,262,900
Interest, rents, and other	49	5	27,641		-		-		-	3,197
Inventories and prepaid items							-			
Total assets	\$ 6,894,29	5 \$	15,444,930	\$	199,680	\$	351,901	\$	9,880,773	\$ 21,437,410
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$ 687,65	8 \$	2,113,305	\$	-	\$	-	\$	786,046	\$ 745,971
Accrued expenditures	189,89	6	1,973,020		-		-		311,390	-
Due to other funds	1,097,97	8	-		-		-		-	-
Unearned revenue			-		-		-			
Total liabilities	1,975,53	2	4,086,325		-		-		1,097,436	745,971
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable property tax revenue	_		_		_		_		143,244	_
Unavailable special assessment revenue	_		_		_		_		-	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	-		-		-		-		143,244	-
Fordhologon										
Fund balances: Nonspendable:										
Notes receivable										7,262,900
Inventories and prepaid items	-		-		_		-		-	7,202,900
Endowment - pet adoption	_		_		_		-		_	_
Restricted for:										
Debt service	_		_		_		-		_	_
Housing and human services	-		-		-		-		-	-
Municipal services	-		-		-		-		-	-
Tort liability	-		-		-		-		-	-
Capital improvements	4,918,76	3	11,358,605		199,680		351,901		8,640,093	13,428,539
Infrastructure	-		-		-		-		-	-
Libraries	-		-		-		-		-	-
Tax administration	-		-		-		-		-	-
Health	-		-		-		-		-	-
Education and cultural	-		-		-		-		-	-
Redevelopment	-		-		-		-		-	-
Other purposes	-		-		-		-		-	-
Committed to: Compensated absences	_		_		_		_		_	_
Total fund balances	4,918,76	 3	11,358,605		199,680		351,901		8,640,093	20,691,439
	1,710,70		11,000,000		1,,,000		221,701	_	0,0.0,075	20,071,107
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 6,894,29	5 \$	15,444,930	\$	199,680	\$	351,901	\$	9,880,773	\$ 21,437,410

Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2017

				Can	ital l	Projects Fund	ls			
	Se	dvale nior enter	Publi	ks and c Works ons Center	Capitol Theatre		TRCC Bond Projects		Parks and Recreation Bond Projects	
Assets:										
Cash and investments: Pooled cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Other cash	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	2,609,408 119,333	\$	47,501,811	\$	42,656,634
Receivables:										
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Grants and contributions Accounts		-		-		-		-		-
Notes		-		-		5,441,600		_		_
Interest, rents, and other		_		_		5,441,000		70,053		_
Inventories and prepaid items		_		_		_		-		_
Total assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,170,341	\$	47,571,864	\$	42,656,634
	-		= =====							
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,299	\$	1,279,982	\$	684,928
Accrued expenditures		-		-		-		460,009		_
Due to other funds		-		-		-		154,237		986,898
Unearned revenue		-		-		-				-
Total liabilities	-	-		-		10,299		1,894,228		1,671,826
Defended inflower of measuress.										
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable property tax revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable special assessment revenue	-	-		-				-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-		-
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Notes receivable		-		-		5,441,600		-		-
Inventories and prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-
Endowment - pet adoption		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:										
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Housing and human services		-		-		-		-		-
Municipal services		-		-		-		-		-
Tort liability		-		-		-		-		-
Capital improvements		-		-		2,718,442		45,677,636		40,984,808
Infrastructure		-		-		-		-		-
Libraries		-		-		-		-		-
Tax administration		-		-		-		-		-
Health		-		-		-		-		-
Education and cultural		-		-		-		-		-
Redevelopment		-		-		-		-		-
Other purposes		-		-		-		-		-
Committed to:										
Compensated absences		-								-
Total fund balances		-				8,160,042		45,677,636	_	40,984,808
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	-	\$		\$	8,170,341	\$	47,571,864	\$	42,656,634

Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

	P	ermanent											
		Fund				Debt Serv	vice Fu	unds			Total		
	I	Boyce Pet	N	Iillcreek]	Municipal			2	2014 Sales		Nonmajor	
		Adoption	Fire	flow Special		Building		State	Ta	ax Revenue	G	overnmental	
	E	ndowment	Imp	pr. District		Authority	Tra	nsportation		Bonds		Funds	
Assets:													
Cash and investments:													
Pooled cash and investments	\$	1,708,692	\$	799,698	\$	5,989,389	\$	-	\$	1,676,280	\$	78,308,931	
Restricted cash and investments		-		-		5,759,000		380,209		1,376		129,811,694	
Other cash		-		-		-		-		-		120,030	
Receivables: Taxes												7,310,422	
Grants and contributions		_		_		-		_		-		3,332,880	
Accounts		_		_		-		_		-		393,040	
Notes		_		_		_		_		_		12,704,500	
Interest, rents, and other		-		4,561		7,305		528		2		1,168,853	
Inventories and prepaid items				-				-				146,275	
Total assets	\$	1,708,692	\$	804,259	\$	11,755,694	\$	380,737	\$	1,677,658	\$	233,296,625	
Liabilities:													
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,200	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,640,265	
Accrued expenditures		-		-		-		-		-		8,005,640	
Due to other funds		-		-		-		105,705		-		2,385,597	
Unearned revenue					_							372,744	
Total liabilities		-		1,200		-		105,705		-		27,404,246	
Deferred inflows of resources:													
Unavailable property tax revenue		-		-		-		-		-		2,114,463	
Unavailable special assessment revenue				4,561		-		-				4,561	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		4,561		-		-		-		2,119,024	
Fund balances:													
Nonspendable:													
Notes receivable		_		_		_		_		-		12,704,500	
Inventories and prepaid items		_		_		_		_		-		146,275	
Endowment - pet adoption		1,637,510		-		-		_		-		1,637,510	
Restricted for:													
Debt service		-		798,498		11,755,694		275,032		1,677,658		14,895,277	
Housing and human services		-		-		-		-		-		2,809,003	
Municipal services		-		-		-		-		-		174,584	
Tort liability		-		-		-		-		-		1,632,102	
Capital improvements		-		-		-		-		-		130,922,376	
Infrastructure		-		-		-		-		-		7,153,644	
Libraries		-		-		-		-		-		11,264,529	
Tax administration		-		-		-		-		-		5,378,883	
Health		-		-		-		-		-		9,153,964	
Education and cultural		-		-		-		-		-		2,342,859	
Redevelopment		<u>-</u>		-		-		-		-		2,269,401	
Other purposes		71,182		-		-		-		-		75,342	
Committed to:												1 212 106	
Compensated absences		1 700 602		700 400	_	11.755.604	-	275 022		1 (77 (50		1,213,106	
Total liabilities deferred inflavo of		1,708,692		798,498		11,755,694		275,032		1,677,658	-	203,773,355	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,708,692	\$	804,259	\$	11,755,694	\$	380,737	\$	1,677,658	\$	233,296,625	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

					Special Rev	enue Funds				
	Unincorporated Municipal Services		Flood Control		Open Space	Zoos, Arts, and Parks		Housing Programs		tate Tax iinistration Levy
Revenues:										
Taxes: Property taxes	\$ 321,048	\$	5,376,359	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2	24,401,455
Sales taxes	12,394,048		250.405		-	16,741,783		-		1 207 054
Tax equivalent payments Cable television franchise taxes	5,910 46,282		359,405		-	-		-		1,307,854
Total taxes	12,767,288		5,735,764			16,741,783				25,709,309
Licenses and permits	1,114,365		3,/33,/04		-	10,/41,/83		-	4	23,709,309
Fines and forfeitures	66,087		-		-	-		-		-
Grants and contributions	5,978,516		55,800			_		_		200,000
Charges for services	71,485		122,068		_	_		_		200,000
Special assessments	71,405		122,000		_	_		_		_
Interest, rents, and other	159,822		293,693		14,595	37,179		25,308		25,695
Interfund charges	375		587,567		-	-		-		-
Total revenues	20,157,938		6,794,892		14,595	16,778,962		25,308		25,935,004
Expenditures: Current:										
Public safety and criminal justice	2,096,436									
Social services	2,090,430		-		-	-		402		-
Education, recreation, and cultural	-		-		738,893	16,976,003		402		-
Health and regulatory	_		_		730,093	10,970,003		_		-
Public works	20,199,321		7,108,475		_	_		_		_
Tax administration	20,177,321		7,100,475		_	_		_	2	27,570,778
Capital outlay	_		_		_	_		_	-	-
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	_		150,000		_	995,000		_		_
Interest	-		19,014		-	466,550		-		38,417
Bond issuance costs	-		-		-	-		-		-
Other charges					_			-		
Total expenditures	22,295,757		7,277,489		738,893	18,437,553		402	2	27,609,195
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,137,819)		(482,597)		(724,298)	(1,658,591)		24,906		(1,674,191)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-		-		-	-		-		-
General obligation bonds issued	-		-		-	-		-		-
Premium on bonds issued	-		-		-	-		-		-
Proceeds from capital leases and notes payable	-		-		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		-		-
Transfers in	(24.222)		- (172 (41)		450,000	1,880,780		-		63,000
Transfers out	(24,222)		(173,641)		-		_	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(24,222)	_	(173,641)		450,000	1,880,780	_	-		63,000
Net change in fund balances	(2,162,041)		(656,238)		(274,298)	222,189		24,906	((1,611,191)
Fund balances - beginning Reclassifications	12,425,139 (8,456,412)		7,740,102		1,199,861	1,441,812		2,784,097		7,225,724
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,806,686	\$	7,083,864	\$	925,563	\$ 1,664,001	\$	2,809,003	\$	5,614,533
	<u> </u>	Ψ	,,005,007	Ψ	,20,000	2 1,001,001	Ψ	2,007,003		-,01.,000

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Special Rev		Capital Projects Funds				
	Redevelopment	I Sharana	Haalah	Dlamatavium	Excise Road Revenue Bond	Recreation Bond		
Revenues:	Agency	Library	Health	Planetarium	Projects	Projects		
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 39,028,650	\$ 12,005,507	\$ 3,708,579	\$ -	\$ -		
Sales taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Tax equivalent payments Cable television franchise taxes		2,530,505	726,562	205,412	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		
Total taxes Licenses and permits	- -	41,559,155	12,732,069 9,169,297	3,913,991	-	-		
Fines and forfeitures	-	1,237,955	60,339	-	-	-		
Grants and contributions Charges for services	752,636 -	68,060 -	15,129,128 3,282,337	954,721 1,901,259	-	-		
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Interest, rents, and other Interfund charges	18,310	265,313	362,990 7,066	283,818	67,522	18,418		
Total revenues	770,946	43,130,483	40,743,226	7,053,789	67,522	18,418		
Expenditures: Current:								
Public safety and criminal justice	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Social services	_	_	-	_	_	-		
Education, recreation, and cultural	-	42,074,278	-	5,767,936	-	-		
Health and regulatory	-	-	40,005,760	-	-	-		
Public works	215,690	-	-	-	-	-		
Tax administration	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	6,410,052	-		
Debt service:			100.021	1 405 000				
Principal retirement Interest	-	43,721	108,931 291,268	1,405,000 43,550	1,025	-		
Bond issuance costs	-	43,721	291,208	43,330	1,023	-		
Other charges	-	_	_	_	-	-		
•	215 (00	42 117 000	40.405.050	7.216.406	C 411 077			
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues	215,690	42,117,999	40,405,959	7,216,486	6,411,077			
over (under) expenditures	555,256	1,012,484	337,267	(162,697)	(6,343,555)	18,418		
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	658	-	-	-	-		
General obligation bonds issued Premium on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Proceeds from capital leases and notes payable	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Transfers in	_	_	412,228	338,524	223,150	_		
Transfers out	-	(2,949,070)	(809,901)	-	-	_		
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(2,948,412)	(397,673)	338,524	223,150			
Net change in fund balances	555,256	(1,935,928)	(60,406)	175,827	(6,120,405)	18,418		
Fund balances - beginning Reclassifications	1,714,145	13,679,601	9,644,554	1,075,569	6,222,092	1,702,441		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,269,401	\$ 11,743,673	\$ 9,584,148	\$ 1,251,396	\$ 101,687	\$ 1,720,859		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

			Capital Pro	jects Funds		
	Park Bond Projects	District Attorney Facilities Construction		Work Order Project	Capital Improvements	MBA Public Health Center Bond Projects
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,132,467	\$ -
Sales taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tax equivalent payments	-	-	-	-	371,240	-
Cable television franchise taxes						
Total taxes	-	-	-	-	6,503,707	-
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants and contributions	22,156	-	-	-	169,726	-
Charges for services	700,000	4,781	-	-	-	-
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest, rents, and other	365,418	365,170	2,160	4,720	83,448	92,881
Interfund charges	246,000					
Total revenues	1,333,574	369,951	2,160	4,720	6,756,881	92,881
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety and criminal justice	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education, recreation, and cultural	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and regulatory	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works Tax administration	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	9,719,542	32,173,687	5.435	235,660	4,557,439	4,134,110
Debt service:	9,719,342	32,173,087	3,433	233,000	4,337,439	4,134,110
Principal retirement						
Interest	582		_	_	_	_
Bond issuance costs	-	465,669	_	_	_	274,929
Other charges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	9,720,124	32,639,356	5,435	235,660	4,557,439	4,409,039
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(8,386,550)	(32,269,405)	(3,275)	(230,940)	2,199,442	(4,316,158)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
General obligation bonds issued	-	38,520,000	-	-	-	13,550,000
Premium on bonds issued	-	1,736,122	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from capital leases and notes payable	-	-	-	-	-	11,212,500
Transfers in	-	5,339,333	-	-	800,793	-
Transfers out		(4,700,064)			(1,306,000)	(604,421)
Total other financing sources (uses)		40,895,391			(505,207)	24,158,079
Net change in fund balances	(8,386,550)	8,625,986	(3,275)	(230,940)	1,694,235	19,841,921
Fund balances - beginning Reclassifications	13,305,313	2,732,619	202,955	582,841	6,945,858	849,518
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,918,763	\$ 11,358,605	\$ 199,680	\$ 351,901	\$ 8,640,093	\$ 20,691,439

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

				Ca	apital	l Projects Fun	ds			
	S	idvale enior Center	Pul	arks and olic Works ations Center		Capitol Theatre	Т	RCC Projects	R	arks and ecreation d Projects
Revenues:										
Taxes: Property taxes Sales taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Tax equivalent payments Cable television franchise taxes		-		<u>-</u>		- -		-		<u>-</u>
Total taxes Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -
Grants and contributions Charges for services Special assessments Interest, rents, and other		- - -		-		28,833	1	- 1,100,000 - 346,582		346,513
Interfund charges						<u> </u>				
Total revenues Expenditures:		-		-		28,833	1	,446,582		346,513
Current:										
Public safety and criminal justice		-		-		-		-		-
Social services		-		-		-		-		-
Education, recreation, and cultural		-		-		-		-		-
Health and regulatory		-		-		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-		-
Tax administration		-		-		-	1.0	-		-
Capital outlay Debt service:		-		-		29,793	12	2,923,126		4,934,307
Principal retirement										
Interest		-		-		55,008		-		27
Bond issuance costs		_		_		-		282,699		265,563
Other charges		_		_		_		-		-
Total expenditures		-				84,801	13	3,205,825		5,199,897
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		-		(55,968)	(11	,759,243)		(4,853,384)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		-
General obligation bonds issued		-		-		-		1,230,000		39,125,000
Premium on bonds issued		-		-		-	8	3,653,969		6,713,192
Proceeds from capital leases and notes payable		-		-		-	,	-		-
Transfers in Transfers out		(35,840)		(252.010)		-		5,052,910 (500,000)		-
				(352,910)	_					
Total other financing sources (uses)		(35,840)		(352,910)	_	-		7,436,879		45,838,192
Net change in fund balances		(35,840)		(352,910)		(55,968)	45	5,677,636	4	40,984,808
Fund balances - beginning Reclassifications		35,840		352,910		8,216,010		-		<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$		\$	8,160,042	\$ 45	5,677,636	\$ 4	40,984,808

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Permanent		D L (G			T
	Fund Boyce Pet Adoption Endowment	Millcreek Fireflow Special Impr. District	Debt Serv Municipal Building Authority	State Transportation	2014 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:	Endowment	mpr. District	Authority	Transportation	Bollus	runus
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 90,974,065
Sales taxes	-	-	-	7,271,549	-	36,407,380
Tax equivalent payments	-	-	-	-	-	5,506,888
Cable television franchise taxes						46,282
Total taxes	-	-	-	7,271,549	-	132,934,615
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	10,283,662
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	1,364,381
Grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	23,330,743
Charges for services	-	2.501	-	-	-	7,181,930
Special assessments Interest, rents, and other	18,160	2,591 8,747	1,455,069	752,438	27,224	2,591 5,470,026
Interfest, rents, and other	10,100	0,/4/	1,433,009	732,436	27,224	841,008
Total revenues	18,160	11,338	1,455,069	8,023,987	27,224	181,408,956
F						
Expenditures: Current:						
Public safety and criminal justice						2,096,436
Social services	-	-	-	-	-	402
Education, recreation, and cultural	-	-	-	_	-	65,557,110
Health and regulatory	_	_	_	_	_	40,005,760
Public works	_	_	_	_	_	27,523,486
Tax administration	_	_	_	_	_	27,570,778
Capital outlay	-	_	_	_	_	75,123,151
Debt service:						, ., .
Principal retirement	-	-	3,724,826	5,200,000	1,008,051	12,591,808
Interest	-	-	3,215,990	2,821,643	1,043,918	8,040,713
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-	1,288,860
Other charges		17,212				17,212
Total expenditures		17,212	6,940,816	8,021,643	2,051,969	259,815,716
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	18,160	(5,874)	(5,485,747)	2,344	(2,024,745)	(78,406,760)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	658
General obligation bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	135,425,000
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	17,103,283
Proceeds from capital leases and notes payable	-	-	-	-	-	11,212,500
Transfers in	-	-	5,693,200	-	8,270,000	28,523,918
Transfers out					(5,770,000)	(17,226,069)
Total other financing sources (uses)			5,693,200		2,500,000	175,039,290
Net change in fund balances	18,160	(5,874)	207,453	2,344	475,255	96,632,530
Fund balances - beginning Reclassifications	1,690,532	804,372	11,548,241	272,688	1,202,403	115,597,237 (8,456,412)
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,708,692	\$ 798,498	\$ 11,755,694	\$ 275,032	\$ 1,677,658	\$ 203,773,355

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Unincorporated Municipal Services Special Revenue Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		2017	
	Final Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:			
Taxes:			
Property taxes	\$ 424,784	\$ 321,048	\$ (103,736)
Sales taxes	7,099,140	12,394,048	5,294,908
Tax equivalent payments	32,000	5,910	(26,090)
Cable television franchise taxes	103,868	46,282	(57,586)
Total taxes	7,659,792	12,767,288	5,107,496
Licenses and permits	898,881	1,114,365	215,484
Fines and forfeitures	-	66,087	66,087
Grants and contributions	9,169,260	5,978,516	(3,190,744)
Charges for services	-	71,485	71,485
Interest, rents, and other	80,000	159,822	79,822
Interfund charges		375	375
Total revenues	17,807,933	20,157,938	2,350,005
Expenditures: Public safety and criminal justice: Tort judgment levy			
Materials, supplies, and services	2,415,915	2,066,615	349,300
Indirect costs	8,106	8,106	547,500
Total public safety and criminal justice	2,424,021	2,074,721	349,300
Public works: Unincorporated municipal services Salaries, wages, and employee benefits Materials, supplies, and services Indirect costs	8,016 15,504,331 123	- 20,199,198 123	8,016 (4,694,867)
Total public works	15,512,470	20,199,321	(4,686,851)
Total expenditures	17,936,491	22,274,042	(4,337,551)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(128,558)	(2,116,104)	(1,987,546)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	407,299	407,299	- 1 001 (72
Transfers out	(2,423,194)	(431,521)	1,991,673
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,015,895)	(24,222)	1,991,673
Net change in fund balances	(2,144,453)	(2,140,326)	4,127
Fund balances - beginning Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year	3,946,164	3,274,423 850	(671,741) 850
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,801,711	\$ 1,134,947	\$ (666,764)
ø			

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Flood Control Special Revenue Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

			2016			
	 Final Budget	ctual on a Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget			ctual on a Budgetary Basis
Revenues:	 					
Taxes:	5 202 224	5.256.250	Φ.	(6.065)	Φ.	6.242.051
Property taxes	\$ 5,383,224	\$ 5,376,359	\$	(6,865)	\$	6,243,951
Tax equivalent payments	 369,245	 359,405		(9,840)		380,495
Total taxes	5,752,469	5,735,764		(16,705)		6,624,446
Fines and forfeitures	-	-		-		502
Grants and contributions	115,159	55,800		(59,359)		140,121
Charges for services	-	122,068		122,068		-
Interest, rents, and other	223,487	293,693		70,206		397,868
Interfund charges	 659,980	 587,567		(72,413)		396,216
Total revenues	6,751,095	6,794,892		43,797		7,559,153
Expenditures:						
Public works:						
Flood control - engineering Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	2,806,097	2,534,759		271,338		2,594,589
Materials, supplies, and services	2,369,957	1,832,419		537,538		1,821,505
Indirect costs	424,246	424,246		337,336		439,366
Capital outlay	467,387	415,341		52,046		450
Capital Outlay	 6,067,687	 5,206,765	-	860,922		4,855,910
Flood control - projects	0,007,007	3,200,703		000,722		1,000,010
Materials, supplies, and services	2,232,789	822,201		1,410,588		1,087,823
Indirect costs	312,109	312,109		-		80,669
Capital outlay	1,483,148	1,363,798		119,350		2,474,901
Debt service	5,000	· -		5,000		-
	4,033,046	 2,498,108		1,534,938		3,643,393
Total public works	 10,100,733	7,704,873		2,395,860		8,499,303
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	150,000	150,000		-		153,578
Interest	 19,283	19,014		269		23,843
Total debt service	 169,283	169,014		269		177,421
Total expenditures	 10,270,016	 7,873,887		2,396,129		8,676,724
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,518,921)	(1,078,995)		2,439,926		(1,117,571)
Other financing uses:						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-		-		32,897
Transfers out	 (231,586)	(173,641)		57,945		(353,743)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (231,586)	 (173,641)		57,945		(320,846)
Net change in fund balances	(3,750,507)	(1,252,636)		2,497,871		(1,438,417)
Fund balances - beginning	6,089,670	6,528,320		438,650		7,713,118
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year	 <u> </u>	 82,161		82,161		253,619
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,339,163	\$ 5,357,845	\$	3,018,682	\$	6,528,320

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Open Space Special Revenue Fund

Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		2017			2016
	Final Budget	ctual on a udgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget		ctual on a sudgetary Basis
Revenues:					
Grants and contributions	\$ 79,900	\$ -	\$	(79,900)	\$ -
Interest, rents, and other	 2,700	14,595		11,895	 12,387
Total revenues	82,600	14,595		(68,005)	12,387
Expenditures:					
Education, recreation, and cultural:					
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	39,621	32,175		7,446	100,136
Materials, supplies, and services	127,428	121,893		5,535	55,248
Indirect costs	71,692	71,692		-	69,732
Capital outlay	 604,900	 513,133		91,767	 250,000
Total expenditures - education, recreation, and cultural	 843,641	 738,893		104,748	 475,116
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(761,041)	(724,298)		36,743	(462,729)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	 450,000	 450,000			 555,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	 450,000	 450,000		-	 555,000
Net change in fund balances	(311,041)	(274,298)		36,743	92,271
Fund balances - beginning	 1,188,672	 1,191,630		2,958	 1,099,359
Fund balances - ending	\$ 877,631	\$ 917,332	\$	39,701	\$ 1,191,630

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Zoos, Arts, and Parks (ZAP) Special Revenue Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

				2017				2016	
		Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis		riance With		Actual on a Budgetary Basis	
Revenues:	Ф	10 000 272	•	16 741 702	Ф	(1.257.500)	Ф	15 (0) 075	
Sales taxes Interest, rents, and other	\$	18,099,372 6,600	\$	16,741,783 37,179	\$	(1,357,589) 30,579	\$	15,696,875 19,408	
Total revenues		18,105,972		16,778,962		(1,327,010)		15,716,283	
Expenditures:									
Education, recreation, and cultural:									
Large arts groups									
Materials, supplies, and services		11,413,782		10,556,120		857,662		10,739,078	
Small arts groups									
Materials, supplies, and services		2,282,757		1,982,900		299,857		1,984,450	
Zoological									
Materials, supplies, and services		4,058,235		3,753,289		304,946		2,664,170	
Administration									
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits		185,457		148,761		36,696		174,434	
Materials, supplies, and services		107,206		74,377		32,829		76,102	
Indirect costs		479,713 772,376		479,713 702,851		69,525		496,213 746,749	
ZAP revenue bond debt service									
Materials, supplies, and services		500		_		500		_	
Debt service		2,000		650		1,350		650	
200.00.00		2,500		650		1,850		650	
Total education, recreation, and cultural		18,529,650		16,995,810		1,533,840		16,135,097	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		995,000		995,000		-		955,000	
Interest		466,550		466,550		-		505,550	
Total debt service		1,461,550		1,461,550				1,460,550	
Total expenditures		19,991,200		18,457,360		1,533,840		17,595,647	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,885,228)		(1,678,398)		206,830		(1,879,364)	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in		1,880,780		1,880,780		-		1,876,950	
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,880,780		1,880,780		-		1,876,950	
Net change in fund balances		(4,448)		202,382		206,830		(2,414)	
Fund balances - beginning		193,449		622,263		428,814		599,369	
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		-		5,831		5,831		25,308	
Fund balances - ending	\$	189,001	\$	830,476	\$	641,475	\$	622,263	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Housing Programs Special Revenue Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		2016						
	Final Budget			Actual on a Budgetary Basis		riance With		ctual on a udgetary Basis
Revenues:						••••		
Interest, rents, and other	\$	5,000	\$	25,308	\$	20,308	\$	24,393
Total revenues		5,000		25,308		20,308		24,393
Expenditures: Social services:								
Materials, supplies, and services		1,821,700		-		1,821,700		4,950
Indirect costs		402		402		<u>-</u>		
Total expenditures - social services		1,822,102		402		1,821,700		4,950
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures / net change in fund balances		(1,817,102)		24,906		1,842,008		19,443
Fund balances - beginning		2,784,097		2,784,097				2,764,654
Fund balances - ending	\$	966,995	\$	2,809,003	\$	1,842,008	\$	2,784,097

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis State Tax Administration Levy Special Revenue Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

	Final Budget	2017 Actual on a Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget	2016 Actual on a Budgetary Basis
Revenues:	Dauger	Dusis	I mai Duaget	Dusis
Taxes:	f 24.260.262	© 24.401.455	© 22.102	¢ 24.022.742
Property taxes Tax equivalent payments	\$ 24,369,263 1,302,550	\$ 24,401,455 1,307,854	\$ 32,192 5,304	\$ 24,022,743 1,307,793
Total taxes	25,671,813	25,709,309	37,496	25,330,536
Grants and contributions	200,000	200,000	-	200,000
Interest, rents, and other	12,000	25,695	13,695	17,266
Total revenues	25,883,813	25,935,004	51,191	25,547,802
Expenditures:				
Tax administration:				
Council Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	971,253	821,695	149,558	757,448
Materials, supplies, and services	66,405	65,025	1,380	61,010
Indirect costs	375,505	375,505		346,121
A 15.	1,413,163	1,262,225	150,938	1,164,579
Auditor Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,132,448	1,057,933	74,515	990,534
Materials, supplies, and services	293,770	281,407	12,363	273,657
Indirect costs	235,417	235,417	-	182,481
Capital outlay				10,704
Recorder	1,661,635	1,574,757	86,878	1,457,376
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	2,346,502	2,134,971	211,531	2,091,333
Materials, supplies, and services	319,106	287,232	31,874	298,254
Indirect costs	311,906	311,906	-	281,535
Capital outlay	2,977,514	2,734,109	243,405	19,938 2,691,060
Treasurer	2,977,314	2,734,109	243,403	2,071,000
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	2,437,137	2,419,583	17,554	2,334,785
Materials, supplies, and services	527,972	519,531	8,441	523,628
Indirect costs	1,690,974 4,656,083	1,690,974 4,630,088	25,995	1,152,246 4,010,659
Assessor	4,030,083	4,030,088	23,993	4,010,039
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	9,604,760	9,213,254	391,506	8,959,889
Materials, supplies, and services	2,797,637	2,440,145	357,492	2,376,255
Indirect costs	1,947,286	1,947,286	102.457	1,997,995
Capital outlay	1,513,211 15,862,894	1,409,754 15,010,439	103,457 852,455	380,944 13,715,083
District Attorney	15,002,00	15,010,159	002,	13,713,003
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	594,422	567,232	27,190	554,938
Materials, supplies, and services Indirect costs	291,750	74,581	217,169	93,889
indirect costs	17,839 904,011	17,839 659,652	244,359	19,152 667,979
Surveyor			,	,
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	532,724	441,525	91,199	448,032
Materials, supplies, and services Indirect costs	24,700 32,440	20,249 32,440	4,451	20,215 27,309
munect costs	589,864	494,214	95,650	495,556
Statutory and general	ŕ	,	ŕ	,
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	121,451	1 005 (20	121,451	1 026 205
Materials, supplies, and services Indirect costs	1,532,599 84,481	1,005,620 84,481	526,979	1,026,305 453,093
muncet costs	1,738,531	1,090,101	648,430	1,479,398
Total tax administration	29,803,695	27,455,585	2,348,110	25,681,690
			40.445	
Debt service - interest	20,000	38,417	(18,417)	11,093
Total expenditures	29,823,695	27,494,002	2,329,693	25,692,783
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,939,882)	(1,558,998)	2,380,884	(144,981)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	63,000	63,000		219,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	63,000	63,000		219,000
Net change in fund balances	(3,876,882)	(1,495,998)	2,380,884	74,019
Fund balances - beginning	5,677,562	7,034,016	1,356,454	6,958,483
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		2	2	1,514
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,800,680	\$ 5,538,020	\$ 3,737,340	\$ 7,034,016

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

	2017							2016
	Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget			ctual on a Judgetary Basis
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	64,000	\$	-	\$	(64,000)	\$	210,831
Grants and contributions		486,000		752,636		266,636		462,878
Interest, rents, and other		13,000		18,310		5,310		10,454
Total revenues		563,000		770,946		207,946		684,163
Expenditures:								
Public works:								
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits		-		-		-		-
Materials, supplies, and services		572,250		172,460		399,790		182,181
Indirect costs		48,230		48,230				95,787
Total expenditures - public works		620,480		220,690		399,790		277,968
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures/net change in fund balances		(57,480)		550,256		607,736		406,195
Fund balances - beginning		1,714,146		1,714,145		(1)		1,307,950
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,656,666	\$	2,264,401	\$	607,735	\$	1,714,145

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Library Special Revenue Fund

Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		2016		
	Final Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis
Revenues:	Buuget	Dasis	Filiai Buuget	Dasis
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 38,442,896	\$ 39,028,650	\$ 585,754	\$ 38,572,906
Tax equivalent payments	2,468,450	2,530,505	62,055	2,499,078
Total taxes	40,911,346	41,559,155	647,809	41,071,984
Fines and forfeitures	1,633,833	1,237,955	(395,878)	1,454,717
Grants and contributions	141,716	68,060	(73,656)	162,816
Interest, rents, and other	87,000	265,313	178,313	368,953
Total revenues	42,773,895	43,130,483	356,588	43,058,470
Expenditures:				
Education, recreation, and cultural:				
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	26,332,018	25,401,028	930,990	24,447,024
Materials, supplies, and services	14,046,626	12,607,483	1,439,143	12,829,379
Indirect costs	1,681,082	1,681,082	-	1,577,945
Costs of goods sold Capital outlay	10,000 6,620,188	9,270 2,031,234	730 4,588,954	7,138 435,124
Total education, recreation, and cultural	48,689,914	41,730,097	6,959,817	39,296,610
Total education, recreation, and editoral	40,000,014	41,730,077	0,757,017	37,270,010
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	-	5,837,015
Debt service - interest	15,000	43,721	(28,721)	16,444
Total debt service	15,000	43,721	(28,721)	5,853,459
Total expenditures	48,704,914	41,773,818	6,931,096	45,150,069
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,931,019)	1,356,665	7,287,684	(2,091,599)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	658	658	784
Transfers out	(2,949,070)	(2,949,070)		(2,955,310)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,949,070)	(2,948,412)	658	(2,954,526)
Net change in fund balances	(8,880,089)	(1,591,747)	7,288,342	(5,046,125)
Fund balances - beginning	12,680,988	13,130,380	449,392	18,127,344
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		3,370	3,370	49,161
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,800,899	\$ 11,542,003	\$ 7,741,104	\$ 13,130,380

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Health Special Revenue Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

	2017						2016		
	 Final Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis			
Revenues:	 								
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$ 12,113,197	\$	12,005,507	\$	(107,690)	\$	12,028,805		
Tax equivalent payments	 698,700		726,562		27,862		719,324		
Total taxes	12,811,897		12,732,069		(79,828)		12,748,129		
Licenses and permits	8,041,416		9,169,297		1,127,881		8,641,631		
Fines and forfeitures	58,000		60,339		2,339		68,343		
Grants and contributions	15,418,088		15,129,128		(288,960)		12,617,585		
Charges for services	3,189,638		3,282,337		92,699		3,431,214		
Interest, rents, and other	245,216		362,990		117,774		286,119		
Health and insurance premiums	-		282		282		-		
Interfund charges	10,000		6,784		(3,216)		1,986,598		
Total revenues	 39,774,255		40,743,226		968,971		39,779,619		
Expenditures:									
Health and regulatory:									
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	29,676,787		26,939,236		2,737,551		25,867,245		
Materials, supplies, and services	10,949,499		10,410,832		538,667		9,128,629		
Indirect costs	2,525,206		2,525,206		-		2,421,940		
Indigent/in-custody	100,000		67,518		32,482		72,950		
Capital outlay	 165,539		30,073		135,466		105,635		
Total health and regulatory	 43,417,031		39,972,865		3,444,166		37,596,399		
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	108,931		108,931		-		107,602		
Interest	 291,268		291,268		-		115,104		
Total debt service	 400,199		400,199				222,706		
Total expenditures	 43,817,230		40,373,064		3,444,166		37,819,105		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,042,975)		370,162		4,413,137		1,960,514		
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	412,228		412,228		-		-		
Transfers out	 (809,901)		(809,901)		-		(397,673)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (397,673)		(397,673)				(397,673)		
Net change in fund balances	(4,440,648)		(27,511)		4,413,137		1,562,841		
Fund balances - beginning	7,937,351		9,527,931		1,590,580		7,964,724		
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year	 -		422		422		366		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,496,703	\$	9,500,842	\$	6,004,139	\$	9,527,931		

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Planetarium Special Revenue Fund

Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

Revenues: Same of March 1980 Actual on a Budget or Budget o			2016		
Taxes: Property taxes \$ 3,605,811 \$ 3,708,579 \$ 102,768 \$ 3,395,326 Tax equivalent payments 201,965 205,412 3,447 208,505 Total taxes 3,807,776 3,913,991 106,215 3,603,829 Grants and contributions 986,207 954,721 (31,486) 1,207,112 Charges for services 1,919,000 1,901,259 (17,741) 1,506,333 Interest, rents, and other 298,305 283,818 (14,487) 326,501 Total revenues 7,011,288 7,053,789 42,501 6,643,775 Expenditures: 8 2,982,497 2,902,453 80,044 2,890,514 Materials, supplies, and services 1,564,198 1,612,188 (47,990) 1,937,151 Indirect costs 488,133 488,133 5 6,663,911 Cost of goods sold 445,000 446,386 (1,386) 294,912 Cost of goods sold 445,000 446,386 (1,386) 294,014 Total eduction, recreation, and cultural 5,920,38			Budgetary		Budgetary
Property taxes \$ 3,605,811 \$ 3,708,579 \$ 102,768 \$ 3,953,242 Tax equivalent payments 201,965 205,112 3,447 208,505 Total taxes 3,807,776 3913,991 106,215 3,603,829 Grants and contributions 986,207 954,721 (31,486) 1,207,112 Charges for services 1,919,000 1,901,259 (17,741) 1,506,333 Interest, rents, and other 298,305 283,818 (14,487) 325,001 Total revenues 80,041 2,805,014 6,643,775 Expenditures: Education, recreation, and cultural: 2,982,497 2,902,453 80,044 2,890,514 Materials, supplies, and services 1,564,198 1,612,188 (47,90) 1,937,151 Indirect costs 488,133 488,133 - 366,391 Cost of goods sold 445,000 446,368 (1,386) 294,912 Capital outlary 440,552 288,901 182,161 3,550,00 Interest 2,800,41 1,405					
Tax equivalent payments 201,965 205,412 3,447 208,505 Total taxes 3,807,776 3,913,991 106,215 3,603,829 Grants and contributions 986,207 954,721 (31,486) 1,207,112 Charges for services 1,919,000 1,901,259 (17,741) 1,506,333 Interest, rents, and other 298,305 283,818 (14,487) 326,501 Total revenues 7,011,288 7,053,789 42,501 6,643,775 Expenditures: Education, recreation, and cultural: 2 80,2497 2,902,453 80,044 2,890,514 Materials, supplies, and services 1,564,198 1,612,188 (47,990) 1,937,151 Indirect costs 488,133 488,133 - 366,391 Cost of goods sold 4445,000 446,386 (1,386) 294,912 Capital outlay 440,552 288,901 151,651 2,401,455 Total education, recreation, and cultural 5,920,380 5,738,061 182,319 7,857,000				400 700	
Total taxes 3,807,776 3,913,991 100,215 3,603,829 Grants and contributions 986,207 954,721 (31,486) 1,207,112 Charges for services 1,919,000 1,901,259 (17,741) 1,506,333 Interest, rents, and other 298,305 283,818 (14,487) 326,501 Total revenues Expenditures: Education, recreation, and cultural: 80,444 2,890,514 Salaries, wages, and employee benefits 2,982,497 2,902,453 80,044 2,890,514 Materials, supplies, and services 1,564,198 1,612,188 (47,900) 1,937,151 Indirect costs 488,133 488,133 - 366,391 Cost of goods sold 445,500 46,356 (1,586) 2,940,145 Total education, recreation, and cultural 5,920,380 5,738,061 182,319 7,890,423 Debt service: 97 1,405,000 - 1,355,000 1,405,000 - 1,355,000 Interest 28,100 43,550	1 *				
Grants and contributions 986,207 954,721 (31,486) 1,207,112 Charges for services 1,919,000 1,901,259 (17,741) 1,506,333 Interest, rents, and other 298,305 283,818 (14,487) 326,501 Total revenues Expenditures: Education, recreation, and cultural: 2 82,497 2,902,453 80,044 2,890,514 Materials, supplies, and services 1,564,198 1,612,188 (47,990) 1,937,151 Indirect costs 488,133 488,133 - 366,391 Cost of goods sold 445,000 446,386 (1,386) 294,912 Capital outlay 40,552 288,901 151,651 2,401,455 Total education, recreation, and cultural 5,920,380 5,738,061 182,319 7,890,423 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,405,000 1,405,000 - 1,355,000 Interest 28,100 43,550 (15,450) 76,577 Total expenditures 7,353,480 7,186		•			
Charges for services Interest, rents, and other 1,919,000 1,910,259 (17,741) 1,506,333 Interest, rents, and other 298,305 283,818 (14,487) 326,501 Total revenues Expenditures: Education, recreation, and cultural: 2 82,497 2,902,453 80,044 2,890,514 Materials, supplies, and services 1,564,198 1,612,188 (47,990) 1,937,151 Indirect costs 488,133 488,133 - 366,391 Cost of goods sold 445,000 446,386 (1,386) 294,912 Capital outlay 5,920,380 5,738,061 182,319 7,890,423 Total education, recreation, and cultural 5,920,380 5,738,061 182,319 7,890,423 Debt service: 2 281,000 43,550 151,651 2,401,455 Principal retirement 1,405,000 1,405,000 - 1,355,000 Interest 28,100 43,550 (15,450) 76,577 Total debt service 7,353,480 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>, ,</td><td>,</td><td>, ,</td></t<>			, ,	,	, ,
Interest, rents, and other 298,305 283,818 (14,487) 326,501 Total revenues 7,011,288 7,053,789 42,501 6,643,775 Expenditures:			,		
Total revenues 7,011,288 7,053,789 42,501 6,643,775		, ,			
Expenditures: Education, recreation, and cultural: Salaries, wages, and employee benefits 2,982,497 2,902,453 80,044 2,890,514 Materials, supplies, and services 1,564,198 1,612,188 (47,990) 1,937,151 Indirect costs 488,133 488,133 - 366,391 10,000 3,					
Education, recreation, and cultural: 2,982,497 2,902,453 80,044 2,890,514 Salaries, wages, and employee benefits 2,982,497 2,902,453 80,044 2,890,514 Materials, supplies, and services 1,564,198 1,612,188 (47,990) 1,937,151 Indirect costs 488,133 488,133 - 366,391 Cost of goods sold 445,000 446,386 (1,386) 294,912 Capital outlay 440,552 288,901 151,651 2,401,455 Total education, recreation, and cultural 5,920,380 5,738,061 182,319 7,890,423 Debt service: 2 28,100 43,550 (15,450) 76,577 Total debt service 1,433,100 1,448,550 (15,450) 1,431,577 Total expenditures 7,353,480 7,186,611 166,869 9,322,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (342,192) (132,822) 209,370 (2,678,225) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in 338,524 338,524		7,011,200	7,033,703	42,501	0,043,773
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits 2,982,497 2,902,453 80,044 2,890,514 Materials, supplies, and services 1,564,198 1,612,188 (47,900) 1,937,151 Indirect costs 488,133 488,133 - 366,391 Cost of goods sold 445,000 446,386 (1,386) 294,912 Capital outlay 440,552 288,901 151,651 2,401,455 Total education, recreation, and cultural 5,920,380 5,738,061 182,319 7,890,423 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,405,000 1,405,000 - 1,355,000 Interest 28,100 43,550 (15,450) 76,577 Total debt service 1,433,100 1,448,550 (15,450) 1,431,577 Total expenditures 7,353,480 7,186,611 166,869 9,322,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (342,192) (132,822) 209,370 (2,678,225) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in 338,524 338,524 -<					
Materials, supplies, and services 1,564,198 1,612,188 (47,990) 1,937,151 Indirect costs 488,133 488,133 - 366,391 Cost of goods sold 445,000 446,386 (1,386) 294,912 Capital outlay 440,552 288,901 151,651 2,401,455 Total education, recreation, and cultural 5,920,380 5,738,061 182,319 7,890,423 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,405,000 1,405,000 - 1,355,000 Interest 28,100 43,550 (15,450) 76,577 Total debt service 1,433,100 1,448,550 (15,450) 1,431,577 Total expenditures 7,353,480 7,186,611 166,869 9,322,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (342,192) (132,822) 209,370 (2,678,225) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Net change in fund balances (3,668) 205,702 209,370 (2,021,437		2 002 407	2 002 452	90.044	2 200 514
Indirect costs					, ,
Cost of goods sold Capital outlay 445,000 446,386 40,386 440,552 (1,386) 294,912 2401,455 Total education, recreation, and cultural 5,920,380 5,738,061 182,319 7,890,423 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,405,000 1,405,000 - 1,355,000 Interest 28,100 43,550 (15,450) 76,577 Total debt service 1,433,100 1,448,550 (15,450) 1,431,577 Total expenditures 7,353,480 7,186,611 166,869 9,322,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (342,192) (132,822) 209,370 (2,678,225) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Total other financing sources (uses) 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Net change in fund balances (3,668) 205,702 209,370 (2,021,437) Fund balances - beginning 846,813 1,035,485 188,672 3,056,864		, ,	, ,	(47,570)	, ,
Capital outlay 440,552 288,901 151,651 2,401,455 Total education, recreation, and cultural 5,920,380 5,738,061 182,319 7,890,423 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,405,000 1,405,000 - 1,355,000 Interest 28,100 43,550 (15,450) 76,577 Total debt service 1,433,100 1,448,550 (15,450) 1,431,577 Total expenditures 7,353,480 7,186,611 166,869 9,322,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (342,192) (132,822) 209,370 (2,678,225) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Total other financing sources (uses) 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Net change in fund balances (3,668) 205,702 209,370 (2,021,437) Fund balances - beginning 846,813 1,035,485 188,672 3,056,864		,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(1,386)	
Debt service: Principal retirement 1,405,000 1,405,000 - 1,355,000 Interest 28,100 43,550 (15,450) 76,577 Total debt service 1,433,100 1,448,550 (15,450) 1,431,577 Total expenditures 7,353,480 7,186,611 166,869 9,322,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (342,192) (132,822) 209,370 (2,678,225) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Total other financing sources (uses) 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Net change in fund balances (3,668) 205,702 209,370 (2,021,437) Fund balances - beginning 846,813 1,035,485 188,672 3,056,864	<u> </u>		288,901	,	
Principal retirement 1,405,000 1,405,000 - 1,355,000 Interest 28,100 43,550 (15,450) 76,577 Total debt service 1,433,100 1,448,550 (15,450) 1,431,577 Total expenditures 7,353,480 7,186,611 166,869 9,322,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (342,192) (132,822) 209,370 (2,678,225) Other financing sources (uses): 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Total other financing sources (uses) 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Net change in fund balances (3,668) 205,702 209,370 (2,021,437) Fund balances - beginning 846,813 1,035,485 188,672 3,056,864	Total education, recreation, and cultural	5,920,380	5,738,061	182,319	7,890,423
Interest 28,100 43,550 (15,450) 76,577 Total debt service 1,433,100 1,448,550 (15,450) 1,431,577 Total expenditures 7,353,480 7,186,611 166,869 9,322,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (342,192) (132,822) 209,370 (2,678,225) Other financing sources (uses): 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Total other financing sources (uses) 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Net change in fund balances (3,668) 205,702 209,370 (2,021,437) Fund balances - beginning 846,813 1,035,485 188,672 3,056,864	Debt service:				
Total debt service 1,433,100 1,448,550 (15,450) 1,431,577 Total expenditures 7,353,480 7,186,611 166,869 9,322,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (342,192) (132,822) 209,370 (2,678,225) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Total other financing sources (uses) 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Net change in fund balances (3,668) 205,702 209,370 (2,021,437) Fund balances - beginning 846,813 1,035,485 188,672 3,056,864	Principal retirement	1,405,000	1,405,000	-	1,355,000
Total expenditures 7,353,480 7,186,611 166,869 9,322,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (342,192) (132,822) 209,370 (2,678,225) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Total other financing sources (uses) 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Net change in fund balances (3,668) 205,702 209,370 (2,021,437) Fund balances - beginning 846,813 1,035,485 188,672 3,056,864	Interest	28,100	43,550	(15,450)	76,577
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (342,192) (132,822) 209,370 (2,678,225) Other financing sources (uses): 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Total other financing sources (uses) 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Net change in fund balances (3,668) 205,702 209,370 (2,021,437) Fund balances - beginning 846,813 1,035,485 188,672 3,056,864	Total debt service	1,433,100	1,448,550	(15,450)	1,431,577
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Total other financing sources (uses) 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Net change in fund balances (3,668) 205,702 209,370 (2,021,437) Fund balances - beginning 846,813 1,035,485 188,672 3,056,864	Total expenditures	7,353,480	7,186,611	166,869	9,322,000
Transfers in 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Total other financing sources (uses) 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Net change in fund balances (3,668) 205,702 209,370 (2,021,437) Fund balances - beginning 846,813 1,035,485 188,672 3,056,864	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(342,192)	(132,822)	209,370	(2,678,225)
Total other financing sources (uses) 338,524 338,524 - 656,788 Net change in fund balances (3,668) 205,702 209,370 (2,021,437) Fund balances - beginning 846,813 1,035,485 188,672 3,056,864	Other financing sources (uses):				
Net change in fund balances (3,668) 205,702 209,370 (2,021,437) Fund balances - beginning 846,813 1,035,485 188,672 3,056,864	Transfers in	338,524	338,524		656,788
Fund balances - beginning 846,813 1,035,485 188,672 3,056,864	Total other financing sources (uses)	338,524	338,524		656,788
	Net change in fund balances	(3,668)	205,702	209,370	(2,021,437)
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year - 5,902 5,902 58	Fund balances - beginning	846,813	1,035,485		3,056,864
	Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		5,902	5,902	58
Fund balances - ending \$ 843,145 \$ 1,247,089 \$ 403,944 \$ 1,035,485	Fund balances - ending	\$ 843,145	\$ 1,247,089	\$ 403,944	\$ 1,035,485

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Excise Road Revenue Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

	2017						2016		
		Final Budget		etual on a udgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis		
Revenues:									
Grants and contributions	\$	6,272	\$	-	\$	(6,272)	\$	95,400	
Interest, rents, and other		40,200		67,522		27,322		178,683	
Total revenues		46,472		67,522		21,050		274,083	
Expenditures:									
Capital outlay:									
Excise tax road revenue bond projects									
Materials, supplies, and services		2,500				2,500		22,530,000	
		2,500		-		2,500		22,530,000	
Excise tax road bond unincorporated									
Materials, supplies, and services		4,438,254		6,190,535		(1,752,281)		585,462	
Capital outlay		5,889,011				5,889,011		2,986,610	
		10,327,265		6,190,535		4,136,730		3,572,072	
Total capital outlay		10,329,765		6,190,535		4,139,230		26,102,072	
Debt service:									
Interest		1,000		1,025		(25)		16	
Other charges		1,000				1,000			
Total debt services		2,000		1,025		975		16	
Total expenditures		10,331,765		6,191,560		4,140,205		26,102,088	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(10,285,293)		(6,124,038)		4,161,255		(25,828,005)	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in		223,150		223,150		-		-	
Transfers out		(1,700,044)				1,700,044			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,476,894)		223,150		1,700,044		-	
Net change in fund balances		(11,762,187)		(5,900,888)		5,861,299		(25,828,005)	
Fund balances - beginning		5,705,382		5,727,082		21,700		31,385,093	
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year				393,338		393,338		169,994	
Fund balances - ending	\$	(6,056,805)	\$	219,532	\$	6,276,337	\$	5,727,082	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Recreation Bond Projects Capital Projects Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		Final Budget	2017 Actual on a Budgetary Basis	ance With	2016 Actual on a Budgetary Basis		
Revenues:							
Grants and contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	500,000
Interest, rents, and other				18,418	 18,418		10,987
Total revenues		-		18,418	18,418		510,987
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay:							
Parleys Creek Trail							
Capital outlay					 		28,515
		-		-	-		28,515
Park & facilities maintenance							
Materials, supplies, and services				-	 		23,748
Capital outlay					 -		23,748
Total expenditures - capital outlay				-	 		52,263
Excess of revenues over expenditures / net change in fund balances		-		18,418	18,418		458,724
Fund balances - beginning		1,697,252		1,697,252	 		1,238,528
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,697,252	\$	1,715,670	\$ 18,418	\$	1,697,252

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Park Bond Capital Projects Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		2016		
	Final Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis
Revenues: Grants and contributions	\$ 247,939	\$ 22,156	\$ (225,783)	\$ 77,378
Charges for services	700,000	700,000	\$ (223,783)	\$ //,5/6 -
Interest, rents, and other	7,000	365,418	358,418	420,189
, ,	-	246,000	246,000	20,000
Total revenues	954,939	1,333,574	378,635	517,567
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay:				
Lodestone Regional Park Capital outlay	2,016,750	787,508	1,229,242	260 642
Capital outlay	2,016,750	787,508	1,229,242	360,643 360,643
Southwest Regional Park				
Materials, supplies, and services	-	28,721	(28,721)	-
Capital outlay	1,151,023	111,476	1,039,547	756,847
	1,151,023	140,197	1,010,826	756,847
Wheadon Farm Park				
Capital outlay				42,443
	-	-	-	42,443
Jordan River Trail Park				
Materials, supplies, and services	-	321,160	(321,160)	-
Capital outlay	1,347,009 1,347,009	439,377 760,537	907,632 586,472	1,952,874 1,952,874
	1,5 17,005	700,337	300,172	1,752,071
Parley's Trail Park	24,000	65 620	(41.620)	
Materials, supplies, and services Capital outlay	24,000 2,329,567	65,620 2,255,289	(41,620) 74,278	6,236,644
Capital outlay	2,353,567	2,320,909	32,658	6,236,644
Total capital outlay	6,868,349	4,009,151	2,859,198	9,349,451
DI.		502	(502)	
Debt service - interest	-	582	(582)	
Total expenditures	6,868,349	4,009,733	2,858,616	9,349,451
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures / net change in fund balances	(5,913,410)	(2,676,159)	3,237,251	(8,831,884)
Fund balances - beginning	6,655,895	7,480,474	824,579	15,829,029
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		465,746	465,746	483,329
Fund balances - ending	\$ 742,485	\$ 5,270,061	\$ 4,527,576	\$ 7,480,474

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis District Attorney Facilities Construction Capital Projects Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

2017								2016		
		Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget		actual on a Budgetary Basis		
Revenues:		_						_		
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	4,781	\$	4,781	\$	-		
Interest, rents, and other		5,200		365,170		359,970		37,278		
Total revenues		5,200		369,951		364,751		37,278		
Expenditures:										
Capital outlay										
Materials, supplies, and services		352,323		3,243,138		(2,890,815)		18,546		
Capital outlay		42,396,083		35,357,587		7,038,496		10,176,625		
Total capital outlay		42,748,406		38,600,725		4,147,681		10,195,171		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(42,743,206)	(38,230,774)		4,512,432		(10,157,893)		
Other financing sources (uses):										
General obligation bonds issued		38,520,000		38,520,000		-		-		
Premium on bond issued		1,736,122		1,736,122		-		-		
Transfers in		5,339,333		5,339,333		-		10,000,000		
Transfers out		(4,700,064)		(4,700,064)		-				
Total other financing sources (uses)		40,895,391		40,895,391				10,000,000		
Net change in fund balances		(1,847,815)		2,664,617		4,512,432		(157,893)		
Fund balances - beginning		2,229,699		2,224,419		(5,280)		2,073,485		
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		_		496,072		496,072		308,827		
Fund balances - ending	\$	381,884	\$	5,385,108	\$	5,003,224	\$	2,224,419		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis PeopleSoft Implementation Capital Projects Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

			2016					
	Final Budget		Bu	Actual on a Budgetary Basis		iance With al Budget		ctual on a udgetary Basis
Revenues:								
Interest, rents, and other	\$	-	\$	2,160	\$	2,160	\$	4,281
Expenditures: Capital outlay:								
Materials, supplies, and services		152,442		-		152,442		5,250
Indirect costs		5,435		5,435				11,219
Total capital outlay		157,877		5,435		152,442		16,469
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(157,877)		(3,275)		154,602		(12,188)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out		-						(500,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)				-		-		(500,000)
Net change in fund balances		(157,877)		(3,275)		154,602		(512,188)
Fund balances - beginning		167,943		167,942		(1)		680,130
Fund balances - ending	\$	10,066	\$	164,667	\$	154,601	\$	167,942

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Work Order Project Capital Projects Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

			2017				2016
	Final Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget			tual on a idgetary Basis
Revenues:		_		_		_	
Interest, rents, and other	\$ -	\$	4,720	\$	4,720	\$	
Total revenues	-		4,720		4,720		-
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay:							
Capital outlay	 250,000		235,660		14,340		369,930
Total capital outlay	250,000		235,660		14,340		369,930
Debt service - interest	 						229
Total expenditures	 250,000		235,660		14,340		370,159
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(250,000)		(230,940)		19,060		(370,159)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	 				-		953,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	 		-		-		953,000
Net change in fund balances	(250,000)		(230,940)		19,060		582,841
Fund balances - beginning	 582,841		582,841				
Fund balances - ending	\$ 332,841	\$	351,901	\$	19,060	\$	582,841

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

	Final Budget	2016 Actual on a Budgetary Basis		
Revenues: Taxes:				
Property taxes Tax equivalent payments	\$ 5,752,473 343,750	\$ 6,132,467 371,240	\$ 379,994 27,490	\$ 5,999,158 354,448
Total taxes Grants and contributions Interest, rents, and other	6,096,223 76,035	6,503,707 169,726 83,448	407,484 93,691 83,448	6,353,606 72,531 58,794
Total revenues	6,172,258	6,756,881	584,623	6,484,931
Expenditures: Capital outlay:				
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	(77,829)	_	(77,829)	-
Materials, supplies, and services	6,056,570	2,836,631	3,219,939	3,181,359
Indirect costs	140,451	140,451	-	174,856
Capital outlay	2,770,130	1,981,519	788,611	2,807,011
Other	67,000	<u> </u>	67,000	
Total expenditures - capital outlay	8,956,322	4,958,601	3,997,721	6,163,226
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,784,064)	1,798,280	4,582,344	321,705
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	800,793	800,793	-	1,016,669
Transfers out	(1,306,000)	(1,306,000)		(875,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(505,207)	(505,207)		141,669
Net change in fund balances	(3,289,271)	1,293,073	4,582,344	463,374
Fund balances - beginning	6,267,583	6,450,574	182,991	5,676,241
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		510,985	510,985	310,959
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,978,312	\$ 8,254,632	\$ 5,276,320	\$ 6,450,574

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Municipal Building Authority Public Health Center Bond Capital Projects Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

	Final Budget	2017 Actual on a Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis
Revenues: Grants and contributions	\$ 350,087	\$ 29,000	\$ (321,087)	\$ -
Interest, rents, and other		92,881	92,881	79,427
Total revenues	350,087	121,881	(228,206)	79,427
Expenditures: Capital outlay:				
Materials, supplies, and services	11,646,736	3,340,197	(8,306,539)	-
Capital outlay	1,964,450	2,463	(1,961,987)	1,487,630
Total capital outlay	13,611,186	3,342,660	(10,268,526)	1,487,630
Debt service - interest				1,689
Total expenditures	13,611,186	3,342,660	(10,268,526)	1,489,319
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(13,261,099)	(3,220,779)	10,040,320	(1,409,892)
Other financing sources:				
Sales and excise tax revenue bonds issued	13,550,000	13,550,000	-	-
Transfers out	(604,421)	(604,421)		(10,000,000)
Total other financing sources	12,945,579	12,945,579		(10,000,000)
Net change in fund balances	(315,520)	9,724,800	10,040,320	(11,409,892)
Fund balances - beginning Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year	314,971	252,736 129,212	(62,235) 129,212	11,662,628
Fund balances - ending	\$ (549)	\$ 10,106,748	\$ 10,107,297	\$ 252,736

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Midvale Senior Center Capital Projects Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

				2017				2016
	Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget		Bu	tual on a dgetary Basis
Revenues:	<u> </u>							
Grants and contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,550
Interest, rents, and other								15,226
Total revenues		-		-		-		21,776
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay:								
Materials, supplies, and services		-		-		-		14,677
Capital outlay								3,406
Total capital outlay		-		-		-		18,083
Debt service - interest								1,399
Total expenditures								19,482
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		-		-		2,294
Other financing sources:								
Transfers out		(35,840)		(35,840)				
Total other financing sources		(35,840)		(35,840)				-
Net change in fund balances		(35,840)		(35,840)		-		2,294
Fund balances - beginning		35,840		35,840		-		33,408
Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year								138
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	35,840

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Parks and Public Works Capital Projects Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

			2016					
	Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget			tual on a idgetary Basis
Revenues:								
Interest, rents, and other	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	97,095
Total revenues		-		-		-		97,095
Expenditures: Capital outlay: Parks and public works operations								27.092
Materials, supplies, and services Capital outlay		-		-		-		27,983 661,026
Total expenditures - capital outlay		-		-		-		689,009
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		-		-		(591,914)
Other financing sources: Transfers in Transfers out		(352,910)		(352,910)		<u>-</u>		500,000
Total other financing sources		(352,910)		(352,910)				500,000
Net change in fund balances		(352,910)		(352,910)		-		(91,914)
Fund balances - beginning Prior year encumbrances canceled during the year		352,910		304,768 48,142		(48,142) 48,142		396,682
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$		\$		\$	304,768

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Capitol Theatre Capital Projects Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

				2017				2016
	Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis	
Revenues:								
Grants and contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	333,334
Interest, rents, and other				28,833		28,833		57,483
Total revenues		-		28,833		28,833		390,817
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay:								
Materials, supplies, and services		-		-		-		13,403
Capital outlay		30,000		29,793		207		3,156
Total capital outlay		30,000		29,793		207		16,559
Debt service - interest								3,580
Total expenditures		30,000		29,793		207		20,139
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures / net change in fund balances		(30,000)		(960)		29,040		370,678
Fund balances - beginning		2,665,816		8,212,890		5,547,074		7,842,212
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,635,816	\$	8,211,930	\$	5,576,114	\$	8,212,890

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Parks and Recreation General Obligation Bonds Projects Capital Projects Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

	_	2017 Actual on a Final Budgetary Variance Wi Budget Basis Final Budge								
Revenues:										
Interest, rents, and other	\$	<u> </u>	\$	346,513	\$	346,513	\$			
Total revenues		-		346,513		346,513		-		
Expenditures:										
Capital outlay:										
Materials, supplies, and services		13,919,392		9,587,156		4,332,236		-		
Capital outlay		76,508,898		18,797,231		57,711,667				
Total capital outlay		90,428,290		28,384,387		62,043,903		-		
Debt service - interest				27		(27)		-		
Total expenditures		90,428,290		28,384,414		62,043,876				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(90,428,290)		(28,037,901)		62,390,389		-		
Other financing sources (uses):										
General obligation bonds issued		83,715,099		39,125,000		(44,590,099)		-		
Premium on bond proceeds		6,713,191		6,713,192		11				
Total other financing sources (uses)		90,428,290		45,838,192		(44,590,098)				
Net change in fund balances		-		17,800,291		17,800,291		-		
Fund balances - beginning										
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	17,800,291	\$	17,800,291	\$	_		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Boyce Pet Adoption Endowment Permanent Fund

Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		Final	Bu	2017 tual on a dgetary		ance With	Actual on a Budgetary Basis		
Revenues:	<u>-</u>	Budget		Basis	FIII	al Budget		Dasis	
Interest, rents, and other	\$	5,000	\$	18,160	\$	13,160	\$	14,848	
Total revenues		5,000		18,160		13,160		14,848	
Fund balances - beginning				53,022		53,022		38,174	
Fund balances - ending	\$	5,000	\$	71,182	\$	66,182	\$	53,022	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Millcreek Fireflow Special Improvement District Debt Service Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

				2017			2016
		Final Budget		etual on a udgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget		etual on a udgetary Basis
Revenues:					_		
Special assessments Interest, rents, and other	\$	5,000 2,100	\$	2,591 8,747	\$	(2,409) 6,647	\$ 7,966 6,808
interest, rems, and other	-	2,100		0,747		0,047	 0,000
Total revenues		7,100		11,338		4,238	14,774
Expenditures:							
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		-		-		-	145,000
Interest		-		-		-	2,991
Other charges		36,350		12,812		23,538	 22,705
Total expenditures - debt service		36,350		12,812		23,538	170,696
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures/net change in fund balances		(29,250)		(1,474)		27,776	(155,922)
Fund balances - beginning		799,396		799,396		_	955,318
Fund balances - ending	\$	770,146	\$	797,922	\$	27,776	\$ 799,396

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Municipal Building Authority Debt Service Fund Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		2016						
	_	Final Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget			Actual on a Budgetary Basis
Revenues:	•	1 201 405	•	1.455.060	Φ.	152.554	•	1 425 0 45
Interest, rents, and other	\$	1,301,495	\$	1,455,069	\$	153,574	\$	1,425,845
Expenditures:								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		3,855,000		3,724,826		130,174		3,675,000
Interest		3,272,186		3,215,990		56,196		3,512,131
Other charges		20,000				20,000		
Total expenditures - debt service		7,147,186		6,940,816		206,370		7,187,131
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(5,845,691)		(5,485,747)		359,944		(5,761,286)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		5,901,888		5,693,200		(208,688)		5,914,376
Transfers out		(208,688)				208,688		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,693,200		5,693,200				5,914,376
Net change in fund balances		(152,491)		207,453		359,944		153,090
Fund balances - beginning		11,548,241		11,548,241				11,395,151
Fund balances - ending	\$	11,395,750	\$	11,755,694	\$	359,944	\$	11,548,241

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis State Transportation Debt Service Fund

Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

			2016				
	Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget		ctual on a Judgetary Basis
Revenues:					•		
Sales taxes Interest, rents, and other	\$	7,286,164 740,480	\$	7,271,549 752,438	\$	(14,615) 11,958	\$ 7,019,598 748,177
Total revenues		8,026,644		8,023,987		(2,657)	7,767,775
Expenditures:							
Debt service:							
Principal		5,200,000		5,200,000		-	4,705,000
Interest		2,821,644		2,821,643		1	3,056,893
Other charges		5,000		-		5,000	 -
Total expenditures - debt service		8,026,644		8,021,643		5,001	 7,761,893
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures / net change in fund balances		-		2,344		2,344	5,882
Fund balances - beginning		272,688		272,688			 266,806
Fund balances - ending	\$	272,688	\$	275,032	\$	2,344	\$ 272,688

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis 2014 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund

Years Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		2016						
	Final Budget		Actual on a Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget			ctual on a udgetary Basis
Revenues:								
Interest, rents, and other	\$	500	\$	27,224	\$	26,724	\$	5,531
Total revenues		500		27,224		26,724		5,531
Expenditures:								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		1,008,051		1,008,051		-		960,000
Interest		1,043,919		1,043,918		1		1,148,306
Other charges		20,000				20,000		
Total expenditures - debt service		2,071,970		2,051,969		20,001		2,108,306
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,071,470)		(2,024,745)		46,725		(2,102,775)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		8,270,000		8,270,000		-		2,000,000
Transfers out		(5,770,000)		(5,770,000)		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,500,000		2,500,000		-		2,000,000
Net change in fund balances		428,530		475,255		46,725		(102,775)
Fund balances - beginning		1,202,403		1,202,403				1,305,178
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,630,933	\$	1,677,658	\$	46,725	\$	1,202,403

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Internal Service Funds

- Fleet Management Fund—to account for fleet maintenance services provided to County agencies.
- Facilities Services Fund—to account for the management of those county-owned facilities under centralized management.
- Employee Service Reserve Fund—to account for monies received, expended, and accumulated by the County to provide for employee medical and dental insurance, worker's compensation claims, and other benefits.

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2017

	Fleet Management	Facilities Services	Employee Service Reserve	Total
Assets: Current assets:				
Cash and investments:				
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 22,632,841	\$ 3,379,273	\$ 21,964,596	\$ 47,976,710
Restricted cash and investments	15,830	-	-	15,830
Other cash	103,000	1,000	6,589	110,589
Receivables:				
Accounts	752,263	2,453	400,723	1,155,439
Interest, rents, and other	7	67,699	563,567	631,273
Inventories and prepaid items		231,265	1,276,161	1,507,426
Total current assets	23,503,941	3,681,690	24,211,636	51,397,267
Noncurrent assets:				
Net pension asset	703	1,168	46	1,917
Capital assets:				
Buildings	9,959,169	-	114,436	10,073,605
Improvements other than buildings	737,665		-	737,665
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	41,993,709	2,531,741	100,705	44,626,155
Accumulated depreciation	(22,027,209)	(2,393,133)	(93,609)	(24,513,951)
Net capital assets	30,663,334	138,608	121,532	30,923,474
Total noncurrent assets	30,664,037	139,776	121,578	30,925,391
Total assets	54,167,978	3,821,466	24,333,214	82,322,658
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Related to pensions	993,599	1,650,425	65,122	2,709,146
Related to OPEB	38,670	62,281	2,492	103,443
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,032,269	1,712,706	67,614	2,812,589
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	784,186	1,005,896	1,583,152	3,373,234
Accrued expenses	161,768	237,228	1,715,182	2,114,178
Accrued interest	60,818	10,145	-	70,963
Due to other funds	9 271 564	-	-	271.564
Sales tax revenue bonds payable Notes payable	371,564	228,406	-	371,564 228,406
Compensated absences	136,709	196,251	8,893	341,853
Claims and judgments payable	130,709	190,231	4,679,794	4,679,794
	4.515.054	1 (55.00)		
Total current liabilities	1,515,054	1,677,926	7,987,021	11,180,001
Noncurrent liabilities: Sales tax revenue bonds payable	7,997,533			7,997,533
Compensated absences	136,709	196,251	8,893	341,853
Claims and judgments payable	130,709	190,231	4,155,699	4,155,699
Net pension liability	1,455,255	2,417,262	95,380	3,967,897
Net OPEB obligation	1,234,835	1,988,795	79,581	3,303,211
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,824,332	4,602,308	4,339,553	19,766,193
Total liabilities	12,339,386	6,280,234	12,326,574	30,946,194
Deferred inflows of resources:	245 (0)	407.065	16.007	((0,((0
Related to pensions Related to OPEB	245,606 85,655	407,965 137,953	16,097 5,521	669,668 229,129
Total deferred inflows of resources	331,261	545,918	21,618	898,797
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	22,310,067	138,608	121,532	22,570,207
Unrestricted	20,219,533	(1,430,588)	11,931,104	30,720,049
Total net position	\$ 42,529,600	\$ (1,291,980)	\$ 12,052,636	\$ 53,290,256

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Internal Service Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2017

	N	Fleet Ianagement	Facilities Services	Employee Service Reserve	Total
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	8,547,645	\$ 764,898	\$ 93,049	\$ 9,405,592
Interfund charges		10,503,987	15,969,296	5,810,660	32,283,943
Health and life insurance premiums				 39,411,351	 39,411,351
Total operating revenues		19,051,632	16,734,194	45,315,060	81,100,886
Operating expenses:					
Salaries, wages, and benefits		3,590,472	5,718,373	1,480,725	10,789,570
Materials, supplies, and services		8,897,389	9,565,222	43,263,773	61,726,384
Capital purchases		13,745	-	_	13,745
Indirect costs		519,755	709,839	1,752,420	2,982,014
Depreciation		3,550,858	 66,588	 15,857	 3,633,303
Total operating expenses		16,572,219	16,060,022	46,512,775	79,145,016
Operating income (loss)		2,479,413	674,172	(1,197,715)	1,955,870
Nonoperating income (expense):					
Interest, rents, and other		606,850	307,074	318,093	1,232,017
Grants and contributions		4,583	19,354	-	23,937
Interest expense		(377,615)	(16,875)	-	(394,490)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		(19,052)	-	_	(19,052)
Contribution to other fund			 	 	
Total nonoperating income (expense)		214,766	 309,553	 318,093	 842,412
Income (loss) before transfers		2,694,179	983,725	(879,622)	2,798,282
Transfers in		993	-	-	993
Transfers out		(21,730)	(640,793)	 _	 (662,523)
Change in net position		2,673,442	342,932	(879,622)	2,136,752
Net position - beginning		40,516,754	(637,273)	12,891,413	52,770,894
Restatement		(660,596)	(997,639)	40,845	(1,617,390)
Net position - ending	\$	42,529,600	\$ (1,291,980)	\$ 12,052,636	\$ 53,290,256

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Ma	Fleet nagement		Facilities Services		Employee Service Reserve		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Receipts from customers and users	\$	_	\$	_	\$	39,411,351	\$	39,411,351
Intergovernmental receipts		19,475,489	Ψ	16,766,924	Ψ	5,531,995	Ψ	41,774,408
Payments to suppliers		(8,935,343)		(9,063,248)		(43,164,723)		(61,163,314)
Payments to employees		(3,534,690)		(5,695,584)		(1,899,997)		(11,130,271)
Intergovernmental payments		(527,629)		(709,839)		(1,752,420)		(2,989,888)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		6,477,827		1,298,253		(1,873,794)		5,902,286
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Principal paid on notes payable				(221,775)				(221,775)
Receipts from grantors		4,583		19,354		-		23,937
Transfers in		993		-		_		993
Transfers out		(21,730)		(640,793)		_		(662,523)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital activities		(16,154)		(843,214)			_	(859,368)
• • • •		(10,134)		(043,214)				(037,300)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		(1 001 102)		(50 A20)		(10 467)		(1.050.077)
Payments for acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt		(1,881,182) (365,619)		(58,428)		(18,467)		(1,958,077) (365,619)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		325,410		-		-		325,410
Interest paid on capital debt		(379,117)		(13,460)		-		(392,577)
• •						(19.467)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(2,300,508)		(71,888)		(18,467)		(2,390,863)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Interest, rents, and other revenue received		606,850		307,074		318,093		1,232,017
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		4,768,015		690,225		(1,574,168)		3,884,072
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		17,983,656		2,690,048	_	23,545,353		44,219,057
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	22,751,671	\$	3,380,273	\$	21,971,185	\$	48,103,129
Displayed on combining statement of net position as:								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	22,632,841	\$	3,379,273	\$	21,964,596	\$	47,976,710
Restricted cash and investments	•	15,830	•	-		-	•	15,830
Other cash		103,000		1,000		6,589		110,589
	\$	22,751,671	\$	3,380,273	\$	21,971,185	\$	48,103,129
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating								
activities:								
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by	\$ y	2,479,413	\$	674,172	\$	(1,197,715)	\$	1,955,870
operating activities: Depreciation expense		3,550,858		66,588		15,857		3,633,303
Change in assets and liabilities:		3,330,636		00,388		13,637		3,033,303
Accounts receivable		423,835		4,346		(186,700)		241,481
Other receivables		22		28,384		(185,014)		(156,608)
Inventories and prepaid items		-		225,504		(700,264)		(474,760)
Accounts payable		(24,209)		276,470		799,314		1,051,575
Accrued expenses		(109,171)		(197,908)		1,178,109		871,030
Due to other funds		(7,874)		-		-		(7,874)
Compensated absences payable		9,405		(10,923)		(1,794)		(3,312)
Claims and judgments payable		-		-		(1,599,371)		(1,599,371)
Net pension asset, net pension liability, and related deferrals		101,095		143,919		275		245,289
Net OPEB obligation and related deferrals		54,453		87,701		3,509		145,663
Total adjustments		3,998,414		624,081		(676,079)		3,946,416
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	6,477,827	\$	1,298,253	\$	(1,873,794)	\$	5,902,286
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities								
None	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

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Agency Funds

- Criminal Justice Agency Fund—to account for monies received by the County on behalf of individuals involved in various stages of the criminal justice process.
- Treasurer's Tax Collection Agency Fund—to account for the collection of real and personal property and other taxes for other governments and the disbursement of those taxes to those other governments.
- Special Deposits Agency Fund—to account for deposits held for outside parties related to construction and development costs. These include subdivision guarantee and performance bonds; storm drain impact fee deposits; and curb, gutter, and sidewalk construction deposits.
- Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste Management Facility Agency Fund—to account for deposits held for Salt Lake Valley Waste
 Management Facility, also known as the City/County Landfill, in which Salt Lake City and the County each have an equal
 interest. The joint venture provides solid waste management and disposal services. The County provides accounting and
 operational services for the City/County Landfill.
- Utah Performing Arts Center Agency Fund—to account for deposits held for UPACA, a joint venture in which the County
 has a 25% equity interest and Salt Lake City/Redevelopment Agency of Salt Lake City has a 75% equity interest. UPACA
 owns and manages the Eccles Theater in downtown Salt Lake City. The County provides accounting and operational
 services for UPACA.
- Municipal Services District Agency Fund—to account for deposits held for the Municipal Services District (MSD), a related entity, and five metro townships served by MSD. The County provides contracted public works and other various services to the MSD.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds December 31, 2017

	Criminal Justice ency Fund	Treasurer's Tax Collection Agency Fund	Special Deposits Agency Fund	Salt Lake Valley Solid Waste Management Facility Agency Fund	Utah Performing Arts Center (Eccles Theater) Agency Fund	Municipal Services District (MSD) Agency Fund	Total
ASSETS							
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 714,842	\$48,611,045	\$ 2,110,042	\$23,963,565	\$ 5,932,925	\$23,727,706	\$105,060,125
LIABILITIES							
Due to other governments and others	\$ 714,842	\$48,611,045	\$ 2,110,042	\$23,963,565	\$ 5,932,925	\$23,727,706	\$105,060,125

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Balance at December 31, 2016		Additions			Deletions	Balance at December 31, 2017		
CRIMINAL JUSTICE AGENCY FUND Assets - pooled cash and investments	\$	719,283	\$	5,690,095	\$	(5,694,536)	\$	714,842	
Liabilities	\$	719,283	\$	5,690,095	\$	(5,694,536)	\$	714,842	
TREASURER'S TAX COLLECTION AGE Assets - pooled cash and investments	NCY \$	FUND 28,950,326	\$ 1	,042,216,501	\$ (1,022,555,782)	\$	48,611,045	
Liabilities	\$	28,950,326	\$ 1,042,216,501		\$ (1,022,555,782)	\$	48,611,045	
SPECIAL DEPOSITS AGENCY FUND Assets - pooled cash and investments	\$	2,320,030	\$	199,682	\$	(409,670)	\$	2,110,042	
Liabilities	\$	2,320,030	\$	199,682	\$	(409,670)	\$	2,110,042	
SALT LAKE VALLEY SOLID WASTE MA Assets - pooled cash and investments Liabilities	\$ \$ \$	GEMENT FAC 16,399,957 16,399,957	ILIT \$ \$ \$	Y AGENCY F 21,382,002 21,382,002	UND \$ \$	(13,818,394)	\$	23,963,565	
UTAH PERFORMING ARTS CENTER (Ed Assets - pooled cash and investments	CCLI \$	E S THEATER) 5,980,670	AGI \$	ENCY FUND 1,320,741	\$	(1,368,486)	\$	5,932,925	
Liabilities	\$	5,980,670	\$	1,320,741	\$	(1,368,486)	\$	5,932,925	
MUNICIPAL SERVICE DISTRICT AGEN Assets - pooled cash and investments	\$	UND -	\$	50,058,350	\$	(26,330,644)	\$	23,727,706	
Liabilities	\$		\$	50,058,350	\$	(26,330,644)	\$	23,727,706	
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS Assets - pooled cash and investments	\$	54,370,266	\$ 1	,120,867,371	\$ (1,043,846,868)	\$	105,060,125	
Liabilities	\$	54,370,266	\$ 1	,120,867,371	\$ (1,043,846,868)	\$	105,060,125	

Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed—Year Ended December 31, 2017

This schedule is presented to comply with property tax reporting requirements of the State. The "taxes collected" column represents collection of current year real and personal property taxes, which excludes collection of prior year taxes, miscellaneous taxes, and tax equivalent payments and payments of refunds and to redevelopment agencies. These amounts, therefore, differ from tax revenues shown in the basic financial statements.

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed
Year Ended December 31, 2017

Taxing Entities	Year-end Taxable Value	2017 Tax Rate (1)	Taxes Charged
County Funds: General Fund	\$ 98,958,729,367	0.001602	\$ 158,488,295
Government Immunity	98,958,729,367	0.001002	1,886,662
Salt Lake County Municipal Type Services	70,730,727,307	0.000017	1,000,002
Unincorporated	4,578,765,433	0.000065	298,585
Flood Control	98,958,729,367	0.000059	5,836,293
County Assessing & Collecting	98,958,729,367	0.000245	24,229,725
Multi County Assessing & Collecting	98,958,729,367	0.000010	996,033
Salt Lake County Library	68,455,575,313	0.000613	41,994,695
Health Services	98,958,729,367	0.000131	12,916,201
Clark Planetarium	98,958,729,367	0.000040	3,958,349
Capital Improvement Debt Service	98,958,729,367 98,958,729,367	0.000064 0.000332	6,359,142
Total County funds	98,938,729,307	0.000332	32,881,983 289,845,961
•			209,043,901
School Districts: Salt Lake City - Debt Service, Voted, Board	25,720,990,842	0.004059	104,411,852
Salt Lake City - Debt Service, Voted, Board Salt Lake City - Basic	25,720,990,842	0.004039	40,597,642
Salt Lake City - Basic Salt Lake City - Capital	25,720,990,842	0.0001578	1,497,918
Salt Lake City - Charter School	25,720,990,842	0.000094	2,415,344
	26.055.610.062	0.005025	125 520 (12
Granite - Debt Service, Voted, Board Granite - Basic	26,955,610,963	0.005035	135,728,613
Granite - Basic Granite - Capital	26,955,610,963 26,955,610,963	0.001574 0.000035	42,432,689
Granite - Capital Granite - Charter School	26,955,610,963	0.000118	932,471 3,175,187
Grance Charles School	20,755,010,705	0.000110	3,173,107
Murray City - Debt Service, Voted, Board	3,882,561,549	0.004528	17,581,204
Murray City - Basic	3,882,561,549	0.001575	6,113,537
Murray City - Capital	3,882,561,549	0.000037	144,002
Murray City - Charter School	3,882,561,549	0.000052	200,341
Jordan - Debt Service, Voted, Board	21,024,109,638	0.004682	98,430,814
Jordan - Basic	21,024,109,638	0.001574	33,098,839
Jordan - Capital	21,024,109,638	0.000035	745,992
Jordan - Charter School	21,024,109,638	0.000161	3,382,515
Canyons - Debt Service, Voted, Board	21,375,456,376	0.004743	101,389,333
Canyons - Basic	21,375,456,376	0.001573	33,614,278
Canyons - Capital	21,375,456,376	0.000026	547,079
Canyons - Former Jordan Debt Service	20,828,413,122	0.000682	14,196,458
Canyons - Charter School	21,375,456,376	0.000099	2,107,757
Total school districts			642,743,865
Cities and Towns:			
Alta	298,227,431	0.001163	346,735
Bluffdale Cottonwood Heights	1,157,638,588	0.001717	1,987,174
Draper	3,487,907,109 5,400,634,535	0.001983 0.001465	6,916,654 7,914,446
Herriman	2,136,394,981	0.000326	696,733
Holladay	3,463,598,881	0.001381	4,781,586
Midvale	2,448,267,189	0.001313	3,215,596
Millcreek City	4,810,749,721	0.000068	327,131
Murray	4,778,681,584	0.001421	6,788,568
Murray City Library	4,778,681,584	0.000345	1,650,362
Riverton	2,748,129,977	-	-
Salt Lake	25,724,472,470	0.004312	110,931,658
Salt Lake City Library Sandy	25,724,472,470	0.000821	21,132,153
Sandy South Jordan	8,380,780,233 6,360,484,181	0.001233 0.001905	10,331,022 12,113,735
South Soldan South Salt Lake	2,475,240,311	0.001903	5,084,777
Taylorsville	3,117,379,720	0.001094	3,409,766
West Jordan	6,941,334,915	0.001988	13,798,172
West Valley	7,958,931,290	0.004160	33,110,007
Total cities and towns			244,536,276
		roperty and prior	

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year tax rate on personal property.

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2017

Taxing Entities	Unpaid Taxes	Abatements	reasurer's Relief Other	Total
	_			
County Funds:	0.504.504	012.626	01.124	ф 2.400.744
General Fund	\$ 2,504,794	\$ 912,626	\$ 81,124	\$ 3,498,544
Government Immunity	29,800	10,858	965	41,623
Salt Lake County Municipal Type Services Unincorporated	2,548	606	(22)	3,121
Flood Control	2,348 90,969	33,145	(33) 2,946	127,061
County Assessing & Collecting	382,699	139,437	12,395	534,530
Multi County Assessing & Collecting	15,684	5,715	508	21,907
Salt Lake County Library	630,294	286,707	22,470	939,470
Health Services	203,897	74,290	6,604	284,791
Clark Planetarium	62,737	22,859	2,032	87,628
Capital Improvement	100,380	36,574	3,251	140,205
Debt Service	517,584	188,583	16,763	722,930
Total County funds	4,541,387	1,711,398	149,025	6,401,810
School Districts:				
Salt Lake City - Debt Service, Voted, Board	1,840,232	305,364	61,181	2,206,777
Salt Lake City - Basic	707,920	117,471	23,536	848,927
Salt Lake City - Capital	-	-	259,680	259,680
Salt Lake City - Charter School	46,954	7,791	1,561	56,306
Granite - Debt Service, Voted, Board	2,160,884	1,043,526	64,144	3,268,554
Granite - Basic	666,195	321,716	19,776	1,007,687
Granite - Capital	· -	-	(38,789)	(38,789
Granite - Charter School	53,109	25,647	1,576	80,332
Murray City - Debt Service, Voted, Board	348,551	88,436	(4,057)	432,931
Murray City - Basic	119,800	30,396	(1,394)	148,802
Murray City - Capital	· -	-	6,383	6,383
Murray City - Charter School	4,202	1,066	(49)	5,219
Jordan - Debt Service, Voted, Board	1,330,101	705,633	113,204	2,148,937
Jordan - Basic	445,165	236,165	37,888	719,217
Jordan - Capital	-	-	(44,454)	(44,454
Jordan - Charter School	48,548	25,755	4,132	78,435
Canyons - Debt Service, Voted, Board	1,581,922	578,684	(467)	2,160,138
Canyons - Basic	520,229	190,305	(154)	710,381
Canyons - Capital	-	-	(182,820)	(182,820
Canyons - Former Jordan Debt Service	224,586	81,877	(77)	306,386
Canyons - Charter School	34,173	12,501	(10)	46,664
Total school districts	10,132,571	3,772,334	320,789	14,225,694
Cities and Towns:				
Alta	5,611	-	-	5,611
Bluffdale	57,741	7,027	(33)	64,735
Cottonwood Heights	106,261	39,336	566	146,163
Draper	148,803	25,551	(3,863)	170,491
Herriman	13,771	6,762	(1)	20,532
Holladay	75,599	24,563	107	100,268
Midvale	47,223	19,292	3,904	70,420
Millcreek City	6,233	2,459	-	8,691
Murray	122,997	39,720	(1,312)	161,404
Murray City Library	29,902	9,656	(319)	39,239
Riverton	-	-	-	-
Salt Lake	1,935,653	321,097	64,333	2,321,083
Salt Lake City Library	376,653	62,481	12,518	451,653
Sandy	132,297	71,932	(876)	203,352
South Jordan	130,490	71,442	45,059	246,991
South Salt Lake	101,108	17,470	2,008	120,586
Taylorsville	41,920	35,481	1,765	79,166
West Jordan West Valley	176,416 480,120.16	117,338 275,260.80	911 43,222.44	294,665 798,603

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2017

Taxing Entities	Taxes Collected	Collection Percentage (2)	Tax Equivalent Payments	Miscellaneous	Prior Years Taxes
County Funds:					
General Fund	\$ 154,989,750	98.4096%	\$ 8,556,307	\$ 1,489,544	\$ 2,833,888
Government Immunity	1,845,038	98.4105%	101,797	17,644	34,508
Salt Lake County Municipal Type Services	1,015,050	70.110570	101,777	17,011	51,500
Unincorporated	295,464	99.1451%	4,370	32,782	14,218
Flood Control	5,709,232	98.4316%	310,749	90,750	130,068
County Assessing & Collecting	23,695,195	98.4106%	1,307,288	225,761	432,116
Multi County Assessing & Collecting	974,126	98.4154%	53,577	9,116	33,537
Salt Lake County Library	41,055,225	98.4880%	2,472,089	432,242	711,292
Health Services	12,631,410	98.4114%	696,506	124,507	239,008
Clark Planetarium	3,870,721	98.4050%	214,310	19,005	67,424
Capital Improvement	6,218,937	98.4115%	342,895	62,088	118,126
Debt Service	32,159,052	98.4160%	1,768,054	210,004	706,361
Total County funds	283,444,152		15,827,942	2,713,445	5,320,547
School Districts:					
Salt Lake City - Debt Service, Voted, Board	102,205,075	98.2313%	4,120,218	862,011	2,024,650
Salt Lake City - Basic	39,748,716	98.2502%	1,585,010	315,114	837,735
Salt Lake City - Capital	1,238,238	100.0000%	-	14,634	303,508
Salt Lake City - Charter School	2,359,038	98.0485%	105,128	22,046	10
Granite - Debt Service, Voted, Board	132,460,059	98.3948%	7,725,449	1,334,576	2,060,283
Granite - Basic	41,425,002	98.4173%	2,381,735	(184,214)	778,593
Granite - Capital	971,260	100.0000%	-	(124,485)	281,994
Granite - Charter School	3,094,855	98.3129%	189,870	18,415	147
Murray City - Debt Service, Voted, Board	17,148,273	98.0079%	1,105,946	137,455	373,695
Murray City - Basic	5,964,735	98.0311%	380,123	40,710	148,133
Murray City - Capital	137,619	100.0000%	-	(11,667)	53,383
Murray City - Charter School	195,121	97.8918%	13,333	1,432	-
Jordan - Debt Service, Voted, Board	96,281,877	98.6374%	6,317,370	2,022,889	1,392,688
Jordan - Basic	32,379,622	98.6438%	2,114,330	620,935	498,957
Jordan - Capital	790,446	100.0000%	-	(31,038)	179,962
Jordan - Charter School	3,304,080	98.5519%	230,581	66,270	7
Canyons - Debt Service, Voted, Board	99,229,195	98.4308%	5,898,376	1,494,408	1,386,668
Canyons - Basic	32,903,897	98.4436%	1,939,734	(200,995)	530,593
Canyons - Capital	729,898	100.0000%	-	(176,710)	191,462
Canyons - Former Jordan Debt Service	13,890,072	98.4088%	834,507	117,177	260,567
Canyons - Charter School	2,061,093	98.3690%	127,419	21,707	46
Total school districts	628,518,170		35,069,130	6,360,671	11,303,081
Cities and Towns:	241 124	00 20100/	1.027	4.729	4.216
Alta Bluffdale	341,124	98.3818%	1,937	4,738	4,216
	1,922,438	97.0840%	142,354	121,080	61,744
Cottonwood Heights Draper	6,770,490	98.4548%	344,378	145,994	97,223 157,656
Herriman	7,743,955	98.1147%	395,242	120,401	14,840
Holladay	676,201 4,681,318	98.0041% 98.4108%	50,498 241,532	45,856 52,084	133,274
-					
Midvale Millcreek City	3,145,177 318,440	98.5208% 98.0803%	314,873 16,397	54,149 2,347	33,737 1
Murray	6,627,164	98.1779%	433,692	82,438	156,665
Murray City Library	1,611,124	98.1779%	105,435	10,006	38,098
Riverton	1,011,124	70.17770	105,755	1,355	-
Salt Lake	108,610,575	98.2490%	4,336,917	1,714,708	2,350,652
Salt Lake City Library	20,680,501	98.2113%	843,908	168,434	366,588
Sandy	10,127,670	98.7106%	617,735	118,425	156,596
South Jordan	11,866,744	98.9123%	740,004	244,250	141,025
South Salt Lake	4,964,191	98.0039%	239,764	19,234	163,167
Taylorsville	3,330,601	98.7570%	252,831	22,033	54,192
West Jordan	13,503,507	98.7104%	1,037,625	144,129	205,578
West Valley	32,311,404	98.5358%	1,935,041	153,367	357,052
Total cities and towns	239,232,622		12,050,161	3,225,027	4,492,302

⁽²⁾ Taxes collected divided by the difference of taxes charged less abatements and other relief.

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2017

Taxing Entities	Delinquent Interest/Penalties	Redevelopment Agency Paid	Refunds on Prior Year Collections	Re-allocation of Personal Property	Total Collections
County Funda					
County Funds: General Fund	\$ 1,864,685	\$ 10,370,896	\$ 2,288,475	\$ (74,505)	\$ 157,000,300
Government Immunity	\$ 1,804,083		\$ 2,288,473 27,227		
Salt Lake County Municipal Type Services	-	123,386	21,221	(1,964)	1,846,41
2 1 21	671		17.247	(1.045)	220.11
Unincorporated	671	276 651	17,347	(1,045)	329,114
Flood Control	10.574	376,651	83,113	(83,006)	5,698,030
County Assessing & Collecting	18,574	587,489	349,648	(26,241)	24,715,550
Multi County Assessing & Collecting	2,891	29,733	14,330	(4,087)	1,025,09
Salt Lake County Library	34,071	2,349,771	674,017	(41,696)	41,639,43
Health Services	-	844,218	186,288	(20,902)	12,640,02
Clark Planetarium	-	259,759	57,319	9,435	3,863,81
Capital Improvement	-	415,615	91,711	(10,687)	6,224,03
Debt Service		2,236,568	472,885	(147,762)	31,986,25
Total County funds	1,920,892	17,594,086	4,262,360	(402,458)	286,968,07
School Districts:					
Salt Lake City - Debt Service, Voted, Board	91,006	8,642,633	1,287,645	966,158	100,338,83
Salt Lake City - Basic	35,336	4,312,275	495,345	(59,684)	37,654,60
Salt Lake City - Capital	9,919		-	(1,497,918)	68,38
Salt Lake City - Charter School	571	220,519	32,855	273,398	2,506,81
Granite - Debt Service, Voted, Board	113,747	3,474,445	4,116,227	1,359,088	137,462,52
Granite - Basic	39,050	1,361,177	1,269,022	(168,922)	41,641,04
Granite - Capital	11,780	-	-	(932,471)	208,07
Granite - Charter School	587	85,392	101,166	194,055	3,311,37
Murray City - Debt Service, Voted, Board	13,910	1,105,266	59,726	169,915	17,784,20
Murray City - Basic	5,179	418,776	20,528	(12,319)	6,087,25
Murray City - Capital	1,529	410,770	20,320	(144,002)	36,86
Murray City - Charter School	34	13,325	720	13,669	209,54
Jordan - Debt Service, Voted, Board	61,513	9,430,213	949,780	392,280	96,088,62
Jordan - Basic	21,258	3,202,981	317,877	(24,216)	32,090,02
Jordan - Capital	6,396	3,202,701	517,077	(745,992)	199,77
Jordan - Charter School	418	344,198	34,666	224,475	3,446,96
Canyons - Debt Service, Voted, Board	65,364	6,853,438	438,322	659,185	101,441,43
Canyons - Basic	23,065	2,427,569	144,146	(54,698)	32,569,88
Canyons - Capital	,	2,427,309	144,140		
	6,622	929.061	58.638	(547,079)	204,19 14,159,88
Canyons - Former Jordan Debt Service Canyons - Charter School	12,109	838,961	/	(56,950)	, ,
Total school districts	<u>333</u> 519,727	148,050 42,879,218	9,469	96,731 104,703	2,149,81
Total school districts	319,727	42,079,210	9,330,132	104,703	029,000,13
Cities and Towns: Alta	171		3,394	384	349,17
Bluffdale	3,501	503,857	3,261	41,022	1,785,02
Cottonwood Heights	4,600	5,209	31,372	(2,546)	7,323,55
_					
Draper	6,043	1,028,743	21,404	(17,008)	7,356,14
Herriman	521	58,539	781	(37)	728,55
Holladay	7,210	221,476	19,944	(2,167)	4,871,83
Midvale	1,578	584,627	7,631	(6,016)	2,951,24
Millcreek City	41	2,917	300	-	334,00
Murray	5,780	377,913	22,271	(14,701)	6,890,85
Murray City Library Riverton	1,406	91,874	5,414	(3,571)	1,665,20 1,35
Salt Lake	102,320	9,766,031	1,353,986	(109,535)	105,885,62
Salt Lake City Library	17,097	1,627,635	263,468	432,394	20,617,81
Sandy	7,434	1,143,320	58,919	(16,948)	9,808,67
South Jordan	6,590	2,311,115	40,341	30,592	10,677,75
South Salt Lake		47,645			
	8,568 2,953		5,433	(50,705)	5,291,14
Taylorsville West Jordan		18,045	18,347	(11,610)	3,614,60
West Jordan West Valley	9,081	598,640 2.745,540	48,952	(20,385)	14,231,94
West Valley	20,328	2,745,540	2,715,677	(76,840)	29,239,13
Total cities and towns	205,221	21,133,126	4,620,897	172,326	233,

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2017

Taxing Entities	Year-end Taxable Value	2017 Tax Rate (1)	 Taxes Charged
Other Taxing Entities:			
Central Utah Water Conservancy	\$ 98,958,729,367	0.000400	\$ 39,583,492
Jordan Valley Water Conservancy	45,281,147,970	0.000398	18,028,332
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy - SLC	25,724,472,470	0.000327	8,420,371
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy - Sandy	7,799,281,336	0.000348	2,715,680
Magna Mosquito Abatement	8,541,355,486	0.000050	425,407
Salt Lake City Mosquito Abatement	22,036,814,802	0.000161	3,547,662
South Salt Lake Valley Mosquito Abatemen	66,940,354,706	0.000017	1,141,457
Copperton Improvement	68,122,029	0.000951	64,793
Cottonwood Improvement	7,771,714,368	0.000189	1,470,706
Emigration Improvement	249,569,703	0.000872	217,607
Granger Hunter Improvemen	6,857,174,803	0.000565	3,876,902
Kearns Improvement	2,369,313,978	0.000646	1,530,737
Magna Water	1,302,728,161	0.002282	2,972,193
Mt. Olympus Improvement	9,916,355,897	0.000298	2,950,496
Midvalley Improvement	1,607,040,891	0.000774	1,243,755
South Valley Sewer	20,493,562,323	0.000317	6,491,666
Sandy Suburban Improvement	3,820,711,595	0.000761	2,905,933
Taylorsville Bennion Improvemen	3,283,096,571	0.000136	448,094
Oquirrh Recreation & Parks	3,019,377,104	0.001011	3,052,715
Cottonwood Heights Service Area	2,309,314,058	0.001066	2,460,822
Salt Lake County Service Area #3 - Snowbird	317,247,731	0.000098	31,190
Crescent Cemetery Maintenance	2,699,914,709	0.000035	94,978
Alta Canyon Recreation Special Service	1,921,034,806	0.000194	373,059
West Jordan Fairway Estates Special Service	7,636,985	0.001346	10,279
Traverse Ridge Special Service	134,002,530	0.000585	78,395
Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area	16,965,150,934	0.002031	34,449,523
Unified Fire Service Area	22,530,797,842	0.001814	 40,875,611
Total other taxing entities			 179,461,856
Total all taxing entities			\$ 1,356,587,958

⁽¹⁾ Represents a blended tax rate comprised of current year tax rate on real property and prior year tax rate on personal property.

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Auditor's and Treasurer's Relief										
Taxing Entities	Uı	npaid Taxes	A	batements		Other		Total			
Other Taxing Entities:											
Central Utah Water Conservancy	\$	627,375	\$	228,585	\$	20,319	\$	876,279			
Jordan Valley Water Conservancy		283,478		136,388		15,087		434,954			
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy - SLC		146,777		24,348		4,878		176,004			
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy - Sandy		34,448		18,642		(353)		52,737			
Magna Mosquito Abatement		5,283		2,778		(140)		7,920			
Salt Lake City Mosquito Abatement		66,071		11,913		2,406		80,390			
South Salt Lake Valley Mosquito Abatement		17,458		7,480		653		25,590			
Copperton Improvement		332		711		3		1,047			
Cottonwood Improvement		24,150		10,954		88		35,193			
Emigration Improvement		3,993		1,099		-		5,092			
Granger Hunter Improvement		59,140		34,306		5,836		99,283			
Kearns Improvement		20,078		16,420		7		36,505			
Magna Water		57,457		32,036		123		89,616			
Mt. Olympus Improvement		50,911		17,368		317		68,596			
Midvalley Improvement		20,153		11,320		27		31,500			
South Valley Sewer		101,160		38,922		6,313		146,396			
Sandy Suburban Improvement		41,425		16,697		2		58,124			
Taylorsville Bennion Improvement		5,499		4,756		220		10,475			
Oquirrh Recreation & Parks		34,256		29,791		297		64,344			
Cottonwood Heights Service Area		36,411		17,284		5		53,700			
Salt Lake County Service Area #3 - Snowbird		361		-		(1)		361			
Crescent Cemetery Maintenance		1,222		283		793		2,297			
Alta Canyon Recreation Special Service		4,229		4,238		58		8,525			
West Jordan Fairway Estates Special Service		1		137		-		138			
Traverse Ridge Special Service		1,298		916		-		2,213			
Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area		561,399		267,472		(913)		827,958			
Unified Fire Service Area		635,428		324,084	-	7,525		967,037			
Total other taxing entities		2,839,795		1,258,928		63,551		4,162,274			
Total all taxing entities	\$	21,502,550	\$	7,889,527	\$	701,354	\$	30,093,432			

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2017

Taxing Entities	Taxes Collected		Collection Percentage (2)	Tax Equivalent Payments		Miscellaneous		Prior Years Taxes	
Other Taxing Entities:									
Central Utah Water Conservancy	\$	38,707,213	98.4050%	\$	2,143,095	\$	372,102	\$	682,783
Jordan Valley Water Conservancy		17,593,378	98.4143%		1,195,607		236,117		265,196
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy - SLC		8,244,367	98.2508%		328,861		66,230		181,645
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy - Sandy		2,662,943	98.7229%		159,564		5,306		42,265
Magna Mosquito Abatement		417,487	98.7504%		21,817		1,563		3,800
Salt Lake City Mosquito Abatement		3,467,272	98.1301%		141,539		21,538		73,772
South Salt Lake Valley Mosquito Abatement		1,115,867	98.4596%		68,026		12,077		21,021
Copperton Improvement		63,747	99.4816%		2,968		103		321
Cottonwood Improvement		1,435,513	98.3455%		86,408		17,634		24,313
Emigration Improvement		212,515	98.1555%		7,953		3,256		3,233
Granger Hunter Improvement		3,777,620	98.4586%		244,464		(8,129)		71,104
Kearns Improvement		1,494,232	98.6741%		100,183		(2,829)		29,044
Magna Water		2,882,577	98.0457%		191,290		3,195		57,147
Mt. Olympus Improvement		2,881,900	98.2641%		148,282		24,180		74,667
Midvalley Improvement		1,212,255	98.3648%		173,278		3,794		15,775
South Valley Sewer		6,345,271	98.4308%		388,337		131,584		109,134
Sandy Suburban Improvement		2,847,809	98.5662%		150,224		5,561		58,616
Taylorsville Bennion Improvement		437,619	98.7591%		33,896		1,282		6,654
Oquirrh Recreation & Parks		2,988,371	98.8667%		189,922		(304)		40,131
Cottonwood Heights Service Area		2,407,122	98.5099%		147,793		37,453		29,113
Salt Lake County Service Area #3 - Snowbird		30,829	98.8414%		47		118		679
Crescent Cemetery Maintenance		92,681	98.6989%		3,673		(405)		758
Alta Canyon Recreation Special Service		364,534	98.8531%		30,276		1,316		5,290
West Jordan Fairway Estates Special Service		10,141	99.9942%		796		26		172
Traverse Ridge Special Service		76,181	98.3253%		5,820		169		654
Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area		33,621,565	98.3577%		1,753,821		502,468		572,327
Unified Fire Service Area		39,908,574	98.4327%		2,419,339		483,999		692,362
Total other taxing entities		175,299,582			10,137,280		1,919,406		3,061,977
Total all taxing entities	\$	1,326,494,526		\$	73,084,514	\$	14,218,549	\$	24,177,907

⁽²⁾ Taxes collected divided by the difference of taxes charged less abatements and other relief.

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Disbursed (Concluded)
Year Ended December 31, 2017

Taxing Entities		Delinquent terest/Penalties		levelopment gency Paid	Refunds on Prior Year Collections		Re -allocation of Personal Property		Total Collections	
Other Taxing Entities:										
Central Utah Water Conservancy	\$	31,691	\$	2,890,207	\$	573,194	\$	94,352	\$	38,567,835
Jordan Valley Water Conservancy		12,308		1,488,799		303,578		117,216		17,627,445
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy - SLC		7,991		810,078		102,670		(16,920)		7,899,426
Metro. Water Dist. of Salt Lake and Sandy - Sandy		2,059		255,997		16,529		(5,528)		2,594,084
Magna Mosquito Abatement		324		20,604		37,411		2,360		389,335
Salt Lake City Mosquito Abatement		2,761		253,409		47,399		(4,966)		3,401,108
South Salt Lake Valley Mosquito Abatement		960		71,019		6,551		(1,629)		1,138,751
Copperton Improvement		8		-		11		4		67,139
Cottonwood Improvement		1,148		15,860		4,471		(1,006)		1,543,680
Emigration Improvement		307		-		166		(9)		227,088
Granger Hunter Improvement		3,308		190,245		31,630		(23,557)		3,842,935
Kearns Improvement		2,127		206,206		29,544		(11,866)		1,375,141
Magna Water		2,561		175,777		41,301		6,728		2,926,420
Mt. Olympus Improvement		3,944		42,594		7,029		(5,220)		3,078,129
Midvalley Improvement		744		-		2,434		(652)		1,402,761
South Valley Sewer		4,673		937,231		38,459		(1,549)		6,001,759
Sandy Suburban Improvement		2,921		246,795		15,743		(3,806)		2,798,786
Taylorsville Bennion Improvement		321		3,284		2,289		(1,567)		472,633
Oquirrh Recreation & Parks		1,828		293,363		57,339		(17,883)		2,851,363
Cottonwood Heights Service Area		1,394		2,686		4,145		(515)		2,615,528
Salt Lake County Service Area #3 - Snowbird		27		-		631		(42)		31,028
Crescent Cemetery Maintenance		36		27,927		912		(245)		67,658
Alta Canyon Recreation Special Service		270		-		268		(240)		401,178
West Jordan Fairway Estates Special Service		5		-		-		-		11,141
Traverse Ridge Special Service		19		-		16		(2)		82,825
Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area		27,209		114,582		565,354		42,824		35,840,279
Unified Fire Service Area		32,547		1,273,732		544,960		(40,852)		41,677,279
Total other taxing entities		143,490		9,320,395		2,434,036		125,429		178,932,734
Total all taxing entities	\$	2,789,329	\$	90,926,825	\$	20,653,425	\$	-	\$	1,329,184,575

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Statistical Section

This part of Salt Lake County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Сc	ontents	<u>Page</u>
•	Financial Trends—these schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
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•	Demographic and Economic Information—these schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
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•	Operating Information—these schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	
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Net Position By Component

Last Ten Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010
Governmental activities:	 _		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 665,413,951	\$ 660,499,303	\$ 649,484,535
Restricted	142,314,016	127,010,582	120,580,246
Unrestricted	 56,346,427	45,650,912	81,670,879
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 864,074,394	\$ 833,160,797	\$ 851,735,660
Business-type activities:			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 26,025,023	\$ 25,954,854	\$ 35,408,364
Restricted	2,353,812	960,856	755,930
Unrestricted	 32,305,980	43,080,540	16,556,173
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 60,684,815	\$ 69,996,250	\$ 52,720,467
Total County:			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 691,438,974	\$ 686,454,157	\$ 684,892,899
Restricted	144,667,828	127,971,438	121,336,176
Unrestricted	 88,652,407	88,731,452	98,227,052
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 924,759,209	\$ 903,157,047	\$ 904,456,127

Source: Salt Lake County statements of net position at December 31, 2008 through 2017.

Notes: The County held unspent bond proceeds restricted for capital projects of \$62 million, \$100 million, \$171 million, \$100 million, \$61 million, \$52 million, \$91 million, \$79 million, \$26 million, and \$153 million at December 31, 2008 through 2017, respectively.

Beginning in 2010, a portion of the net position related to business-type activities was moved to governmental activities because the Solid Waste Management Facility enterprise fund was discontinued, and the related net position from the investment in the joint venture was assigned to the General Fund.

Beginning in 2014, net position reflects the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability for benefits provided through pension plans administered by Utah Retirement Systems.

Beginning in 2017, a portion of net position related to governmental activities was moved to business-type activities to reflect the transfer of public works activities to an enterprise fund.

Beginning in 2017, net position reflects the County's net OPEB obligation for benefits provided through its Other Post Employment Benefits Plan.

2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 669,061,088 90,330,854 36,415,437	\$ 674,097,124 102,356,052 8,939,986	\$ 699,028,506 130,909,963 14,290,305	\$ 752,624,454 84,081,996 (16,224,321)	\$ 732,572,832 152,302,297 3,543,834	\$ 790,903,761 135,843,626 7,650,883	\$ 570,613,047 173,119,822 (31,272,777)
\$ 795,807,379	\$ 785,393,162	\$ 844,228,774	\$ 820,482,129	\$ 888,418,963	\$ 934,398,270	\$ 712,460,092
\$ 41,376,485 766,330 16,796,785 \$ 58,939,600	\$ 43,131,070 71,791 16,506,572 \$ 59,709,433	\$ 34,239,558 - - 1,134,801 \$ 35,374,359	\$ 34,947,447 - 299,235 \$ 35,246,682	\$ 34,476,156 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 33,941,924 - 525,463 \$ 34,467,387	\$ 43,371,438 477,399 (9,791,333) \$ 34,057,504
\$ 710,437,573 91,097,184 53,212,222 \$ 854,746,979	\$ 717,228,194 102,427,843 25,446,558 \$ 845,102,595	\$ 733,268,064 130,909,963 15,425,106 \$ 879,603,133	\$ 787,571,901 84,081,996 (15,925,086) \$ 855,728,811	\$ 767,048,988 152,302,297 4,315,553 \$ 923,666,838	\$ 824,845,685 135,843,626 8,176,346 \$ 968,865,657	\$ 613,984,485 173,597,221 (41,064,110) \$ 746,517,596

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Expenses:	 			
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 38,624,659	\$ 29,701,055	\$ 26,085,798	\$ 32,064,389
Public safety and criminal justice	186,469,710	180,797,253	192,610,629	186,042,577
Social services	77,749,467	74,011,161	74,547,079	99,967,560
Education, recreation, and cultural	137,808,842	133,480,759	140,097,958	156,330,264
Health and regulatory	40,947,470	39,964,792	39,145,858	40,833,788
Public works	36,641,931	31,593,588	33,273,083	78,099,222
Tax administrations	23,074,992	22,374,618	20,776,584	22,416,256
Interest on long-term debt	 17,200,554	 14,875,687	 18,981,583	 21,074,490
Total governmental activities Business-type activities:	558,517,625	526,798,913	545,518,572	636,828,546
Golf courses	8,090,001	7,516,633	7,117,093	6,595,644
Public works and other services	-	-	-	-
Sanitation	 12,723,568	 13,408,096	 13,329,181	 13,195,016
Total business-type activities	 20,813,569	 20,924,729	 20,446,274	 19,790,660
Total County expenses	\$ 579,331,194	\$ 547,723,642	\$ 565,964,846	\$ 656,619,206
Program revenues:				
Governmental activities:				
Charges for services:				
General government	\$ 24,263,127	\$ 13,793,998	\$ 17,890,740	\$ 17,877,623
Public safety and criminal justice	24,169,660	22,039,874	33,203,446	34,786,708
Social services	2,559,261	3,139,234	3,430,272	3,765,875
Education, recreation, and cultural	38,830,107	35,089,214	37,944,541	38,849,590
Health and regulatory	15,808,661	14,896,503	15,290,301	15,808,770
Public works	15,015,287	13,521,229	13,649,377	13,811,888
Tax administration	3,639,981	2,054,025	1,685,201	1,466,866
Operating grants and contributions	68,192,517	65,306,666	69,351,007	95,343,300
Capital grants and contributions	 6,300,479	 5,327,927	 2,133,023	 721,052
Total governmental activities	198,779,080	175,168,670	194,577,908	222,431,672
Business-type activities:				
Charges for services:				
Golf courses	7,162,627	6,832,678	6,433,842	5,972,980
Public works and other services	-	-	-	-
Sanitation	13,852,594	13,953,766	13,895,883	14,358,650
Solid waste management	1,481,379	837,905	-	-
Operating grants and contributions	 	 	 	
Total business-type activities	 22,496,600	 21,624,349	20,329,725	20,331,630
Total County program revenues	\$ 221,275,680	\$ 196,793,019	\$ 214,907,633	\$ 242,763,302

 2012	 2013		2014	 2015		2016	 2017
\$ 30,154,033 181,842,780 131,570,039 157,502,434 36,553,333 59,090,246 21,975,376 19,006,873	\$ 41,497,166 188,133,145 141,727,064 150,290,104 43,982,247 41,640,608 22,390,159 17,536,413 647,196,906	\$	35,765,862 198,609,876 161,986,540 158,728,562 44,183,499 205,861,210 23,363,481 19,563,162 848,062,192	\$ 34,301,343 200,978,996 164,671,237 179,059,742 46,321,168 223,040,558 24,801,232 18,131,396	\$	44,250,154 208,225,412 168,448,998 183,844,719 49,727,368 250,088,562 23,809,329 18,403,107	\$ 37,494,286 189,653,779 179,513,419 198,475,325 39,470,368 230,381,744 26,150,614 18,969,183
6,888,172 - 14,372,446 21,260,618	 6,909,213		7,245,967 - - 7,245,967	 6,971,150 - - - 6,971,150		7,525,424 - - - 7,525,424	 7,577,696 39,046,957 - 46,624,653
\$ 658,955,732	\$ 654,106,119	\$	855,308,159	\$ 898,276,822	\$	954,323,073	\$ 966,733,371
\$ 15,655,977 14,036,451 2,712,186 41,588,384 16,429,581 13,293,692 48,153 121,608,390 4,086,862 229,459,676	\$ 23,775,646 9,305,547 2,231,717 42,308,117 16,917,709 12,909,309 10,502 134,247,257 17,260,000 258,965,804	\$	24,015,849 11,626,458 1,773,039 44,517,377 17,130,769 10,233,078 313,226 132,063,435 141,391 241,814,622	\$ 21,055,435 9,331,550 1,887,652 44,910,330 16,359,044 6,935,356 9,233 149,792,662 300,000 250,581,262	\$	16,936,974 8,465,245 1,768,102 47,029,172 18,675,472 11,450,981 8,137 156,507,336 32,664,884 293,506,303	\$ 22,386,203 7,384,378 2,958,804 47,573,450 12,806,167 3,516,315 7,523 162,401,366 46,898,148 305,932,354
6,966,473 - 15,688,068 - -	6,638,558 - - - -		6,762,719 - - - -	 7,000,052		6,741,693 - - - -	 7,117,106 38,885,594 - - 249,093
 22,654,541	 6,638,558	<u> </u>	6,762,719	 7,000,052	<u> </u>	6,741,693	 46,251,793
\$ 252,114,217	\$ 265,604,362	\$	248,577,341	\$ 257,581,314	\$	300,247,996	\$ 352,184,147

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Last Ten Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

		2008	2009	2010	2011
Net (expense) revenue:					
Governmental activities	\$	(359,738,545)	\$ (351,630,243)	\$ (350,940,664)	\$ (414,396,874)
Business-type activities		1,683,031	699,620	(116,549)	540,970
Total County net (expense) revenue	\$	(358,055,514)	\$ (350,930,623)	\$ (351,057,213)	\$ (413,855,904)
General Revenues and Other Changes in	Net	Position:			
Governmental activities:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$	187,875,783	\$ 193,668,669	\$ 218,805,747	\$ 223,606,892
Sales taxes		109,901,439	99,160,554	101,874,162	112,004,850
Transient room taxes		14,372,704	12,077,146	12,458,550	13,698,120
Mass transit taxes (1)		-	-	-	-
Tax equivalent payments (2)		-	14,740,568	15,044,225	14,460,025
Cable television taxes		1,133,366	1,086,705	1,097,280	1,101,431
Investment earnings		8,566,831	1,558,428	3,024,533	4,299,163
Transfers		1,260,647	(2,422,660)	(11,225,800)	(6,669,902)
Special item - contribution		-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities		323,110,770	319,869,410	341,078,697	 362,500,579
Business-type activities:		323,110,770	313,003,110	311,070,037	302,200,279
Investment earnings		427,928	134,426	51,796	80,903
Transfers		(1,260,647)	2,422,660	11,225,800	6,669,902
Special item - disposal of Sanitation		-	-,,	-	-
Total business-type activities		(832,719)	2,557,086	11,277,596	6,750,805
Total County general revenues					
and other changes in net position	\$	322,278,051	\$ 322,426,496	\$ 352,356,293	\$ 369,251,384
Changes in Net Position:					
Governmental activities	\$	(36,627,775)	\$ (31,760,833)	\$ (9,861,967)	\$ (51,896,295)
Business-type activities		850,312	 3,256,706	 11,161,047	 7,291,775
Total County changes in net position	\$	(35,777,463)	\$ (28,504,127)	\$ 1,299,080	\$ (44,604,520)

Source: Salt Lake County statements of activities for years ended December 31, 2008 through 2017.

- (1) Beginning in 2014 the County reported mass transit taxes (*local option sales taxes*), transit room taxes, and incremental taxes levied by the County and paid directly to other governments.
- (2) Tax equivalent payments were previously labeled motor vehicle fees; description was changed to conform to the *Utah Code*. Motor vehicle fees were included in the program revenue section from 2007-2008 and were separated beginning in 2009.

 2012	 2013	 2014		2015	 2016	 2017
\$ (408,235,438) 1,393,923	\$ (388,231,102) (270,655)	\$ (606,247,570) (483,248)	\$	(640,724,410) 28,902	\$ (653,291,346) (783,731)	\$ (614,176,364) (372,860)
\$ (406,841,515)	\$ (388,501,757)	\$ (606,730,818)	\$	(640,695,508)	\$ (654,075,077)	\$ (614,549,224)
\$ 244,707,304	\$ 285,284,973	\$ 312,874,967	\$	306,993,385	\$ 315,906,837	\$ 286,706,637
119,051,866	124,009,064	129,273,417		135,738,373	145,660,199	142,284,090
14,388,890	15,296,080	19,330,312 170,518,643		21,835,946 220,261,590	22,754,517 187,510,192	25,542,154 199,526,003
13,718,118	17,244,769	15,876,965		17,270,313	17,762,105	16,104,615
1,000,156	1,010,817	1,011,176		1,045,224	1,144,872	46,282
4,241,010	4,084,911	4,949,485		5,473,199	6,393,620	10,054,305
713,877	136,100	(1,022,432)		43,214	18,307	1,225,708
-	-	-		-	2,120,004	(217,864,733)
397,821,221	447,066,714	 652,812,533		708,661,244	699,270,653	 463,625,061
89,787	10,415	8,802		15,505	21,555	33,427
(713,877)	(136,100)	1,022,432		(43,214)	(18,307)	(1,225,708)
	(23,938,734)	 			-	
 (624,090)	 (24,064,419)	 1,031,234	_	(27,709)	 3,248	 (1,192,281)
\$ 397,197,131	\$ 423,002,295	\$ 653,843,767	\$	708,633,535	\$ 699,273,901	\$ 462,432,780
\$ (10,414,217)	\$ 58,835,612	\$ 46,564,963	\$	67,936,834	\$ 45,979,307	\$ (150,551,303)
 769,833	 (24,335,074)	 547,986		1,193	 (780,483)	 (1,565,141)
\$ (9,644,384)	\$ 34,500,538	\$ 47,112,949	\$	67,938,027	\$ 45,198,824	\$ (152,116,444)

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
General fund:				
Nonspendable			\$ -	\$ -
Restricted			4,217,162	4,494,651
Committed			1,906,211	1,638,971
Assigned			5,101,163	6,159,810
Unassigned			43,986,192	35,253,990
Total general fund			\$ 55,210,728	\$ 47,547,422
All other governmental funds: Nonspendable				
Revolving loans			\$ 16,825,087	\$ 16,890,708
Notes receivable			5,837,015	10,876,415
Inventories and prepaid items			1,344,745	1,625,462
Endowments			1,575,000	1,575,000
Restricted			247,211,335	173,657,462
Committed			12,984,816	7,430,124
Assigned			12,733,845	10,113,266
Unassigned				(343,930)
Total all other governmental funds			\$ 298,511,843	\$ 221,824,507
Total Fund Balances - Government Funds			\$ 353,722,571	\$ 269,371,929
General fund:				
Reserved	\$ 4,317,229	\$ 4,468,347		
Unreserved	23,217,028	31,754,949		
Total general fund	\$ 27,534,257	\$ 36,223,296		
All other governmental funds:				
Reserved	\$ 45,356,399	\$ 75,331,236		
Unreserved, reported in:				
Special revenue funds	71,264,283	61,640,912		
Capital project funds	77,692,356	70,944,206		
Debt service funds	20,023,016	26,391,847		
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 214,336,054	\$ 234,308,201		
Total Fund Balances - Government Funds	\$ 241,870,311	\$ 270,531,497		

Source: Salt Lake County balance sheets - governmental funds at December 31, 2008 through 2017.

Note: Fund balance classifications have been updated beginning in 2010 per GASB Statement No. 54.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 727,793	\$ 354,287
3,979,405	4,115,977	4,410,898	4,281,673	7,214,230	15,027,471
3,739,561	3,555,223	5,573,676	5,242,248	7,922,903	7,178,689
4,203,434	4,691,563	5,564,321	6,419,527	5,271,144	5,741,897
32,970,932	41,048,998	43,479,206	45,933,056	51,396,885	58,288,033
\$ 44,893,332	\$ 53,411,761	\$ 59,028,101	\$ 61,876,504	\$ 72,532,955	\$ 86,590,377
\$ 16,511,397 10,876,415 1,680,831	\$ 16,442,297 16,318,015 212,196	\$ 15,198,215 16,318,015 179,084	\$ 15,382,807 16,318,015 151,090	\$ 15,382,517 10,481,000 214,475	\$ 14,896,169 17,743,900 189,364
1,575,000	1,575,000	1,575,000	1,637,510	1,637,510	1,637,510
141,802,998	182,213,980	206,252,477	252,950,583	227,823,413	342,702,889
22,719,833	6,818,148	8,169,338	7,167,975	6,845,122	6,040,179
5,774,868	3,905,819	19,400,542	6,483,904	11,384,695	11,451,770
\$ 200,941,342	\$ 227,485,455	\$ 267,092,671	\$ 300,091,884	\$ 273,768,732	\$ 394,661,781
\$ 245,834,674	\$ 280,897,216	\$ 326,120,772	\$ 361,968,388	\$ 346,301,687	\$ 481,252,158

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 328,901,777	\$ 317,630,478	\$ 348,753,082	\$ 365,459,091
Licenses and permits	9,999,804	10,728,451	11,731,903	13,030,521
Fines and forfeitures	5,427,943	5,585,777	5,535,454	3,196,383
Intergovernmental and grant	90,470,768	87,045,412	81,356,104	105,896,995
Charges for services	33,009,786	33,782,765	43,049,538	45,329,043
Special assessments	819,615	787,937	872,414	991,630
Interest, rents, and concessions	23,452,463	17,871,823	27,033,302	21,158,075
Interfund charges	27,805,004	29,647,041	40,006,167	41,919,673
Other	7,295,843	1,788,464	5,696,512	5,849,220
Total revenues	527,183,003	504,868,148	564,034,476	602,830,631
E-mandidanas				
Expenditures:	20 512 050	34,137,556	31,468,437	26 250 020
General government	38,512,850			36,350,029
Public Safety and criminal justice Social Services	174,790,417	171,562,011	181,938,115	181,013,919
Education, recreation, and cultural	76,320,884 127,441,160	78,372,952	73,366,936	99,214,691
		141,698,172 38,698,762	111,588,938	121,047,909
Health and regulatory Public works	39,199,684		38,284,514	40,197,980
	36,521,494	31,643,772	34,178,737	37,470,489
Tax Administration Capital Outlay	22,377,082	21,989,275	21,035,770	22,518,696
Debt Service:	46,744,280	43,086,676	70,542,366	124,728,626
Principal retirement	29,793,273	30,150,936	36,245,500	34,845,100
Interest and other	18,668,836	16,895,948	20,917,211	23,645,718
	610,369,960	608,236,060	619,566,524	
Total expenditures Excess of revenues over (under)	010,309,900	008,230,000	619,300,324	721,033,157
expenditures	(83,186,957)	(103,367,912)	(55,532,048)	(118,202,526)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	234,958	233,919	776,972	982,167
Proceeds from capital leases	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from notes issued	-	8,080,703	-	6,720,000
Refunding bond issued	-	-	9,569,794	43,635,000
Premium on refunding bond issued	-	-	-	-
General obligation bonds issued Lease revenue bonds issued	24,000,000	30,000,000 80,555,000	22,000,000	25,000,000
Sales, transportation, and excise tax revenue bonds issued	-	80,555,000	109,060,000	1,917,804
Premium (discount) on bonds issued	153,139	2,905,505	3,384,280	5,570,365
Payment to refund bond escrow agent	155,157	2,703,303	(21,352,644)	(48,984,589)
Transfers in	124,160,175	118,720,554	79,938,679	60,835,991
Transfers out	(116,971,308)	(109,318,064)	(80,306,508)	(61,824,854)
Total other financing sources (uses)	31,576,964	131,177,617	123,070,573	33,851,884
Special item - proceeds from sale of land and buildings			12,010,702	-
Net change in fund balances	\$ (51,609,993)	\$ 27,809,705	\$ 79,549,227	\$ (84,350,642)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.7%	8.8%	10.3%	9.0%

Source: Salt Lake County statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds for years ending December 31, 2008 through 2017.

In 2014, the County began to record taxes levied by the County for other governments as revenue with an equivalent amount recorded as expenditures.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 394,372,563	\$ 443,832,922	\$ 648,660,234	\$ 704,916,515	\$ 691,257,193	\$ 671,062,816
13,052,377	14,353,986	14,913,431	15,614,708	16,175,542	12,707,772
5,253,873	4,991,374	4,529,265	4,174,102	3,786,691	2,762,814
136,796,494	146,380,207	144,953,956	150,092,662	157,494,170	209,275,577
36,133,357	38,825,794	34,041,129	35,908,336	34,792,102	34,908,417
566,085	571,762	484,100	311,587	8,348	2,591
23,610,983	19,954,964	28,585,101	29,627,233	31,831,017	36,673,479
28,700,181	29,304,227	29,658,632	31,416,609	33,379,556	29,916,635
3,808,678	19,774,966				
642,294,591	717,990,202	905,825,848	972,061,752	968,724,619	997,310,101
37,416,878	41,293,986	39,110,991	40,181,546	45,068,554	42,674,443
174,932,290	181,158,382	194,208,888	197,623,504	202,966,758	180,713,664
130,544,202	140,051,929	162,750,328	163,926,193	168,240,041	174,939,878
130,344,202	130,861,491	145,317,501	161,309,066	178,020,141	171,896,660
35,407,454	42,065,613	42,942,584	46,825,486	49,273,190	40,005,760
37,428,731	36,035,229	199,526,724	215,901,921	228,075,969	224,244,738
21,458,266	22,126,592	23,668,958	26,062,828	25,571,163	27,570,778
59,142,046	57,280,995	65,354,265	51,307,495	58,269,551	75,244,399
,,	,,	***,*****,****	,,	,,	, ,
39,032,804	42,569,883	45,642,831	42,830,000	47,221,212	42,910,415
22,146,586	20,591,073	20,606,113	19,885,643	19,795,762	21,846,122
687,713,641	714,035,173	939,129,183	965,853,682	1,022,502,341	1,002,046,857
(45,419,050)	3,955,029	(33,303,335)	6,208,070	(53,777,722)	(4,736,756)
752,857	574,915	186,494	26,656	709,980	26,334
1,702,427	´-	2,014,800	-	434,435	11,229,432
· -	7,640,000	-	_	563,031	· -
81,890,000	-	-	-	-	53,270,000
8,114,655	-	-	2,898,143	-	5,861,450
14,600,000	25,000,000	-	35,925,000	27,885,000	39,125,000
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	68,600,000	-	-	96,300,000
214,988	2,320,033	6,691,013	-	7,076,160	17,103,283
(89,196,400)	-	-	(15,545,779)	-	(58,724,219)
87,810,885	81,863,074	98,379,824	69,308,193	74,696,085	88,851,742
(87,720,362)	(86,290,509)	(101,639,592)	(68,658,193)	(73,253,670)	(88,207,377)
18,169,050	31,107,513	74,232,539	23,954,020	38,111,021	164,835,645
		4,294,352	5,685,526		
\$ (27,250,000)	\$ 35,062,542	\$ 45,223,556	\$ 35,847,616	\$ (15,666,701)	\$ 160,098,889
9.3%	9.4%	7.6%	6.8%	6.9%	6.9%

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SALT LAKE COUNTY
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Years

		Real Pro	perty (1)	Less:				Total Taxable
Year		Primary	Secondary or	Tax-Exempt	Total Taxable	Effective	Estimated	Assessed Value
Ended December 31,		Residential Property	Non-Residential Property	Real Property (2)	Assessed Value	Tax Rate (3)	Actual Value (1)	as a Percentage of Actual Value
Determoer 51,	_	Troperty	Troperty	Troperty (2)	valut	Katt (3)	v aluc (1)	Of Actual Value
2008	\$	82,304,587,300	\$ 37,920,038,973	\$ 37,037,064,103	\$ 83,187,562,170	0.002382	\$ 120,224,626,273	69.19%
2009		72,669,834,080	33,837,358,405	32,666,041,972	73,841,150,513	0.002756	106,507,192,485	69.33%
2010		70,809,650,040	35,269,194,454	31,827,842,600	74,251,001,894	0.003125	106,078,844,494	70.00%
2011		69,197,399,520	34,619,097,723	31,096,474,217	72,720,023,026	0.003251	103,816,497,243	70.05%
2012		66,897,076,440	34,508,965,120	30,103,684,321	71,302,357,239	0.003622	101,406,041,560	70.31%
2013 2014		70,495,618,350 76,233,137,060	34,681,570,137 37,096,722,804	31,723,028,183 34,304,911,677	73,454,160,304 79,024,948,187	0.004101	105,177,188,487 113,329,859,864	69.84% 69.73%
2015		81,617,124,770	39,045,649,613	36,727,706,146	83,935,068,237	0.003668	120,662,774,383	69.56%
2016		89,214,370,150	42,831,197,909	40,146,466,568	91,899,101,491	0.003434	132,045,568,059	69.60%
2017		97,724,409,530	45,231,005,411	43,975,984,288	98,979,430,653	0.002924	142,955,414,941	69.24%

Source: Tax division—Salt Lake County Auditor's Office.

⁽¹⁾ Estimated actual value of real property is a net market value--property value subject to tax after reductions made for greenbelt, full or part exemptions.

⁽²⁾ Statute 59-2-103 states 45% of the value of primary residential property is specifically exempt under the constitution of Utah.

⁽³⁾ The effective tax rate is the accumulated weighted average of all individual rates applied by the County.

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Years (Per \$1 of Assessed/Taxable Value)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
County-wide rates (1):				
General fund	0.001219	0.001416	0.001505	0.001531
Governmental immunity fund	0.000000	0.000021	0.000022	0.000022
Flood control fund	0.000061	0.000062	0.000055	0.000070
State tax administration fund	0.000206	0.000230	0.000263	0.000276
Health fund	0.000136	0.000150	0.000129	0.000133
Clark Planetarium fund	0.000040	0.000038	0.000039	0.000040
County-wide judgment levy (2)	0.000018	0.000007	N/A	N/A
Capital improvement fund	0.000012	0.000014	0.000014	0.000015
Bond debt service fund	0.000242	0.000340	0.000566	0.000609
	0.001934	0.002278	0.002593	0.002696
Other County rates:				
Salt Lake County Municipal - unincorporated rate (1):				
Municipal services fund (2)	0.000656	0.000763	0.000792	0.000824
Municipal services judgment levy (2)	0.000006	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tort liability	N/A	N/A	0.000070	0.000072
Salt Lake County Library rate:				
Library fund	0.000492	0.000564	0.000583	0.000604
Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Service Area rate (2) (3)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Effective County tax rate (4)	0.002382	0.002756	0.003125	0.003251
School district rates:				
Canyons School District (2)	N/A	0.007180	0.008060	0.008165
Granite School District	0.005316	0.006047	0.006434	0.006796
Jordan School District	0.006150	0.007380	0.006485	0.007319
Murray City School District	0.004794	0.005525	0.005929	0.006201
Salt Lake City School District	0.004937	0.005976	0.006371	0.006408
City and town rates:				
Alta	0.000930	0.000980	0.001114	0.001084
Bluffdale	0.001010	0.001247	0.001357	0.001570
Cottonwood Heights	0.002098	0.002399	0.002517	0.002586
Draper	0.001528	0.001818	0.001896	0.001996
Herriman	0.000296	0.000371	0.000376	0.000418
Holladay	0.001312	0.001533	0.001720	0.001767
Midvale	0.001938	0.002262	0.002669	0.002701
Millcreek				
Murray	0.001767	0.002022	0.002163	0.002203
Riverton (2)	0.000691	0.000816	0.000839	0.000880
Salt Lake City	0.003917	0.004656	0.005428	0.005392
Sandy	0.001175	0.001356	0.001402	0.001481
South Jordan	0.001699	0.002028	0.002072	0.002332
South Salt Lake	0.002352	0.002665	0.002729	0.002691
Taylorsville	0.001514	0.001690	0.001739	0.001794
West Jordan	0.001810	0.002080	0.002128	0.002069
West Valley	0.003171	0.003604	0.003644	0.004506
Other taxing district rates	0.000022-0.002309	0.000025-0.002756	0.000045-0.002722	0.000048-0.003803

Source: Utah State Tax Commission

⁽¹⁾ Public hearings are required before the direct rates can be adjusted by the Salt Lake County council.

⁽²⁾ N/A = Not available or applicable.

⁽³⁾ Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Services Area (SLVLESA) began to levy a tax in 2012 in lieu of a law enforcement fee which reduced the Unincorporated Municipal Services Fund levy; Effective January 1, 2017, SLVLESA became an independent entity from the County and is included with other taxing district rates.

⁽⁴⁾ The effective tax rate is the accumulated weighted average of all individual rates applied by the County.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
0.001620	0.001837	0.001743	0.001662	0.001667	0.001578
0.000023	0.000023	0.000022	0.000021	0.000020	0.000019
0.000073	0.000094	0.000089	0.000085	0.000073	0.000058
0.000276	0.000315	0.000303	0.000288	0.000268	0.000244
0.000089	0.000162	0.000154	0.000147	0.000138	0.000130
0.000040	0.000102	0.000040	0.000117	0.000040	0.000040
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.000040
0.000031	0.000081	0.000077	0.000073	0.000068	0.000019
0.000641	0.000628	0.000608	0.000503	0.000365	0.000330
0.002793	0.000028	0.003036	0.002819	0.002639	0.000330
0.002793	0.003180	0.003030	0.002819	0.002039	0.002482
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
0.000075	0.000081	0.000077	0.000073	0.000068	0.000065
0.000627	0.000755	0.000715	0.000683	0.000639	0.000612
0.001999	0.002230	0.002145	0.002042	0.001925	N/A
0.003622	0.004101	0.003933	0.003668	0.003434	0.003273
0.008418	0.008111	0.007823	0.007859	0.007227	0.007117
0.007166	0.006994	0.006831	0.006978	0.006481	0.006779
0.007160	0.007132	0.006700	0.006872	0.006906	0.006424
0.007300	0.007132	0.006846	0.007086	0.006291	0.006185
0.006626	0.006651	0.006303	0.006497	0.006180	0.005748
0.001065	0.001091	0.001200	0.001204	0.001153	0.001163
0.001630	0.001523	0.001419	0.001309	0.001218	0.001751
0.002654	0.002522	0.002386	0.002239	0.002064	0.001981
0.002009	0.001887	0.001791	0.001701	0.001560	0.001460
0.000435	0.000418	0.000384	0.000361	0.000342	0.000326
0.001791	0.001707	0.001596	0.001528	0.001420	0.001380
0.000687	0.000658	0.000623	0.000609	0.001398	0.001309
					0.000068
0.002259	0.002216	0.002156	0.002049	0.001892	0.001759
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
0.005517	0.005849	0.005675	0.004862	0.004557	0.004286
0.001520	0.001483	0.001413	0.001426	0.001321	0.001229
0.002376	0.002440	0.002210	0.002082	0.001951	0.001900
0.002757	0.002725	0.002572	0.002454	0.002303	0.002032
0.002202	0.002722	0.001294	0.001250	0.001165	0.001090
0.002674	0.002562	0.002368	0.002251	0.002139	0.001975
0.004857	0.004670	0.004381	0.004199	0.004233	0.004151
000021-0.003773	0.000021-0.003360	0.000020002761	0.000019002597	0.000018002052	0.000017002

	0	

Taxpayers	Type of Business	Taxable Value	Rank
Rio Tinto/Kennecott Utah Copper/Explorations/Minerals	Mining	\$ 2,772,589,531	1
MidAmerican Energy Holdings (1)	Electric Utility	1,224,135,798	2
Corporation of the Presiding Bishop of the			
Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints (2)	Religious	899,131,800	3
Boyer Companies	Real-estate Development	567,371,308	4
Questar Corporation	Natural Gas Utility	558,125,134	5
Tesoro	Petroleum Refining	501,470,749	6
Intermountain Health Care (IHC)	Health Care	443,208,460	7
Larry H. Miller Group/Miller Family Real Estate (3)	Real Estate/Energy Solutions Arena	363,852,265	8
Verizon	Communications	355,542,323	9
Hexcel Corporation	Aerospace Supplier	333,530,679	10
Wal-Mart/Sam's Club/Sam's Real Estate	Retail/Real Estate		
Qwest/U.S. West Communications	Communications		
Delta Airlines & Northwest Airlines	Transportation		
Totals		\$ 8,018,958,047	

Source: Information compiled by the Mayor's Financial Administration from property tax records provided by the Salt Lake County Recorder and the Salt Lake County Assessor.

- (1) PacifiCorp and Kern River Transmission.
- (2) Includes the following: Agreserves, Inc., Beneficial Life Insurance Co, Bonneville Satellite Corp, Bonneville International Corporation, City Creek Reserve, Inc., Corporation of the President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, Corporation of the Presiding Bishop of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, Deseret Book Company, Deseret Digital Media, Inc., Deseret Title Holding, Deseret Management Corporation, Farmland Reserve, Inc., Hotel Temple Square Corp, Property Reserve, Inc., Suburban Land Reserve, Inc.
- (3) Car dealerships, sports teams, Energy Solutions Center, Fanzz Stores, Jordan Commons, Megaplex Theatres, Miller Family Real Estate LLC, LHM Arena Corporation
- (4) Percentage of total taxable values equals the taxable value divided by the total taxable value of \$98,979,430,653.
- (5) Percentage of total taxable values equals the taxable value divided by the total taxable value of \$83,187,562,170.

		2008	
Percentage of Total Taxable Values (4)	Taxable Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Values (5)
2.8%	\$ 3,123,506,540	1	3.8%
1.2%	959,351,244	2	1.2%
0.9%	616,758,238	4	0.7%
0.6%	649,385,687	3	0.8%
0.6%	256,221,859	10	0.3%
0.5%			
0.4%	352,267,255	7	
0.4%	334,168,900	8	0.4%
0.4%			
0.3%			
	287,489,096	9	0.3%
	430,842,413	5	0.5%
	414,991,730	6	0.5%
8.1%	\$ 7,424,982,962		8.5%

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SALT LAKE COUNTY

Property Tax Levies and Collections (1) Last Five Years

	Year Ended Dec. 31 (2)	Total Taxes Levied	Taxes Collection Within the Yamount		Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collect to Date Amount	ions	Adjustments (3)	% of Total Collections to Date Based on Adjusted Levy	Receivable anuary 31, 2018 (4)
_										
	2013	\$ 301,254,502	\$ 292,782,741	97.2%	\$ 6,355,054	\$ 299,137,795	99.3%	\$ 1,774,042	98.7%	\$ 342,665
	2014	310,818,994	302,986,150	97.5%	5,584,812.00	308,570,962	99.3%	1,856,601	98.7%	391,431
	2015	307,859,731	300,913,525	97.7%	3,983,767.00	304,897,292	99.0%	2,213,031	98.3%	749,408
	2016	215 502 501	207.001.105	97.6%	2 670 250 00	211 590 455	98.7%	2,520,546	97.9%	1 402 500
	2010	315,593,501	307,901,105	97.0%	3,679,350.00	311,580,455	98.770	2,320,346	97.9%	1,492,500
(5)	2017	289,458,781	283,041,694	97.8%		283,041,694	97.8%	1,926,341	97.1%	4,490,746

Source: County Treasurer

- (1) The information in this schedule relates to the County's own property tax levies, and does not include those it collects on behalf of other governments.
- (2) Due to system reporting limitations, only five years of collections are able to be accurately extracted for reporting purposes.
- (3) Adjustments or settlements ordered by the Board of Equalization, the County Council, and the State Tax Commission and offset for uncollected taxes from years prior to 2017.
- (4) The 2013 tax receivable amount includes the amount carried in the County's records as a receivable for all prior years.
- (5) Beginning in 2017, Salt Lake Valley Law Enforcement Services Agency is no longer reported as a blended component unit of the County. SLVLESA is not included in the 2017 figures.

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
Last Ten Years

			G	overnmental Activitie	es		
Year	General Obligation Bonds	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	Transportation and Excise Tax Revenue Bonds	Lease Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases Obligations	Special Assessment Debt	Notes Payable
2008	\$ 240,361,770	\$ 80,314,448	\$ -	\$ 25,646,845	\$ 1,514,300	\$ 4,327,878	\$ -
2009	252,738,389	76,673,531	-	99,995,219	1,033,600	3,734,697	8,080,703
2010	259,872,991	108,194,188	77,639,186	82,339,201	530,100	3,061,249	8,080,703
2011	262,829,421	105,226,097	76,932,090	81,261,356	990,931	2,312,533	14,800,703
2012	246,886,932	104,566,050	76,353,646	77,886,727	2,348,787	1,473,549	14,800,703
2013	239,818,491	97,555,119	76,003,854	74,445,314	1,184,067	1,014,297	22,440,703
2014	203,324,397	123,132,331	116,969,745	70,882,117	2,853,870	574,777	22,440,703
2015	195,979,209	115,966,433	114,341,346	67,192,136	2,466,292	144,989	22,440,703
2016	206,123,714	106,562,379	107,668,068	61,201,522	720,288	-	41,294,359
2017	226,285,328	204,028,902	102,476,533	57,318,670	529,329	-	51,370,553

Source: For outstanding debt details, see the notes to the basic financial statements.

Amounts are reported net of bond premiums and discounts.

Notes: 1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

]	Business-	Type Activiti	es					
General Obligation Bonds		R	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds		Lease Revenue Bonds		Total County	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per pita (1)
\$	11,940,472	\$	-	\$	11,276,753	\$	375,382,466	1.00%	\$ 359
	11,093,006		-		9,144,361		462,493,506	1.20%	432
	-		-		7,747,213		547,464,831	1.40%	530
	-		-		699,977		545,053,108	1.33%	520
	-		-		-		524,316,394	1.20%	493
	-		-		-		512,461,845	1.12%	475
	-		-		-		540,177,940	1.16%	495
	-		-		-		518,531,108	1.05%	468
	-		867,744		2,101,861		526,539,935	1.00%	470
	-		859,997		2,003,152		644,872,464	N/A	568

SALT LAKE COUNTY
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
Last Ten Years

<u>Year</u>	Gene Obliga Bone	tion		Estimated Actual Value of Property	Percent Estim Actual of Pro	ated Value	Popula	ntion	Bono	G.O. led Debt Per apita
2008	\$ 240,3	61,770	\$	120,224,626,273		0.20%	1,02	22,651	\$	235
2009	252,7	38,389		106,507,192,485		0.24%	1,02	29,655		245
2010	259,8	72,991		106,078,844,494		0.24%	1,03	33,198		252
2011	262,8	29,421	-	103,816,497,243		0.25%	1,04	17,746		251
2012	246,8	86,932	-	101,406,041,560		0.24%	1,06	63,842		232
2013	239,8	18,491	-	105,177,188,487		0.23%	1,07	79,721		222
2014	203,3	24,397		113,329,859,864		0.18%	1,09	91,742		186
2015	195,9	79,209		120,662,774,383		0.16%	1,10	07,314		177
2016	206,1	23,714		132,045,568,059		0.16%	1,12	21,354		184
2017	226,2	85,328		142,955,414,941		0.16%	1,13	35,649		199

Source: For outstanding debt details, see notes to the basic financial statements and statistical section,
Debt Service Schedule of Outstanding Bonds. General obligation bonds are reported net
of bond premiums and discounts.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt December 31, 2017

Entity	2017 Taxable Value (1)	 County's Portion of Taxable Value	County's Percentage	Entity's General Obligation Debt		County's Portion of G.O. Debt
State of Utah	\$ 258,702,348,415	\$ 99,041,215,675	38.3%	\$ 2,053,720,000	\$	786,574,760
CUWCD (2)	152,263,370,257	99,041,215,675	65.0%	218,500,000		142,025,000
Total overlapping						928,599,760
Underlying:						
School districts:						
Canyons	21,355,963,107	21,355,963,107	100.0%	273,990,000		273,990,000
Granite	26,996,405,111	26,996,405,111	100.0%	245,015,000		245,015,000
Jordan	21,007,920,919	21,007,920,919	100.0%	64,515,000		64,515,000
Murray	3,686,775,605	3,686,775,605	100.0%	38,570,000		38,570,000
Salt Lake City	25,801,550,933	25,801,550,933	100.0%	42,510,000		42,510,000
Cities and towns:						
Draper (3)	5,583,066,254	5,372,064,083	96.2%	3,680,000		3,540,160
Midvale	2,430,168,361	2,430,168,361	100.0%	770,000		770,000
Salt Lake City	25,805,035,362	25,805,035,362	100.0%	125,630,000		125,630,000
West Jordan	6,951,780,773	6,951,780,773	100.0%	5,420,000		5,420,000
Special districts:						
Cottonwood Heights Parks and Recreation Service Area (4)	2,307,112,035	2,307,112,035	100.0%	3,330,000		3,330,000
Sandy Suburban Improvement District	3,803,113,300	3,803,113,300	100.0%	7,308,000		7,308,000
Magna Water District	1,296,853,237	1,296,853,237	100.0%	20,280,000		20,280,000
Total underlying					_	830,878,160
Total overlapping and underlying general obligation debt					\$	1,759,477,920
Total overlapping general obligation debt (excluding State of Utah) (5)					\$	142,025,000
Total direct general obligation bond indebtedness of Salt Lake County (6)					_	209,615,000
Total direct and overlapping general obligation debt (excluding the State)					\$	351,640,000

Source: Zion's Bank Public Finance and financial statements of each entity. Information is as of December 31, 2017.

Notes: (1) Taxable value used in this table excludes the taxable value used to determine uniform fees on tangible personal property.

- (2) Central Utah Water Conservancy District (CUWCD) outstanding general obligation bonds are limited ad valorem tax bonds. These bonds are the only limited ad valorem tax bonds in the State issued under the Water Conservancy Act. By law CUWCD may levy a tax rate of up to .000400 to pay for operation and maintenance expenses and any outstanding limited ad valorem tax bonds.
- (3) The County's portion of overlapping general obligation debt does not include "user fee revenue" supported general obligation debt.
- (4) Cottonwood Heights Parks and Recreation Service Area was formerly known as SL County Service Area #2.
- (5) The State's general obligation debt is not included in overlapping debt because the State currently levies no property tax for payment of its general obligation bonds.
- (6) The definition of "direct debt" includes all of the debt instruments, but this schedule is optional for Counties and only the general obligation debt information is available. General obligation debt is reported at face value.

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Years

	2008	 2009	 2010	2011
Debt limit (2%) Total general obligation debt	\$ 2,419,903,278	\$ 2,131,867,077	\$ 2,136,350,139	\$ 2,092,732,994
applicable to the limit	252,302,242	263,831,395	 259,872,991	262,829,421
Legal debt margin	\$ 2,167,601,036	\$ 1,868,035,682	\$ 1,876,477,148	\$ 1,829,903,573
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	10.43%	12.38%	12.16%	12.56%

Source: Salt Lake County Auditor's Office; general obligation debt is reported net of premiums and discounts.

- (1) The general obligation indebtedness of the County is limited by Utah law to two percent of the "reasonable fair cash value" of taxable property in the County.
- (2) Statute 59-2-103 states 45% of the value of primary residential property is specifically exempt under the Constitution of Utah.
- (3) Legal debt margin calculation for 2017:

<u> </u>	Taxable Value (2)	Adjusted Fair Market Value (1)
Residential values Non-residential values Totals	\$ 53,748,425,242 45,231,005,411 \$ 98,979,430,653	\$ 97,724,409,530 45,231,005,411 \$ 142,955,414,941
Debt limit (adjusted fair market value x 0.02) Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds		\$ 2,859,108,299 226,285,328
Legal debt margin		\$ 2,632,822,971

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 (3)
\$ 2,028,120,831	\$ 2,103,543,770	\$ 2,266,597,197	\$ 2,413,255,488	\$ 2,640,911,361	\$ 2,859,108,299
246,886,932	239,818,491	203,324,397	195,979,209	206,123,714	226,285,328
\$ 1,781,233,899	\$ 1,863,725,279	\$ 2,063,272,800	\$ 2,217,276,279	\$ 2,434,787,647	\$ 2,632,822,971
12.17%	11.40%	8.97%	8.12%	7.81%	7.91%

SALT LAKE COUNTY Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Years

		Sales Tax Re	venue Bonds			HUD Cont	ract Payable	
	Sales Tax	Debt S	Service		CDBG	Debt S		
Year	Revenues	Principal	Interest (1)	Coverage	Revenues	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2008	\$ 46,532,140	\$ 3,095,000	\$ 3,782,075	6.8	\$ 323,719	\$ 345,000	\$ 24,637	0.9
2009	41,432,977	3,205,000	3,661,637	6.0	-	-	-	N/A
2010	41,590,792	3,315,000	3,542,312	6.1	-	-	-	N/A
2011	44,533,898	4,330,000	4,106,273	5.3	-	-	-	N/A
2012	47,665,968	4,557,804	3,125,373	6.2	-	-	-	N/A
2013	49,311,368	5,491,000	3,611,967	5.4	-	-	-	N/A
2014	51,862,908	5,663,000	3,406,513	5.7	-	-	-	N/A
2015	54,252,676	5,875,000	3,894,238	5.6	-	-	-	N/A
2016	56,560,414	7,408,000	4,048,976	4.9	-	-	-	N/A
2017	60,470,489	7,660,000	4,465,365	5.0	-	-	-	N/A

Source: For outstanding debt details, see the notes to the basic financial statements.

- (1) Net of federal interest subsidies as follows: 35.00% in 2011 and 2012, 31.96% in 2013, 32.48% in 2014, 32.45% in 2015, 32.62% in 2016, and 32.59% in 2017. The federal interest subsidy for 2018 will be 32.69%.
- (2) In 2010, the County and the State of Utah entered into an interlocal agreement whereby the County agreed to issue bonds to finance certain transportation projects within the County. It was also agreed a portion of the State Highway Fund revenues would be set aside and dedicated to the repayment of such bonds, and the State would agree to construct certain transportation projects within the County. Each year, the State's Division of Finance transfers from the Highway Fund to a State Sinking Fund an amount equal to two times the debt service requirement necessary to pay principal and interest on the 2010 bonds. Those amounts are shown as transportation revenues on this schedule, although only what is necessary for the debt service is actually transferred from the sinking fund to the County as revenue to make the payment.
- (3) In 2017, the County issued \$44.2 million in tourism, recreation, cultural and convention (TRCC) sales tax bonds. Pledged revenues for these bonds are car rental, restaurant, and transient room sales taxes. The first payment on these bonds will be made in 2018 and the pledged revenue will be added to this schedule in 2018. Pledged TRCC revenues for 2017 totaled \$60.0 million, net of \$0.5 million annual statutory requirement to help fund ski resorts in the County.

Tworr			ax Revenue Bon Service	ds		se Tax		Revenue Bonds	
	portation enues (2)	Principal	Interest (1)	Coverage	Revenues		Principal	Service Interest	Coverage
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	N/A	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	N/A
	-	-	-	N/A		-	-	-	N/A
	-	-	-	N/A		-	-	-	N/A
4,	,533,512	300,000	1,966,756	2.0		-	-	-	N/A
4,	,985,612	200,000	2,292,806	2.0		-	-	-	N/A
4,	,646,714	-	2,323,357	2.0		-	-	-	N/A
4,	,691,989	-	2,345,994	2.0	4,2	267,672	1,070,000	1,069,941	2.0
6,	,003,576	655,000	2,346,788	2.0	4,3	303,220	1,290,000	1,745,475	1.4
14,	,042,841	4,705,000	2,316,420	2.0	4,:	581,556	1,335,000	1,706,775	1.5
14,	,564,323	5,200,000	2,082,162	2.0	4,0	589,114	1,390,000	1,653,375	1.5

	Purpose	_	2018		2019	2020	_	2021	2022		2023
General Obligations Bonds Series 2009A	Open Space II, Tracy Aviary I	Principal	\$ 1,405,00		-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
\$ 11,375,000 Series 2009B	Open Space II, Tracy Aviary I	Interest Principal	42,15	0	1,450,000	1,485,000		1,535,000	1,580,000		1,625,000
\$ 18,625,000	Open space II, Tracy Aviary I	Interest	930,01	13	930,012	866,212		798,646	727,268		652,218
Series 2010B	Hogle Zoo I	Principal	1,025,00	00	1,050,000	1,080,000		1,110,000	1,140,000		1,175,000
\$ 14,450,000		Interest	682,97	78	641,978	598,402		551,962	503,122		451,822
Series 2011A	Utah Museum of Natural History, Tracy	Principal	1,445,00		1,490,000	-		-	-		-
\$ 25,000,000	Aviary II	Interest	88,05		44,700	-		-	-		-
Series 2011B Refunding \$ 10,645,000	Children's Museum, Old Mill, Salt Palace Renovation	Principal Interest	1,285,00 51,40		-	-		-	-		-
Series 2012A	Tracy Aviary, Hogle Zoo	Principal	670,00		685,000	695,000		715,000	740,000		745,000
\$ 14,600,000	,, ,,	Interest	248,47		235,075	221,375		207,475	193,175		178,375
Series 2012B Refunding \$ 38,165,000	Salt Palace, Old Mill, Salt Palace II, South Mountain, South Towne, Emergency Operation	Principal Interest	6,565,00 326,07		6,645,000 236,850	5,325,000 139,088		4,675,000 45,582	-		-
Series 2013	Parks	Principal	940,00	00	985,000	1,035,000		1,090,000	1,145,000		1,205,000
\$ 25,000,000		Interest	296,50		248,375	197,875		144,750	88,875		30,125
Series 2015A Refunding	Open Space I	Principal	1,105,00		1,145,000	1,200,000		1,265,000	1,350,000		1,410,000
\$ 13,925,000 Series 2015B	Open Space, Natural Habitat, Parks, Trails	Interest	591,05 845,00		535,800 885,000	478,550 930,000		418,550 950,000	355,300 970,000		287,800 990,000
\$ 22,000,000	Open Space, Natural Habital, Farks, Trails	Principal Interest	645,20		602,950	558,700		540,100	521,100		501,700
Series 2016	Crossover Advance Refunding of 2009A and	Principal	-		2,130,000	2,110,000		2,195,000	2,285,000		2,375,000
\$ 27,885,000	2010B Series Bonds	Interest	1,304,60	00	1,304,600	1,198,100		1,113,700	1,025,900		934,500
Series 2017	Recreation	Principal	7,375,00		7,925,000	2,500,000		2,625,000	2,750,000		2,875,000
\$ 39,125,000		Interest	1,956,25		1,587,500	1,191,250		1,066,250	935,000		797,500
Series 2017B	Utah Museum of Natural History, Tracy	Principal	200,00 967,90		225,000	1,620,000		1,700,000	1,800,000		1,875,000
\$ 29,345,000 Total principal	Aviary II, Parks	Interest	22,860,00		957,900 24,615,000	946,650 17,980,000	_	865,650 17,860,000	780,650 13,760,000	_	690,650 14,275,000
Total interest			8,130,64	14	7,325,740	6,396,202		5,752,665	5,130,390		4,524,690
Total general obligation	n bonds		\$ 30,990,64	14 5	31,940,740	\$ 24,376,202	\$	23,612,665	\$ 18,890,390	\$	18,799,690
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2010A Refunding \$ 8,855,000	Planetarium, Midvale Storm Drain	Principal Interest	\$ 155,00 12,88		5 160,000 7,963	\$ 165,000 2,681	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Series 2010D	District Attorney, Fleet, and Public Health	Principal	1,250,00		1,275,000	1,305,000		1,330,000	1,360,000		1,400,000
\$ 33,020,000	Land and Buildings	Interest	1,244,65		1,207,158	1,165,722		1,120,046	1,073,496		1,019,096
Series 2011C \$ 1,917,804	Solar Projects at Salt Palace	Principal Interest	107,00 28,50		110,000 26,123	112,000 23,626		115,000 21,072	117,000 18,462		120,000 15,796
Series 2012A Refunding	Salt Palace Expansion 3, Phases I and II, South	Principal	3,940,00	00	4,110,000	4,325,000		4,540,000	4,765,000		5,015,000
\$ 43,725,000	Towne Parking, Recreation Projects	Interest	1,589,92	25	1,408,376	1,197,500		975,875	743,250		498,750
Series 2014 \$ 30,000,000	District Attorney, Fleet, Public Health, Senior Center, and Salt Palace Land and Buildings	Principal Interest	1,060,00 1,047,30		1,115,000 992,931	1,155,000 953,506		1,195,000 912,081	1,255,000 850,831		1,320,000 786,456
Series 2017	Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, and Convention	Principal Interest	1,235,00	00	1,430,000	1,500,000		1,555,000	1,610,000		1,695,000
	(TRCC)		2,254,24		2,067,350	1,994,100		1,941,050	1,885,250		1,802,625 2,175,000
Series 2017A \$ 13,550,000	Health Buildings	Principal Interest	1,975,00 255,50		2,000,000 230,045	2,025,000 197,119		2,075,000 157,939	2,100,000 112,410		60,548
Series 2017B \$ 38,520,000	Health and District Attorney Buildings, Other Capital Improvements	Principal Interest	1,378,36	54	1,378,362	1,378,362		1,378,362	1,378,364		1,378,362
Total principal	capital Improvements	interest	9,722,00		10,200,000	10,587,000	_	10,810,000	11,207,000		11,725,000
Total interest			7,811,45		7,318,308 5 17,518,308	6,912,616	r.	6,506,425	6,062,063	ф	5,561,633 17,286,633
Total sales tax revenue Lease Revenue Bonds	bonds		\$ 17,533,45	= =	5 17,318,308	\$ 17,499,616	3	17,316,425	\$ 17,269,063	3	17,280,033
Series 2009B	Public Works Administration, Libraries, Senior	Principal	\$ 4,050,00	00 5	4,165,000	\$ 4,300,000	\$	4,425,000	\$ 4,570,000	\$	4,725,000
\$ 58,390,000	Centers	Interest	3,135,63		2,952,166	2,757,244	_	2,551,704	2,335,764		2,094,468
Total principal Total interest			4,050,00 3,135,63		4,165,000 2,952,166	4,300,000 2,757,244		4,425,000 2,551,704	4,570,000 2,335,764		4,725,000 2,094,468
Total lease revenue bor	nds		\$ 7,185,63			\$ 7,057,244	\$	6,976,704	\$ 6,905,764	\$	6,819,468
Transportation and Excise T	ax Revenue Bonds										
Series 2010A \$ 16,905,000	State Roads (Transportation Tax)	Principal Interest	\$ 5,845,00 292,25		- -	\$ - -	\$	-	\$ - -	\$	-
Series 2010B	State Roads (Transportation Tax)	Principal	-		6,325,000	6,895,000		7,265,000	7,995,000		8,710,000
\$ 57,635,000		Interest	2,269,39		2,269,394	2,057,000		1,818,570	1,556,450		1,255,998
Series 2014 \$ 38,600,000	Transportation Preservation (Excise Tax)	Principal Interest	1,425,00 429,87		1,475,000 408,500	1,550,000 334,750		1,630,000 257,250	1,715,000 175,750		1,800,000 90,000
Series 2017	Transportation Preservation (Excise Tax)	Principal	280,00			- - -			113,130		-
\$ 23,925,000	Transportation Preservation (Excise Tax)	Interest	749,76		1,043,150	1,043,150		1,043,150	1,043,150		1,043,150
Total principal			7,550,00	00	7,800,000	8,445,000		8,895,000	9,710,000		10,510,000
Total interest	d excise tax revenue bonds		\$ 11,291,27		3,721,044 5 11,521,044	3,434,900 \$ 11,879,900	\$	3,118,970 12,013,970	\$ 12,485,350	¢	2,389,148 12,899,148
Total All Bonds	a excise tax revenue bonus		φ 11,291,2		11,341,044	φ 11,8/9,900	<u> </u>	14,013,970	φ 12, 4 63,330	D	14,077,148
i otal All Dollds					46 500 000		_			_	41 225 000
Total principal			\$ 44,182,00	00 5	46,780,000	\$ 41,312,000	\$	41,990,000	\$ 39,247,000	\$	41,235,000
Total principal Total interest Total all bonds			\$ 44,182,00 22,819,01 \$ 67,001,01	0	21,317,258 6 68,097,258	\$ 41,312,000 19,500,962 \$ 60,812,962	_	41,990,000 17,929,764 59,919,764	\$ 39,247,000 16,303,567 \$ 55,550,567		14,569,939 55,804,939

2	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033 - 2037	Total
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,405,000
	,680,000	1,735,000	1,790,000	1,850,000	1,915,000	1,980,000	-	-	-	-	42,150 18,625,000
	,210,000	491,058 1,250,000	403,440 1,285,000	310,360 1,330,000	212,310 1,375,000	108,900 1,420,000	-	-	-	-	7,004,655 14,450,000
	397,772	340,902	280,902	216,652	148,158	75,970	-	-	-	-	4,890,620
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,935,000 132,750
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,285,000 51,400
	755,000 163,475	770,000 148,375	790,000 131,050	810,000 111,300	830,000 91,050	850,000 70,300	870,000 47,987	875,000 24,062	-	-	10,800,000 2,071,550
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,210,000
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	747,597 6,400,000
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,006,500
	,475,000 217,300	1,540,000 143,550	1,595,000 97,350	1,650,000 49,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,735,000 3,174,750
	,035,000 452,200	1,090,000 400,450	1,110,000 378,650	1,145,000 345,350	1,180,000 311,000	1,210,000 278,550	1,250,000 242,250	1,285,000 204,750	1,325,000 166,200	4,215,000 255,300	20,415,000 6,404,450
	,470,000 839,500	2,590,000 716,000	2,720,000 586,500	2,860,000 450,500	3,000,000	3,150,000	-	-	-	-	27,885,000 9,938,900
	,025,000	3,175,000	3,350,000	3,525,000	307,500	157,500	-	-	-	-	39,125,000
	653,750	502,500	343,750	176,250	- 2 225 000	2 400 000	2 425 000	1 025 000	1 075 000	-	9,210,000
	,200,000 596,900	3,350,000 436,900	2,225,000 369,900	2,300,000 325,400	2,325,000 277,100	2,400,000 223,626	2,425,000 164,824	1,825,000 101,776	1,875,000 52,500		29,345,000 7,758,326
	,850,000 ,895,115	15,500,000 3,179,735	14,865,000 2,591,542	15,470,000 1,985,312	10,625,000 1,347,118	11,010,000 914,846	4,545,000 455,061	3,985,000 330,588	3,200,000 218,700	4,215,000 255,300	209,615,000 52,433,648
	,745,115	\$ 18,679,735	\$ 17,456,542	\$ 17,455,312	\$ 11,972,118	\$ 11,924,846	\$ 5,000,061	\$ 4,315,588	\$ 3,418,700	\$ 4,470,300	\$ 262,048,648
\$	-	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 480,000 23,531
1	,435,000 963,096	1,470,000 905,696	1,510,000 846,896	1,550,000 784,232	1,595,000 716,032	1,640,000 642,662	1,695,000 564,762	1,745,000 482,130	1,805,000 393,136	5,790,000 608,920	28,155,000 13,737,738
	123,000 13,062	126,000 10,260	128,000 7,402	131,000 4,489	134,000 1,508	-	-	-	-	-	1,323,000 170,364
5	,295,000	4,345,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,335,000
	241,000	54,312	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,708,988
	,390,000 718,706	1,460,000 647,456	1,535,000 572,581	1,605,000 502,106	1,670,000 436,606	1,730,000 377,256	1,780,000 324,606	1,835,000 270,381	1,890,000 214,506	6,035,000 285,578	28,030,000 9,892,897
	,780,000 ,715,750	1,870,000 1,624,500	1,970,000 1,528,500	2,070,000 1,427,500	2,175,000 1,321,375	2,285,000 1,209,875	2,405,000 1,092,625	2,525,000 969,375	2,655,000 839,875	15,470,000 2,010,750	44,230,000 25,684,744
	,200,000	-	-	-,,,	-	-	-,	-	-	-,,	13,550,000
1	,020,000	2,300,000	2,400,000	2,525,000	2,625,000	2,675,000	2,775,000	2,850,000	2,950,000	16,400,000	1,030,248 38,520,000
1	,352,863	1,298,612	1,209,863	1,086,737	988,174	914,619	834,875	750,500	661,656	1,600,781	18,968,856
	,243,000	11,571,000 4,540,836	7,543,000 4,165,242	7,881,000 3,805,064	8,199,000 3,463,695	8,330,000 3,144,412	8,655,000 2,816,868	8,955,000 2,472,386	9,300,000 2,109,173	43,695,000 4,506,029	190,623,000 76,217,366
\$ 17	,264,157	\$ 16,111,836	\$ 11,708,242	\$ 11,686,064	\$ 11,662,695	\$ 11,474,412	\$ 11,471,868	\$ 11,427,386	\$ 11,409,173	\$ 48,201,029	\$ 266,840,366
	,895,000 ,844,988	\$ 5,060,000 1,586,532	\$ 5,235,000 1,292,040	\$ 5,450,000 987,364	\$ 5,650,000 670,174	\$ 5,865,000 341,344	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 58,390,000 22,549,420
4	,895,000	5,060,000	5,235,000	5,450,000	5,650,000	5,865,000	-	-	-	-	58,390,000
	,844,988	1,586,532 \$ 6,646,532	1,292,040 \$ 6,527,040	987,364 \$ 6,437,364	\$ 6,320,174	\$ 6,206,344	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 80,939,420
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,845,000
9	,295,000	11,150,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	292,250 57,635,000
	880,770	480,342	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,587,918
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,595,000 1,696,125
	,880,000	1,975,000	2,080,000	2,180,000	2,295,000	2,410,000	2,535,000	2,670,000	2,760,000	2,860,000	23,925,000
11	,043,150	949,150 13,125,000	2,080,000	2,180,000	2,295,000	<u>522,650</u> 2,410,000	2,535,000	275,400 2,670,000	2,760,000	2,860,000	97,000,000
	,923,920	1,429,492 \$ 14,554,492	\$50,400 \$ 2,930,400	746,400 \$ 2,926,400	\$ 2,932,400	\$ 2,932,650	\$ 2,937,150	\$ 2,945,400	\$ 2,928,600	\$ 2,945,800	\$ 123,222,903
	,163,000	\$ 45,256,000	\$ 29,723,000	\$ 30,981,000	\$ 26,769,000	\$ 27,615,000	\$ 15,735,000	\$ 15,610,000	\$ 15,260,000	\$ 50,770,000	\$ 555,628,000
12	,685,180	10,736,595	8,899,224	7,524,140	6,118,387	4,923,252	3,674,079	3,078,374	2,496,473	4,847,129	177,423,337 \$ 733,051,337
\$ 33	,848,180	\$ 55,992,595	\$ 38,622,224	\$ 38,505,140	\$ 32,887,387	\$ 32,538,252	\$ 19,409,079	\$ 18,688,374	\$ 17,756,473	\$ 55,617,129	\$ /33,031,33/

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SALT LAKE COUNTY

Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last Ten Years

Year_	Population (1)	Personal Income (amounts in thousands) (2)	Income Per Capita (amounts in Personal		Unemployment % Rate (4)		
2008	1,022,651	\$ 37,479,700	\$ 39,685	188,374	3.5		
2009	1,029,655	38,580,658	37,057	191,264	6.8		
2010	1,033,196	39,083,765	37,827	193,886	7.8		
2011	1,047,746	40,995,436	39,081	197,363	6.5		
2012	1,063,842	43,658,167	41,038	198,414	5.5		
2013	1,079,721	45,552,565	42,189	202,489	4.2		
2014	1,091,742	46,437,317	42,535	205,545	3.7		
2015	1,107,314	49,488,031	44,692	210,450	3.3		
2016	1,121,354	52,436,840	46,762	211,775	2.9		
2017	1,135,649	N/A	N/A	228,865	2.9		

Sources: (1) Utah population estimates come from the 2017 County Total Population Estimates found on www.census.gov/popest.

Current year estimates are not updated in subsequent years.

- (2) 2008-2017 data was updated using the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis website from statistical information provided on the CA1 Personal Income Summary. 2016 statistics were not available for per capita income and personal income.
- (3) Utah State Board of Education--Superintendent's Annual Report (Note: School statistics represent a composite figure of five school districts (Canyons, Granite, Jordan, Murray, and Salt Lake City) and several charter schools within the County.
- (4) Data 2008-2017 are revised based on statistical information provided by Utah Department of Workforce Services www.jobs.utah.gov

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Principal Employers (1)

Most Current Calendar Year Available and Nine Years Ago

			2016 (2)	
Employer	Industry	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
***	***	20.000		2.200/ 4.100/
University of Utah	Higher Education & Health Care	20,000 - 24,999	1	3.30% - 4.13%
Intermountain Health Care	Health Care	15,000 - 19,999	2	2.48% - 3.30%
State of Utah	State Government	10,000 - 14,999	3	1.65% - 2.48%
Granite School District	Public Education	7,000 - 9,999	4	1.16% - 1.65%
Jordan School District	Public Education	5,000 - 6,999	5	0.83% - 1.16%
Salt Lake County	Local Government	5,000 - 6,999	5	0.83% 1.16%
Wal-Mart	Discount Department Store	4,000 - 4,999	7	0.66% - 0.83%
Canyons School District	Public Education	4,000 - 4,999	7	0.66% - 0.83%
Delta Airlines	Air Transportation	3,000 - 3,999	9	0.50% - 0.66%
Discover Financial Services	Credit Services	3,000 - 3,999	9	0.50% 0.66%
Smith's Marketplace	Grocery/Merchandise	3,000 - 3,999	9	0.50% - 0.66%
U.S. Postal Service (3)	Federal Government	3,000 - 3,999	9	0.50% - 0.66%
Salt Lake City School District	Public Education	3,000 - 3,999	9	0.50% - 0.66%
Zion's Bank Management Services	Depository Credit Intermediation	3,000 - 3,999	9	0.50% - 0.66%
Salt Lake City Parks	Other Amusement and Recreation Industries	3,000 - 3,999	9	0.50% - 0.66%
C.R. England	Trucking	3,000 - 3,999	9	0.50% - 0.66%
L-3 Communications Corp	Navigational, Measuring, Electromedical	3,000 - 3,999	9	0.50% - 0.66%
Department of Veteran Affairs	Health Care	3,000 - 3,999	9	0.50% - 0.66%
ARUP Laboratories	Medical and Diagnostic Laboratories	3,000 - 3,999	9	0.50% - 0.66%
Salt Lake City Corporation	Local Government			
Total		103,000 - 137,981		17.55% - 23.51%

Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services.

- Workforce Services compiled the numbers for 2016.
 Total labor force for the County in 2016 is 605,535 and in 2007 was 550,691
- (2) Information for 2016 was used because the 2017 information was not available.
- (3) Department of Workforce Services did not include the calculations for the Federal Government in previous years.

	2007						
Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment					
15,000 - 19,999	1	2.72% - 3.63%					
15,000 - 19,999	1	2.72% - 3.63%					
10,000 - 14,999	3	1.82% - 2.72%					
7,000 - 9,999	4	1.27% - 1.82%					
7,000 - 9,999	4	1.27% - 1.82%					
5,000 - 6,999	6	0.91% - 1.27%					
4,000 - 4,999	7	0.73% - 0.91%					
3,000 - 3,999	8	0.54% - 0.73%					
3,000 - 3,999	8	0.54% - 0.73%					
3,000 - 3,999	8	0.54% - 0.73%					
3,000 - 3,999	8	0.54% - 0.73%					
3,000 - 3,999	8	0.54% - 0.73%					
3,000 - 3,999	8	0.54% - 0.73%					
81,000 - 110,987		15.15% - 20.76%					

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SALT LAKE COUNTY
Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees By Function (1)
Last Ten Years

	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of December 31,											
Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		
General government	328.6	308.4	306.2	299.3	305.8	296.6	316.6	302.2	273.5	288.9		
Public safety and criminal justice (2)	1,727.9	1,672.7	1,221.6	1,212.9	1,192.2	1,219.9	1,129.2	1,150.8	1,122.9	1,159.2		
Social services	439.2	446.8	463.4	472.2	412.0	422.5	418.9	406.8	433.5	397.5		
Education, recreation and cultural	1,061.4	1,039.0	1,075.2	1,169.8	1,222.4	1,246.9	1,202.3	1,177.8	1,241.3	1,270.2		
Health and regulatory	432.4	431.9	428.1	440.3	436.6	435.6	436.8	434.8	466.0	455.0		
Public works	189.5	180.6	176.3	182.9	187.6	189.8	175.8	177.7	181.5	174.7		
Tax administration	194.3	189.9	180.7	186.2	182.5	180.1	178.0	175.3	169.5	174.3		
Golf, landfill, and sanitation (3)	151.5	151.0	153.9	162.3	167.9	127.7	125.3	123.4	124.5	125.9		
Internal service	130.2	129.8	125.5	128.5	133.7	133.6	127.1	120.4	121.1	119.5		
Total	4,654.9	4,550.1	4,130.9	4,254.4	4,240.7	4,252.6	4,110.0	4,069.2	4,133.8	4,165.2		

Source: Full-time equivalent query, Office of Financial Administration, Salt Lake County Mayor's Office.

Note: (1) Source is Salt Lake County PeopleSoft Human Capital Management system.

⁽²⁾ Effective January 1, 2010, approximately 600 employees who formerly worked for the County Sheriff's Office became employees of the Unified Police Department.

⁽³⁾ Effective January 1, 2013, all employees who formerly worked for the County Sanitation became employees of Wasatch Front Waste & Recycling District.

SALT LAKE COUNTY

Operating Indicators By Organization Last Ten Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
ORGANIZATION										
Aging Services:										
Meals on Wheels served to homebound elderly	334,269	347,597	341,816	351,316	353,882	364,461	380,974	374,054	345,764	315,960
Meals on Wheels delivered by volunteers	44.8%	44.1%	37.0%	32.0%	33.0%	31.0%	31.0%	33.0%	36.0%	41.0%
Congregate meals served in Senior Centers	183,123	177,496	168,316	172,653	181,334	200,419	206,124	222,203	211,700	191,021
Frail adults able to stay home rather than being admitted										
to a nursing home	481	519	416	727	460	440	555	540	550	539
Volunteer hours reported	456,952	466,321	463,572	431,630	433,915	336,928	353,083	302,958	339,813	333,269
Auditor: (5)	,	,	,	,	,	,	,		,	,,
Key control audits and special projects	15	18	20	24	48	144	120	N/A	N/A	N/A
Performance Audits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3	1	-
Financial and Internal Control Audits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3	3	5
I manetal and merital control Address	1071	1471	1071	14/21	14/21	1071	14/11	,	,	,
Cash and Asset Management Compliance Audits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	46	9	18
Special Investigations/Special Projects	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9	13	4
Community Resources and Development:										
Low-income housing units completed	81	95	143	131	-	2	4	5	5	2
Improvements completed to low-income housing units	255	646	301	202	433	357	419	183	349	229
Citizens receiving benefits from SSBG	31,176	38,027	66,838	41,429	49,148	44,997	34,108	24,576	21,137	14,423
Criminal Justice:										
Pretrial Services:										
Clients screened at jail (1)	33,681	37,586	34,762	34,180	35,258	34,568	36,197	37,619	29,862	35,396
Releases by screeners	N/A	N/A	5,378	4,595	10,107	9,567	9,382	8,122	5,317	6,051
Supervision clients served	N/A	N/A	6,403	5,484	4,804	4,339	4,718	4,912	3,717	3,447
Probation Services:										
Probation clients served:	4,381	5,397	4,925	4,789	5,034	5,148	5,408	4,380	3,747	3,378
ISP Clients Served	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	54	232	321
Drug Court:										
Drug court clients (misdemeanor and felony) served (1)	1,136	1,154	1,208	1,071	915	737	666	542	516	680
ASAP Court Clients Served	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	59	70	58
Treatment Client Contact Hrs (thrpy, psycho-ed, indiv)	44,304	40,782	49,701	34,308	31,077	27,005	34,092	30,709	26,529	25,508
Assessment Services:										
Pre-sentence report (PSR) referrals received	1,179	1,320	1,244	1,056	708	788	901	1,430	1,034	743
Assessment report referrals received	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	528	2,066	3,227
District Attorney:										
Civil Attorneys hours for Salt Lake County divisions (3)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	33,473	29,606	25,935	25,441
Cases received from Law Enforcement for screening (3)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	15,755	17,047	17,335	18,369
Children's Justice Center (4)	1,508	1,493	1,576	1,341	1,586	1,314	1,592	1,674	1,505	1,549
Flood Control:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	,	, , ,	,	**
Debris basins cleaned	15	15	14	16	15	14	14	12	15	10
Stream channels cleared (miles)	201	201	130	166	173	191	167	187	177	162
Health:	201	201	130	100	1,75	.,,	107	107	1,,	102
Food inspections completed	6,356	6,310	6,725	6,818	6,451	6,826	7,976	7,414	7,402	8,099
Permit suspensions due to health hazards	0.8%	0.4%	0.3%	0.7%	1.1%	1.9%	0.9%	1.5%	1.0%	0.9%
Tobacco sale compliance checks - tobacco sold to minors	8.3%	6.2%	5.0%	5.0%	7.7%	8.8%	9.2%	9.7%	9.6%	0.9%
WIC food vouchers redeemed	\$ 14,690,475	\$ 15,149,582	\$ 14,864,758	\$ 15,480,090	\$ 14,939,251	\$ 14,571,821	\$ 13,363,300	\$ 12,998,273	\$ 12,439,170	\$ 11,962,496
Average WIC clients served (monthly):	4 - 1,000,000	,,	,,	,,	4 - 1,7-2-7	4 - 1,0 / 1,0 = 1	,,	· -=,,=	,,	v,,
Women	7,112	7,128	6,767	6,264	6,440	6,009	5,855	5,254	4,900	4,527
Children	12,595	14,425	14,036	13,905	13,669	12595	12,147	11,220	10,643	9,310
Infants	7,194	7,152	7,102	5,821	5,883	5,638	5,518	5,071	4,796	4,547
Total	26,901	28,705	27,905	25,990	25,992	24,242	23,520	21,545	20,339	18,384
Total	20,901	28,705	27,905	25,990	23,992	24,242	23,320	21,345	20,339	18,384

Sources: Various County government organizations.

⁽¹⁾ Criminal Justice statistics relating to these line items were underreported in 2007.

Criminal Justice statistics relating to these line items were underreported in 2001.
 Criminal Justice statistics relating to these line items were underreported in 2014 for the 2013 year.
 District Attorney did not report "Civil attorneys hours" and "Cases received from law enforcement" before 2014.
 Number of clients served at Children's Justice Center moved from Youth Services to District Attorney.
 Auditor requested a more detailed breakout of activity type beginning in 2015.

	****	****	****	•		••••	••••		****	
ORGANIZATION (CONTINUED)	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Library:										
Library materials circulated	14,244,531	15,217,404	15,706,171	16,126,662	16,192,314	15,568,915	15,545,217	15,354,704	14,660,789	13,730,775
Visitors	4,484,694	4,750,645	4,631,359	4,639,639	4,582,534	4,388,104	4,151,586	3,853,980	3,678,891	3,498,793
Library program attendance	224,704	212,134	237,057	254,446	271,616	228,389	355,215	337,343	442,071	379,103
Public meeting room use	8,257	9,653	11,255	12,681	13,215	16,864	15,152	16,590	16,989	18,104
Computer sessions	1,308,188	948,001	898,061	909,109	875,756	797,497	750,462	618,008	569,434	499,878
Active library patrons	620,321	605,761	618,923	610,945	621,724	565,421	582,220	595,109	602,652	614,445
New library patrons	46,636	46,763	43,722	42,987	52,946	49,595	40,894	39,579	38,339	37,932
Mayor Financial Administration:	40,030	40,703	43,722	42,967	32,940	49,393	40,034	39,319	30,339	31,932
General obligation bond rating	AAA									
Journal vouchers reviewed and processed	3,952	5,839	5,999	6,456	7,078	7,499	5,967	6,022	6,076	6,580
General warrants, electronic payments and AP pay cards	3,932	3,639	3,999	0,430	7,076	7,499	3,907	0,022	0,070	0,580
processed	40,614	31,789	30,607	28,261	28,211	25,324	25,794	22,090	21,782	22,942
Payroll direct deposit issued	97,797	103,093	130,405	145,456	146,041	142,260	139,057	134,164	137,709	142,364
Payroll warrants issued	56,292	49,327	9,337	1,005	1,389	2,162	9,739	13,877	13,254	12,621
W-2s issued annually	9,805	8,833	9,195	8,816	8,870	8,872	8,837	9,032	9,368	9,778
Mental Health:	2,803	0,033	9,193	0,010	0,070	0,072	0,037	9,032	9,500	9,778
Clients served	14.715	16,291	17,596	16,142	14,748	15,499	15,517	15,381	16,794	16,250
Severe and persistently mentally ill adults (SPMI) served	7,300	7,601	8,603	8,536	8,037	8,014	8,456	8,382	8,534	8,526
Severely emotionally disturbed youth (SED) served	3,589	4,031	4,644	4,578	3,997	4,066	4,205	4,168	4,153	4,127
Average cost per SPMI/SED client	\$ 4,500	\$ 4,350	\$ 3,820	\$ 4,128	\$ 3,716	\$ 3,848	\$ 3,814	\$ 4,058	\$ 3,936	\$ 4,160
	\$ 4,500	3 4,550	\$ 3,020	3 4,126	3 3,/10	3 3,040	\$ 3,014	3 4,036	3 3,930	3 4,100
Public Works Engineering: Sidewalks constructed (feet)	2,950	8,142	3,500	1.908	1,500	3,780	9,330	7,473	15,234	19,926
. ,	2,930	0,142	13	1,508	20	-,	9,330	7,473	13,234	19,920
Driver feedback signs installed	3	U	13	10	20	6	2	4	U	U
Public Works Operations:	121	25	19	48	40	22		45	27	10
Roads resurfaced (miles)	131 95	25 107	81	48 47	48 49	32 106	57 56	45 84	37 46	19 40
ADA ramps installed	95	107	81	4/	49	106	56	84	46	40
Behavioral Health Services:	6.047	6.077	7.020	(750	7 102	0.172	0.150	7.401	7.214	7.204
Clients served (unduplicated)	6,947	6,977	7,029	6,759	7,193	8,172	8,158	7,491	7,214	7,394
Type of treatment (unduplicated):	***	400/	9%	8%		201		400/	400/	400/
Residential	11%	10%			8%	9%	11%	10%	10%	13%
Intensive outpatient and day treatment	21%	19%	22%	21%	20%	19%	23%	20%	21%	19%
Outpatient	30%	30%	26%	24%	28%	36%	34%	37%	36%	35%
Detoxification	38%	41%	43%	47%	44%	36%	32%	33%	33%	33%
Youth Services:										
Youth served by:			2.050	2 201						
Crisis Intake and Counseling	7,993	4,909	3,950	3,291	2,710	2,511	2,329	2,268	1,910	2,043
Hours of direct service counseling provided	20,387	13,327	13,642	11,235	13,186	11,286	15,789	13,371	13,223	10,674
Emergency Residential Group Homes	783	755	442	482	508	480	521	600	609	724
Substance Abuse Prevention	6,141	4,966	5,338	1,124	6,619	6,983	7,052	6,096	6,594	6,112
Substance Abuse Treatment	277	321	333	360	453	444	390	273	299	252
FAST program (Mental Health Counseling)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	45	48	43	41	65
Milestone homeless youth transition program	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	12	33	26	38	54
Afterschool programs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,346	2,313	3,366	2,275	2,862
Utah Pollutant Discharge Elimination System:										
Storms sampled	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	3	4	3
Stations monitored	6	4	5	5	4	3	2	4	4	4
Public information and education events staffed	7	7	19	11	8	8	10	1	2	1

SALT LAKE COUNTY Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
-										
Highways and streets:										
Traffic signals (1)	27	27	27	27	28	28	29	31	31	19
Street lights (1)	3,661	3,933	3,920	4,181	3,937	3,860	3,816	3,834	3,588	275
Miles of road (1) (2)	470	478	478	487	490	495	494	471	473	205
Recreation:										
Neighbor Parks	31	27	27	27	27	18	18	20	20	5
Community Parks (2)	35	34	34	34	34	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Regional Parks (3)	15	15	15	15	15	88	88	88	88	77
Golf Courses	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Pools/Aquatic Centers	18	18	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Recreation Centers	18	19	19	21	21	21	21	21	17	17
Ice Centers	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
Public Libraries	18	17	17	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Reading Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Convention Centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fine Arts Facilities	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	4
Planetarium	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: Salt Lake County Website and Salt Lake County Departments

Note: (1) In 2017, Metro Townships and Millcreek took ownership of their roads, streetlights, etc.

⁽²⁾ Since 2013, community parks were turned into regional parks.

⁽³⁾ In 2017, regional parks that were part of the same larger area were combined.

⁽Examples: Bonneville Shoreline Trail, Parley's Trail, Jordan River Trail)